

# Measurement of $\sin(2\beta)$ in the decay

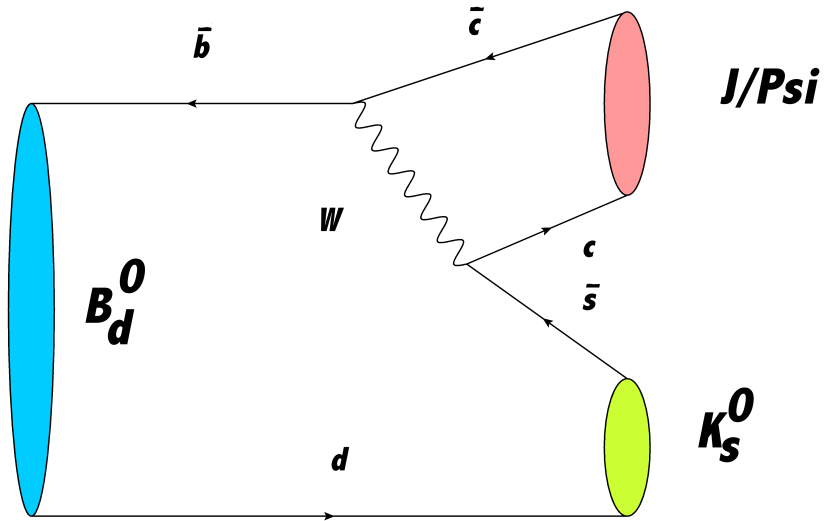
$$B_d^0 \longrightarrow J/\psi K_s^0$$

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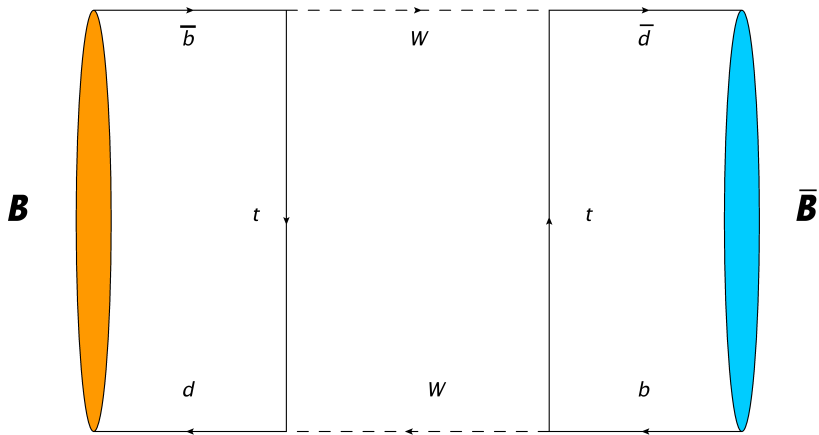
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Decay  $B_d^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K_s^0$



# $B_d^0 - \bar{B}_d^0$ -Mixing



# Time-dependent asymmetry

$$\mathcal{A}_{J/\psi K_s^0}(t) = \frac{\Gamma(\bar{B}_d^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K_s^0) - \Gamma(B_d^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K_s^0)}{\Gamma(\bar{B}_d^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K_s^0) + \Gamma(B_d^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K_s^0)} \quad (1)$$

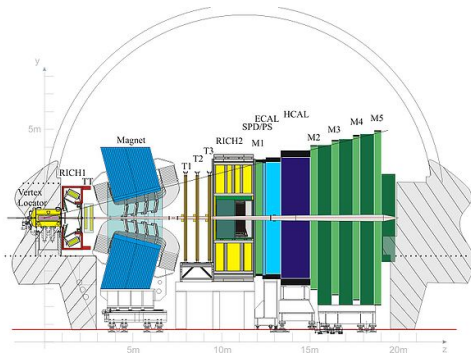
$$= S_{J/\psi K_s^0} \sin(\Delta m_d t) - C_{J/\psi K_s^0} \cos(\Delta m_d t) \quad (2)$$

## sine - term

- interference between direct decay and decay after mixing
- $S_{J/\psi K_s^0} = \sin(2\beta)$

## cosine - term

- interference between decay amplitudes or CPV in mixing
- here:  $C_{J/\psi K_s^0} \approx 0$



## Tracks

- Long Tracks: VELO + T Stations (Johannes)
- Downstream Tracks: TT + T Stations (Patrick)

	Long Tracks	Downstream Tracks
candidates	10842	57153
S/B	18.0	4.0
cuts		
$\frac{\chi^2_{Track}}{nDof}(\mu)$	$< 2.5$	$< 3$
$p_T(K_s^0)$	$> 1000 \text{ MeV}$	—
$\frac{\chi^2_{Track}}{nDof}(\pi)$	$< 1.5$	$< 3$
$\frac{\tau}{\sigma_\tau}(K_s^0)$	$> 15$	$> 5$
decay length sig. ( $K_s^0$ )	$> 25$	$> 5$
$ M(\pi^+\pi^-) - M(K_s^0) $	$< 7 \text{ MeV}$	$< 22 \text{ MeV}$

New in 2012: Ghost probability. We choose ghost prob  $< 0.5$ .

- Unbinned Maximum Likelihood Fit
- sFit: Maximise modified likelihood function

$$test \quad (3)$$

- sWeights calculated with sPlot-technique

$$\mathcal{P}_{meas} = \underbrace{\epsilon(t)}_{=1, \text{later more}} \mathcal{P}_{sig}(t') \otimes \mathcal{R}(t - t') \quad (4)$$

# Mean decay time resolution

Resolution model

$$\mathcal{R}(t) = \sum_{i=0}^3 \frac{f_i}{2\pi\sigma_i} e^{-\frac{t^2}{2\sigma_i^2}} \quad (5)$$

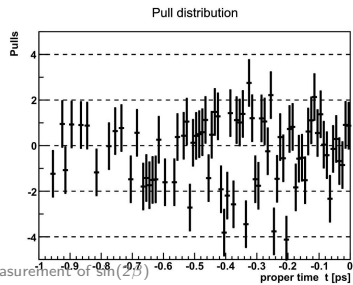
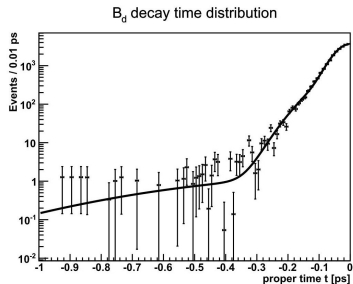
Perform sFit with reconstructed  $J/\Psi$  mass as discriminating variable



# Mean decay time resolution

## Long Tracks

### Downstream Tracks



Parameter		long tracks	downstream tracks
$\sigma_1$	(ps)	$0.117 \pm 0.016$	$0.480 \pm 0.070$
$\sigma_2$	(ps)	$0.061 \pm 0.037$	$0.04396 \pm 0.00094$
$\sigma_3$	(ps)	$0.037 \pm 0.003$	$0.0932 \pm 0.0034$
$f_1$		$0.054 \pm 0.032$	$0.00329 \pm 0.00099$
$f_2$		$0.294 \pm 0.138$	$0.739 \pm 0.027$

# nominal fit

mass fit - parameterisation

## Signal

$$\mathcal{P}_{m;S}(m; \vec{\lambda}_{m;S}) = f_{S,m} \mathcal{G}(m; m_{B_d^0}, \sigma_{m,1}) + \mathcal{G}(m; m_{B_d^0}, \sigma_{m,2}) \quad (6)$$

## Background

$$\mathcal{P}_{m;B}(m; \vec{\lambda}_{m;B}) = \frac{1}{\mathcal{N}_{m;B}} e^{-\alpha_m m} \quad (7)$$

## Total mass p.d.f.

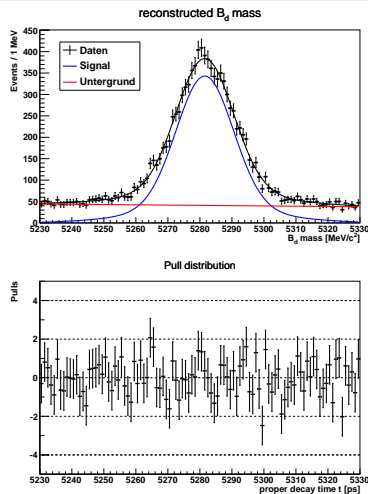
$$\mathcal{P}_m(m; \vec{\lambda}_m) = f_{sig} \mathcal{P}_{m;S}(m; \vec{\lambda}_{m;S}) + (1 - f_{sig}) \mathcal{P}_{m;B}(m; \vec{\lambda}_{m;B}) \quad (8)$$

# nominal fit

mass fit

## Long Tracks

### Downstream Tracks



# nominal fit

## Probability density function

$$\mathcal{P}_{\text{meas}}(t, d, \omega) \propto e^{-t/\tau} \{1 - d\mu(1 - 2\omega) - d\Delta p_0 \\ - [d(1 - 2\omega) - \mu(1 - d\Delta p_0)] S_{J/\psi K_s^0} \sin(\Delta m_d t)\} \quad (9)$$

■  $d$ : tagging decision

■  $\mu = A_P = \frac{R_{\bar{B}_d^0} - R_{B_d^0}}{R_{\bar{B}_d^0} + R_{B_d^0}}$  production asymmetry

■  $\omega$ : calibrated mistag probability

$$(\eta^{OS}) = p_1(\eta^{OS} - \langle \eta^{OS} \rangle) + p_0 \quad (10)$$

$p_0, p_1$ : calibration parameters

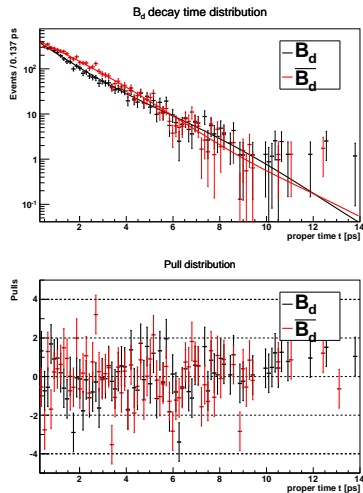
$\eta^{OS}$ : predicted mistag probability

■  $\Delta p_0$ : tagging calibration asymmetry

■  $\Delta m_d$ : mixing frequency

- floating parameters:  $S_{J/\psi K_s^0}$ ,  $\tau$ ,  $\Delta m_d$
- constrained parameters:  $\mu = -0.015 \pm 0.013$ ,  
 $p_0 = 0.382 \pm 0.003$ ,  $p_1 = 0.981 \pm 0.024$ ,  
 $\Delta p_0 = 0.0045 \pm 0.0053$
- fixed parameters:  $\langle \eta^{OS} \rangle = 0.382$ , resolution parameters
- signal events: ??? (long) // 8585 (downstream) [2011: 8600 total]

### Downstream Tracks



<i>Parameter</i>	long	downstream
$S_{J/\psi K_s^0}$	$\pm$	$0.565 \pm 0.069$
$\tau$	$\pm$	$1.516 \pm 0.039$
$\Delta m_d$	$\pm$	$0.521 \pm 0.039$



- Fit Bias due to fit method
- Tagging calibration
- Time acceptance
- Correlation mass  $\leftrightarrow$  decay time
- Time resolution

# Systematic errors

## Fit Bias

Generate Toy MC with

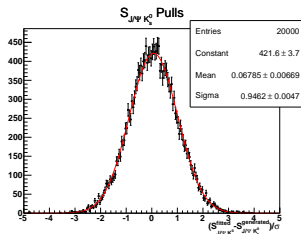
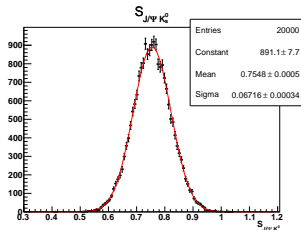
- ??? (long) resp. 13000 events (downstream)
- $S_{J/\psi K_s^0} = 0.75$
- all other parameters derived from nominal fit
- $S_{J/\psi K_s^0}$ ,  $\tau$ ,  $\Delta m_d$  floating

# Systematic errors

## Fit Bias

## Long Tracks

## Downstream Tracks



# Systematic errors

## Fit Bias

Multiply mean  $\mu$  of pull distribution with statistical uncertainty of nominal fit.

### Long Tracks

$$\delta S_{J/\psi K_s^0}^{\text{Fit}} = \text{xxx}$$

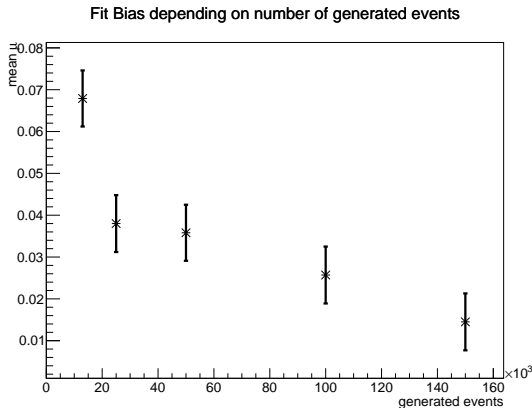
### Downstream Tracks

$$\delta S_{J/\psi K_s^0}^{\text{Fit}} = 0.0047$$

# Systematic errors

## Fit Bias - origins

- too small pull width: background
- major contribution to bias: statistics



# Systematic errors

## Tagging calibration

Vary Tagging calibration parameters  $p_0, p_1 \pm$  their systematic uncertainties

- 1 in the nominal fit
- 2 in the generation of Toy MC, but fit with original values

**Note:** Systematic studies on used tagging calibration hasn't finished yet  $\rightarrow$  no official value. We use largest differences in channels so far:

$$\delta p_0^{stat.} = 0.019, \quad \delta p_1^{stat.} = 0.07$$

# Systematic errors

## Tagging calibration

Choose highest difference from nominal fit / toy as estimate for the systematic uncertainty

- Long tracks:
- Downstream tracks:  $\delta S_{J/\psi K_s^0}^{\text{TagCalib}} = 0.095$

**Note:** Estimates very large due to large  $\delta p_0^{\text{stat.}}$ ,  $\delta p_1^{\text{stat.}}$  compared to other calibrations (systematic studies of calibration need to be finished)

**Note:** just a cross-check, no in-depth analysis

### Determination of an acceptance function

- no separation between  $B_d^0$  and  $\overline{B_d^0}$   
⇒ simple exponential decay
- neglect lifetime cut ( $t > 0.3\text{ps}$ )
- contributions to acceptance:
  - turn-on-effect
  - decreasing acceptance for higher lifetimes due to VELO geometry



# Systematic errors

## Time acceptance

### Fit p.d.f

$$\mathcal{P}_{acc}(t) \propto \underbrace{e^{-t/\tau}}_{\text{exp. decay}} \cdot \underbrace{\frac{2}{\pi} \arctan[t \cdot \exp(at + b)]}_{\text{turn-on-effect}} \cdot \underbrace{(1 + \beta t)}_{\substack{\text{higher lifetimes} \\ (\beta < 0)}}$$

**Note:**  $\tau$  will be constrained to the PDG value

$$\tau = 1,519 \pm 0,007 \text{ps.}$$

# Systematic errors

Time acceptance

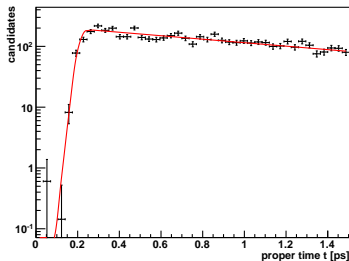
Long Tracks

# Systematic errors

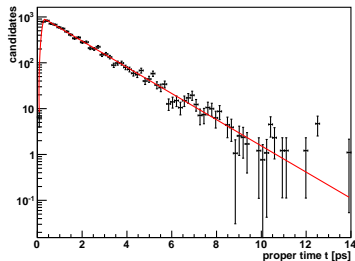
## Time acceptance

### Downstream Tracks

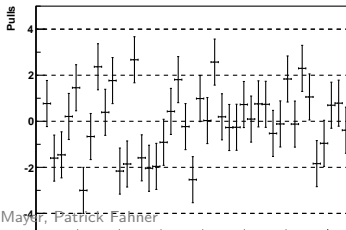
Time Acceptance



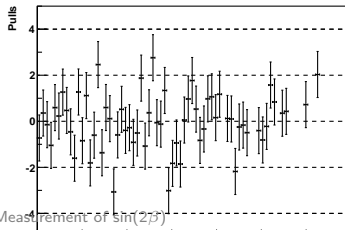
Time Acceptance



Pull distribution



Pull distribution



# Systematic errors

## Time acceptance

**Table :** Fit results for exponential decay fit with acceptance function.  $\tau$  was constrained to the PDG value  $\tau = 1,519 \pm 0,007\text{ps}$

parameter	long	long
$\tau$	$\pm$	$1.519 \pm 0.007$
$a$	$\pm$	$52.8 \pm 8.6$
$b$	$\pm$	$-9.2 \pm 1.6$
$\beta$	$\pm$	$-0.0053 \pm 0.0089$

### Toy MC Study

- generate with acceptance function
- use parameters mentioned above
- fit without acceptance function

# Systematic errors

Correlation mass  $\leftrightarrow$  decay time

Fit reconstructed  $B_d^0$ -mass in different time bins:

- 1  $t \in [0.3, 0.7]\text{ps}$
- 2  $t \in [0.7, 1.5]\text{ps}$
- 3  $t \in [1.5, 3]\text{ps}$
- 4  $t \in [3, 14]\text{ps}$

Subsequently, fix mass values to the values obtained in the 4 bins and fit the whole sample. Choose highest difference of  $S_{J/\psi K_s^0}$  as estimate.

Bin	long	down
1	$\pm$	$0.559 \pm 0.069$
2	$\pm$	$0.567 \pm 0.068$
3	$\pm$	$0.566 \pm 0.069$
4	$\pm$	$0.566 \pm 0.069$
nominal fit	$\pm$	$0.565 \pm 0.069$
$\delta S_{J/\psi K_s^0}^{\text{mass}/t}$	xxx	0.006

# Systematic errors

## Resolution

Vary  $\sigma_i$  of resolution  $\pm 20\%$ , fit with these parameters and compare  $S_{J/\psi K_s^0}$

	long	down
+20%	$\pm$	$0.565 \pm 0.069$
-20%	$\pm$	$0.564 \pm 0.069$
nominal fit	$\pm$	$0.565 \pm 0.069$
$\delta S_{J/\psi K_s^0}^{\text{resolution}}$	xxx	0.001

# Systematic errors

## Summary

effect	long	downstream
fit method		0.005
tagging calibration		0.095
time acceptance		???
mass $\leftrightarrow$ decay time		0.006
resolution		0.001
total		