Using the NAG Library for Python with Kdb+ and PyQ

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1 Background

This paper provides detailed instructions on how to use the NAG Library for *Python* with kdb+ and PyQ. The NAG Library contains more than 1,700 mathematical and statistical routines, and is accessible by numerous programming languages (including Python, C++, Java, Fortran, etc.). PyQ is an extension to kdb+ featuring zero-copy sharing of data between Python and the q programming language. The enclosed examples will illustrate how to access routines within the NAG Library for *Python* using data stored in kdb+.

2 Setting Up the Workspace

Installation for both the NAG Library for *Python* and the PyQ extension to kdb+ may be performed using pip.

To install the NAG Library for *Python*:

\$ python -m pip install --extra-index-url
https:nag/com/downloads/py/naginterfaces_nag naginterfaces

To install PyQ from Kx:

\$ python -m pip install pyq

Both the NAG Library for *Python* and kdb+ are commercial software packages that require active licenses for their respective usage. To obtain a temporary license for the NAG Library for *Python*, please contact NAG support at support@nag.com.

3 Examples

The following three examples demonstrate how to call NAG Library for *Python* routines using kdb+ and PyQ. These examples were carefully selected, as they cover techniques found in the majority of usage cases a customer will encounter across all 1,700+ routines within the library. If your usage case falls outside of these three examples, please contact NAG support for assistance.

3.1 Example One: BLAS Routine DAXPY

Our first example demonstrates how to perform the linear algebra operation

$$y \coloneqq \alpha x + b$$
.

Below is the NAG Library for *Python* signature for this routine.

naginterfaces.library.blas.daxpy(alpha,x,y)

Parameters: alpha: float

x: float, array-like, shape(n)
y: float, array-like, shape(n)

Returns: y: float, ndarray, shape(n)

Within our terminal, we begin by initiating a PyQ interactive session.

\$ pyq

Next, we import PyQ and the BLAS module of the NAG Library for Python.

>>> from pyq import q

>>> from naginterfaces.library import blas

We then enter a q environment and define our parameters as q objects.

>>> q()

- q) alpha:0.5f
- q) x:4#2 2 2 2f
- q) y:4#4 4 4 4f

Finally, we exit the q environment and invoke the NAG routine.

q) \

```
>>> z = blas.daxpy(float(q.alpha), q.x, q.y)
>>> z # display solution: array([4., 4., 4., 4.])
```

3.2 Example Two: Nearest Correlation Matrix

Our second example employs a nearest correlation matrix routine which, for a given approximate correlation matrix G, computes the nearest correlation matrix X by minimizing the weighted Frobenius norm

$$\left\| W^{1/2}(G-X)W^{1/2} \right\|_F^2$$

where W is a diagonal matrix of weights.

The NAG Library for *Python* signature for this routine is below.

naginterfaces.library.correg.corrmat_nearest_bounded(
 g,opt,alpha=None,w=None,errtol=0.0,maxits=0,maxit=200)

Parameters: g: float, array-like, shape(n,n)

opt: str, length 1

alpha: None or float, optional

w: None or float, array-like, shape(n), optional

errtol: float, optional
maxits: int, optional
maxit: int, optional

Returns: x: float, ndarray, shape(n,n)

itera: int
feval: int
nrmgrd: float

Within our interactive PyQ session, we begin by importing the Correlation and Regression Analysis module of the NAG Library for *Python*.

>>> from naginterfaces.library import correg

Next, we enter a q environment and define our parameters as q objects.

>>> q()

- q) alpha:0.5f
- q) x:4#2 2 2 2f
- q) g:4 4#2 -1 0 0 -1 2 -1 0 0 -1 2 -1 0 0 -1 2f
- q) opt:"B"
- q) alpha:0.02f
- q) w:4#100 20 20 20f

We then exit the q environment and invoke the NAG routine.

q) \

3.3 Example Three: Numerical Integration

With our final example, we demonstrate how to incorporate a user-defined callback function with a NAG Library for Python routine. This example approximates the definite integral

$$\int_a^b f(x)dx.$$

The NAG Library for *Python* signature for this routine is below.

```
naginterfaces.library.quad.dim1_fin_smooth(f,a,b,epsabs,epsrel,data=None)
```

We start by importing the Quadrature module of the NAG Library for Python.

>>> from naginterfaces.library import quad

Next, we enter a q environment and define our parameters as q objects.

```
>>> q()
q) a:0f
q) b:2f
q) epsabs:0f
q) epsrel:0.0001f
```

We then exit the q environment and define an integrable Python function. To satisfy this parameter we may use either a Python function or a lambda expression.

```
q) \
>>> def f(x):
    return x*x
```

With our problem now fully defined, we invoke the NAG routine to compute our solution.

```
>>> result, error = quad.dim1_fin_smooth(
          f, float(q.a), float(q.b), float(q.epsabs), float(q.epsrel))
>>> result  # 2.6666666666666667
>>> error  # 1.4802973661668755e-14
```

4 Additional Usage Cases

NAG recently published the technical report Using the NAG Library with Kdb+in a Pure Q Environment discussing how to call the NAG Library using the new Foreign Function Interface (FFI) from Kx. Additionally, the NAG Blog

titled Calling the NAG C Library from Kdb+ details how to incorporate the NAG Library with kdb+ within a C++ program. We speculate that among our shared clients, a mixture of these methods will be employed.

If your desired usage case happens to fall outside of those described within our current publications, please contact NAG support at support@nag.com for assistance with your application.

5 Links

- NAG Library for Python Manual https://www.nag.com/numeric/py/nagdoc_latest/index.html
- Get Going with Kdb+ https://code.kx.com/v2/
- Using Python with kdb+ (PyQ) https://code.kx.com/q/interfaces/pyq/
- Kdb+ and Python: embedPy and PyQ https://kx.com/blog/kdb-python-embedpy-pyq/
- Using the NAG Library with Kdb+ in a Pure Q Environment https://www.nag.com/doc/techrep/pdf/tr1_18.pdf
- Using Foreign Functions with Kdb+ (FFI) https://code.kx.com/q/interfaces/ffi/
- Calling the NAG C Library from Kdb+ http://blog.nag.com/2013/05/calling-nag-c-library-from-kdb.html
- NAG GitHub Organisation https://github.com/numericalalgorithmsgroup/