# Practical Session

Programming Multiagent Systems **WESAAC 2013** 

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# Scenario (1)

- Giacomo wants to build a house
- We consider two main phases:
  - Contracting specialised companies
     Giacomo hires various companies specialised in
     different aspects of construction
  - Building the house Contractors execute the main workflow for building the house under Giacomo's supervision

# Scenario (2)

- Phase 1: Contracting specialised companies
  - The objective here is to hire one company for each of these tasks:
    - A. Site preparation
    - B. Lay floors
    - C. Build walls
    - D. Build roof
    - E. Fit windows
    - F. Fit doors

- G. Install the plumbing
- H. Install the electrical system
- I. Paint the exterior of the house
- J. Paint the interior of the house

**NB:** The same company can be hired for more than I task

# Scenario (3)

- Phase 2: Building the house
  - After the companies have been hired, they have to execute their tasks on time and in coordination with each other
  - Some tasks depend on others and some tasks can be done in parallel, as represented by the workflow (";" for sequence and "|" for parallel)

# Scenario (3)

- Phase 2: Building the house
  - After the companies have been hi execute their tasks on time and in each other
  - Some tasks depend on others and (i) be done in parallel, as represented (";" for sequence and "|" for parall (j)

a;b;c;(d|e|f);(g

- (a) Site preparation
- (b) Lay floors
- (c) Build walls
- (d) Build roof
- (e) Fit windows
- (f) Fit doors
- (g) Install the plumbing
- (h) Install the electrical system
- (i) Paint the exterior of the house
- (j) Paint the interior of the house

h | i) ; j

# An MAS for House Building

- To make the scenario suitable for a course like this, we introduced some simplifications in the system design
- We summarise the solution using our approach, commenting on:
  - Agents
  - Contracting Phase (using Environment)
  - Building Phase (using Organisation)

# Agents

- Two types of agents:
  - House owner (Giacomo): provides the requirements for the house, with budget limitations
  - Companies: they will offer their service and, if hired, will execute the house building tasks; they are characterised by their competences in house building

# Agents Implementation

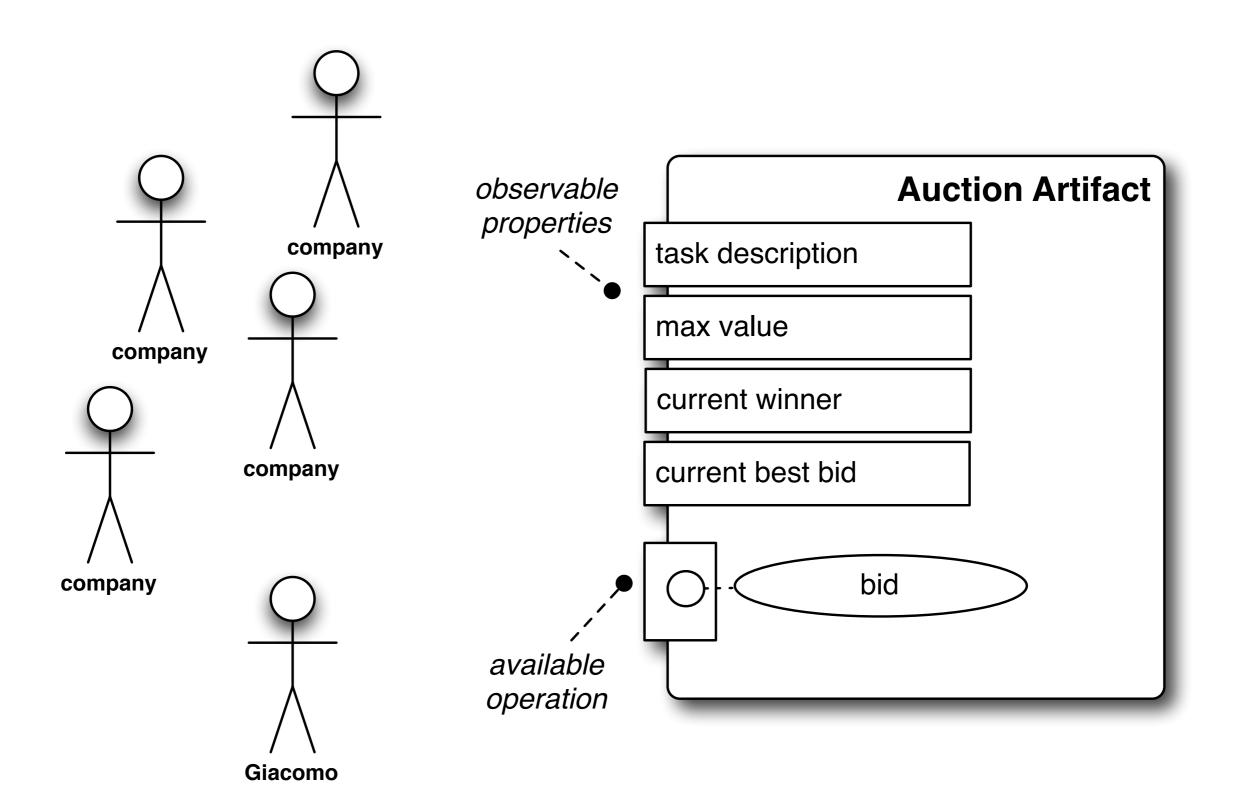
- The house owner is programmed in Jason
- Companies are programmed in Jason (or 2APL, Jadex, ...)
- A heterogeneous agent system

# **Contracting Phase**

- Electronic auctions will be used to hire the required companies
- One auction for each task
- Each auction is started with:
  - the task description
  - the maximum value the owner can pay for it
- By the end of an auction, the company to be hired for that task is determined

# **Environment Implementation**

- An auction artifact encapsulates the auction mechanism
- Giacomo creates instances of such artifacts for creating/managing the various auctions; one such auction is used for hiring companies for each of the house building tasks
- Companies can perceive those artifacts and bid according to their competence and following their own strategies
- After some time Giacomo decides to finish the auction, observing the current best bid shown on the artifact



# src/env/tools/AuctionArt.java

```
Artifact that implements the auction.
public class AuctionArt extends Artifact {
    @OPERATION public void init(String taskDs, int maxValue) {
        // observable properties
        defineObsProperty("task",
                                           taskDs);
        defineObsProperty("maxValue",
                                           maxValue);
        defineObsProperty("currentBid",
                                           maxValue);
        defineObsProperty("currentWinner", "no_winner");
    }
    @OPERATION public void bid(double bidValue) {
        ObsProperty opCurrentValue = getObsProperty("currentBid");
        ObsProperty opCurrentWinner = getObsProperty("currentWinner");
        if (bidValue < opCurrentValue.intValue()) { // the bid is better</pre>
            opCurrentValue.updateValue(bidValue);
            opCurrentWinner.updateValue(getOpUserName());
```

# Contracting: Agent Side

- Giacomo has plans to launch all auctions by creating the corresponding artifacts
- Company agents have plans to look for the auction artifacts of their interest and plans defining their own bidding strategy
- After some time Giacomo looks at the best bid in each auction artifact and awards a contract for the winning company

# src/agt/giacomo.asl

```
/* Initial goal */
!have a house.
/* Plans */
+!have a house
   <- !contract; // hire the companies that will build the house
      !execute. // (simulates) the execution of the construction
/* Plans for Contracting */
+!contract
   <-!create auction artifacts;</p>
      !wait_for_bids.
```

# src/agt/giacomo.asl

```
+!create auction artifacts
   <- !create auction artifact("SitePreparation", 2000); // 2000 is the max</pre>
       !create auction artifact("Floors",
                                                        1000);
       !create_auction_artifact("Walls",
                                                        1000);
       !create auction artifact("Roof",
                                                        2000);
       !create auction artifact("WindowsDoors",
                                                        2500);
       !create auction artifact("Plumbing",
                                                         500);
       !create auction artifact("ElectricalSystem", 500);
       !create auction artifact("Painting",
                                                        1200).
+!create auction artifact(Task, MaxPrice)
   <- .concat("auction_for_", Task, ArtName);
   makeArtifact(ArtName, "tools.AuctionArt", [Task, MaxPrice], ArtId);</pre>
      focus(ArtId).
-!create auction artifact(Task, MaxPrice)[error_code(Code)]
   <- .print("Error creating artifact ", Code).
+!wait for bids
   <- println("Waiting the bids for 5 seconds...");
      .wait(5000); // use an internal deadline of 5 seconds to close the auc
      !show winners.
```

# src/agt/companyA.asl

```
// This company bids for Plumbing only
// Strategy: fixed price
{ include("common.asl") }
my price(300). // initial belief
!discover art("auction for Plumbing").
+currentBid(V)[artifact_id(Art)] // there is a new value for current bid
    : not i_am_winning(Art) & // I am not the current winner
     my price(P) & P < V
                                       // I can offer a better bid
   <- //.print("my bid in auction artifact ", Art, " is ",P);
                                        // place my bid offering a cheaper service
     bid( P ).
/* plans for execution phase */
{ include("org_code.asl") }
// plan to execute organisational goals (not implemented)
+!plumbing installed // the organisational goal (created from an obligation)
   <- installPlumbing. // simulates the action (in GUI artifact)
```

# Eclipse Project

## Requirements

- JaCaMo >= 0.4 (link), that includes
  - The code of the application used in this tutorial
  - Documentation
  - More examples
- Eclipse >= Luna
- JaCaMo Eclipse plugin (<u>link</u>)



#### Import

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Import a JaCaMo project to the workspace



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- General
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#### JaCaMo Project

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- ▶ SML

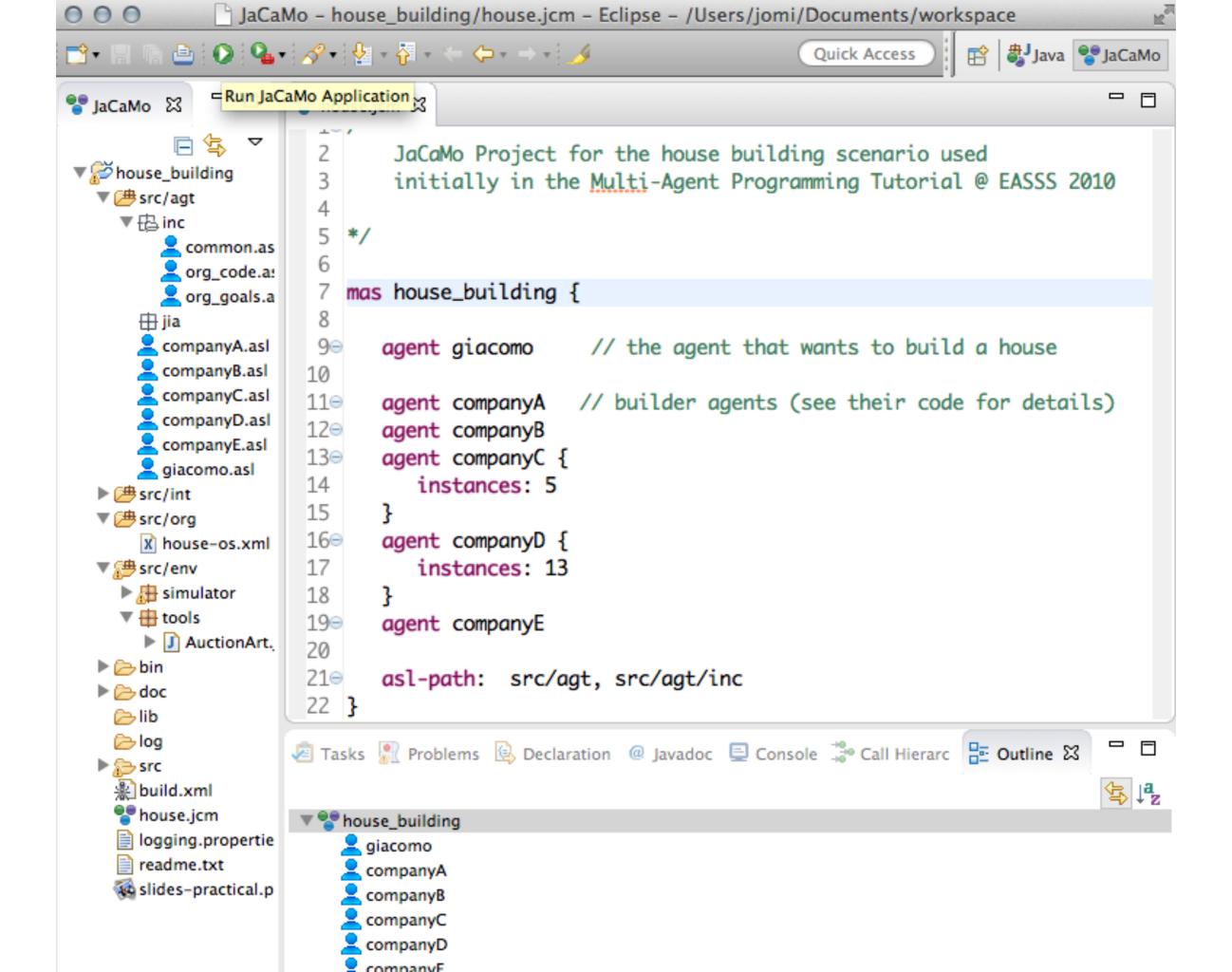


#### Import Projects

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?)	< Back Next > Cancel	Finish





### Exercises

- 1. Change the code of the auction artifact to:
  - A. create a new observable property that shows the state of the auction (open or closed)
  - B. add a new operation clearAuction (after clearAuction, the state of the auction becomes closed and attempts to use the bid operation will fail)
- 2. Change the house owner program so that the agent uses the new clearAuction operation

- Change the auction artifact so that it shows and manages the bidding deadline and has a new operation for starting the auction; the clearAuction operation is no longer needed
- 2. Create a new company for one of the tasks and give it any bidding strategy you like

3. Choose a new auction mechanism and implement a new auction artifact that implements that mechanism; you should not change the agents for this exercise

 Now choose another mechanism that will require different strategies in the agents and implement them

# Moise Specification

# **Building Phase**

- After all auctions are over, Giacomo sends messages for the hired companies to enter into the execution phase
- A virtual organisation is created to assist with coordination and cooperation in the execution of the global workflow
- Implementation choice:
  - The organisation is specified using the Moise organisation modelling language

# Building: Organisation Side

- Moise functional specification is used to define the workflow
- Moise structural specification is used to define the role and group structures
- Moise normative specification is used to distribute the tasks of the workflow to the roles

# **Functional Specification**

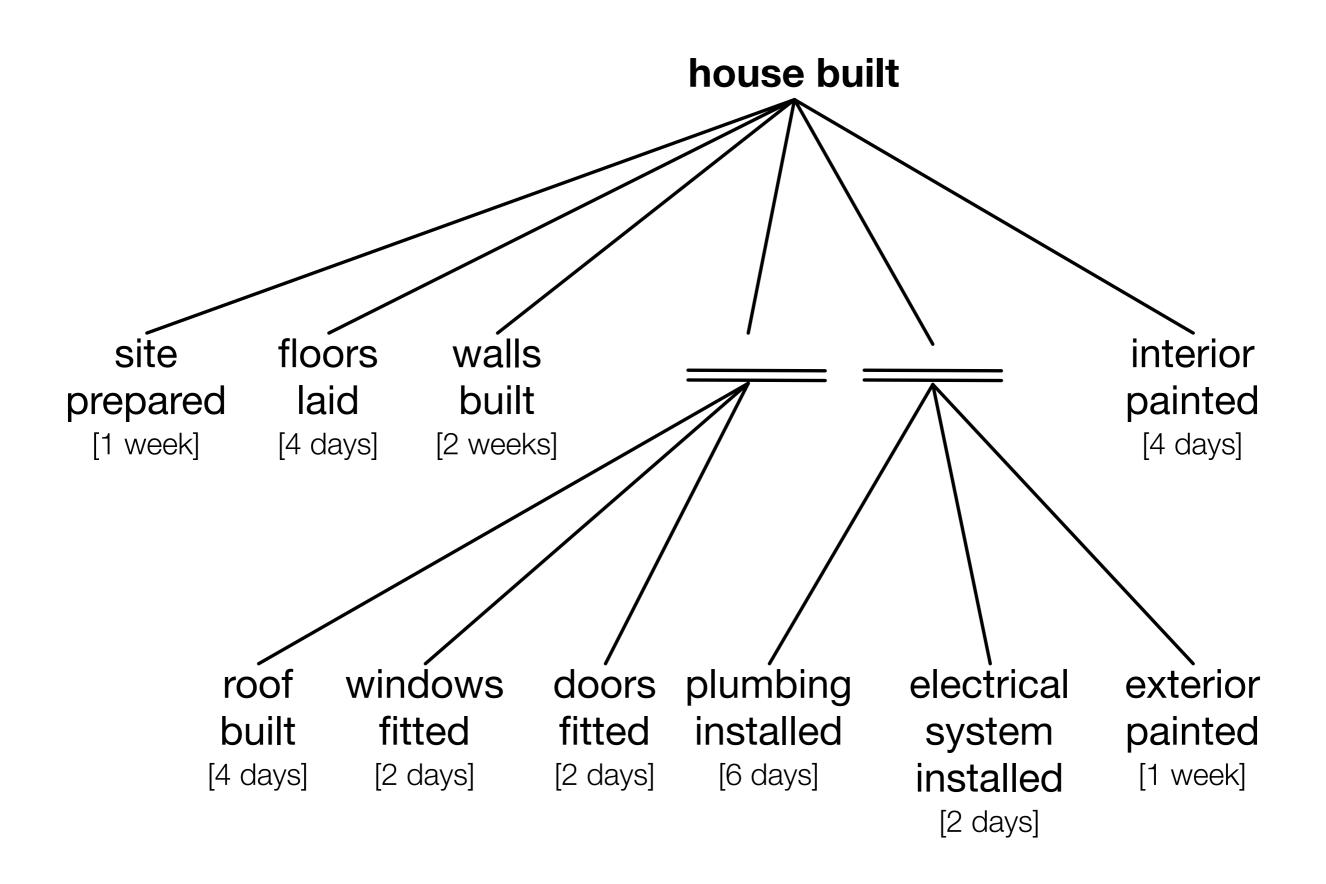
 The functional specification simply defines a social scheme for the global workflow

- One mission for each task except for the painting of the exterior and of the interior of the house that are grouped into the same mission
- A task for the management of the execution of the workflow is also added

# **Functional Specification**

- The functional specification simply social scheme for the global work
  - a;b;c;(d|e|f);(g|h
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- A task for the management of the workflow is also added

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# Structural Specification (1)

- Role hierarchy
  - house\_owner
  - building company
    - abstract role, specialised into: site\_prep\_contractor, bricklayer, roofer, window\_fitter, door\_fitter, plumber, electrician, painter

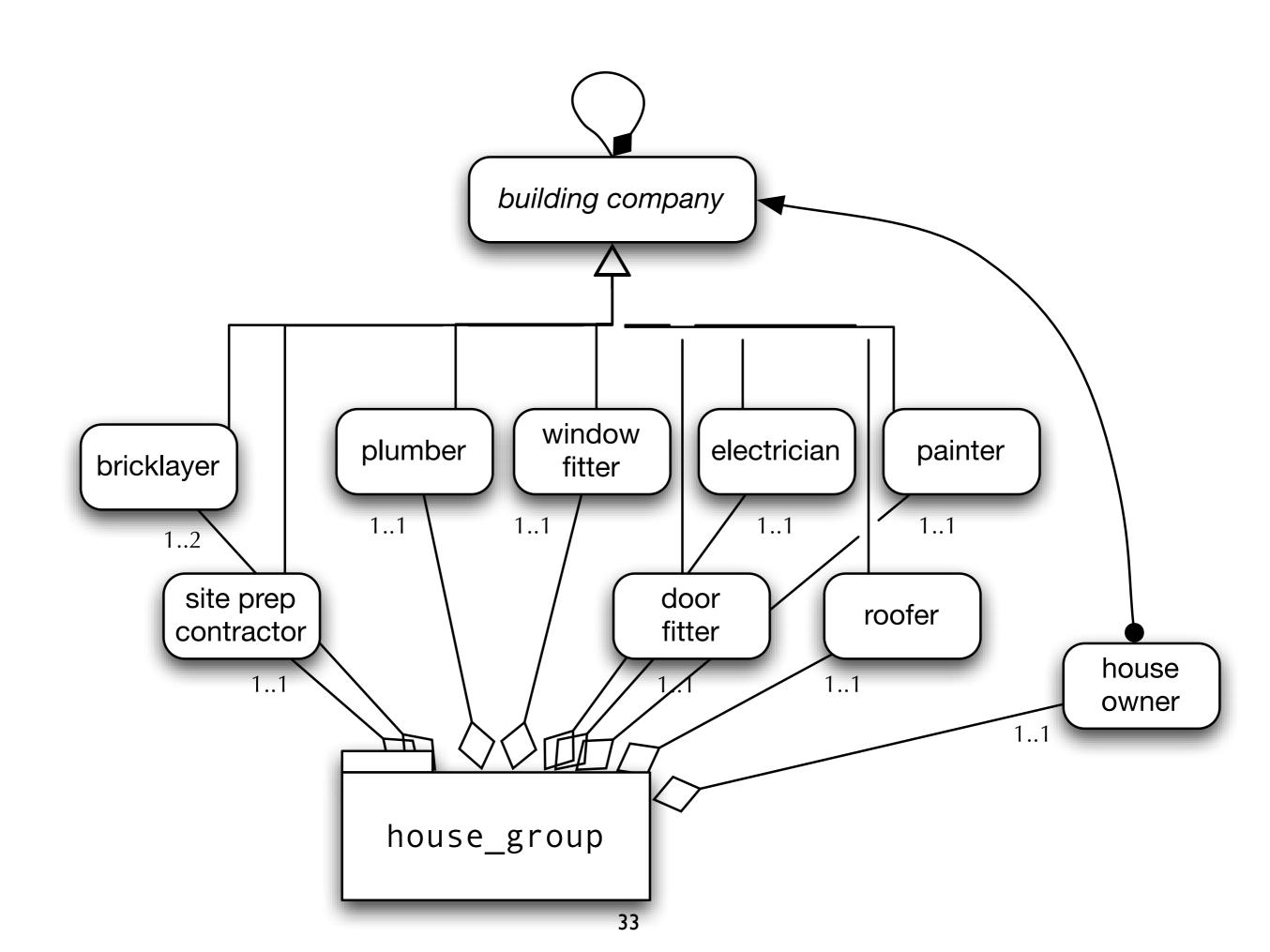
# Structural Specification (2)

- The roles are used in a group called 'house group' where:
  - house\_owner has cardinality (1,1)
  - site\_prep\_contractor has cardinality (1,1)
  - bricklayer has cardinality (1,2)
  - roofer has cardinality (1,1)
  - window\_fitter has cardinality (1,1)
  - door\_fitter has cardinality (1,1)
  - plumber has cardinality (1,1)
  - electrician has cardinality (1,1)

# Structural Specification (3)

#### Notes:

- the role building\_company is compatible with building\_company so that the same agent can play more subroles
- role house\_owner has authority over the building company role
- a communication link connects the role build\_company to house\_owner



# Normative Specification (1)

- Given the definition of the missions, the following norms are defined:
  - any agent playing the role houseOwner is obliged to commit to mission 'mManagement'
  - role site\_prep\_contractor to the mission concerning the site preparation goal
  - role bricklayer to the mission of laying the floors
  - bricklayer is also obliged to commit to the mission of building the walls

# Normative Specification (2)

- role window\_fitter to the mission related to fitting the windows
- door\_fitter is obliged to commit to the mission of fitting the doors
- plumber to installing the plumbing
- electrician to installing the electrical system
- painter to the mission concerning the painting of the house

# Building: Agent Side

- Owner agent is equipped with the plans to construct the virtual organisation based on the result of contracting phase
- Company agents have plans to enter the organisation, adopt the role corresponding to their contract and to catch the different events generate by the OMI
- Companies have plans to execute autonomously the various actions related to the goals related to the missions they are committed to in the organisation scheme
- NB: agents are benevolent with respect to the organisation, i.e. they don't violate the norms

# Building: Environment Side

 Artifacts that model the state of the environment (e.g., model the state of the construction of a wall)

### Exercises

- 1. Do the following changes in the organisation specification:
  - A. tasks site\_preparation and lay\_floors can be done in parallel
  - B. all tasks have to be done in sequence

- Develop an agent that tries to adopt roles related to tasks he is not supposed to (malevolent agent!)
  - (e.g. Giacomo trying to play some company role)
- 2. Develop an agent that does not fulfill the tasks

- 3. Change the Giacomo agent so that it reacts to the norm violation
  - Giacomo should create a new auction for that task and forbid the violating company from taking part in the new auction

 Change the system to build two houses in parallel

5. Change the Giacomo agent so that it reads the Moise specification and creates the necessary auction artifacts based on the specified tasks

 Change Giacomo so that it is able to monitor the building of the house and check whether the tasks are being done appropriately

### Conclusions

- Separation of concerns
  - agent, environment, organisation, interaction
  - MAP = AOP + EOP + OOP + IOP
- Design == Implementation

 In our code, (almost) no (direct) communication in the MAS!