

Imperial College of Engineering

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Lab Report

Course Code	CSE2222
Course Title	Design and Analysis of Algorithms Lab

Submitted to

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Problem 1: Mice and maze

```
#include<br/>bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define MX 105
#define INF 1000000000
struct node{
  int val;
  int cost;
};
vector < node > G[MX];
bool vis[MX];
int dist[MX];
void reset(){
  for (int i = 0; i < MX; i++){
     G[i].clear();
     vis[i] = 0;
     dist[i] = INF;
  }
}
class cmp{
public:
  bool operator() (node &A, node &B){
     if (A.cost > B.cost) return true;
     return false;
  }
};
int dijkstra(int source, int Time){
  priority_queue<node, vector<node>, cmp> PQ;
  PQ.push({source, 0});
  int cnt = 0;
  while(!PQ.empty()){
     node current = PQ.top();
     PQ.pop();
     int val = current.val;
     int cost = current.cost;
     if (vis[val] == 1) continue;
     dist[val] = cost;
     vis[val] = 1;
     if (dist[val] <= Time){</pre>
       cnt++;
     for (int i = 0; i < G[val].size(); i++){
       int nxt = G[val][i].val;
       int nxtCost = G[val][i].cost;
       if (vis[nxt] == 0){
          PQ.push({nxt, cost + nxtCost});
       }
     }
```

```
}
  return cnt;
int main()
  //freopen("input.txt", "r", stdin);
  int test;
  scanf("%d", &test);
  for (int cs = 1; cs <= test; cs++){
     reset();
     int n, e, t;
     scanf("%d%d%d", &n, &e, &t);
     int m;
     scanf("%d", &m);
     for (int i = 1; i \le m; i++){
       int u, v, w;
       scanf("%d%d%d", &u, &v, &w);
       G[v].push\_back(\{u, w\});
     int ans = dijkstra(e, t);
     if (cs > 1) printf("\n");
     printf("%d\n", ans);
  }
  return 0;
```

Problem-2: Cheeky Cheeky:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
using namespace std;
int main(){
  int t;
  cin>>t;
  while(t--){
     ws(cin);
     string s;
     cin>>s;
     int n=s.size();
     cout<<"size: "<<n<<endl;
     int len=n/3+1;
     cout<<"len: "<<len<<endl;
     if(len<1){
       cout<<"len < 1 : "<<len<<endl;
       len=1;
     }
     string ans;
     while(len\leq=n/2){
       cout << "len <= N/2 : " << len << endl;
       string tmp=s.substr(n-len,len);
```

```
if(tmp==s.substr(n-2*len,len))
          ans=tmp;
          cout<<"ans tmp : "<<ans<<endl;</pre>
       len++;
     for(int i=0;i<8;i++)
       cout<<ans[i%ans.size()];</pre>
    cout<<"..."<<endl;
  }
}
Problem-3: Palindrome:
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
void solve();
int main(){
  int t;
  cin >> t;
  while (t--){
     solve();
  }
  return 0;
}
void solve(){
  int a;
  cin >> a;
  int arr[a];
  for (int i = 0; i < a; i++)
    cin >> arr[i];
  bool flag = false;
  for (int i = 0; i < a; i++){
     for (int j = i + 2; j < a; j++){
       if (arr[i] == arr[j]){
          flag = true;
  }
  if (a==1 || flag)cout << "YES" << endl;
     else cout << "NO" << endl;
}
Problem-4:
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
typedef long long ll;
vector<ll>pi;
void preFunc(string s){
```

```
11 len=s.size();
  pi.resize(len+5);
  pi[0]=0;
  for(ll i=1;i< len;i++){}
     ll j=pi[i-1];
     while(j>0\&&s[i]!=s[j])j=pi[j-1];
     if(s[i]==s[j])j++;
     pi[i]=j;
  }
int main(){
  11 t;
  cin>>t;
  while(t--){
     string s;
     cin>>s;
     11 len=s.size();
     reverse(s.begin(),s.end());
     preFunc(s);
     ll idx;
     for(ll i=len-1;i>=0;i--){
       if(pi[i]*2==(i+1)){
          idx=pi[i]-1;
          break;
        }
     }
     string ans="";
     for(ll i=0;i<=idx;i++)ans+=s[i];
     len=ans.size();
     11 rep=0;
     if(len < 8){
       rep=(8/len);
       if(8%len!=0)rep++;
     for(ll i=0;i<rep;i++){
       ans+=ans;
     reverse(ans.begin(),ans.end());
     for(ll i=0;i<8;i++)cout<<ans[i];
     cout << "... \setminus n";
  }
  return 0;
```