Standard AWS Regions & Availability Zones (baseline)

- Region = A physical geographic area (e.g., us-east-1, ap-south-1).
- Availability Zone (AZ) = An isolated data center within a Region, usually 2–6 per Region.

Everything else (Local Zone, Outpost, Wavelength, Edge Location) is an *extension* of these.

Local Zones

- What: Mini–AWS data centers placed closer to large metro areas that are *not* near an AWS Region.
- Why: To reduce latency for workloads (gaming, media, healthcare) that need single-digit millisecond latency to end-users.
- **Example:** If the nearest AWS Region is 400 miles away, a Local Zone in your city gives you compute + storage closer.
- Services: Usually subset (EC2, EBS, sometimes RDS, etc.).

Think: a "satellite" of a Region, closer to users in a city.

Edge Locations

- What: Data centers that host Amazon CloudFront CDN and caching services.
- Why: To deliver static content faster (images, videos, API responses).
- **Example:** You open a website; images load from the nearest Edge Location instead of the origin server.
- Services: Mainly CloudFront, Lambda@Edge, Route 53 DNS.

Think: good for content delivery, not general-purpose compute.

Wavelength Zones

- What: AWS infrastructure embedded inside telecom 5G networks (at the telco's edge).
- Why: For ultra-low latency (sub-10ms) apps like AR/VR, self-driving cars, IoT, or gaming.
- **Example:** A 5G user streams an AR app that needs real-time rendering. The app runs in a Wavelength Zone inside the mobile network.
- Services: Subset of EC2, EBS, VPC optimized for latency.

Think: AWS inside a 5G carrier's network.

Quick Comparison Table

Feature	Local Zone	Edge Location	Wavelength
Purpose	Low-latency compute near cities	CDN & DNS caching	Ultra-low latency 5G apps
Services	EC2, EBS, RDS (limited set)	CloudFront, Lambda@Edge, Route 53	EC2, EBS, VPC (limited)
Where it lives	In metro areas, outside AWS Regions	Globally distributed near users	Inside telecom 5G networks
Latency target	Single-digit ms to city users	Milliseconds (for content delivery)	<10ms for mobile users
Best for	Apps needing compute near users	Faster content delivery	Real-time mobile/edge apps

Memory tip:

- **Edge** = caching content (CDN).
- **Local** = extra compute capacity near cities.
- **Wavelength** = compute inside 5G networks for real-time apps.