

Project

on

DNA sequence Checking Algorithm

Submitted By

Student's name	Student ID
Fahim Arefin	2020-1-60-052
Sadia Rahman Ani	2020-2-60-172
Samiha Masrura	2020-1-60-066
Maslinia Sujnus	2019-3-60-013

Department of Computer Science and Engineering

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Submitted To

Dr. Taskeed Jabid Chairperson & Associate Professor Department of Computer Science and Engineering East West University

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Abstract

Annie is the mother she lost her child in the park then she complained to the authority but authority had found that there Is also six same age other girls there. So now what Annie should do to find her daughter? DNA sequence test is the only option left. We can use Rabin-karp algorithm to match the DNA sequence of Annie and her daughter.

***** Introduction

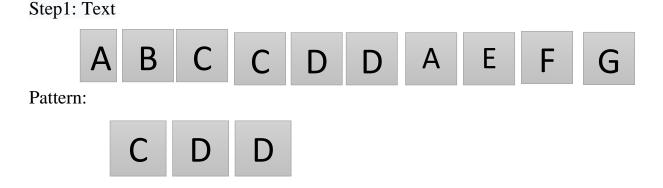
• Rabin-Karp algorithm:

Rabin-Karp algorithm is an algorithm used for searching/matching patterns in the text using a hash function. Unlike Naive string match algorithm, it does not travel through every character in the initial phase rather it filters the characters that do not match and then performs the comparison.

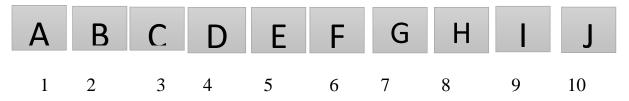
• How Rabin-Karp Algorithm Works?

A sequence of characters is taken and checked for the possibility of the presence of the required string. If the possibility is found then, character matching is performed.

• Rabin-Karp algorithm working process:



Step2: Let us assign a numeric value for the characters we will be using in the problem. Here, we have taken first ten alphabets only (i.e. A to J).

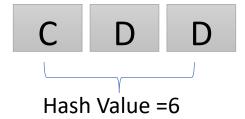


Step3:

n be the length of the pattern and m be the length of the text. Here, m=10 and n=3 Let d be the number of characters in the input set. Here, we have taken input set $\{A, B, C, ..., J\}$. So, d=10 You can assume any suitable value for d.

Step4:

Calculate the hash value of the pattern



hash value for pattern(p) =
$$\Sigma$$
(v * d^m -1) mod 13
= $((3*10^2) + (4*10^1) + (4*10^0))$ mod 13
= 344 mod 13
= 6

Step5:

Calculate the hash value for the text-window of size m

For the first window ABC,

hash value for text(t) =
$$\Sigma$$
(v * dn-1) mod 13
= $((1 * 10^2) + (2 * 10^1) + (3 * 10^0))$ mod 13
= 123 mod 13
= 6

Step6:

Compare the hash value of the pattern with the hash value of the text. If they match then, character-matching is performed. In the above

examples, the hash value of the first window (i.e. t) matches with p so, go for character matching between ABC and CDD. Since they do not match so, go for the next window.

Step6:

We calculate the hash value of the next window by subtracting the first term and adding the next term as shown below.

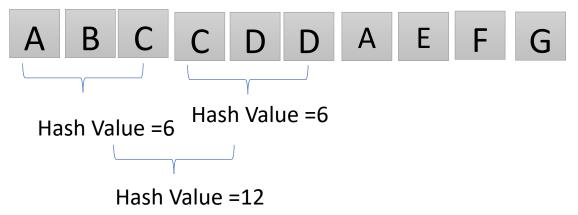
$$t = ((1 * 10^{2}) + ((2 * 10^{1}) + (3 * 10^{0})) * 10 + (3 * 10^{0})) \mod 13$$

= 233 mod 13
= 12

In order to optimize this process, we make use of the previous hash value in the following way.

$$\begin{split} t &= ((d*(t-v \text{ [character to be removed] * h)} + v \text{ [character to be added]) mod 13} \\ &= ((10*(6-1*9)+3) \text{ mod } 13 \\ &= 12 \\ \text{Where, } h &= d^{m-1} = 10^{3-1} = 100. \end{split}$$

For BCC, $t = 12 \ (\neq 6)$. Therefore, go for the next window. After a few searches, we will get the match for the window CDA in the text.



Project discursion:

At first 50 sequence of Annie's DNA will take as input from file for check:

```
DNA SEQUNCE OF ANNIE:

BCVJJJXGUJKQJIUOLWSXXESZUWYSERVRJVXHSKTZFFSEQIRLP[
Number of DNA sequences of ANNIE:50
```

Now our program will take input from will take input of that six children's DNA sequence accordingly and checked them if the sequence matched with Annie then it will show the Index place from where she can found her baby, if the sequence doesn't match it will show the output of not matching.

• Codes:

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
       using namespace std;
       #define d 50
       #define d1 4
       int q=13;
       char *text=new char [d];
       char *pattern=new char[d1];
       class ProjectOneEight
10
11
       public:
12
           void myfileWriteforText();
13
           void myfileReadforText();
14
           void project();
15
16
17
18
       void ProjectOneEight::myfileWriteforText()
19
           ofstream myfile("C:\\Users\\Fahim Arefin\\Desktop\\projectCse246\\fahims.txt");
20
21
           srand(time(NULL));
22
23
24
25
           for(int i=0; i<d; i++)</pre>
26
27
28
                int hold=1+(rand()%26);
29
                char a=65+hold;
30
                myfile<<a<<endl;
31
32
33
34
           myfile.close();
```

```
37
       void ProjectOneEight::myfileReadforText()
38
39
40
41
           char data:
42
           ifstream myReadFile("C:\\Users\\Fahim Arefin\\Desktop\\projectCse246\\fahims.txt");
cout<<"DNA SEQUNCE OF ANNIE:"<<endl;</pre>
43
44
45
46
           cout<<"----
47
           int count=0;
48
           for(int i=0; i<d; i++)</pre>
49
50
               myReadFile>>data;
51
               cout << data;
               text[i]=data;
53
               count++;
54
55
           cout<<endl;
56
57
           cout<<"Number of DNA sequences of ANNIE:"<<count;</pre>
58
59
60
       void ProjectOneEight::project()
61
62
63
           int m = 4;
64
           int n = 50;
65
           int p = 0;
66
           int t = 0;
           int h = 1;
67
68
69
 70
               cout<<"Enter the child DNA SEQUNCE:"<<endl;</pre>
 71
               for(int i=0; i<m; i++)</pre>
 72
 73
                    cin>>pattern[i];
 74
 75
 76
 77
 78
               int i,j;
 79
               for (i = 0; i < m - 1; i++)
 80
                    h = (h * d) % q;
 81
 82
 83
 84
               for (i = 0; i < m; i++)</pre>
 85
                    p = (d * p + pattern[i]) % q;
 86
                    t = (d * t + text[i]) % q;
 87
 88
 89
 90
 91
               for (i = 0; i <= n - m; i++)</pre>
 92
 93
 94
 95
                    if ( p == t )
 96
 97
 98
                         for (j = 0; j < m; j++)
 99
100
                              if (text[i+j] != pattern[j])
101
102
                                   break;
103
104
```

```
106
                     }
107
108
109
                     if (j == m)
110
                         cout<<"ANNIE GOT HER BABY AT INDEX PLACE: "<< i<<endl;</pre>
111
112
                         break;
113
114
115
116
117
118
119
                 if ( i < n-m )
120
121
                     t = (d*(t - text[i]*h) + text[i+m])*q;
122
123
                     if (t < 0)
124
                         t = (t + q);
125
126
                 else
127
128
                     cout<<"Not matching"<<endl;</pre>
129
130
131
132
133
134
 136
  137
           int main()
 138
         □ {
 139
 140
               ProjectOneEight obj1;
  141
               obj1.myfileWriteforText();
               obj1.myfileReadforText();
  142
               cout<<"
  143
  144
               cout<<"There is six girls in the park so you have to"<<endl;</pre>
  145
               cout<<"give input DNA sequence of those girls to find "<<endl;</pre>
  146
               cout<<"Annie's daughter"<<endl;</pre>
               cout<<"_
                                                                           "<<endl;
  147
               for(int i=0; i<6; i++)</pre>
  148
  149
  150
                    obj1.project();
  151
  152
  153
  154
```

• Codes text:

#include<bits/stdc++.h>

using namespace std;

#define d 50

#define d1 4

```
int q=13;
char *text=new char [d];
char *pattern=new char[d1];
class ProjectOneEight
public:
  void myfileWriteforText();
  void myfileReadforText();
  void project();
};
void ProjectOneEight::myfileWriteforText()
  ofstream myfile("C:\\Users\\Fahim Arefin\\Desktop\\projectCse246\\fahims.txt");
  srand(time(NULL));
  for(int i=0; i<d; i++)
    int hold=1+(rand()%26);
    char a=65+hold;
    myfile<<a<<endl;
  }
  myfile.close();
}
void ProjectOneEight::myfileReadforText()
{
  char data;
  ifstream myReadFile("C:\\Users\\Fahim Arefin\\Desktop\\projectCse246\\fahims.txt");
  cout<<"DNA SEQUNCE OF ANNIE:"<<endl;
```

```
int count=0;
  for(int i=0; i<d; i++)
  {
    myReadFile>>data;
    cout<<data;
    text[i]=data;
    count++;
  }
  cout<<endl;
  cout<<"Number of DNA sequences of ANNIE:"<<count;</pre>
  cout<<endl;
}
void ProjectOneEight::project()
  int m = 4;
  int n = 50;
  int p = 0;
  int t = 0;
  int h = 1;
  cout<<"Enter the child DNA SEQUNCE:"<<endl;
  for(int i=0; i<m; i++)
  {
    cin>>pattern[i];
  }
  int i,j;
  for (i = 0; i < m - 1; i++)
    h = (h * d) % q;
  for (i = 0; i < m; i++)
```

```
{
    p = (d * p + pattern[i]) % q;
   t = (d * t + text[i]) % q;
 }
 for (i = 0; i <= n - m; i++)
 {
    if ( p == t )
    {
      for (j = 0; j < m; j++)
      {
        if (text[i+j] != pattern[j])
           break;
        }
      }
      if (j == m)
         cout<<"ANNIE GOT HER BABY AT INDEX PLACE: "<< i<<endl;
         break;
      }
    }
    if ( i < n-m )
{
      t = (d*(t - text[i]*h) + text[i+m])%q;
      if (t < 0)
        t = (t + q);
    }
    else
```

```
{
     cout<<"Not matching"<<endl;</pre>
   }
 }
int main()
{
 ProjectOneEight obj1;
 obj1.myfileWriteforText();
 obj1.myfileReadforText();
 cout<<" "<<endl;
 cout<<"There is six girls in the park so you have to"<<endl;</pre>
 cout<<"give input DNA sequence of those girls to find "<<endl;</pre>
 cout<<"Annie's daughter"<<endl;</pre>
 cout<<"____
                                                      "<<endl;
 for(int i=0; i<6; i++)
{ obj1.project();
 }
}
```

• Output:

In this way we by checking the DNA sequence with Annie, Annie will able to get child.

```
ZNKQSQRJZHTTRCOBNGFVIOISOWYINDEPYMSNILCCWZHUTUCCWR
Number of DNA sequences of ANNIE:50
There is six girls in the park so you have to
give input DNA sequence of those girls to find
Annie's daughter
Enter the child DNA SEQUNCE:
FJGJ
Not matching
Enter the child DNA SEQUNCE:
Not matching
Enter the child DNA SEQUNCE:
Not matching
Enter the child DNA SEQUNCE:
AGUU
Not matching
Enter the child DNA SEQUNCE:
ANNIE GOT HER BABY AT INDEX PLACE: 17
Enter the child DNA SEQUNCE:
AGUI
Not matching
                           execution time : 49.686 s
Process returned 0 (0x0)
Press any key to continue.
```

Conclusion: After finishing this project it clear to us that how our project can perform as an DNA sequence checking algorithm.