Tigera

Customer Success Technical Assessment

Next Interview Structure

- 30min Technical Challenge demo
- 15min presentation
- Q&A throughout the interview

Technical Challenge Setup:

Install a kubernetes cluster using the distribution and the environment of your choice (your laptop or cloud) including 1x master and 2x nodes. Do not use managed kubernetes such as EKS, AKS or GKE. Cluster with 1 Master and 2 Worker nodes have been deployed using Kubeadm with Calico as CNI of choice.

- Install calico, bookinfo app (attached), and an alpine pod for testing. Calico deployed and a pod running alpine image is created.
- The bookinfo app is managed by a team called dev1 : App deployed in a namespace called dev1.
- Expose bookinfo product page using the method of your choice to users accessing it from outside of the cluster from a well-defined network range.
- Implement granular calico policies restricting communication among bookinfo micro-services to the bare minimum. Define your strategy with respect to implementing ingress only, egress only, or ingress and egress controls.

Technical Challenge Demo Process:

Test access to bookinfo micro-services from within dev1 environment:

Bookinginfo app deployed and then access tested from within the dev1 namespace as shown below:

```
[ec2-user@ip-10-0-4-58 ~]$ kubectl get all
NAME
                                      READY
                                               STATUS
                                                         RESTARTS
                                                                     AGE
pod/alpine
                                      1/1
                                               Running
                                                         9 I
                                                                     21m
pod/details-v1-c684c7555-bv78p
                                      1/1
                                               Running
                                                         0
                                                                     4h14m
                                                         0
ood/dnsutils
                                      1/1
                                               Running
                                                         0
pod/productpage-v1-bcc6748f7-dh26s
                                                                     4h14m
                                      1/1
                                               Running
ood/ratings-v1-64d59779-zrb6p
                                                         0
                                                                     4h14m
                                      1/1
                                               Running
                                                         0
pod/reviews-v1-6cc9f745f7-7c779
                                      1/1
                                               Running
                                                                     4h14m
                                                         0
pod/reviews-v2-69d467bc99-tkq2h
                                      1/1
                                               Running
                                                                     4h14m
                                                         0
pod/reviews-v3-7bf7d59b7c-4wczw
                                      1/1
                                               Running
                                                                     4h14m
                                   CLUSTER-IP
                                                     EXTERNAL-IP
                                                                                AGE
                       TYPE
                                                                    PORT(S)
service/details
                      ClusterIP
                                   10.100.147.6
                                                     <none>
                                                                    9080/TCP
                                                                                4h14m
                      ClusterIP
service/productpage
                                   10.100.213.134
                                                     <none>
                                                                    9080/TCP
                                                                                4h14m
service/ratings
                       ClusterIP
                                   10.102.120.57
                                                                    9080/TCP
                                                                                4h14m
                                                     <none>
                                   10.110.100.92
                                                                    9080/TCP
service/reviews
                       ClusterIP
                                                     <none>
                                                                                4h14m
```

NAME deployment.apps/details-v1 deployment.apps/productpage-v1 deployment.apps/ratings-v1	READY 1/1 1/1 1/1	UP-TO-DATE 1 1	AVAILABL 1 1	4h14 4h14 4h14	1m 1m
deployment.apps/reviews-v1 deployment.apps/reviews-v2 deployment.apps/reviews-v3	1/1 1/1 1/1	1	1 1	4h14 4h14 4h14	4m
NAME		DESIRED	CURRENT	READY	AGE
replicaset.apps/details-v1-c684c7555		1	1	1	4h14m
replicaset.apps/productpage-v1-b	1	1	1	4h14m	
replicaset.apps/ratings-v1-64d59	1	1	1	4h14m	
replicaset.apps/reviews-v1-6cc9f	1	1	1	4h14m	
replicaset.apps/reviews-v2-69d46	1	1	1	4h14m	
replicaset.apps/reviews-v3-7bf7d	1	1	1	4h14m	

Now to test the connectivity between microservices in the namespace dev1 we will do a curl from one pod to another as shown below:

We will get exec into the ratings pod and curl the product pod from there to check the access kubectl exec -it ratings-v1-64d59779-zrb6p -- /bin/sh

This confirms the connectivity test from one microservice to another in the namespace dev1.

To test the connectivity further we will create an ALPINE pod in the same namespace and test the same from there.

```
@ ec2-user@ip-10-0-4-58 ~]$ kubectl run alpine --image=alpine --command -- sleep infinity pod/alpine created [ec2-user@ip-10-0-4-58 ~]$ kubectl exec -it alpine -- /bin/sh / #
```

This completes the task mentioned above.

• Test access to bookinfo micro-services from within the cluster, outside of dev1 environment. we will create another Alpine Pod in the default namespace and will try to access the same product landing page as before from there using the service name.

We will restrict this access later-on using network policies.

 Test access to bookinfo micro-services from outside of the cluster: Deployed an nginx ingress controller and created an ingress resource to allow path based routing exposing different services.

Tested it as below:

curl shahnaama.com/productpage | grep title

```
[ec2-user@ip-10-0-4-58 ~]$ curl shahnaama.com/productpage | grep title

% Total % Received % Xterd Average Speed Time Time Time Current

Dload Upload Total Spent Left Speed

100 1683 100 1683 0 0 205k 0 --:--:-- 205k

<title>Simple Bookstore App</title>

[ec2-user@ip-10-0-4-58 ~]$
```

- **Explain the details of the configuration and testing:** As explained in above scenarios.
- Explain the details of the underlying routing that allows pods communication

CALICO CREATES AND MANAGES A LAYER 3 NETWORK THAT PROVIDES INTER-POD COMMUNICATION IN THE KUBERNETES CLUSTER. IT PROVIDES ROUTABLE IP ADDRESSES TO PODS THAT ENABLE EASIER INTEROPERABILITY. CALICO USES THE FOLLOWING COMPONENTS TO ACHIEVE THIS.

CALICO/NODE: THE AGENT THAT RUNS AS PART OF THE CALICO DAEMONSET POD. IT MANAGES INTERFACES, ROUTES, AND STATUS REPORTING OF THE NODE AND ENFORCES POLICIES.

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POLICIES.
BIRD: A BGP CLIENT THAT BROADCASTS ROUTES THAT ARE PROGRAMMED BY FELIX
ETCD: AN OPTIONAL DISTRIBUTED DATASTORE
CALICO CONTROLLER: THE CALICO POLICY CONTROLLER:
WHEN ONE OF THE NGINX PODS IS SCHEDULED ON THE KUBERNETES NODE, FELIX WILL CREATE A
VIRTUAL INTERFACE WITH THE CALI PREFIX AND ASSIGNS IT A /32 IP ADDRESS.
THE BIRD BGP DAEMON REALIZES THAT THERE IS A NEW NETWORK INTERFACE THAT HAS COME UP
AND IT ADVERTISES THAT TO THE OTHER PEERS.
THE CALICO IP ADDRESS MANAGEMENT (IPAM) IS RESPONSIBLE FOR IP ADDRESS MANAGEMENT
FOR PODS ON EACH NODE OF THE KUBERNETES CLUSTER.
MANAGES IPPOOLS FOR ASSIGNING IP ADDRESSES.

☐ CALICO DOES DYNAMIC ADDRESS MANAGEMENT BY ALLOCATING A /26 ADDRESS BLOCK TO EACH

Explain the challenges you faced and how you resolved them.

NODE WHEN THE CALICO NODE RUNS SUCCESSFULLY.

Roadblocks while performing the lab:

- 1. The cluster was set-up manually using virtual machines on AWS. While, creating the ingress controller it was not creating loadbalancer service with a public IP to expose the nginx-ingress controller not supported in manual Kubernetes Cluster but only when using EKS (so the external IP of the loadbalancer service was in pending status). Solved the problem by manually deploying a bare metal load balancer using MetalLB and used it to assign an IP to the ingress controller service.
- 2. Calico deployment was failing with timeouts during installation. Tweaked the security group in AWS to allow port 179 across nodes and restarted the process which solved the problem.

Presentation:

Prepare a few slides explaining the following:

- Kubernetes components that interact for deploying an application
- Calico and kubernetes components that interact for provisioning Pod networking
- Calico and kubernetes components that interact for securing access to an application
- Calico, kubernetes and infrastructure components that interact for exposing an application

A powerpoint Slide has been attached.



 ${\it Kubernetes-Internals}.$

pptx