

# Report on performance of the deep learning models

## Analysis Overview:

### First Model

In this analysis, the primary objective is to construct a robust deep learning model for predicting the success of funding applications within Alphabet Soup Charity. The dataset, extracted from "charity\_data.csv" revolves around the "IS\_SUCCESSFUL" variable, serving as the target to delineate funding outcomes.

#### Flow Steps

##### Data Preprocessing

Targets: "IS\_SUCCESSFUL"  
Features: Inclusion of all columns.  
Removed : "EIN" and "NAME."  
APPLICATION\_TYPE :  
Aggregated applications with counts < 500 into the "Other" category.  
CLASSIFICATION :  
Collated classifications with counts < 100 into the "Other" category.  
Categorical Encoding:  
Employed one-hot encoding through pd.get\_dummies to transform categorical columns into numerical equivalents.

##### Compiling, Training, and Evaluating the Model

```
num_input_features = len(X_train_scaled[0])
hid_nodes_layer1 = 80 activation="relu"
hid_nodes_layer2 = 50 activation="relu"
hid_nodes_layer3 = 20 activation="relu"
Output layer = 1      activation="sigmoid"
epoch = 100
```

#### Results

268/268 - 0s - loss: 0.5678 - accuracy: 0.7270 - 469ms/epoch - 2ms/step  
Loss: 0.5678246021270752, Accuracy: 0.7269970774650574

#### Summary

we have a good performance of the model with as 0.73 accuracy and Loss: 0.567

### Optimizations Models

#### 1-Optimisation parameters

##### Trial 1

Binning and encoding for app type < 100 and for classification < 100 ,  
number of Layers 128-64-32 ', epochs=100 ,  
fct activation relu and segment for output

#### Results

268/268 - 1s - loss: 0.5669 - accuracy: 0.7268 - 582ms/epoch - 2ms/step  
Loss: 0.5668720602989197,  
Accuracy: 0.7267638444900513

#### Summary

we still have the same accuracy as the First model

##### Trial 2

Binning and encoding for app type < 100 and for classification < 100

modify number of Layers 80-30-20 ', epochs=150 ,  
fct activation relu and segment for output

### Results

268/268 - 0s - loss: 0.5610 - accuracy: 0.7248 - 497ms/epoch - 2ms/step  
Loss: 0.5609777569770813,  
Accuracy: 0.724781334400177  
-----

### Trial 3

'Binning and encoding for app type < 100 and for classification < 100  
modify number of Layers 80-30-20 ,  
modify epochs=100 ,fct activation tanh and segment for output

### Results

268/268 - 1s - loss: 0.5545 - accuracy: 0.7263 - 773ms/epoch - 3ms/step  
Loss: 0.554489254951477,  
Accuracy: 0.7262973785400391

### Summary of those 3 trials

when we use the same data processing algorithm and the same target and features ,  
we can easily conclude that the modification for different parameters as number of  
layer , number of epoch , functions used ,  
have a very small impact in the accuracy around 0.73 .  
we can check to modify our data processing algorithm , the target and features and  
check the performance of our model .

## 2-Optimisation data processing

### \*\*\*Process Flow

we use the same data , we will explore numerical features for potential outliers  
EIN, IS\_SUCCESSFUL, STATUS, (ASK\_AMT they are some outlier)  
AlphabetSoupCharity\_Optimization\AlphabetSoupCharity\_Optimization\_data\img\  
boxplot3.png

### \*\*\* Data processing

#Drop outliers in 'ASK\_AMT' column

```
#keep just 'APPLICATION_TYPE', 'CLASSIFICATION', and 'USE_CASE'  
columns_to_keep = ['APPLICATION_TYPE', 'CLASSIFICATION', 'USE_CASE',  
                    'IS_SUCCESSFUL']  
application_df = application_df[columns_to_keep]
```

```
#Convert categorical data to numeric with pd.get_dummies  
#Split the data  
X = application_df_encoded.drop('IS_SUCCESSFUL', axis=1)  
y = application_df_encoded['IS_SUCCESSFUL']
```

#Split, create, fit , scale the data

```
#define the model  
3 layers (100,50,20), activation fct Relu and sigmoid for Output
```

```
# Compile the model  
nn.compile(loss="binary_crossentropy", optimizer="adam", metrics=["accuracy"])
```

```
# Train the model with 100 epochs
```

## Results

204/204 - 0s - loss: 0.6399 - accuracy: 0.6452 - 477ms/epoch - 2ms/step  
Loss: 0.6399290561676025,  
Accuracy: 0.6451563239097595

## Summary global

after this trail we can conclude that the data processing can impact the performance of the model ,  
in our case we have decrease in the performance of the model we increase number of loss 0.639 and we decrease the Accuracy: 0.6451 instead of 0.726