KEYSTONE4J

ADAPT OPENSTACK KEYSTONE TO JAVA

PRESENTED BY: PO-HSUN, HUANG INFINITIESSOFT

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- ➤ Virtualization and Java guy
- Responsible for skyport, keystone4j development and wins3fs enhancement
- Keystone4j repository:
 https://bitbucket.org/infinities/keystone4j/
- E-mail: pohsun@infinitiessoft.com

AGENGA

- ➤ Subject of keystone4j project
- ➤ What is keystone?
- > Keystone code structure
- How to adapt to java?
- ▶ Demo
- ≥Q&A

SUBJECT OF KEYSTONE4J PROJECT

- > Easier troubleshooting.
- ➤ Understand Openstack's API design and access control .
- ➤ Integrated with Skyport.
- > Promote Openstack in Java world.



NO RESTFUL API V.S. RESTFUL API

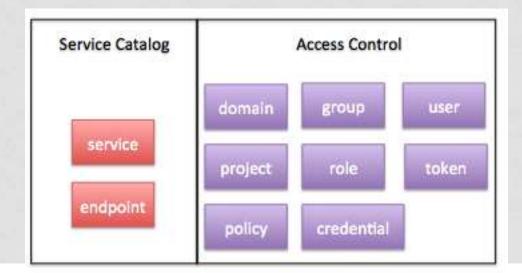
GET https://ec2.amazonaws.com/?Action=RunInstances &ImageId=ami-1a2b3c4d &MaxCount=1 &MinCount=1 &NetworkInterface.1.DeviceIndex=0 &NetworkInterface.1.AssociatePublicIpAddress=true &NetworkInterface.1.SubnetId=subnet-1a2b3c4d &AUTHPARAMS Body: [empty]



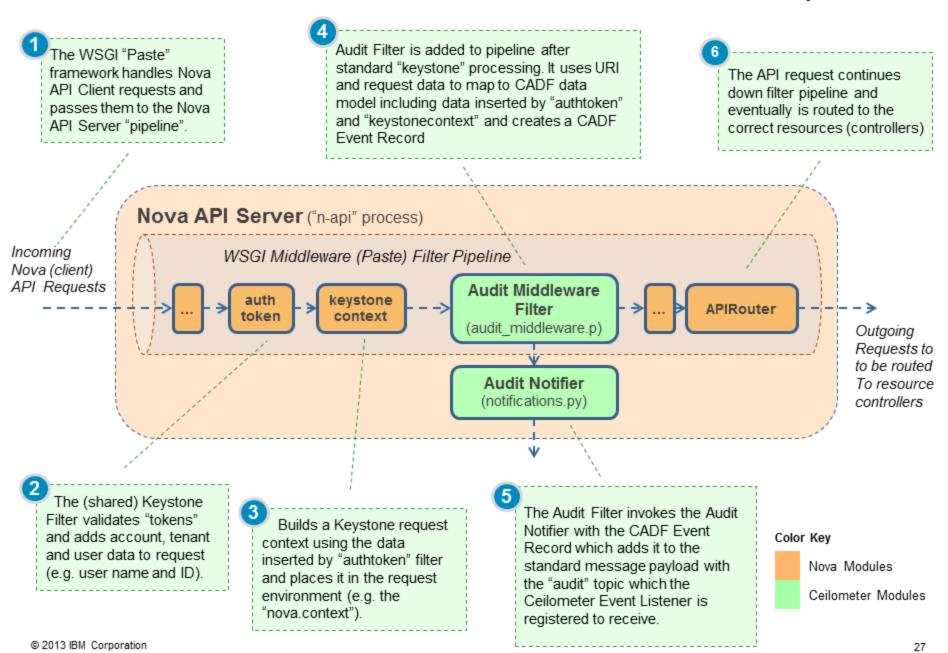
POST|GET|DELETE|PUT|HEAD https://openstack.com/v2/{tenant}/servers Body:

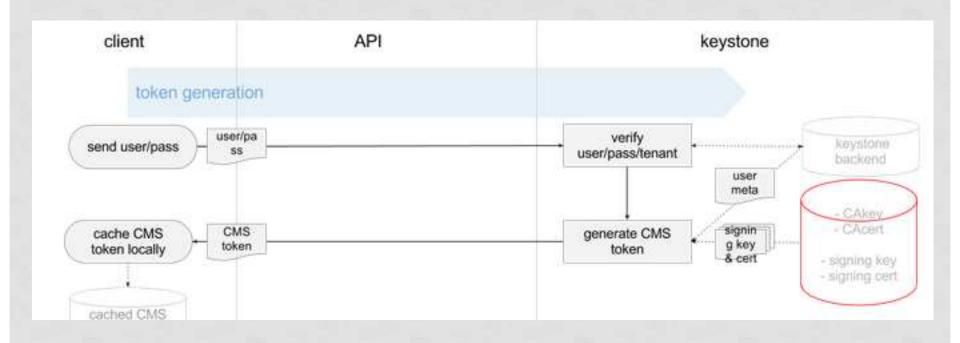
WHAT IS KEYSTONE

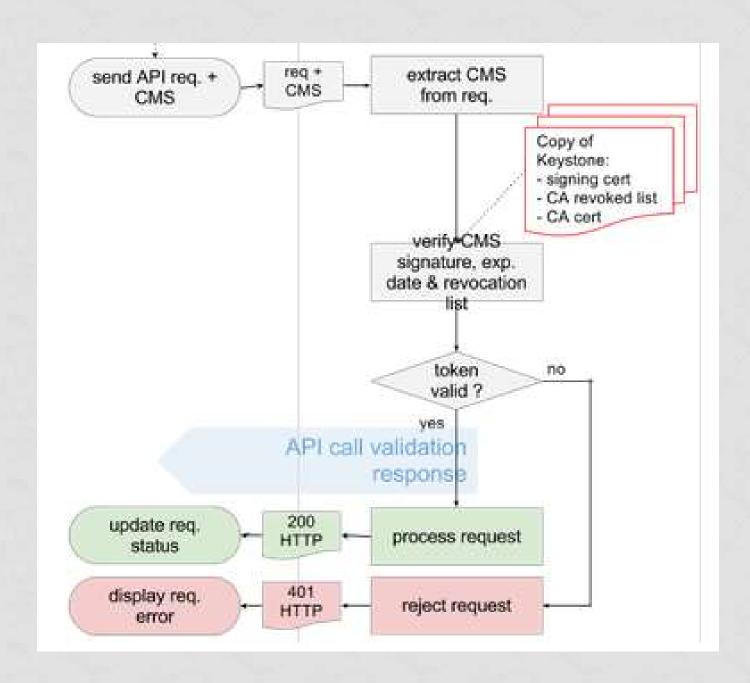
- > An abstract layer
 - ➤ Backend: SQL \ LDAP....
 - > Authenticate: OAUTH > Password > Token....
- User management and Services Catalog
- > Server-Client model: keystone, keystonemiddleware.auth_token
- > WSGI model



How the CADF Audit Middleware Filter Works in the Nova API Pipeline



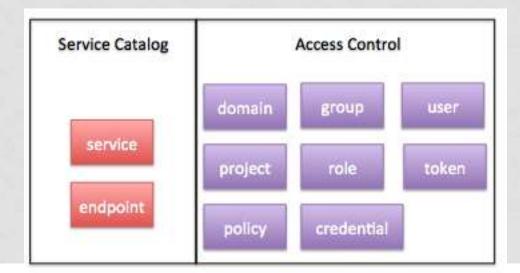




```
"access": {
    "metadata": {
        ....metadata goes here....
    },
    "serviceCatalog": [
        ....endpoints goes here....
    1,
    "token": {
        "expires": "2013-05-26T08:52:53Z",
        "id": "placeholder",
        "issued_at": "2013-05-25T18:59:33.841811",
        "tenant": {
            "description": null,
            "enabled": true,
            "id": "925c23eafe1b4763933e08a4c4143f08",
            "name": "user"
    "user": {
        ....userdata goes here....
```

WHAT IS KEYSTONE

- > An abstract layer
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 - > Authenticate: OAUTH > Password > Token....
- User management and Services Catalog
- > Server-Client model: keystone, keystonemiddleware.auth_token
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WHERE TO BEGIN – CONFIG FILES

- > Keystone repository: https://github.com/openstack/keystone
- > Analysis configuration files
 - > policy.json: API access control rule
 - > keystone.conf : application options
 - > keystone-paste.ini : delopyment

```
"admin_required": "role:admin or is_admin:1"

"service_role": "role:service",

"service_or_admin": "rule:admin_required or rule:service_role",

"owner": "user_id:%(user_id)s",

"admin_or_owner": "rule:admin_required or rule:owner",

"identity:get_user": "rule:admin_required",

"identity:list_users": "rule:admin_required",

"identity:create_user": "rule:admin_required",

"identity:update_user": "rule:admin_required",

"identity:delete_user": "rule:admin_required",

"identity:change_password": "rule:admin_or_owner",
```

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```
# Amount of time a token should remain valid (in seconds). (integer value) #expiration = 3600
```

- # Controls the token construction, validation, and revocation operations.
- # Entrypoint in the keystone.token.provider namespace. Core providers are
- # [fernet|pkiz|pki|uuid]. (string value)

```
#provider = uuid
```

- # Entrypoint for the token persistence backend driver in the
- # keystone.token.persistence namespace. (string value)

```
#driver = sql
```

WHERE TO BEGIN – CONFIG FILES

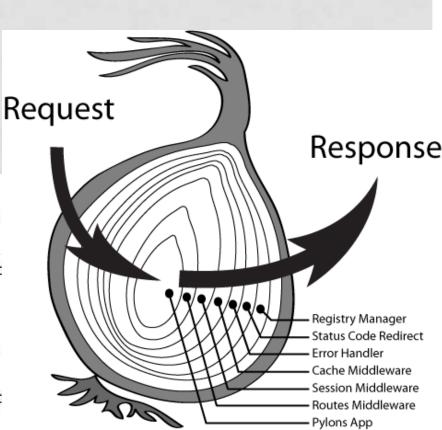
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[pipeline:admin_api]

- # The last item in this pipeline must be admin_service
- # application. It cannot be a filter.
- pipeline = sizelimit url_normalize request_id build_aut

[pipeline:api_v3]

- # The last item in this pipeline must be service_v3 or
- # application. It cannot be a filter.
- pipeline = sizelimit url_normalize request_id build_aut



```
[filter:url normalize]
   paste.filter_factory = keystone.middleware:NormalizingFilter.factory
   [filter:sizelimit]
   paste.filter_factory = oslo_middleware.sizelimit:RequestBodySizeLimiter.factory
[pipeline:api_v3]
# The last item in this pipeline must be service_v3 or an equivale
# application. It cannot be a filter.
pipeline = sizelimit url_normalize request_id build_auth_context t
            [composite:main]
            use = egg:Paste#urlmap
            /v2.0 = public_api
            /v3 = api_v3
            / = public_version_api
            [composite:admin]
            use = egg:Paste#urlmap
            /v2.0 = admin_api
           1/v3 = api v3
            / = admin_version_api
```

FROM CONFIG FILES TO CODE

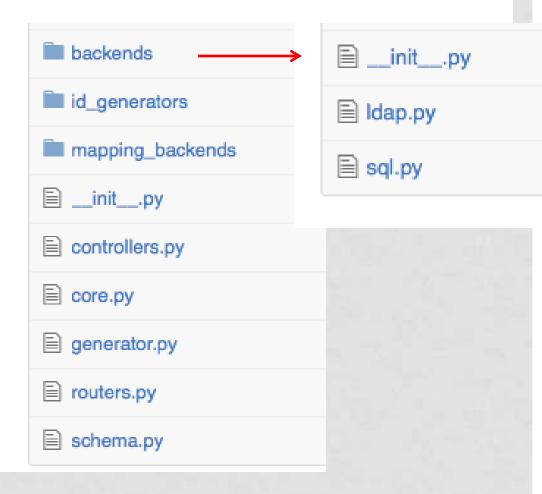
```
[app:service_v3]
paste.app_factory = keystone.service:v3_app_factory
     init_.py
     config.py
                                    @fail gracefully
                                    def v3_app_factory(global_conf, **local_conf):
     controllers.py
                                        controllers.register_version('v3')
                                Use
                                        mapper = routes.Mapper()
     exception.py
                                        sub routers = []
     i18n.py
                                Cha
                                        routers = []
     notifications.py
                                        # NOTE(dstanek): Routers should be ordered by their fr
                                        # a live system. This is due to the routes implementat
     routers.py
                                Pro
                                        # frequently used routers should appear first.
                                        router modules = [auth,
     service.py
                                Orden
```

WHERE TO BEGIN - CODE

assignment	Merge "Improve a few random docstrings (H4
auth	Stop calling deprecated assignment manage
catalog	Use dict.items() rather than six.iteritems()
cmd	Fix remaining mention of KLWT
common	Merge "Improve a few random docstrings (H4
contrib	Stop calling deprecated assignment manage
credential	Standardize documentation at Service Mana
endpoint_policy	Move endpoint policy into keystone core
identity	Merge "Remove unnecessary Idap imports"
locale	Imported Translations from Transifex
middleware	Use dict.items() rather than six.iteritems()
models models	Move constants out of federation.core
policy	Use stevedore for backend drivers

CODE STRUCTURE

- > Router(routers.py)
- Controller(controllers.py)
- Manager(core.py)
- Driver
 - ➤ Interface(core.py)
 - > Implementation(backends)



➤ Router → Controller → Manager(API) → Driver

CODE STRUCTURE - ROUTER

```
class Routers(wsgi.RoutersBase):
   def append_v3_routers(self, mapper, routers):
        user_controller = controllers.UserV3()
        routers.append(
            router.Router(user_controller,
                          'users', 'user',
                          resource_descriptions=self.v3_resources))
       self. add resource(
            mapper, user_controller,
            path='/users/{user_id}/password',
            post action='change password',
            rel=json_home.build_v3_resource_relation('user_change_password'),
            path vars={
                'user_id': json_home.Parameters.USER_ID,
            })
```

CODE STRUCTURE - CONTROLLER

```
@dependency.requires('identity api')
class UserV3(controller.V3Controller):
    collection name = 'users'
    member name = 'user'
 @controller.protected()
 def change_password(self, context, user_id, user):
     original password = user.get('original password')
     if original password is None:
         raise exception.ValidationError(target='user',
                                          attribute='original password')
     password = user.get('password')
     if password is None:
         raise exception.ValidationError(target='user',
                                          attribute='password')
     trv:
         self.identity api.change password(
             context, user id, original password, password)
     except AssertionError:
         raise exception.Unauthorized()
```

CODE STRUCTURE – MANAGER

```
@notifications.listener
@dependency.provider('identity api')
@dependency.requires('assignment api', 'credential api', 'id mapping api',
                     'resource api', 'revoke api')
class Manager(manager.Manager):
    """Default pivot point for the Identity backend.
@domains configured
def change_password(self, context, user_id, original_password,
                    new password):
    # authenticate() will raise an AssertionError if authentication fails
    self.authenticate(context, user_id, original_password)
    update_dict = {'password': new_password}
    self.update user(user id, update dict)
```

CODE STRUCTURE – DRIVER

```
class Identity(identity.Driver):
    # NOTE(henry-nash): Override the __init__() method so as to take a
    # config parameter to enable sql to be used as a domain-specific driver.
    def init (self, conf=None):
        super(Identity, self). init ()
 @sql.handle_conflicts(conflict_type='user')
 def update user(self, user id, user):
     session = sql.get session()
     with session.begin():
         user_ref = self._get_user(session, user_id)
         old_user_dict = user_ref.to_dict()
         user = utils.hash_user_password(user)
         for k in user:
             old_user_dict[k] = user[k]
                     Harry Breeze Milary Advantage of the contract of
```

KEYSTONE4J

- ➤ All Identity API v3 and partial v2.0(token)
- ➤ SQL driver only, no LDAP
- > Support password, token authentication
- Configured using keystone.conf, policy.json
- > JRE(Java Runtime Environment) 7
- > Jersey framework(RESTful Web Service framework)
 - https://jersey.java.net/

HOW TO ADAPT TO JAVA

Router

HOW TO ADAPT TO JAVA

Controller

Demo

Q&A