Web Engineering Lect 6 (CSS)

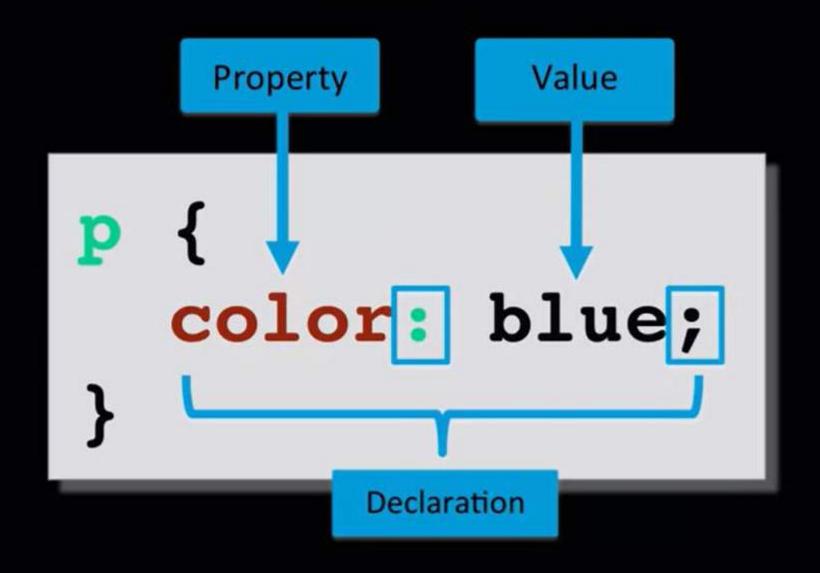
Instructor: Faheem Shaukat
Meeting Hours
Wednesday and Thursday
12PM to 02PM

In this lecture, we will discuss...

Anatomy of a CSS Rule

Selector

```
color: blue;
}
```



```
color: blue;
font-size: 20px;
width: 200px;
```

Zero or More Declarations are allowed

```
color: blue;
  font-size: 20px;
  width: 200px;
                                        Stylesheet
h1
  color: green;
  font-size: 36px;
  text-align: center;
```

Style sheet in <head>

```
<style>
p {
   color: blue;
   font-size: 20px;
• width: 200px;
• h1 {
   color: green;
   font-size: 36px;
   text-align: center;

    </style>
```

Code Where Style Sheet Effect <body>

- <h1>Anatomy of a CSS Rule</h1>
- <h2>Subheading 1</h2>
- CSS works by associating rules with HTML elements. These rules govern how the content of specified elements should be displayed. A CSS rule contains two parts: a selector and a declaration.
- <h2>Subheading 2</h2>
- Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipisicing elit. Est maxime aperiam blanditiis reprehenderit voluptatem quia quas nesciunt amet atque temporibus quod harum sequi voluptate consequatur tenetur perferendis, cum ad! Eos.

file:///Users/yaakov/workspace/coursera/fullstack-course4/examples/Lecture12/css-syntax.html

Anatomy of a CSS Rule

Subheading 1

CSS works by associating rules with HTML elements. These rules govern how the content of specified elements should be displayed. A CSS rule contains two parts: a selector and a declaration.

Subheading 2

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipisicing elit. Est maxime aperiam blanditiis reprehenderit voluptatem quia quas

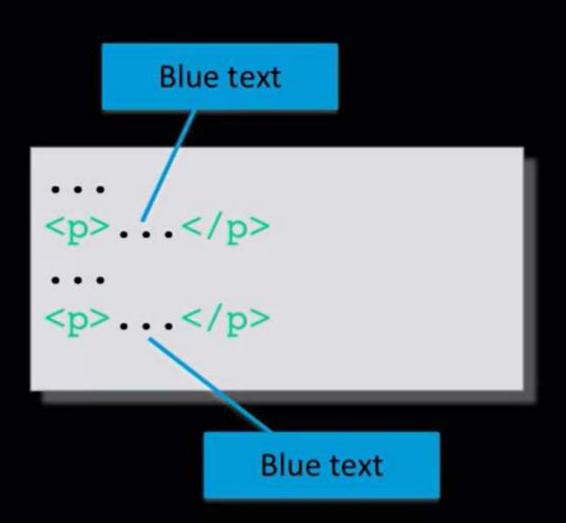
Element Selector

Element name

```
p {
  color: blue;
}
```

Element Selector

```
p {
  color: blue;
}
```



F

class Selector

Class name

```
.blue {
  color: blue;
}
```

class Selector

```
Blue text
                      ...
.blue {
                      . . . 
 color:
       blue;
                      <div class="blue">...</div>
                                         Blue text
                      Unaffected
```

class Selector

```
Defined with.
                         Used without
                      ...
.blue
                     ...
  color:
       blue;
                     <div class="blue">...</div>
```

id Selector

id Value

```
#name {
   color: blue;
}
```

id Selector

```
#name {
  color: blue;
}
```

```
Unaffected
<div id="name">...</div>
                      Blue text
```

id Selector

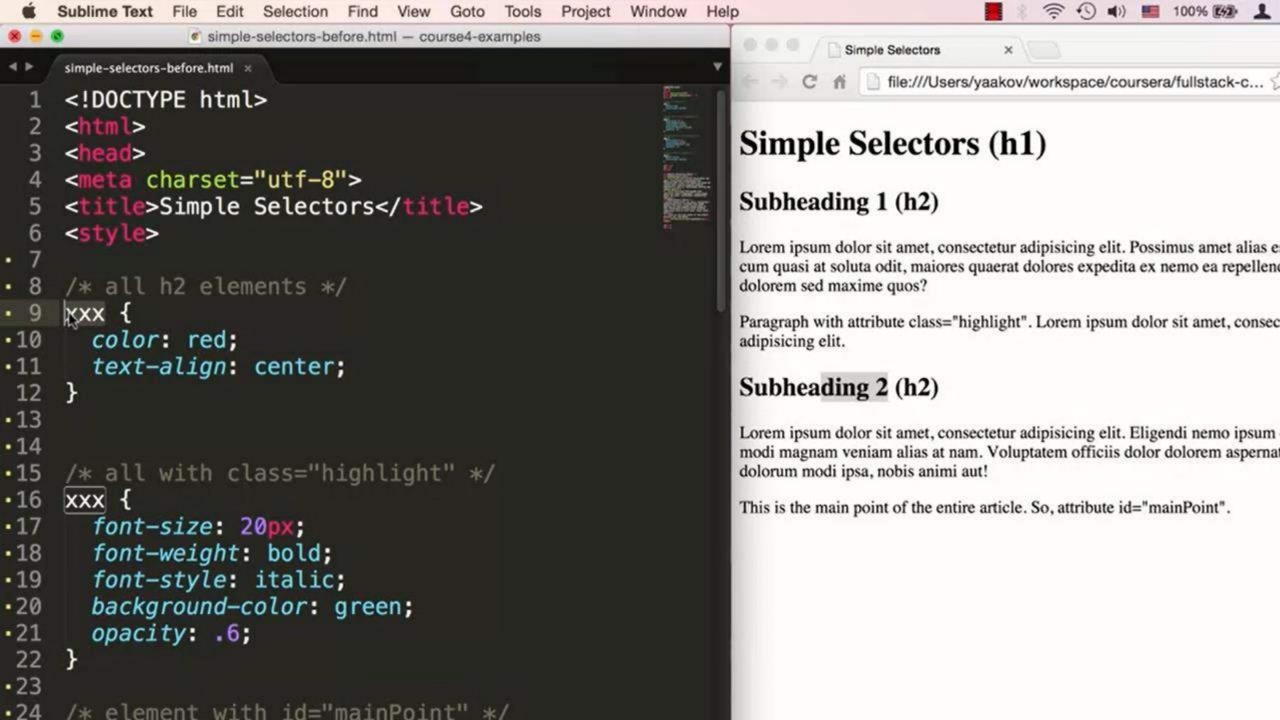
```
Defined with #
#name {
                            ...
                            <div id="name">...</div>
  color:
          blue;
                          Used without
```

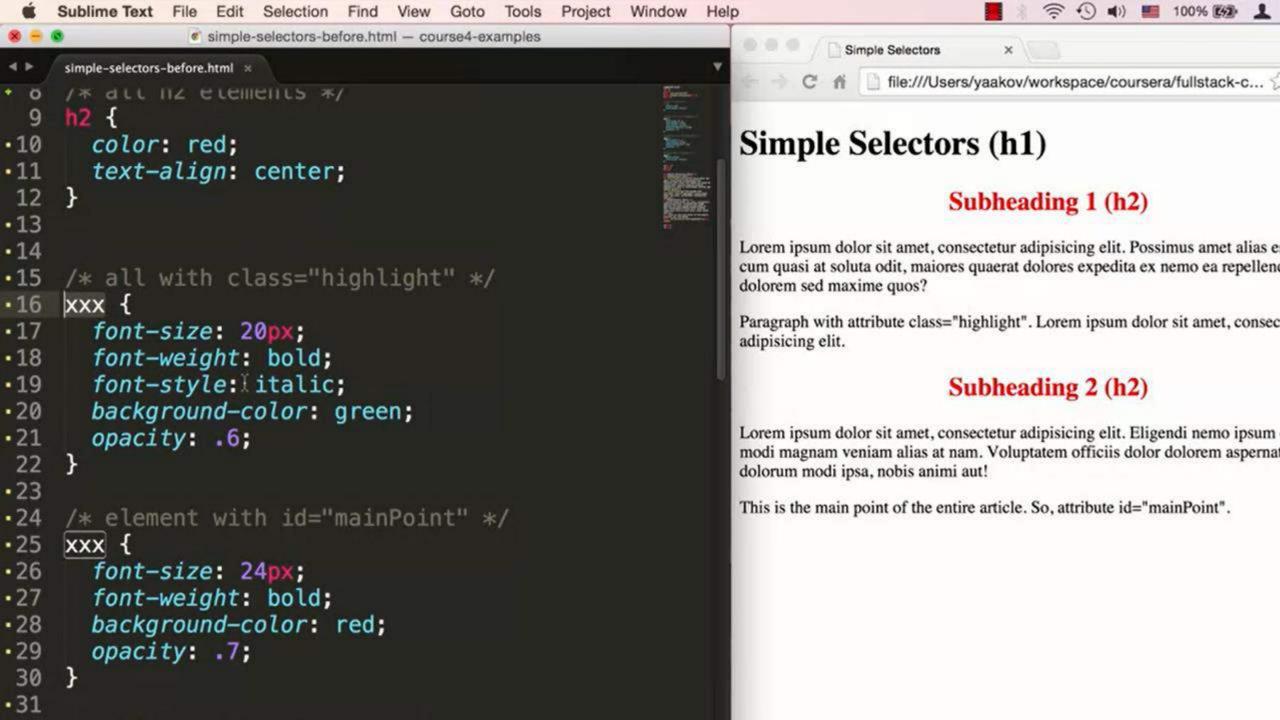
Grouping Selectors

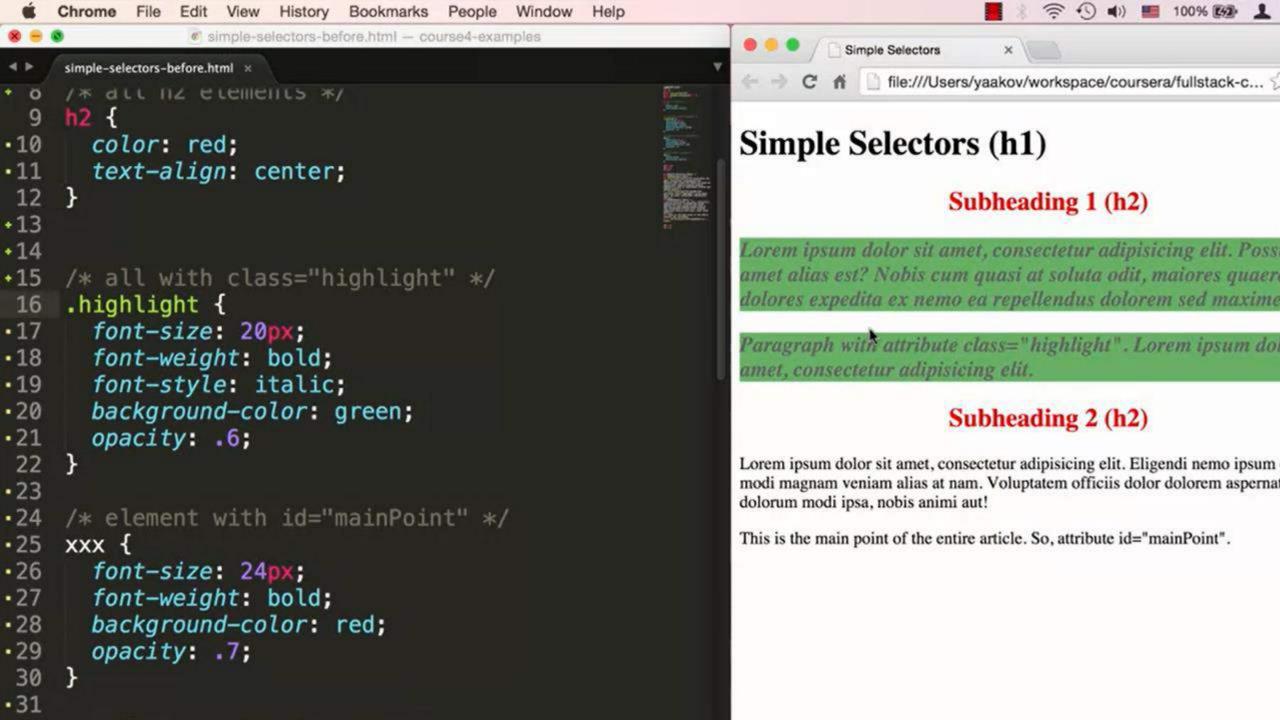
```
Separate selectors
                                        Blue text
      with commas
                       ...
    .blue {
div.
 color: blue;
                       <div>...</div>
                              Blue text
```

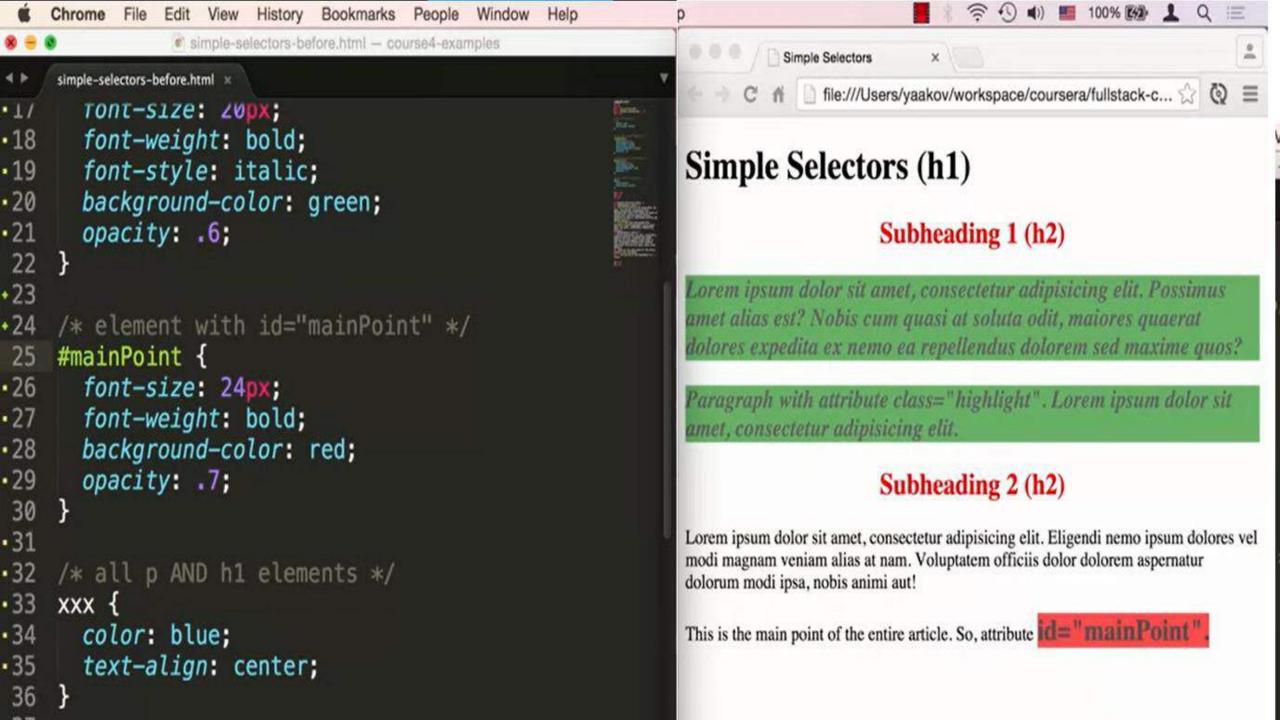
```
/* all h2 elements */
xxx {
    color: red;
    text-align: center;
/* all with class="highlight" */
xxx {
    font-size: 20px;
    font-weight: bold;
    font-style: italic;
    background-color: green;
    opacity: .6;
/* element with id="mainPoint" */
xxx {
    font-size: 24px;
    font-weight: bold;
    background-color: red;
    opacity: .7;
/* all p AND h1 elements */
xxx {
    color: blue;
    text-align: center;
```

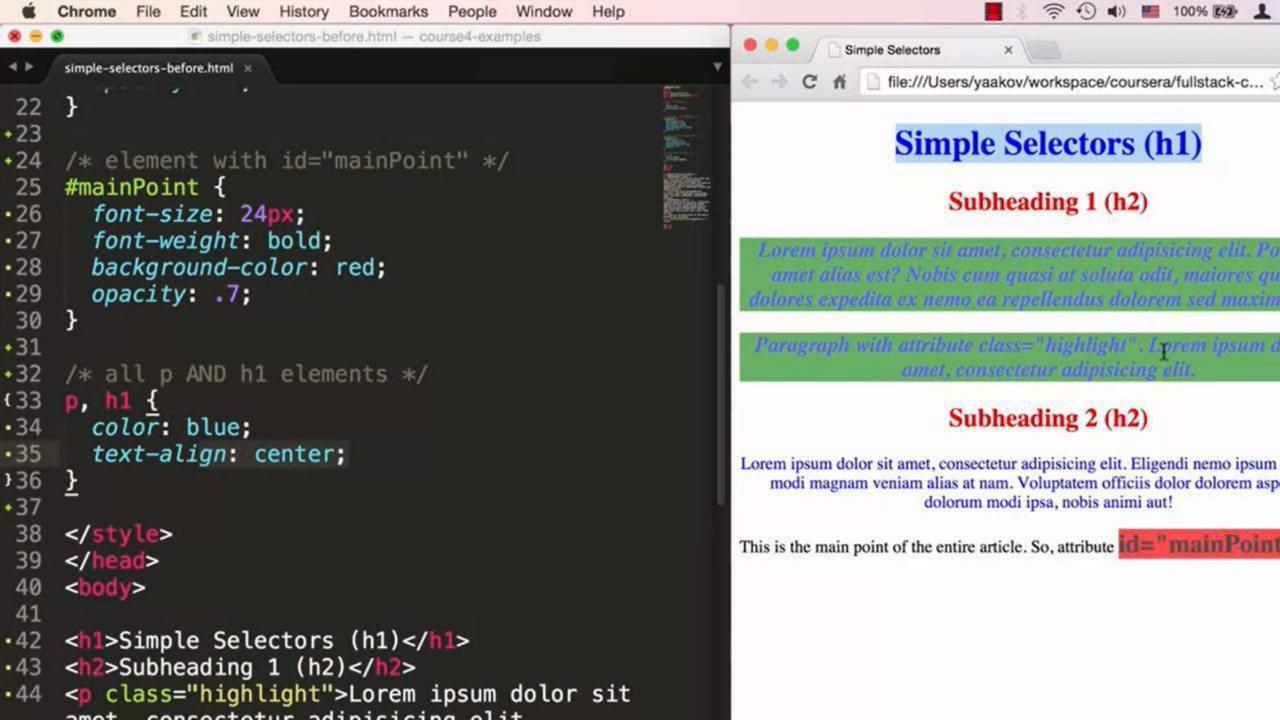
- <h1>Simple Selectors (h1)</h1>
- <h2>Subheading 1 (h2)</h2>
- Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipisicing elit. Possimus amet alias est? Nobis cum quasi at soluta odit, maiores quaerat dolores expedita ex nemo ea repellendus dolorem sed maxime quos?
- Paragraph with attribute class="highlight". Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipisicing elit.
- <h2>Subheading 2 (h2)</h2>
- Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipisicing elit. Eligendi nemo ipsum dolores vel modi magnam veniam alias at nam. Voluptatem officiis dolor dolorem aspernatur dolorum modi ipsa, nobis animi aut!
- <div>This is the main point of the entire article. So, attribute
- id="mainPoint". </div>











In this lecture, we will discuss...

Combining Selectors

Element With Class Selector

```
Every p that has class="big"
```

```
p.big {
  font-size: 20px;
```

NOTE lack of space between element and class definition

Element With Class Selector

```
Text size 20px
                        . '.
p.big {
  font-size:
                        <div class="big">...</div>
            20px;
                                     Unaffected text
```

(

Child Selector

Every p that is a direct child of article

```
article > p {
  color: blue;
}
```

Child Selector

```
Blue text
```

```
article > p {
  color: blue;
}
```

```
<article/...
 . . 
</article>
              Unaffected text

<article>...
 <div>...</div>
</article>
              Unaffected text
```

Descendant Selector

Every **p** that is inside (at any level) of **article**

```
article p {
  color: blue;
}
```

Descendant Selector

Blue text

```
article p {
  color: blue;
}
```

```
<article/...
 . . . 
</article>
              Unaffected tex

<article>...
 <div>...</div>
</article>
                Blue text
```

Not Limited To Element Selectors

```
.colored p {
  color: blue;
}
```

```
article > .colored {
  color: blue;
}
```

Every **p** that is inside (at any level) an element with **class="colored"**

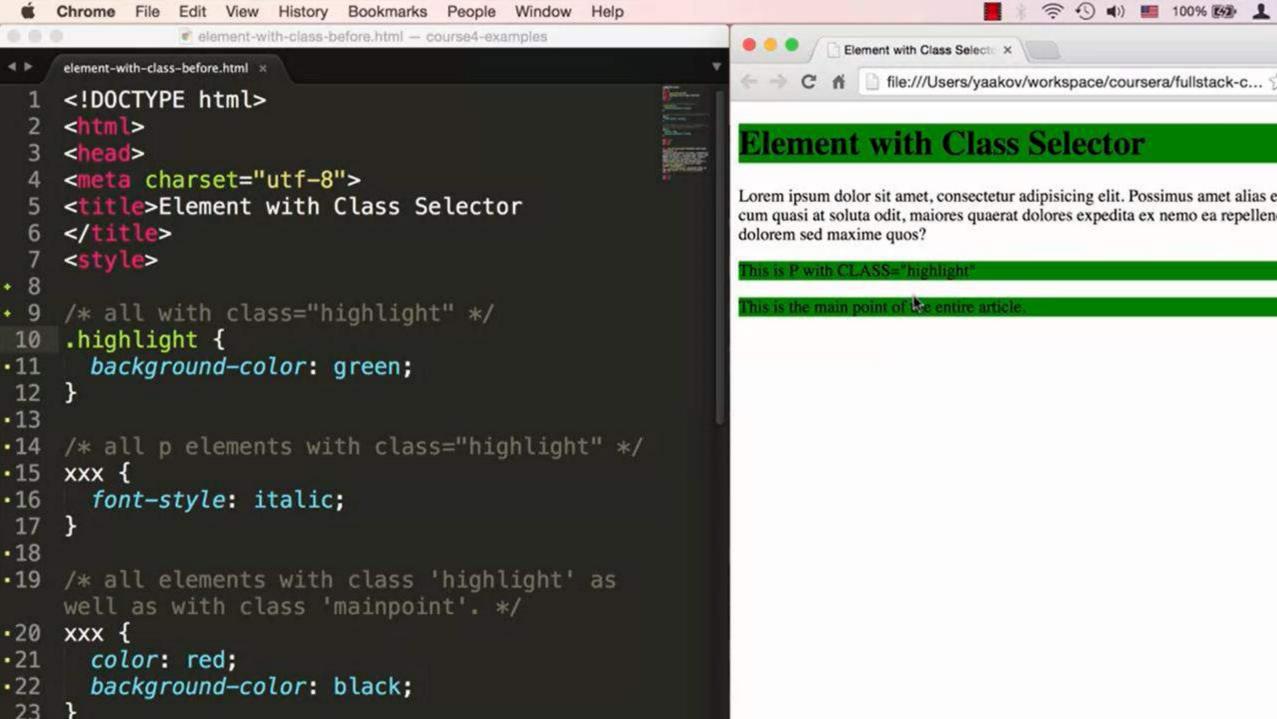
Every element with

class="colored" that is a <u>direct</u>

child of article element

Sample Code

- <h1 class="highlight">Element with Class Selector</h1>
- Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipisicing elit. Possimus amet alias est? Nobis cum quasi at soluta odit, maiores quaerat dolores expedita ex nemo ea repellendus dolorem sed maxime quos?
- This is P with CLASS="highlight"
- <div class="mainpoint highlight">This is the main point of the entire article.
- </div>

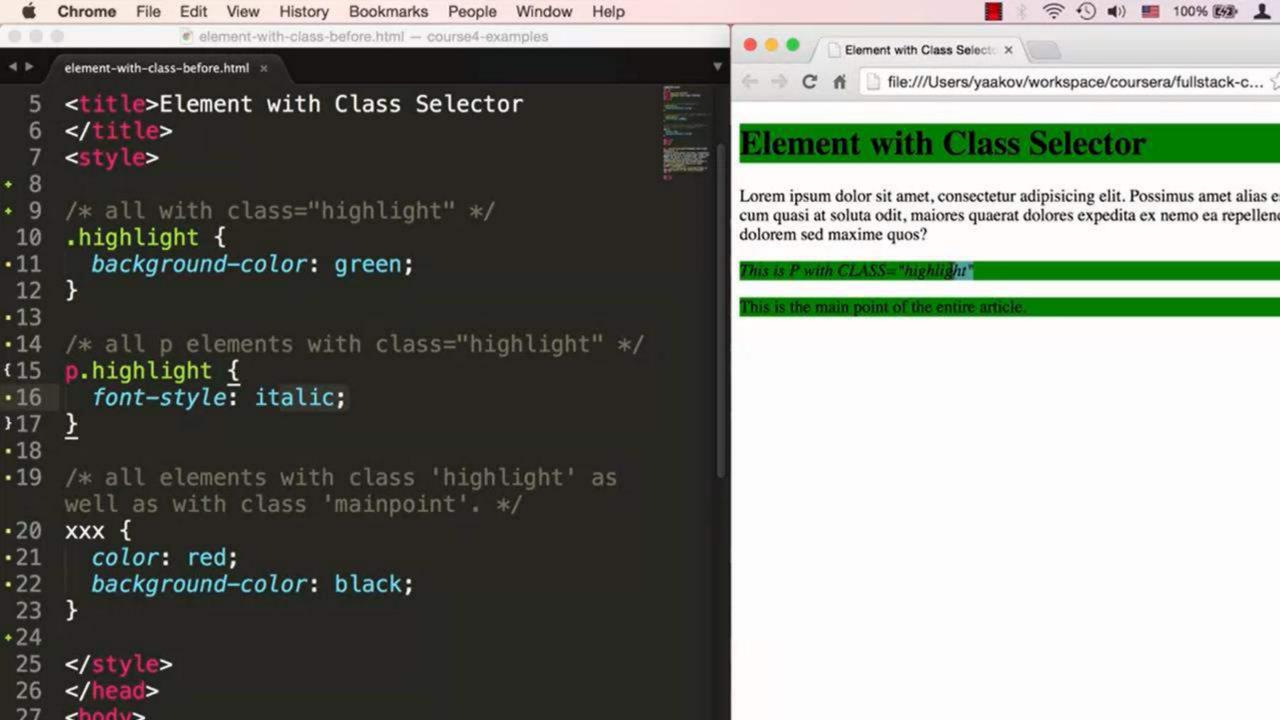


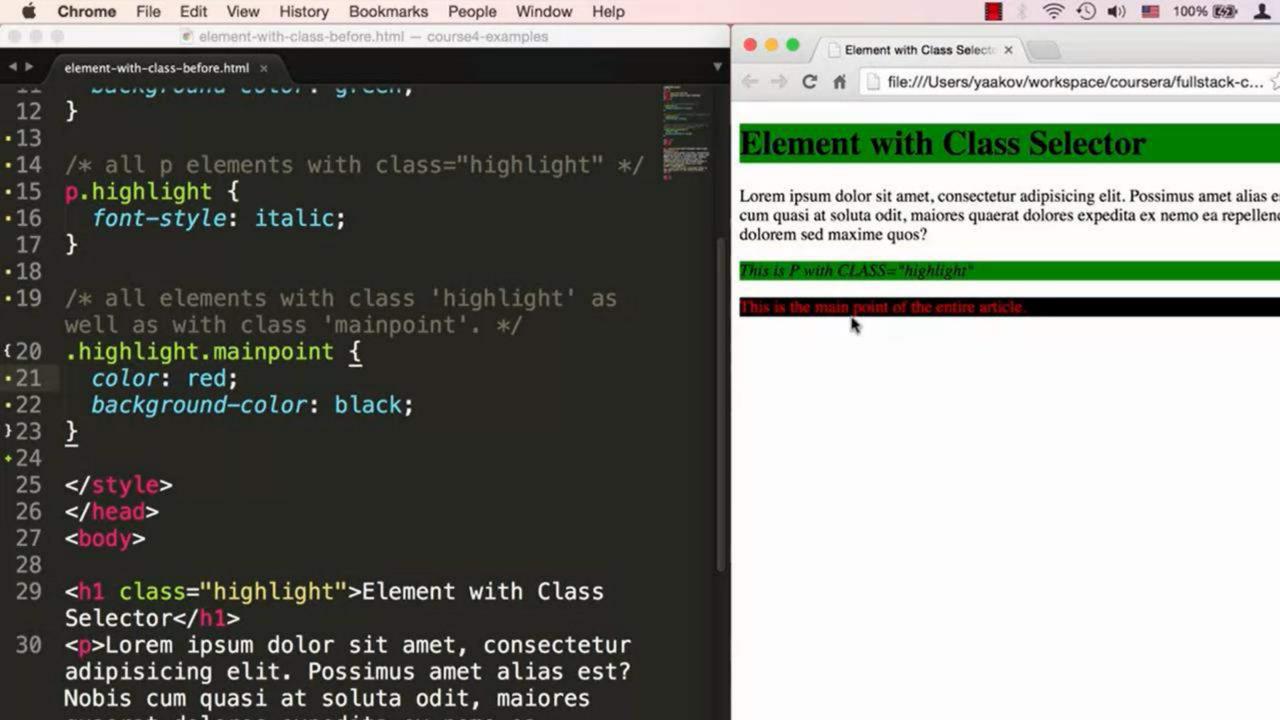
Element with Class Selector

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipisicing elit. Possimus amet alias e cum quasi at soluta odit, maiores quaerat dolores expedita ex nemo ea repellendolorem sed maxime quos?

This is P with CLASS="highlight"

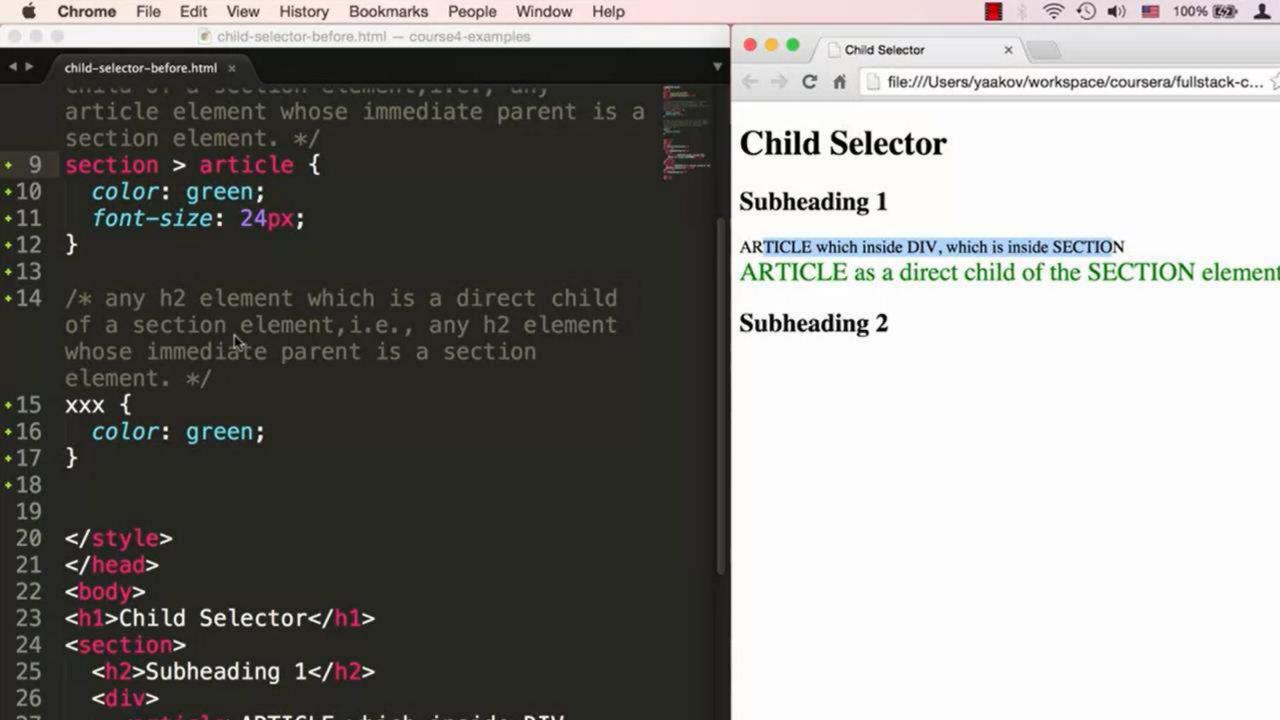
This is the main point of the entire article.

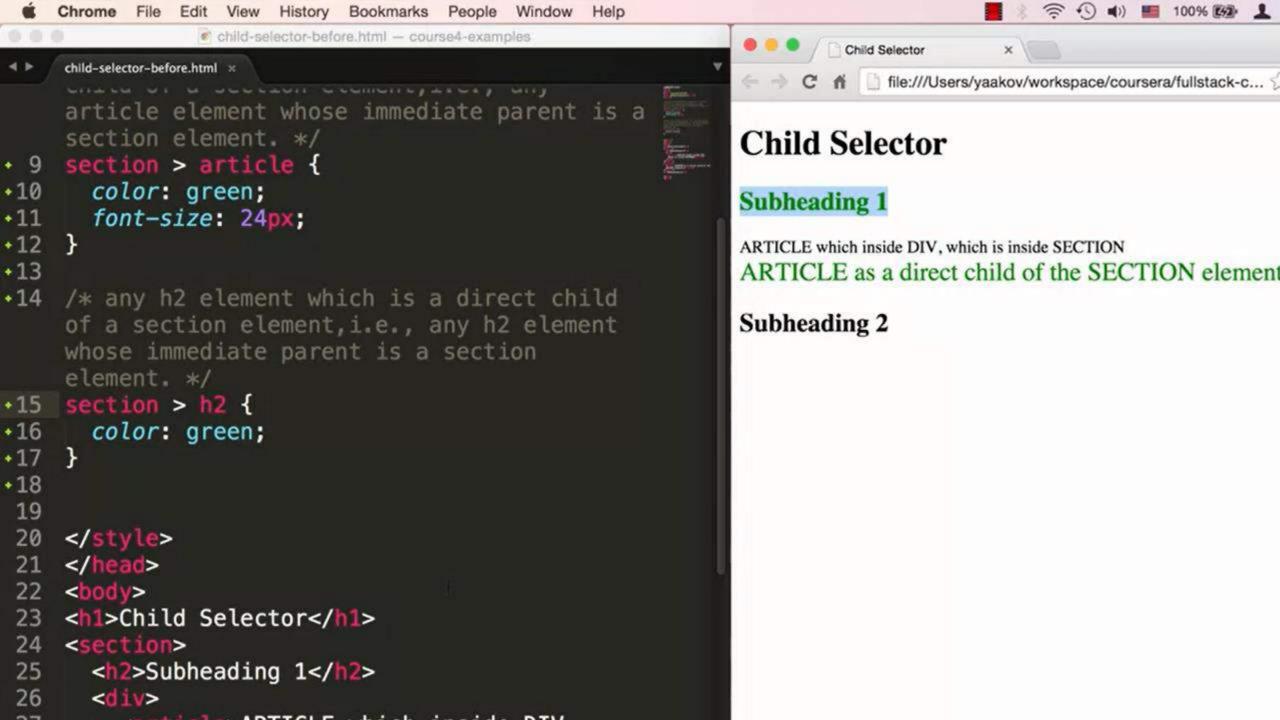




Sample Code

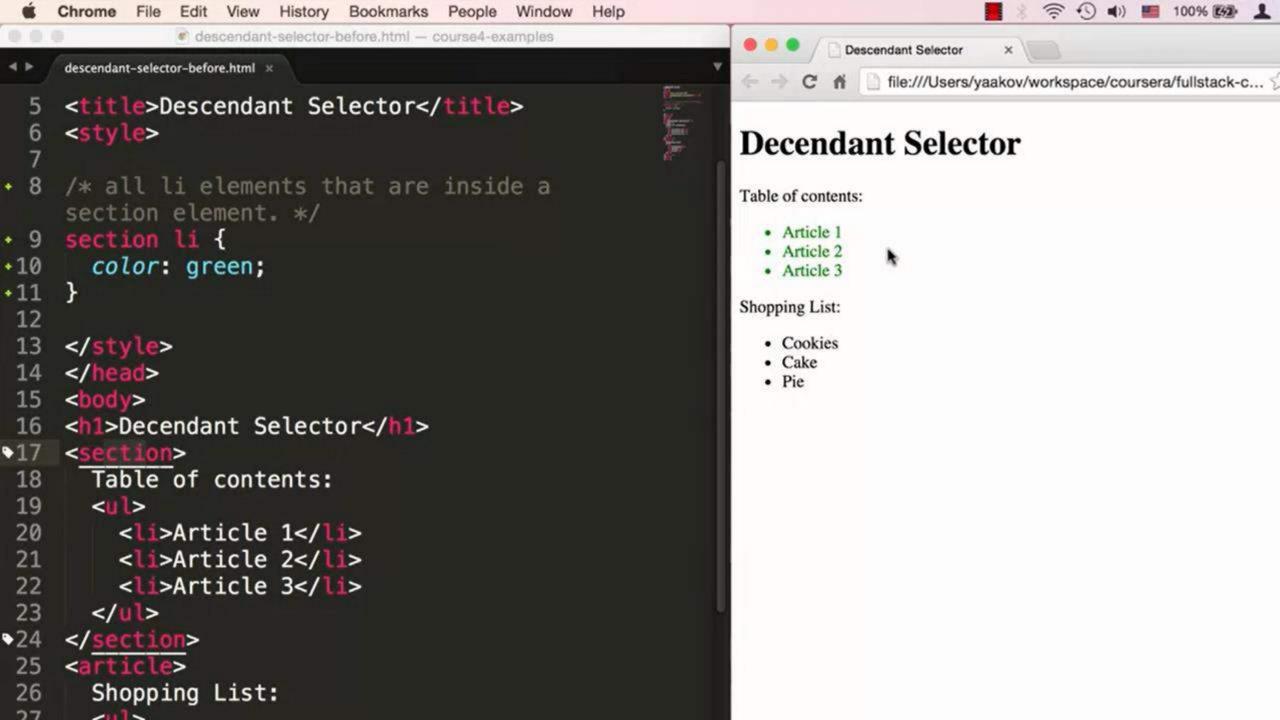
- <h1>Child Selector</h1>
- <section>
- <h2>Subheading 1</h2>
- <div>
- <article>ARTICLE which inside DIV, which is inside SECTION</article>
- </div>
- </section>
- <section>
- <article>ARTICLE as a direct child of the SECTION element.</article>
- </section>
- <h2>Subheading 2</h2>





Sample Code

- <h1>Descendant Selector</h1>
- <section>
- Table of contents:
- Article 1
- Article 2
- Article 3
- </section>
- <article>
- Shopping List:
- •
- Cookies
- Cake
- Pie
- •
- </article>



Summary

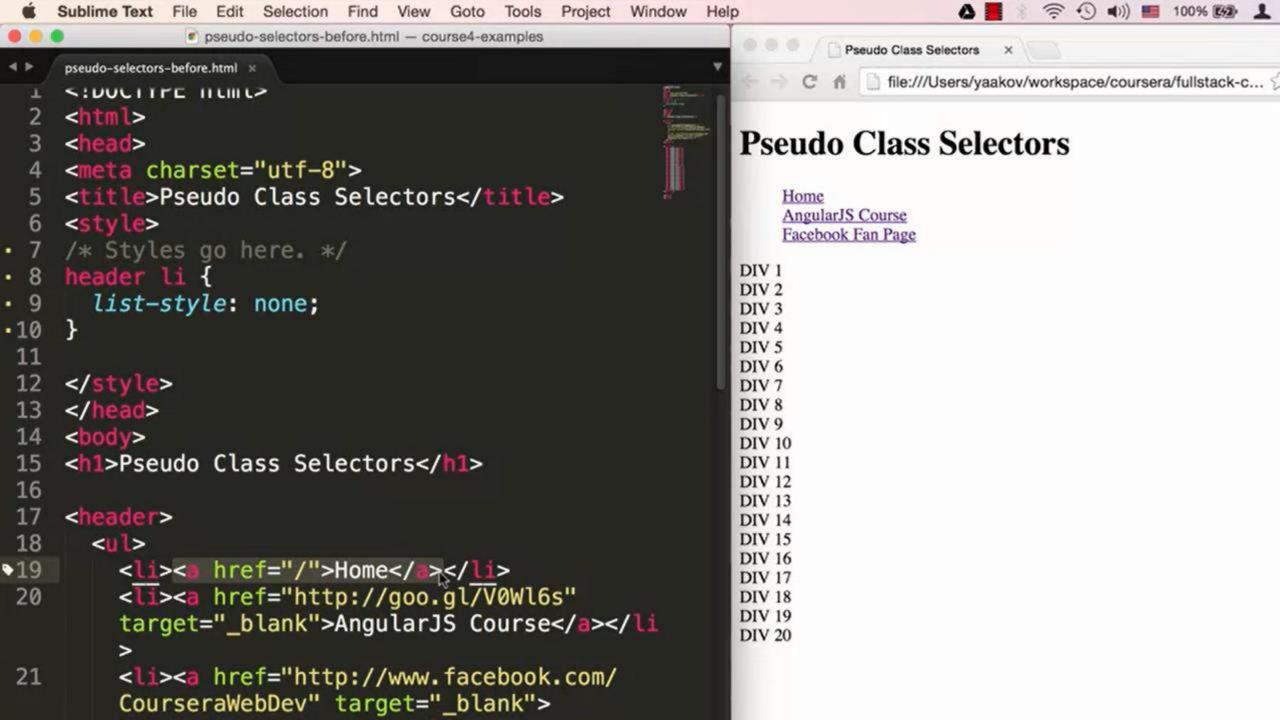
- Combining selectors
 - Element with class selector (selector.class)
 - Child (direct) selector (selector > selector)
 - Descendent selector (selector selector)
- ♦ Didn't cover
 - Adjacent sibling selector (selector + selector)
 - General sibling selector (selector ~ selector)

Pseudo-Class Selector

```
selector:pseudo-class {
    ...
}
```

Pseudo-Class Selector

- Many pseudo-class selectors exist
- ♦ We cover:
 - · :link
 - · : visited
 - · :hover
 - · :active
 - :nth-child(...)



Pseudo Class Selectors

C file:///Users/yaakov/workspace/coursera/fullstack-c...



Pseudo Class Selectors

Home AngularJS Course Facebook Fan Page

DIV 1

DIV 2

DIV 3

DIV 4

DIV 5

DIV 6

DIV 7 DIV 8

DIV 9

DIV 10

DIV 11

DIV 12

DIV 14

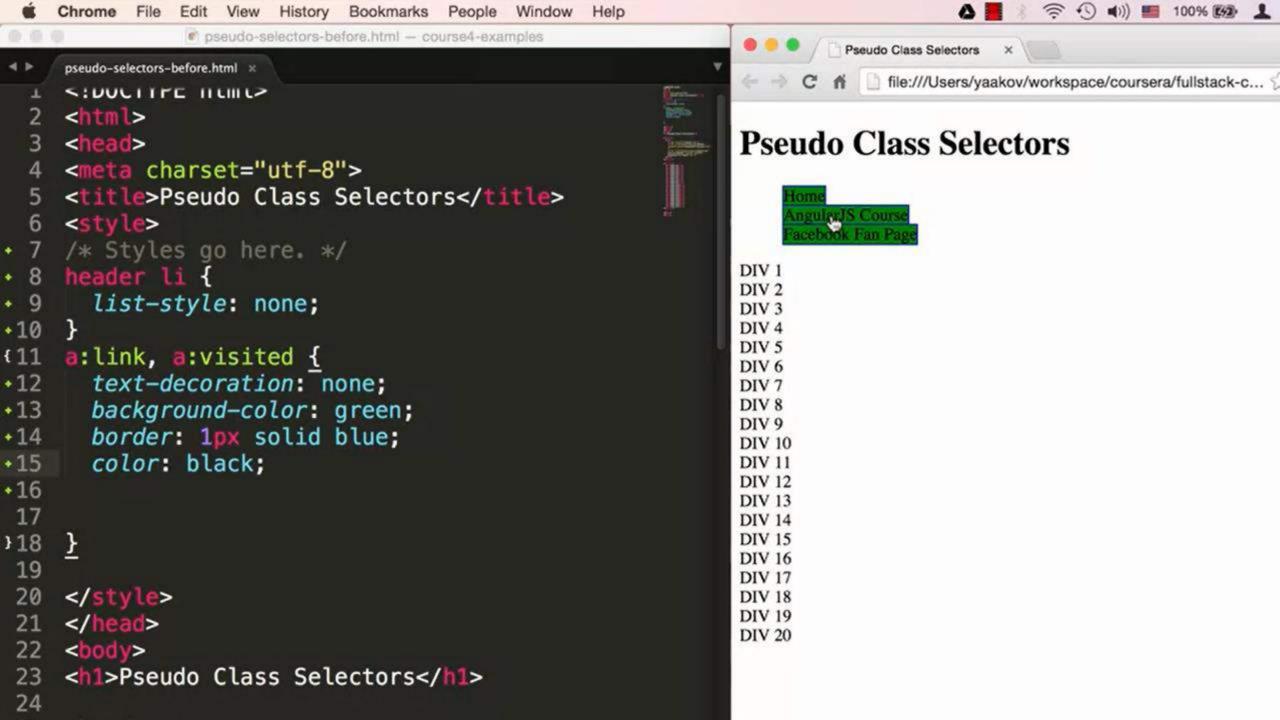
DIV 15

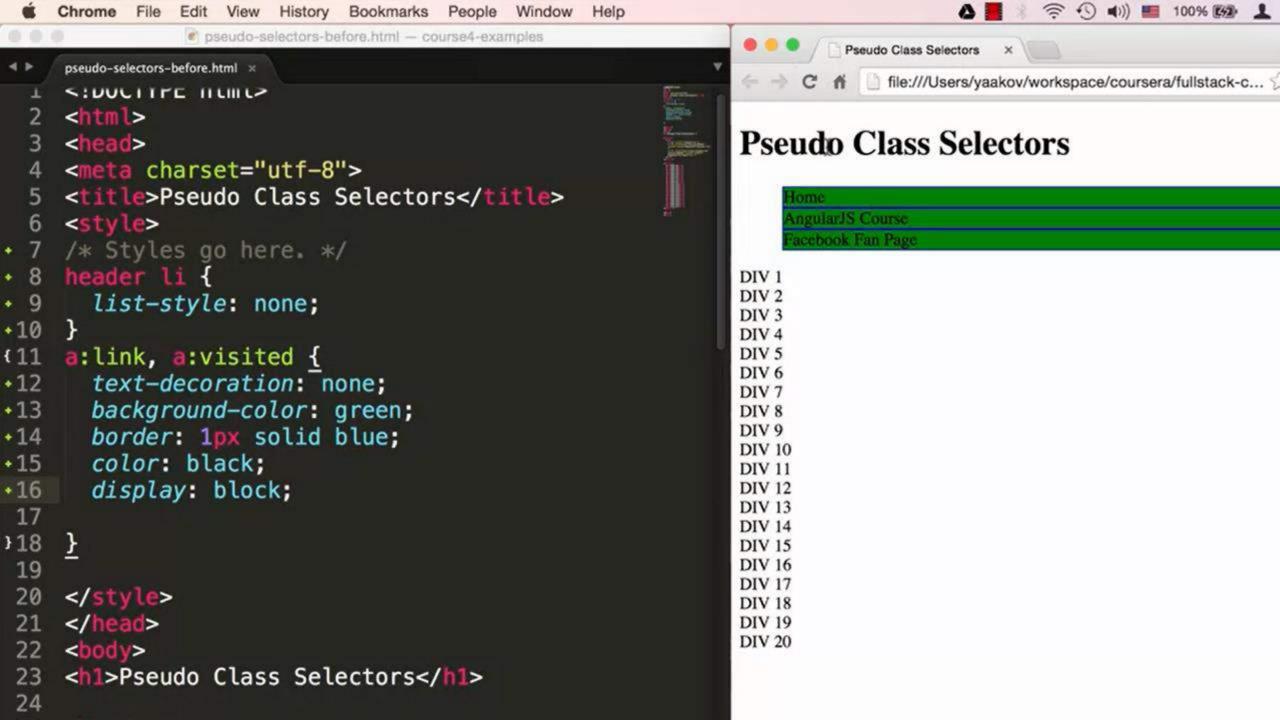
DIV 16 DIV 17

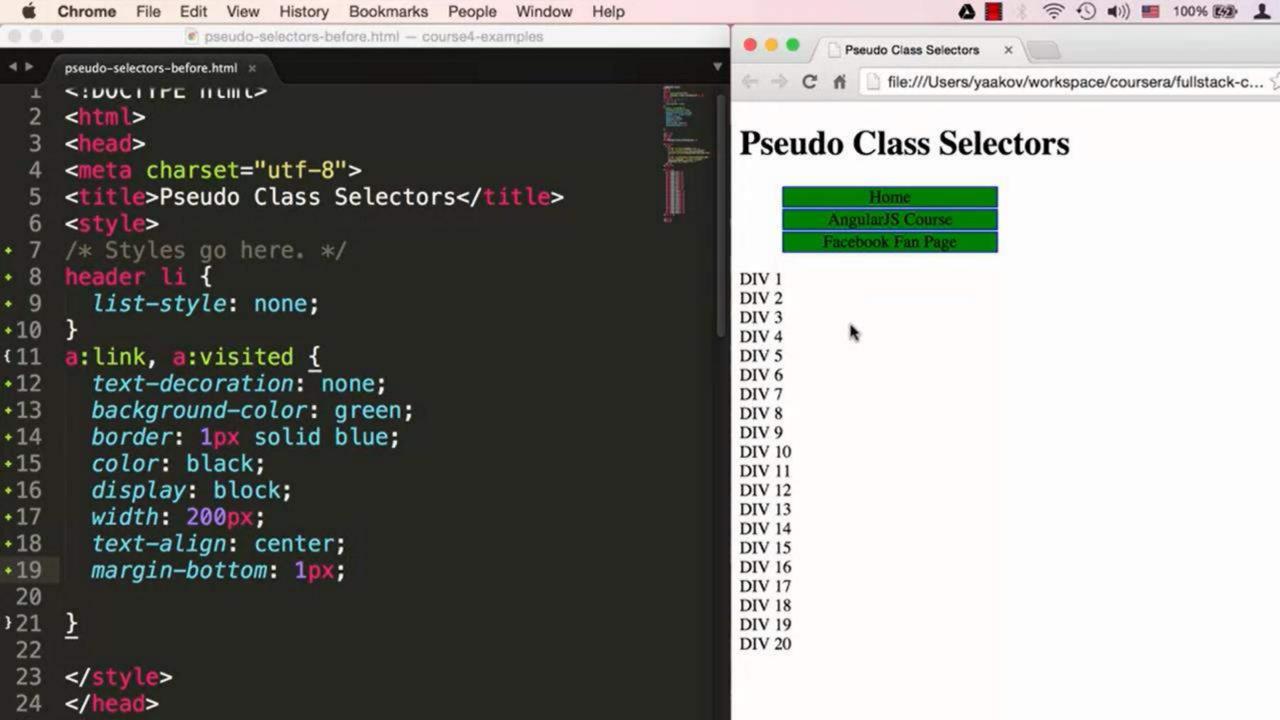
DIV 18

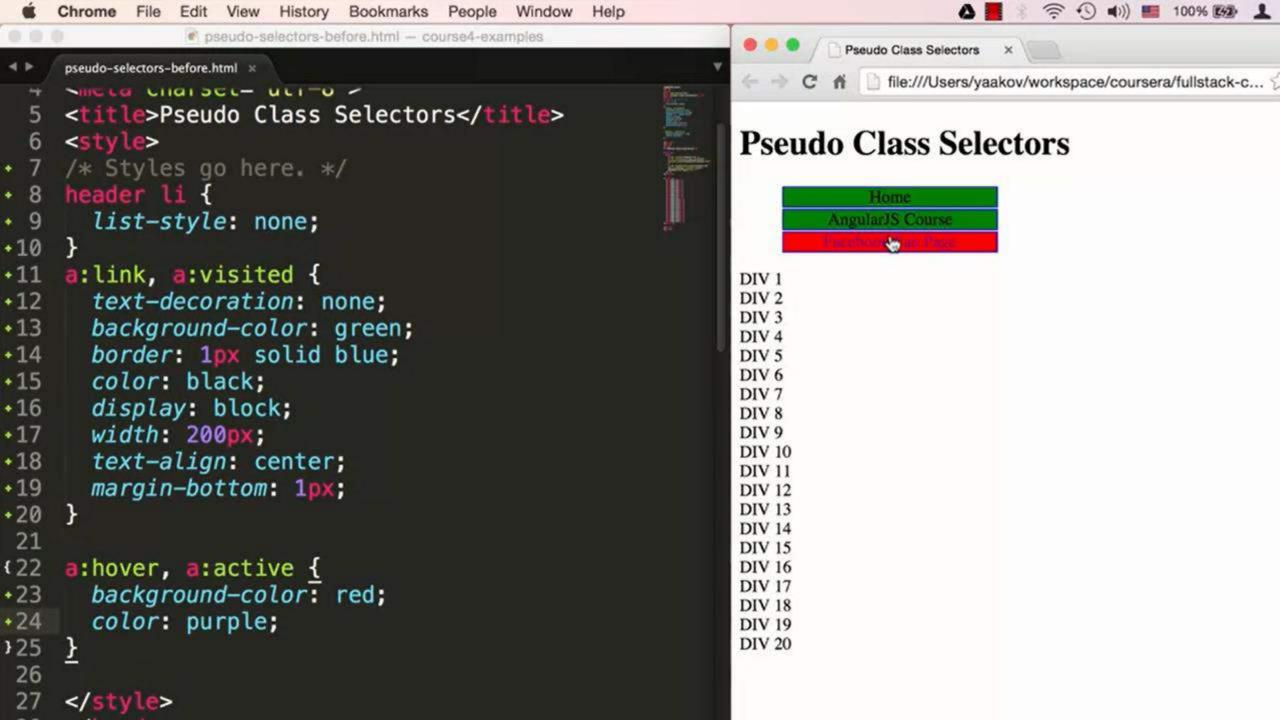
DIV 19

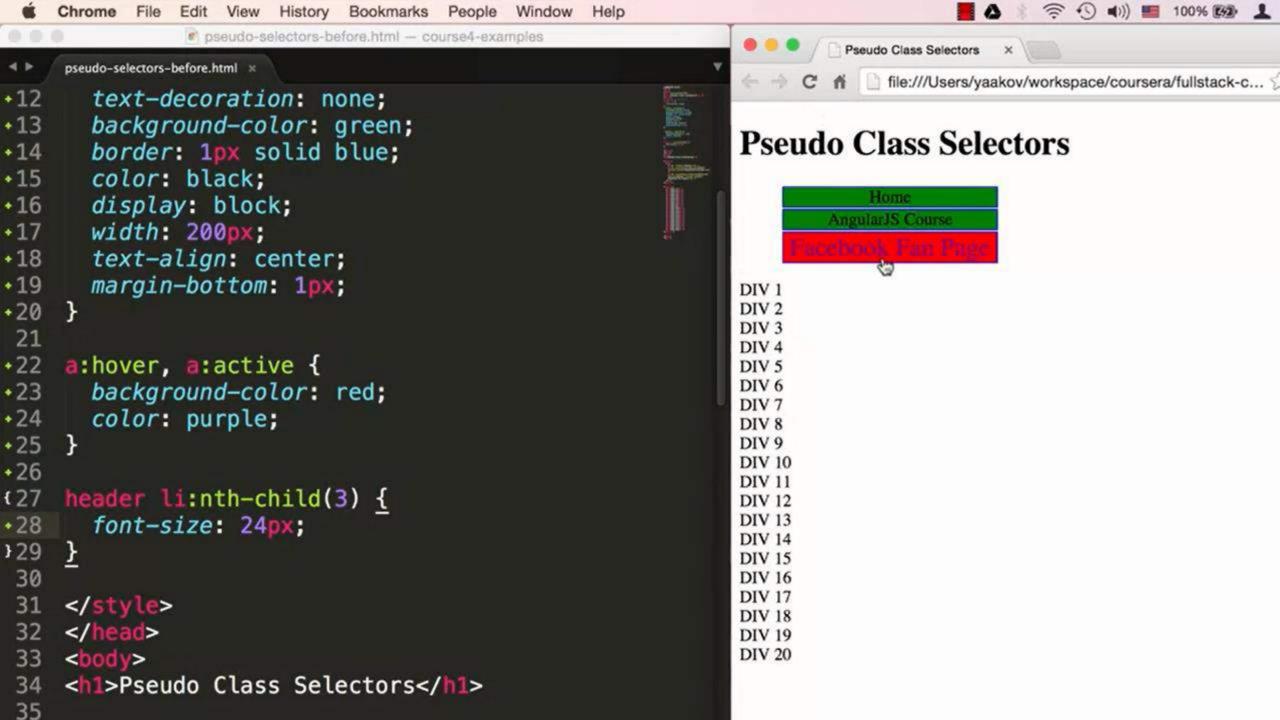
DIV 20

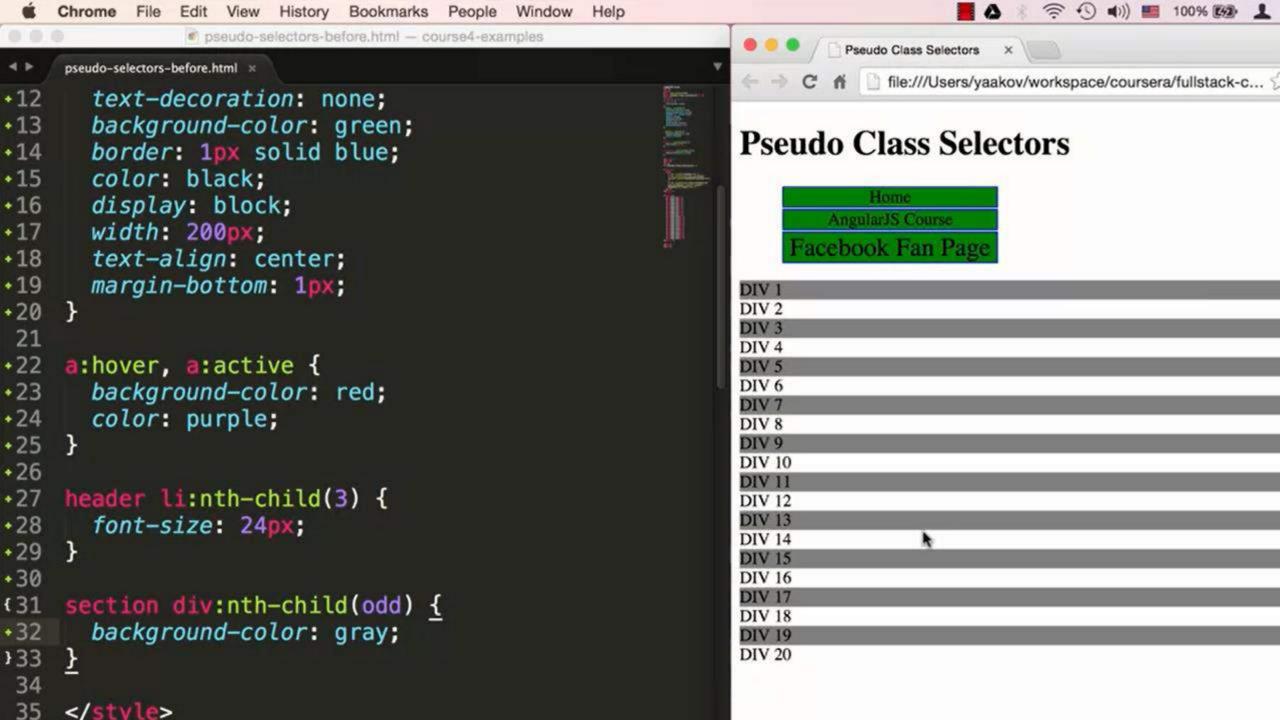


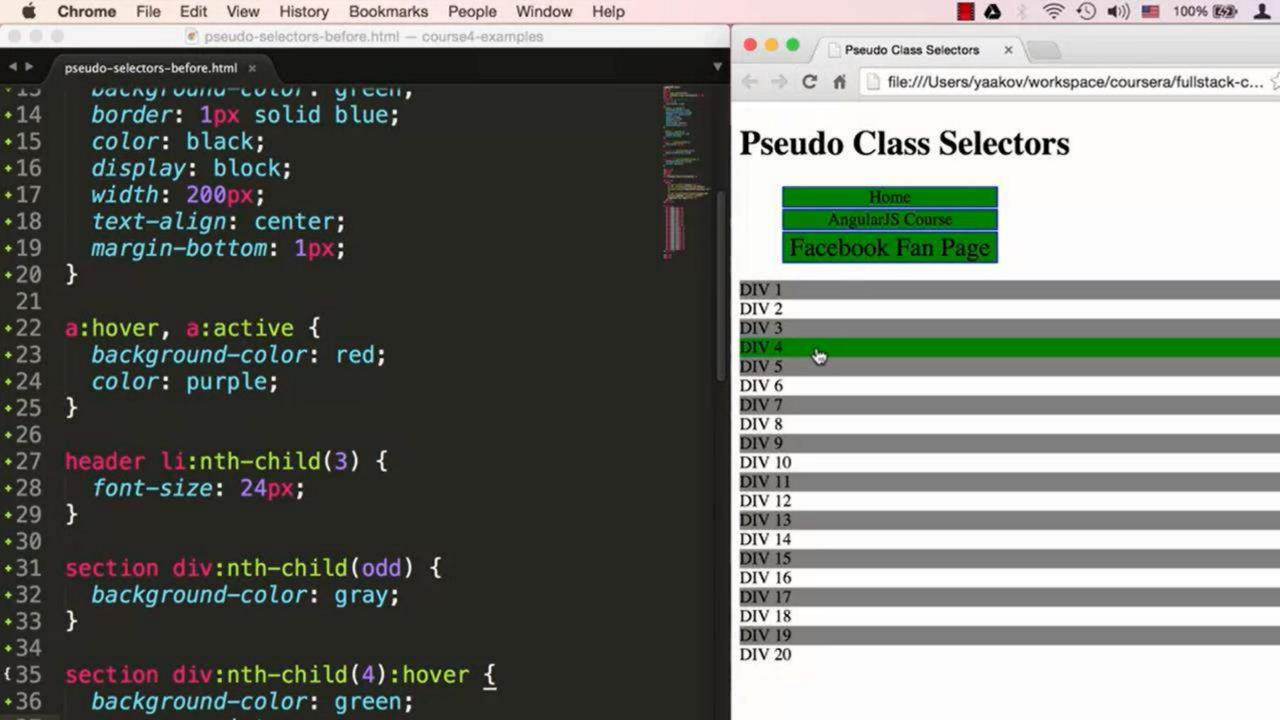






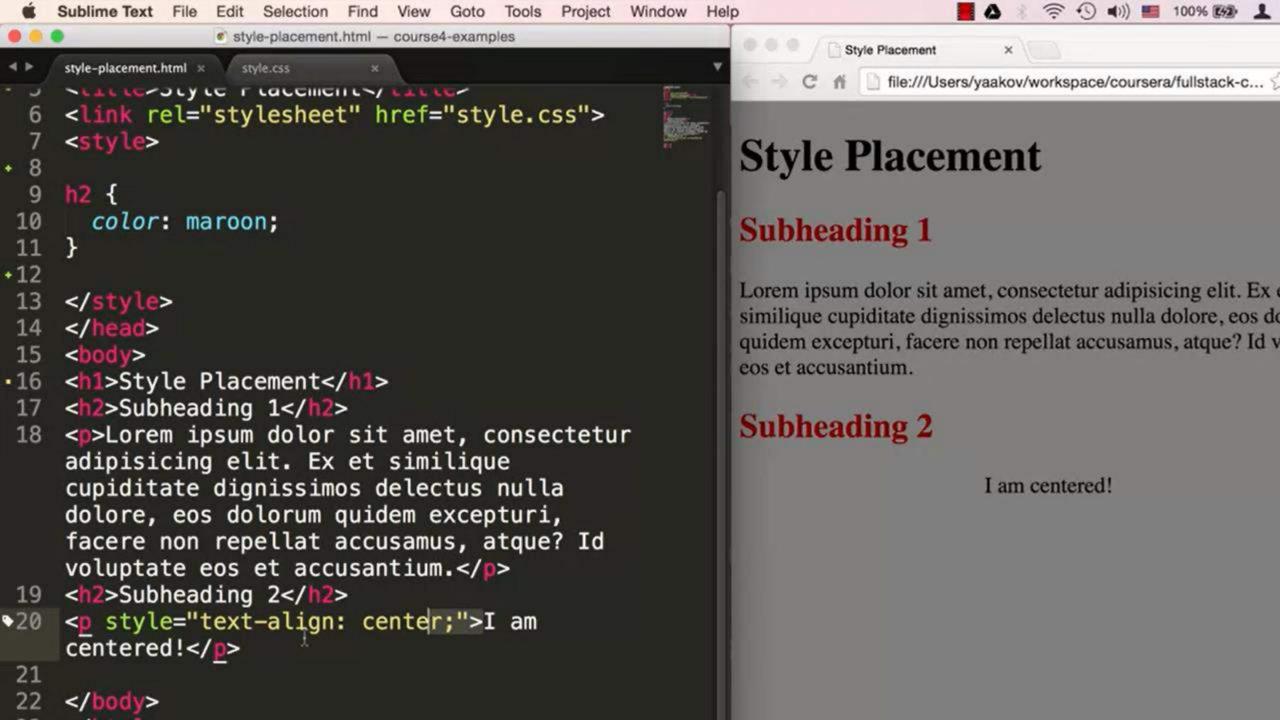


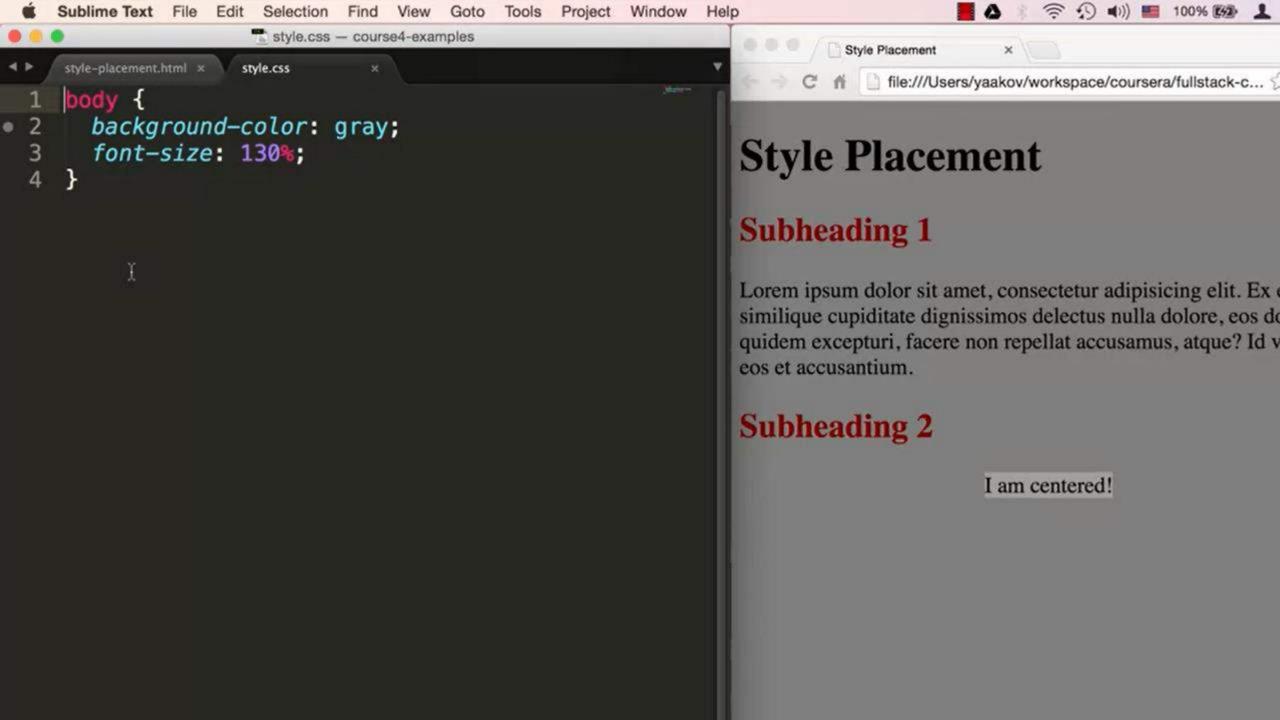




Summary

- Pseudo-class selectors are very powerful
- Make sure your selector is still readable
 - Simple/Readable > Complicated/Tricky

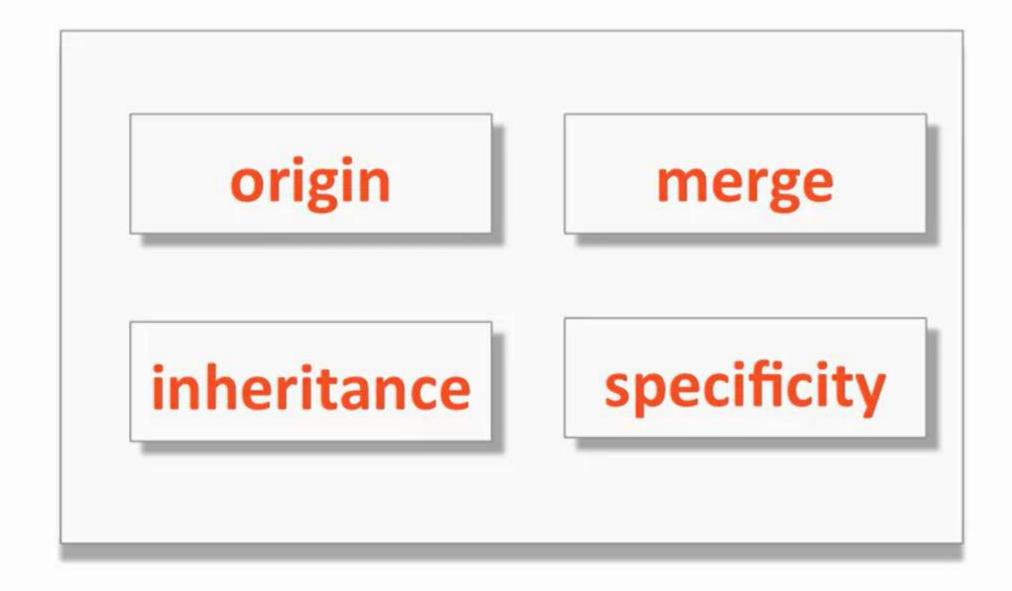




Summary

- Placing styles inline is great for quick testing
- Real sites almost always use external styles
- Head styles are usually there to override external ones

Some Concepts



Origin Precedence (when in conflict)

simple rule

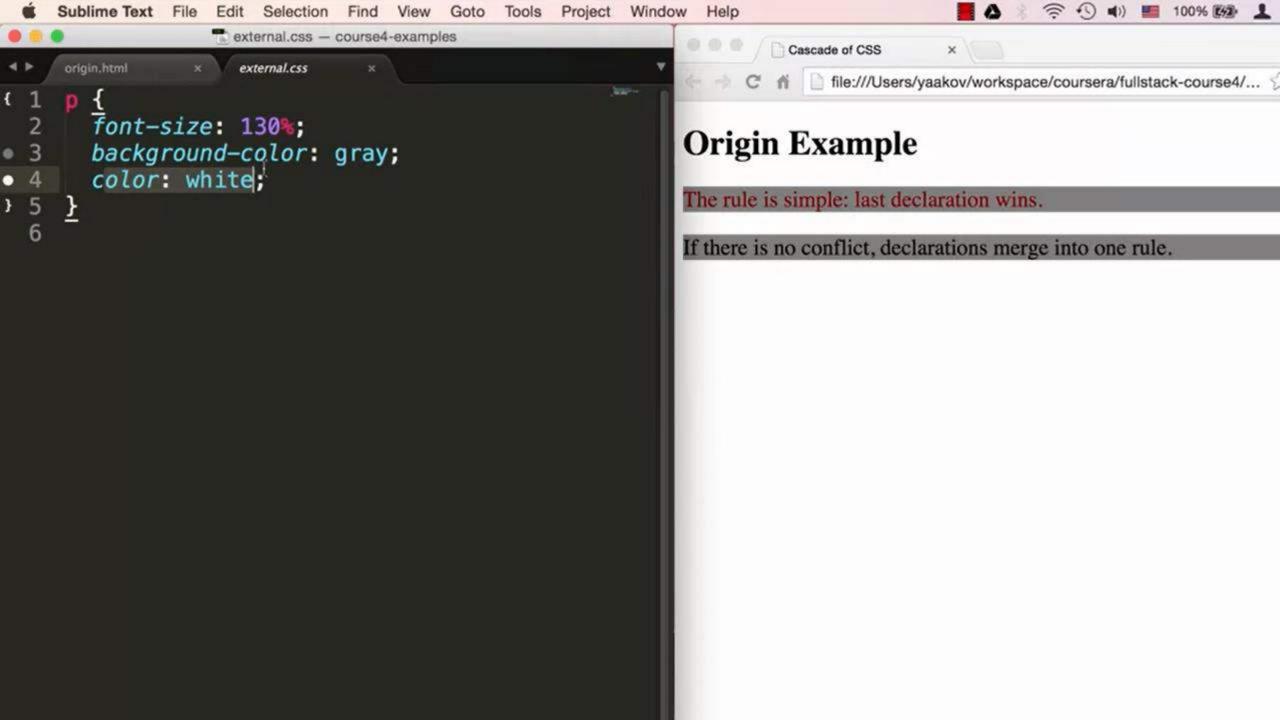
Last Declaration Wins

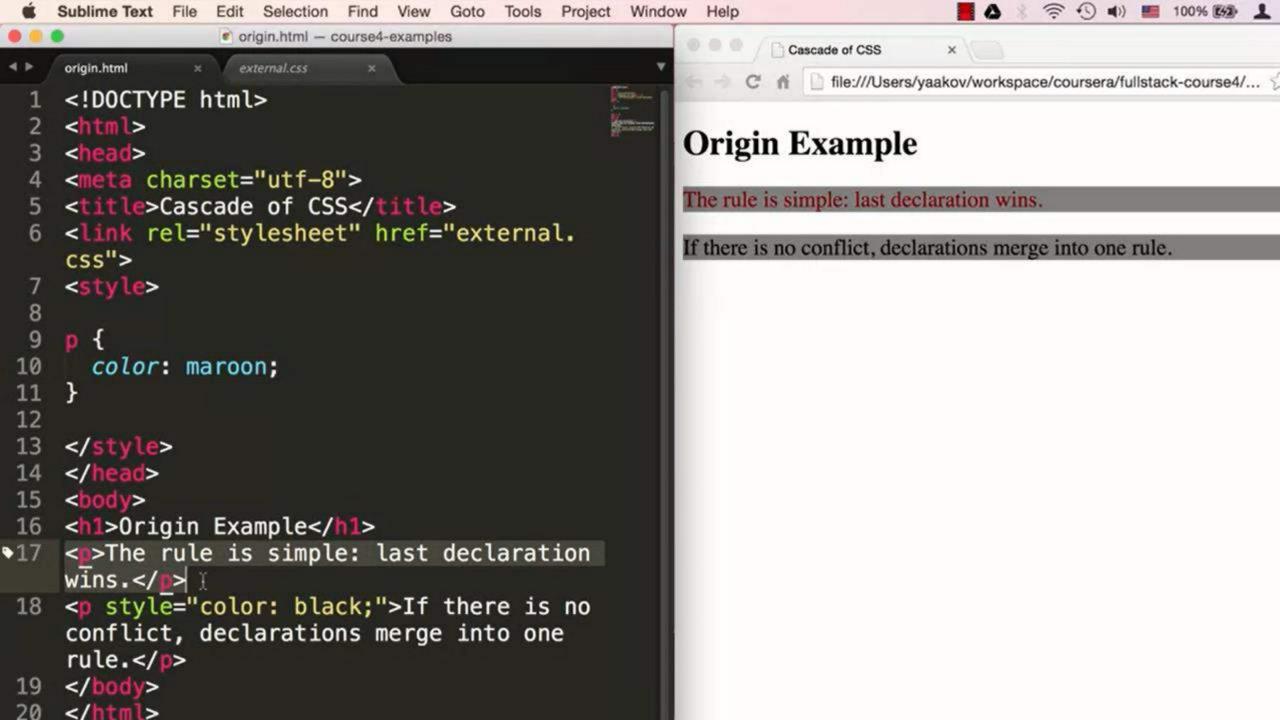
- Remember, HTML is processed sequentially, top to bottom.
- For precedence, think of external CSS as declared at the spot where it's linked to.

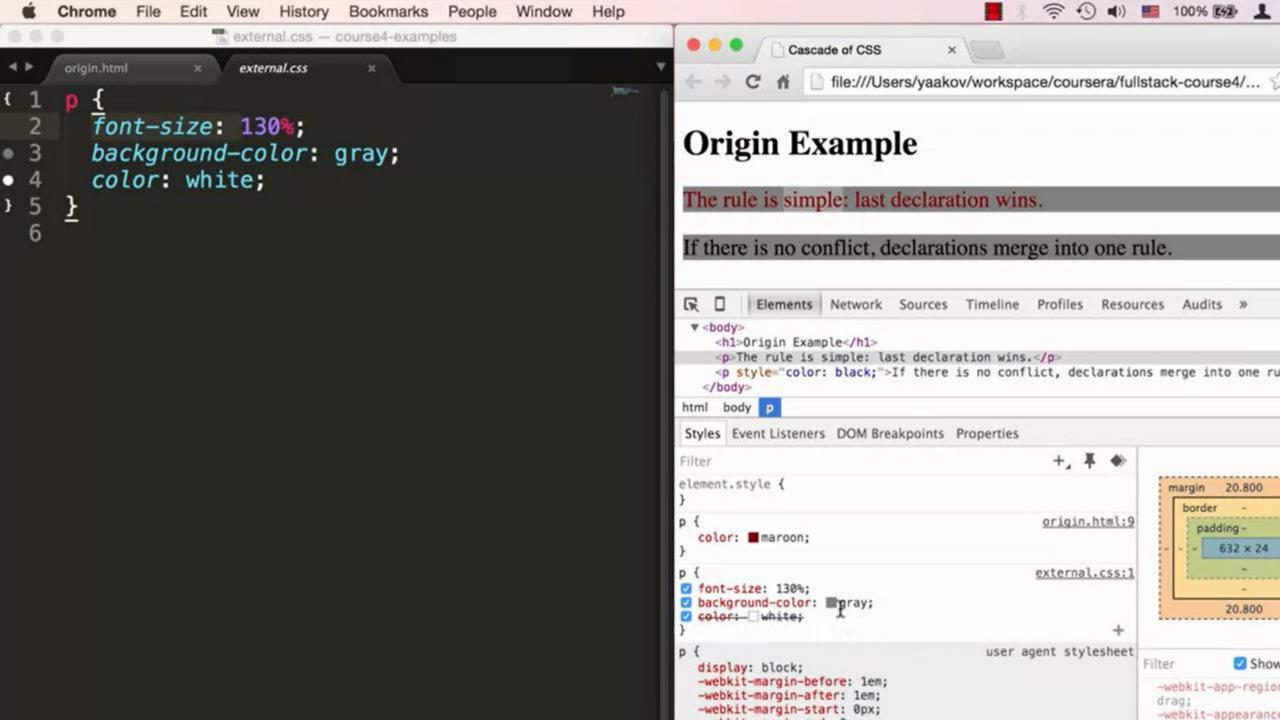
Origin Precedence (when no conflict)

even simpler rule

Declarations Merge

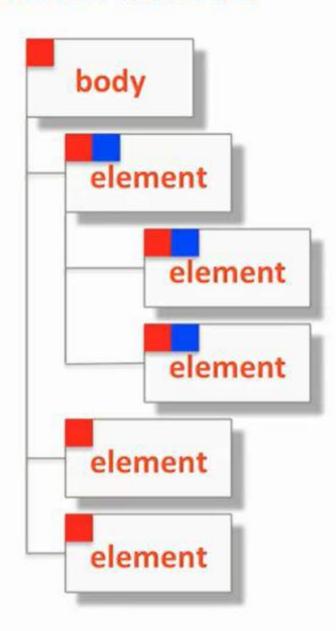


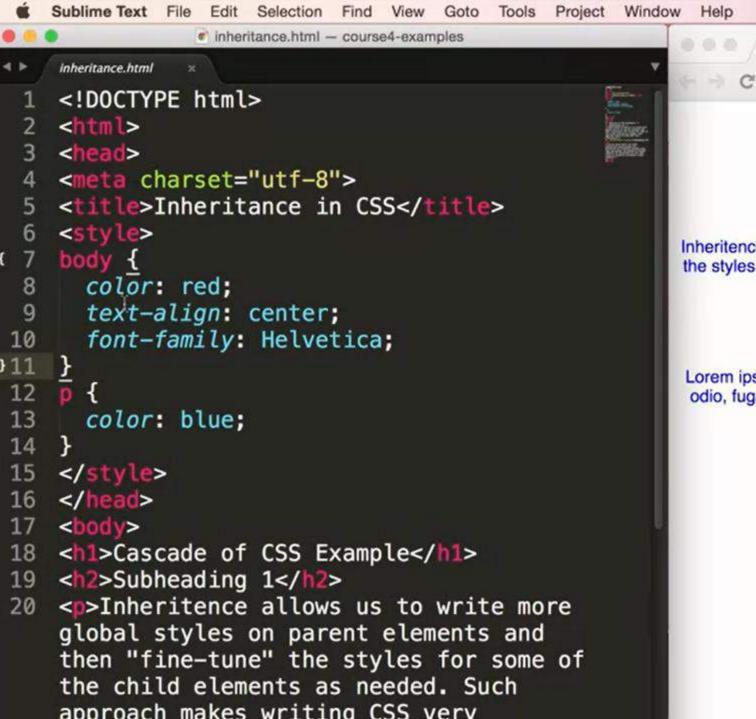




Inheritance

DOM Tree





Cascade of CSS Example

file:///Users/yaakov/workspace/coursera/fullstack-course4/...

Subheading 1

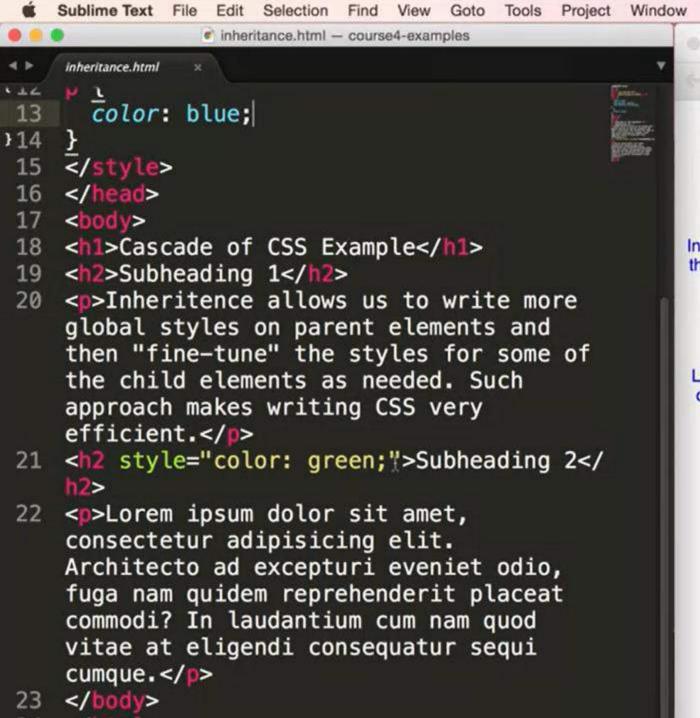
100% (%2)

Inheritence allows us to write more global styles on parent elements and then the styles for some of the child elements as needed. Such approach makes we very efficient.

Inheritance in CSS

Subheading 2

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipisicing elit. Architecto ad exceptu odio, fuga nam quidem reprehenderit placeat commodi? In laudantium cum n vitae at eligendi consequatur sequi cumque.



Cascade of CSS Example

file:///Users/yaakov/workspace/coursera/fullstack-course4/...

Subheading 1

Inheritence allows us to write more global styles on parent elements and then the styles for some of the child elements as needed. Such approach makes we very efficient.

Inheritance in CSS

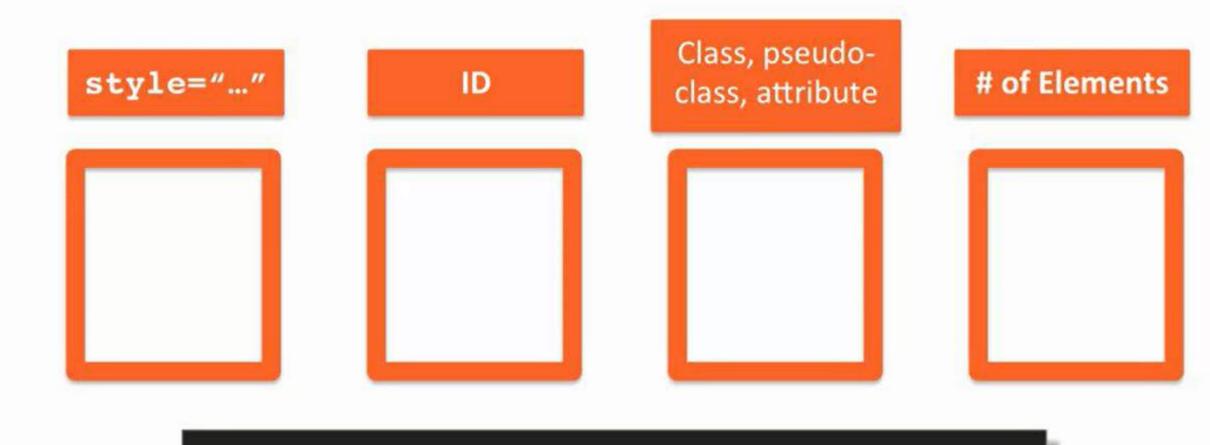
Subheading 2

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipisicing elit. Architecto ad exceptu odio, fuga nam quidem reprehenderit placeat commodi? In laudantium cum n vitae at eligendi consequatur sequi cumque.

Specificity

simple rule

Most Specific Selector Combination Wins

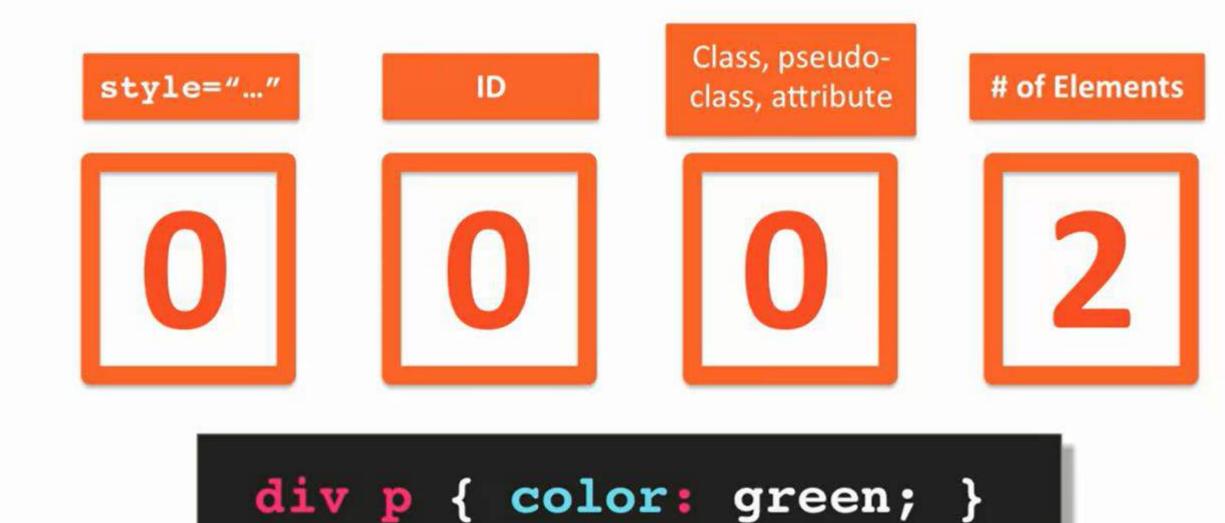


<h2 style="color: green;">

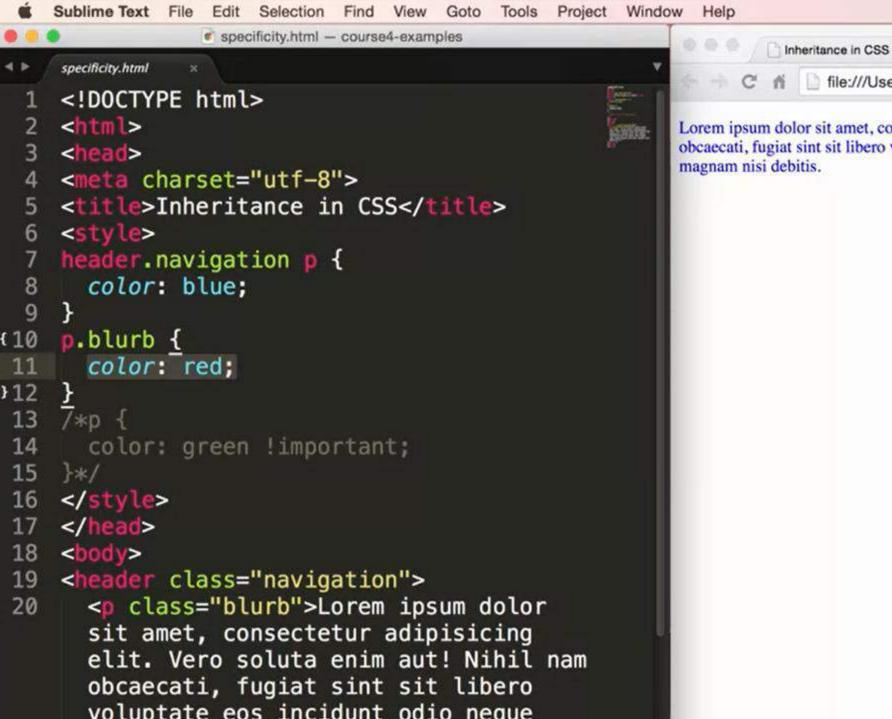
visualizatio borrowed <u>css-trick</u>



<h2 style="color: green;">



```
div.big p {
div #myParag {
                      color: green;
  color: blue;
```

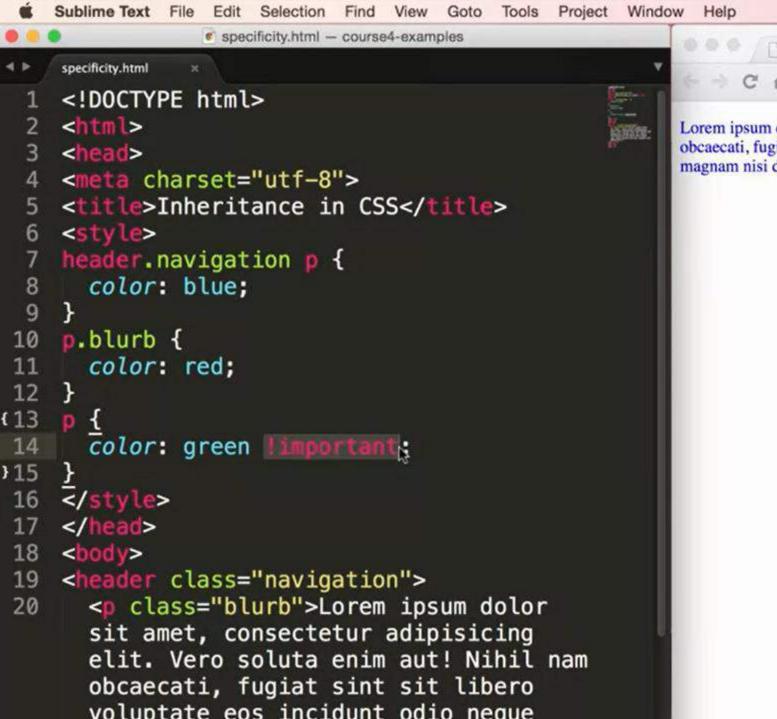


Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipisicing elit. Vero soluta enim aut! Nihil na obcaecati, fugiat sint sit libero voluptate eos incidunt odio neque cum, dignissimos aper magnam nisi debitis.

Inheritance in CSS

file:///Users/yaakov/workspace/coursera/fullstack-course4/...

100% ()



Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipisicing elit. Vero soluta enim aut! Nihil na obcaecati, fugiat sint sit libero voluptate eos incidunt odio neque cum, dignissimos aper magnam nisi debitis.

Inheritance in CSS

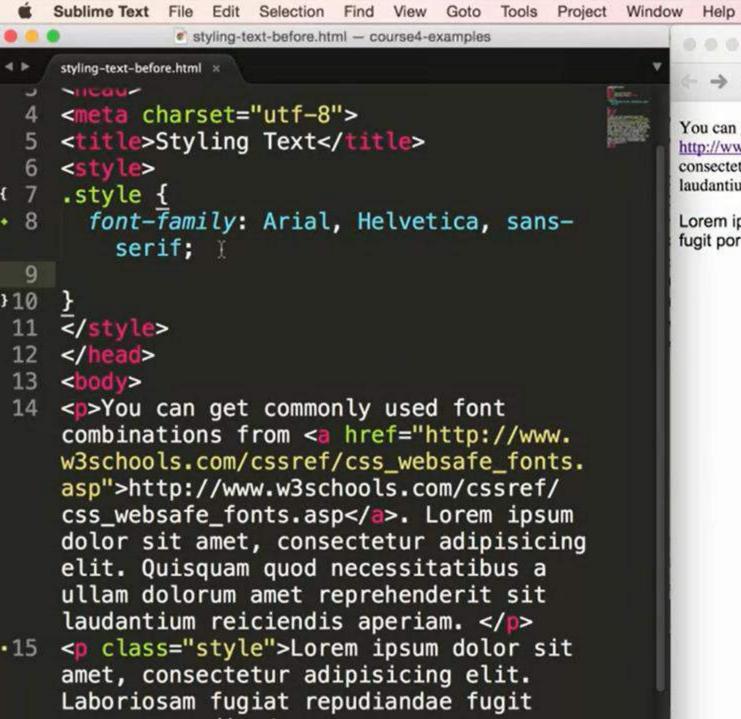
file:///Users/yaakov/workspace/coursera/fullstack-course4/...

Inheritance in CSS

100% (%)

Summary

- ♦ Cascade: origin, merge; Inheritance, & Specificity
- Provide precise control over targeting content while allowing maximum re-use of styles across your website

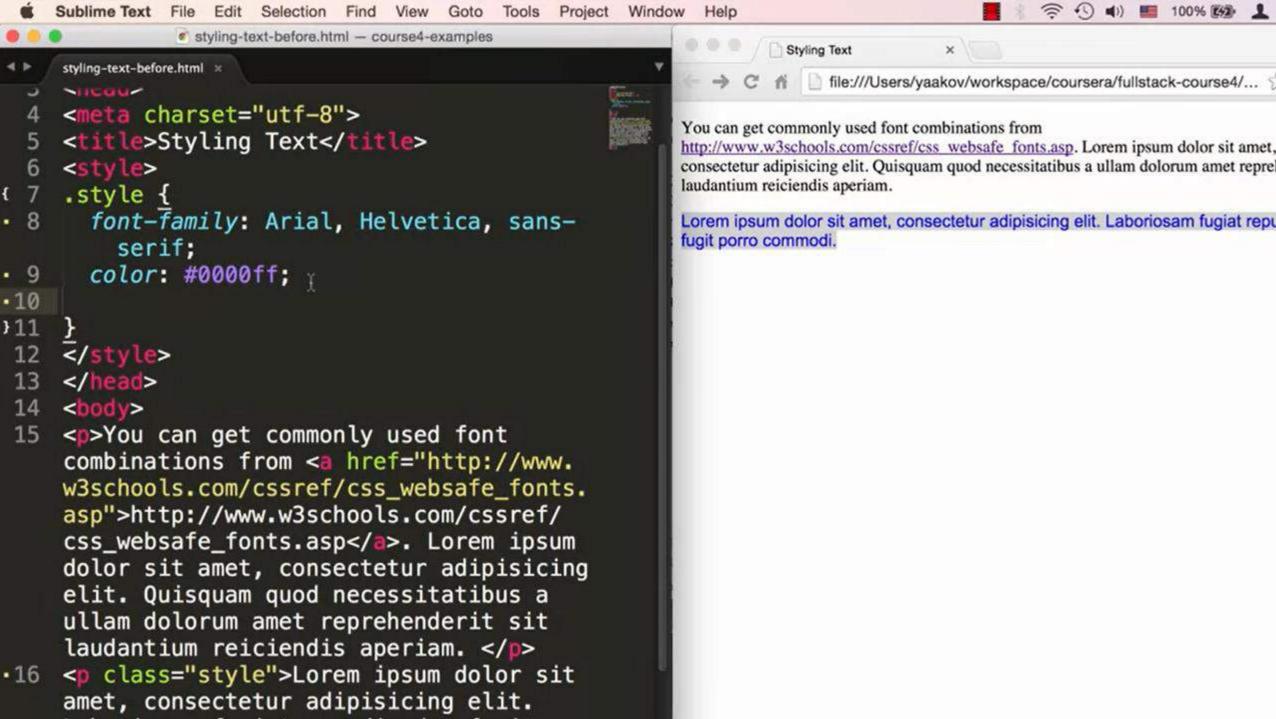


You can get commonly used font combinations from http://www.w3schools.com/cssref/css-websafe-fonts.asp. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipisicing elit. Quisquam quod necessitatibus a ullam dolorum amet reprel laudantium reiciendis aperiam.

file:///Users/yaakov/workspace/coursera/fullstack-course4/...

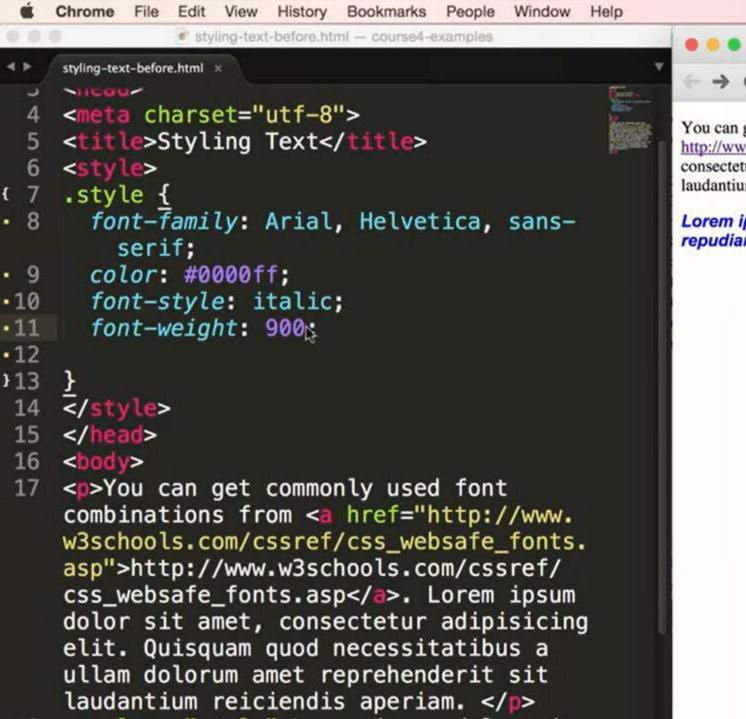
Styling Text

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipisicing elit. Laboriosam fugiat repu fugit porro commodi.



consectetur adipisicing elit. Quisquam quod necessitatibus a ullam dolorum amet repre laudantium reiciendis aperiam. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipisicing elit. Laboriosam fugiat repu fugit porro commodi.

file:///Users/yaakov/workspace/coursera/fullstack-course4/...



You can get commonly used font combinations from http://www.w3schools.com/cssref/css_websafe_fonts.asp. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipisicing elit. Quisquam quod necessitatibus a ullam dolorum amet reprelaudantium reiciendis aperiam.

file:///Users/yaakov/workspace/coursera/fullstack-course4/...

Styling Text

(i) 100% (E/2) 1

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipisicing elit. Laboriosam fugi repudiandae fugit porro commodi.

