21.03.2024 DATE

DT/NT DT

LESSON: **DEVOPS**

Kubernetes-2 SUBJECT: Pod, Replicasets, **Deployment**

BATCH **B 224** **AWS-DEVOPS**





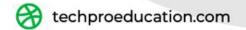
















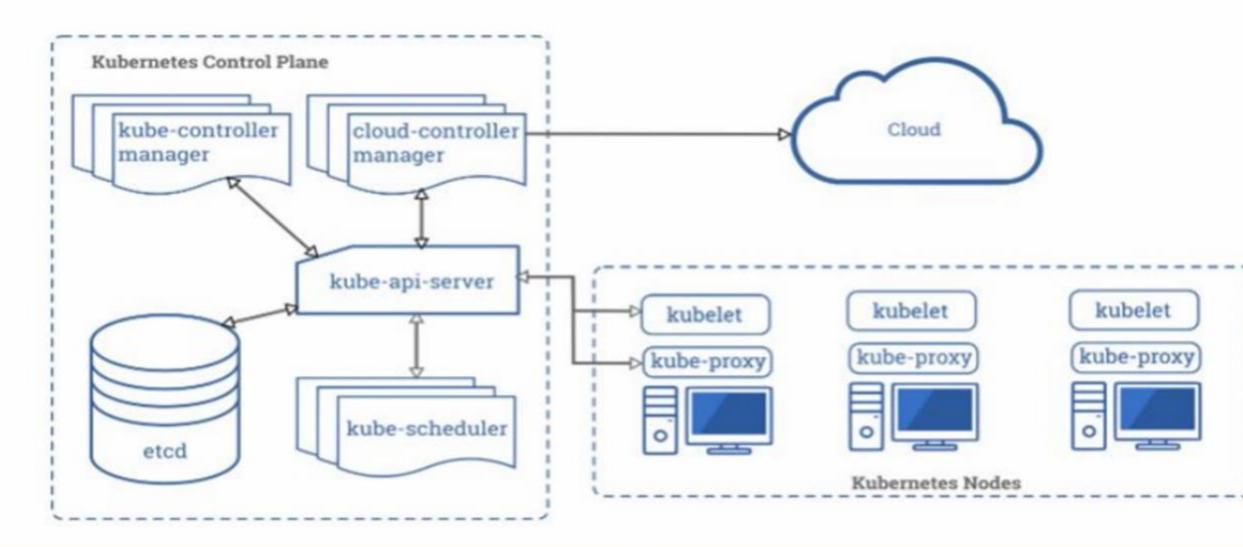
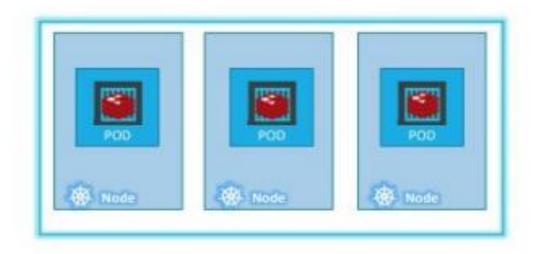


Table of Contents

- Kubernetes objects
- PODs
- ReplicaSets
- Deployment
- Namespaces
- Object Model



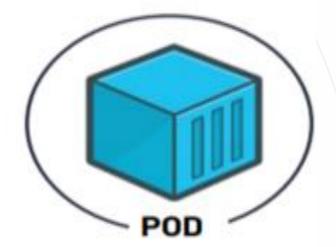
PODs

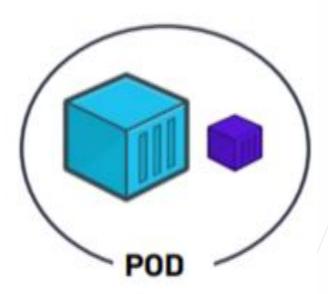




PODs

- Kubernetes doesn't deal with containers directly.
- PODs are Kubernetes objects that encapsulate the containers.
- Pods are the smallest deployable units of computing that you can create and manage in Kubernetes.

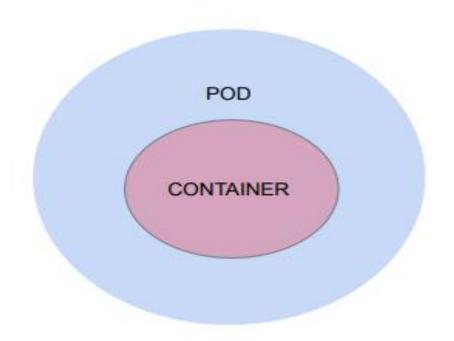






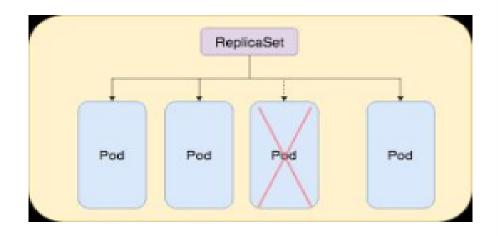
PODS

- Pod'lar, Kubernetes'te oluşturabileceğiniz ve yönetebileceğiniz en küçük birimleridir.
- Pod'lar bir ya da daha fazla container barındırabilir. Ama çoğu durumda pod tek container barındırır.
- Her pod'un eşsiz bir id'si "uid" bulunur.
- Her pod eşsiz bir ip adresine sahiptir.
- Aynı pod içerisindeki containerlar aynı node üstünde çalışıtırılır ve bu containerlar birbirleriiyle localhost üstünden haberleşebilirler.





ReplicaSets

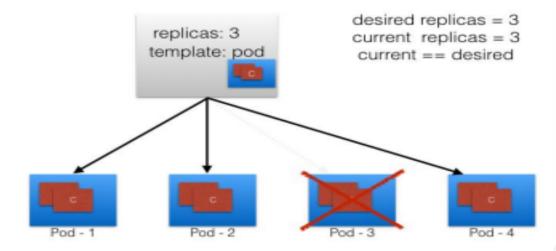




ReplicaSets

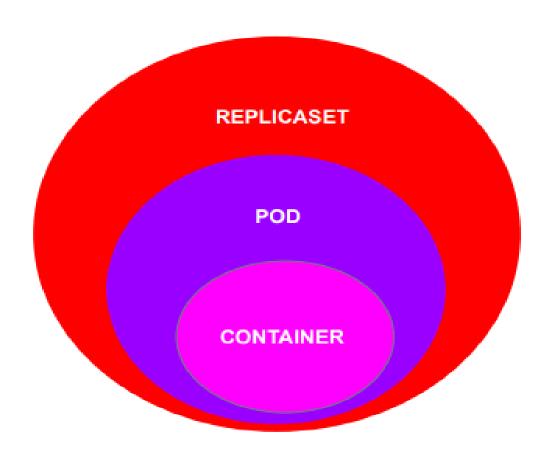
- A ReplicaSet's purpose is to maintain a stable set of replica Pods running at any given time.
- Even if you have a single POD, the ReplicaSet will bring up a new POD when the existing one fails.

Replica Set



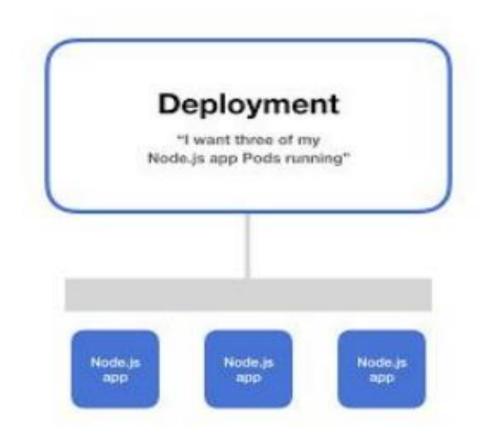


ReplicaSets



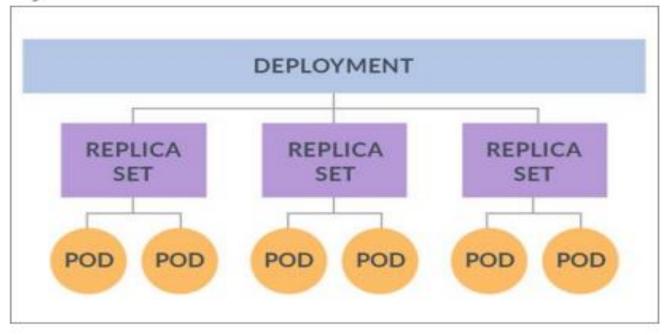


Deployment





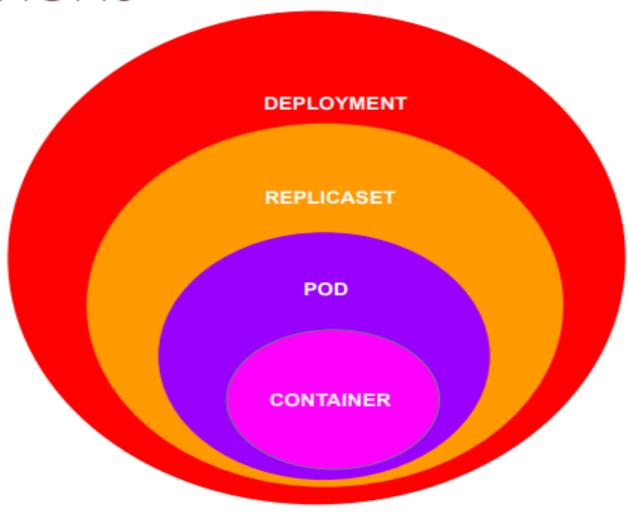
Deployment



 One step higher in the hierarchy, deployments provides declarative updates for Pods and ReplicaSets.



Deployment

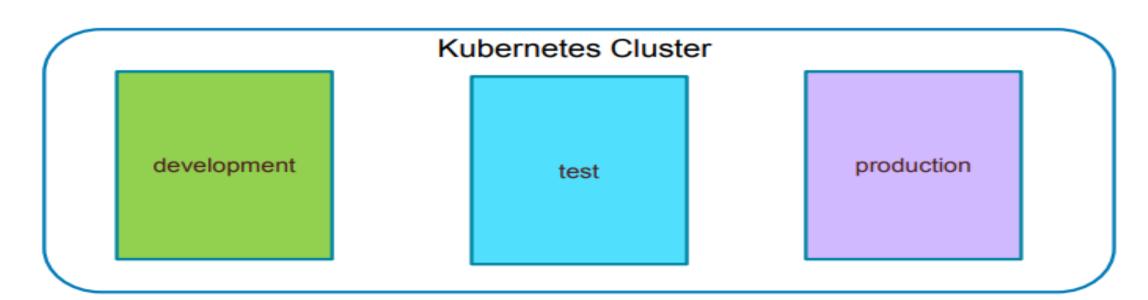






Namespaces

- Kubernetes supports multiple virtual clusters backed by the same physical cluster. These virtual clusters are called namespaces.
- Namespaces are intended for use in environments with many users spread across multiple teams, or projects.





Object Model



Object Model

```
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
metadata:
 name: nginx-deployment
spec:
 selector:
   matchLabels:
     app: nginx
 replicas: 2
 template:
   metadata:
     labels:
       app: nginx
   spec:
     containers:
     - name: nginx
      image: nginx:1.14.2
      ports:

    containerPort: 80
```

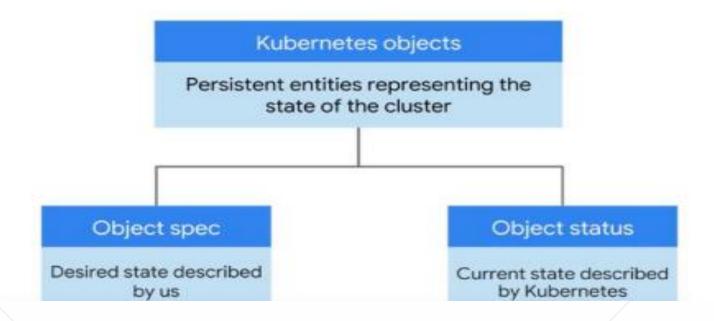
All objects must have apiVersion, kind, metadata and spec fields.

- apiVersion: Which version of the Kubernetes API you're using to create this object
- kind: What kind of object you want to create
- metadata: Data that helps uniquely identify the object, including a name string, labels, and optional namespace
- spec: What state you desire for the object



Object Model

- Once the Deployment object is created, the Kubernetes system attaches the status field to the object.
- status is managed by Kubernetes and describes the actual state of the object and its history.





Object Model Pod to ReplicaSet

```
kind: Pod
metadata:
name: nginx-pod
labels:
containers:
  ports:
   - containerPort: 80
```



```
apiVersion: apps/vl
metadata:
name: nginx-rs
labels:
  environment: dev
spec:
selector:
  matchLabels:
  metadata:
     labels:
   spec:
       ports:
       - containerPort: 80
```



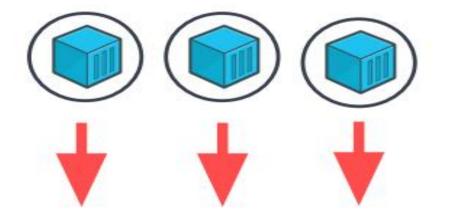
Pod Selector

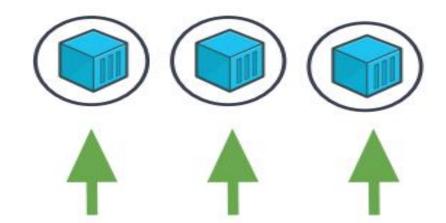
```
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: ReplicaSet
metadata:
  matchLabels:
     app: nginx
       app: nginx
     - name: mynginx
       image: nginx:1.19
```



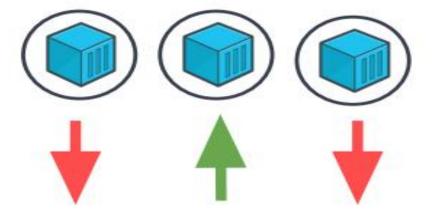
Deployment Strategy

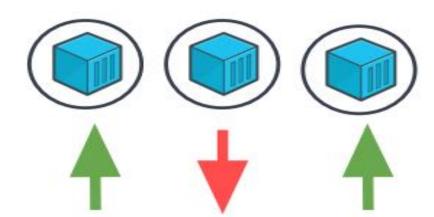
Recreate





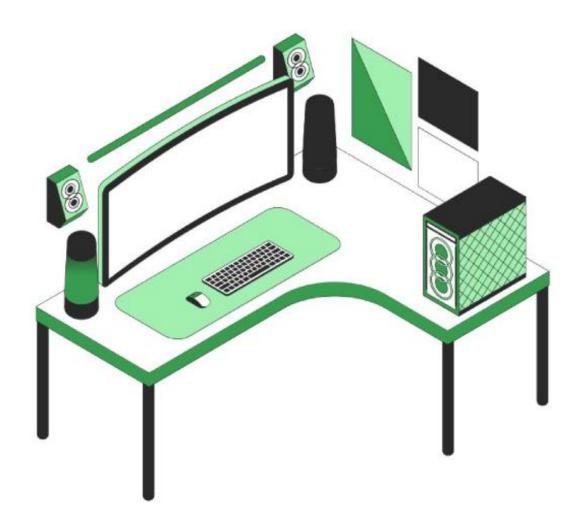
Rolling Update











Do you have any questions?

Send it to us! We hope you learned something new.

