



ARENA SECURITY

Executive Summary	2
Synopsis	2
Finding Overview	2
Recommendations	3
Severity Scale	4
Final Report	5
Methodology	5
Information Gathering	5
Vulnerability Assessment	6
House Cleaning	16



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

SYNOPSIS

Fahad Ahmed was asked to evaluate the security of the given IP address (138.128.180.106) by engaging in a 1-day penetration test that was conducted on September 26th, 2021. The goal of the "pentest" is to act as a threat-actor by performing cyber attacks against 138.128.180.106 corporate server. This will serve to discover any present vulnerabilities that could result in a breach and be leveraged to access the given IP address's sensitive data by a real-world attacker. All issues discovered by me are achieved and verified through network evaluation, system vulnerability scanning and assessment, and both automated and manual exploitation (where applicable) of found vulnerabilities.

FINDING OVERVIEW

While conducting the external penetration test, there were several critical vulnerabilities discovered in the 138.128.180.106 network. I was able to gain full administrative privilege to the corporate server. This was possible due to a vulnerable web-application, which led to remote system access, then full administrative control was gained through improperly set permissions to a critical system file. A brief technical overview is listed below:

Target: performing a SQL Injection attack against indianfriedchicken, password was managed 'heera0518' found at URL: <https://indianfriedchicken.net/products.php?cat=14>, granting me to access as an admin user. Once access was established, privilege escalation was possible in other links using shell scripts; allowing the creation of a new administrative user to the server. In other cases LFI (local file inclusion) was possible using "/etc/passwd" giving me the full root information.

RECOMMENDATION

To increase the security posture of 138.128.180.106, I recommend the following mitigations or remediations be performed:

Implement Prepared Statements with Parameterised Queries

Injection attacks remains the most common attacks leveraged against web applications. One of the most effective mitigation strategies for preventing SQL Injection attacks is the implementation of Prepared Statements with Parameterised Queries.

Implement User Input White listing

Another very useful mitigation against SQL Injection attacks is to validate the supplied user input. One should never trust that user input is safe and therefore should be checked for a set of disallowed characters.

Require Secure Coding Training for Developers

Developers are on the frontlines of security for any organisation and should be prepared to be the first line of defence. Training in secure coding techniques and practices will help ensure that your organisations applications are developed using the most secure code possible, thus reducing your attack surface and lowering your overall risk.

Implement Network Security Devices

Putting up a few fences can go along way to increasing your security posture and is a key piece of the Defense-in-Depth puzzle. By adding a Web Application Firewall (WAF), Next-Gen Firewall, and/or Intrusion Detection/Prevention System, you can significantly increase your ability to stop intruders from accessing your systems.

Perform Permissions Audit of System Files.

Permissions misconfigurations area common occurrence and can be leveraged to gain full administrative. Performing a baseline and then scheduled audits of the permissions to system files can ensure those files and their permissions are following security best-practices. Service accounts should not be owners of sensitive operating system files that control local user-accounts.



SEVERITY SCALE

CRITICAL Severity Issue: Poses immediate danger to systems, network, or data security and should be addressed as soon as possible.

HIGH Severity Issue: Poses significant danger to systems, network, and/or data security. Exploitation commonly requires some advanced knowledge, training, skill, and/or tools. Issue(s) should be addressed promptly.

MEDIUM Severity Issue: Vulnerabilities should be addressed in a timely manner. Exploitation is usually more difficult to achieve and requires special knowledge or access.

LOW Severity Issue: Danger of exploitation is unlikely as vulnerabilities offer little to no opportunity to compromise system, network, or data security. Can be handled as time permits.

INFORMATIONAL Issue: Meant to increase client's knowledge. Likely no actual threat.



FINAL REPORT

METHODOLOGY

My Testing methods that are widely adopted in the cyber security assessment industry. This includes 3 phases: **Information Gathering**, **Vulnerability Assessment**, **Exploitation**, and **Reporting**.

INFORMATION GATHERING

Hostname: ind.thecolourmoon.com

IP Address: 138.128.180.106

A total of 941 domains was hosted by the Given IP address shows on yougetsignal.com, Here are the Names:

 Found 71 domains hosted on the same web server as indianfriedchicken.net (138.128.180.106).

aarontech.in	actimusbio.com
agnikulakshathriya.com	amigosfresh.com
andhrainfoservices.com	appleischool.edu.in
balajihighfields.in	bestnsetips.com
bhavarajufoundation.org	capitalhospitals.in
colourmoon.in	dhruvtax.com
doctorspages.in	doorstepgrocerys.com
dreamwardrobe.in	edu.pharmadhunia.com
gecgudlavalleru.ac.in	harshaenterprises.in
hitechics.com	hplservices.in
ind.thecolourmoon.com	indiabix.com
indianfriedchicken.net	jeab.scienceresearchlibrary.com
jpabs.org	kfresh.in
leeleather.net	mail.indiabix.com
multiplystora.com	musculoskeletalsociety.in
myairlinenews.com	niosrcvizag.ac.in
payhub.uttamseva.com	pombtimes.com
ramanathsecondaryschool.com	rcwing.in
reddysvaradhi.com	saptestingguru.in
savetaxfiling.com	skillsnet.info
solutionvia.com	sske.in
sunkristpublishing.com	thecolormoon.com
thekeycorner.com	tonerandinkjetstore.com
triparaku.com	tsrtbkcollege.com
viharifoods.com	visakhavalleyschool.com
visioncraft.in	vizagwaterpurifiers.com
weaverswardrobe.com	wjpsonline.org
www.aaronindia.in	www.aarontech.in
www.amigosfresh.com	www.applaischool.edu.in
www.ardeegroup.com	www.bharatelevators.co.in
www.bhavarajufoundation.org	www.jpda.com
www.indiabix.com	www.indianfriedchicken.net
www.jntc.in	www.mightyperfect.in
www.musculoskeletalsociety.in	www.myairlinenews.com
www.rcreddyasstudycircle.com	www.rvvhc.in
www.thekeycorner.com	



WEB ARENA SECURITY

While using Nmap (used for finding network vulnerability and more), of cmd “ nmap -sP 138.128.180.106/24 “, I found 256 IP addresses were their and 49hosts were up. Below is the screenshot of the scanned networks.

```
kali@kali:~$ nmap -sP 138.128.180.106/24
Starting Nmap 7.92 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2021-09-28 21:15 UTC
Stats: 0:00:10 elapsed; 0 hosts completed (0 up), 256 undergoing Ping Scan
Parallel DNS resolution of 49 hosts. Timing: About 97.96% done; ETC: 21:15 (0
:00:00 remaining)
Nmap scan report for 138-128-180-58.static.hostdime.com (138.128.180.58)
Host is up (0.20s latency).
Nmap scan report for 138-128-180-59.static.hostdime.com (138.128.180.59)
Host is up (0.20s latency).
Nmap scan report for 138-128-180-62.static.hostdime.com (138.128.180.62)
Host is up (0.20s latency).
Nmap scan report for 138-128-180-74.static.hostdime.com (138.128.180.74)
Host is up (0.15s latency).
Nmap scan report for 138-128-180-75.static.hostdime.com (138.128.180.75)
Host is up (0.15s latency).
Nmap scan report for 138-128-180-76.static.hostdime.com (138.128.180.76)
Host is up (0.16s latency).
Nmap scan report for 138-128-180-98.static.hostdime.com (138.128.180.98)
Host is up (0.15s latency).
Nmap scan report for 138-128-180-99.static.hostdime.com (138.128.180.99)
Host is up (0.15s latency).
Nmap scan report for 138-128-180-100.static.hostdime.com (138.128.180.100)
Host is up (0.15s latency).
Nmap scan report for 138-128-180-101.static.hostdime.com (138.128.180.101)
Host is up (0.15s latency).
Nmap scan report for 138-128-180-102.static.hostdime.com (138.128.180.102)
```

```
Host is up (0.11s latency).
Nmap scan report for 138-128-180-229.static.hostdime.com (138.128.180.229)
Host is up (0.11s latency).
Nmap scan report for 138-128-180-242.static.hostdime.com (138.128.180.242)
Host is up (0.13s latency).
Nmap scan report for 138-128-180-243.static.hostdime.com (138.128.180.243)
Host is up (0.13s latency).
Nmap scan report for 138-128-180-244.static.hostdime.com (138.128.180.244)
Host is up (0.14s latency).
Nmap scan report for 138-128-180-245.static.hostdime.com (138.128.180.245)
Host is up (0.13s latency).
Nmap scan report for 138-128-180-246.static.hostdime.com (138.128.180.246)
Host is up (0.16s latency).
Nmap scan report for 138-128-180-250.static.hostdime.com (138.128.180.250)
Host is up (0.14s latency).
Nmap scan report for 138-128-180-251.static.hostdime.com (138.128.180.251)
Host is up (0.14s latency).
Nmap scan report for 138-128-180-252.static.hostdime.com (138.128.180.252)
Host is up (0.14s latency).
Nmap scan report for 138-128-180-253.static.hostdime.com (138.128.180.253)
Host is up (0.14s latency).
Nmap scan report for 138-128-180-254.static.hostdime.com (138.128.180.254)
Host is up (0.13s latency).
Nmap done: 256 IP addresses (49 hosts up) scanned in 12.56 seconds
(kali@kali)~$
```



WEB ARENA SECURITY

For Finding open ports I used **nmap** cmd like '**sudo nmap -sS -p 80, 443 138.128.180.106/24**' (sS represents stealthy), below is the screenshot of open ports that are vulnerable for the server.

```
(root@kali)~# sudo nmap -sS -p 80,443 138.128.180.106/24
Nmap scan report for 138-128-180-1.static.hostdime.com (138.128.180.1)
Host is up (0.36s latency).

PORT      STATE SERVICE
80/tcp    filtered http
443/tcp    filtered https

Nmap scan report for 138-128-180-33.static.hostdime.com (138.128.180.33)
Host is up (0.23s latency).

PORT      STATE SERVICE
80/tcp    filtered http
443/tcp    filtered https

Nmap scan report for 138-128-180-49.static.hostdime.com (138.128.180.49)
Host is up (0.32s latency).

PORT      STATE SERVICE
80/tcp    filtered http

Nmap scan report for 138-128-180-58.static.hostdime.com (138.128.180.58)
Host is up (0.18s latency).

PORT      STATE SERVICE
80/tcp    open  http
443/tcp    open  https

Nmap scan report for 138-128-180-59.static.hostdime.com (138.128.180.59)
Host is up (0.18s latency).

PORT      STATE SERVICE
80/tcp    open  http
443/tcp    open  https

Nmap scan report for 138-128-180-62.static.hostdime.com (138.128.180.62)
Host is up (0.18s latency).

PORT      STATE SERVICE
80/tcp    closed http
443/tcp    closed https

Nmap scan report for 138-128-180-73.static.hostdime.com (138.128.180.73)
Host is up (0.20s latency).
```



```
File Actions Edit View Help
80/tcp filtered http
443/tcp filtered https

Nmap scan report for 138-128-180-74.static.hostdime.com (138.128.180.74)
Host is up (0.13s latency).

PORT      STATE SERVICE
80/tcp    open  http
443/tcp    open  https

Nmap scan report for 138-128-180-75.static.hostdime.com (138.128.180.75)
Host is up (0.13s latency).

PORT      STATE SERVICE
80/tcp    open  http
443/tcp    open  https

Nmap scan report for 138-128-180-76.static.hostdime.com (138.128.180.76)
Host is up (0.15s latency).

PORT      STATE SERVICE
80/tcp    open  http
443/tcp    open  https

Nmap scan report for 138-128-180-81.static.hostdime.com (138.128.180.81)
Host is up (0.13s latency).

80/tcp open http
443/tcp open https

Nmap scan report for 138-128-180-102.static.hostdime.com (138.128.180.102)
Host is up (0.13s latency).

PORT      STATE SERVICE
80/tcp    open  http
443/tcp    open  https

Nmap scan report for 138-128-180-105.static.hostdime.com (138.128.180.105)
Host is up (0.11s latency).

PORT      STATE SERVICE
80/tcp    filtered http
443/tcp    filtered https

Nmap scan report for 138-128-180-110.static.hostdime.com (138.128.180.110)
Host is up (0.19s latency).

PORT      STATE SERVICE
80/tcp    open  http
443/tcp    open  https

Nmap scan report for 138-128-180-113.static.hostdime.com (138.128.180.113)
Host is up (0.13s latency).

PORT      STATE SERVICE
80/tcp    filtered http
443/tcp    filtered https
```

HIGH Severity Issue

VULNERABILITY ASSESSMENT

The vulnerability assessment is done in an attempt to verify that a vulnerability exists that may be exploitable by an attacker. I tested a variety of web application/sites vulnerability Testers/Scanner, such as **Burp suit, nmap, yougetlink.com, cyberfox browser**. which were successful at discovering an exploitable vulnerability (SQL Injection), (LFI attacks), (RCE attacks),(XSS), (SESSION HIJACKING), (ADMIN LOGIN BYPASS). In addition, the manual SQLI was successful with 57% of the domains This vulnerability was then leveraged by me to gain initial system access.

Vulnerability Exploited: SQL Injection

Vulnerability Explanation: SQL injection attacks occur when a web application does not perform any validation against the values received from objects like web forms, user input parameters, cookies, etc., before passing them to SQL queries that are to be executed on a database server. This facilitates a way for an attacker to manipulate the input so that the data is interpreted as a part of the code instead of user supplied data.

CRITICAL Severity Issue

Site link: <https://indianfriedchicken.net/products.php?cat=14>

HASH DECRYPTED= heera0518

Below is the Screenshot of SQLI using cyberfox browser.

SOME OTHER SITES THAT ARE VULNERABLE TO SQLI:

>><https://musculoskeletalsociety.in/page.php?id=2> **CRITICAL** Severity Issue

>><https://ramanathsecondaryschool.com/photos.php?id=12> **HIGH** Severity Issue

>><https://myairlinenews.com/news.php?id=MTK3> **HIGH** Severity Issue

>><https://aarontech.in/it/enquiry.php?id=1367> **CRITICAL** Severity Issue

>><http://rcwing.in/t-view.php?id=7> **HIGH** Severity Issue

>><https://samarthodisha.com/blockcontent.php?id=13>. **MEDIUM** Severity Issue >>

<http://leeleather.net/gifts-ideas.php?id=2> **CRITICAL** Severity Issue

>><https://bhavarajufoundation.org/photogallery.php?id=9> **CRITICAL** Severity Issue

>>https://bharatelevators.co.in/service_view.php?id=6 **MEDIUM** Severity Issue: 11

VULNERABILITY IN DETAILS:

>><http://aarontech.in> **MEDIUM** Severity Issue

>><http://www.actimusbio.com> **MEDIUM** Severity Issue

>><http://agnikulakshatriya.org> **MEDIUM** Severity Issue

>><http://amigofresh.com/en/> **MEDIUM** Severity Issue

>><https://andhrainfoservices.com> **MEDIUM** Severity Issue

Some of the major vulnerability is giving hacker full access of the server by uploading **shell scripts**, below are the links that **shell scripts** can be uploaded

Vulnerability Exploited: SHELL SCRIPTS

Vulnerability Explanation: A shell script is a list of commands in a computer program that is run by the Unix shell which is a command line interpreter. A shell script usually has comments that describe the steps. The different operations performed by shell scripts are program execution, file manipulation and text printing.

>><https://www.rrvhc.in/resume.php> **HIGH Severity Issue**

>><https://ardeegroup.com/apply.php?apid=5> **CRITICAL**

Severity Issue >><http://tejahearingclinic.com/careers.php>

CRITICAL Severity Issue

>><https://visioncraft.in/careers.php> **HIGH Severity Issue**

>><http://www.genfobio.com/careers.php> **HIGH Severity**

Issue >><https://www.medlinesmt.com/careers.php>

CRITICAL Severity Issu >>

<http://www.suryaalliedservices.com/careers> **CRITICAL**

Severity Issu

HOUSE CLEANING

During a penetration testing engagement, tools, files, user accounts, etc., are created on the client's system(s) which would compromise the client's security.

Fahad Ahmed is diligent to ensure that no potential security issues are introduced to the given server environment through remnants left on their system(s) after the completion of the engagement, ind.thecolourmoon.com have had all tools, files, user accounts, etc. that were created by Fahad Ahmed testers during the engagement removed.