

# 1 Problem

Compute the derivatives of the least squares loss  $L[\phi]$  with respect to  $\phi_0$  and  $\phi_1$  for the Gabor model equation 6.8.

# 2 Answer

$$f[x, \phi] = \sin(\phi_0 + 0.06 \cdot \phi_1 x) \cdot \exp\left(\frac{-(\phi_0 + 0.06 \cdot \phi_1 x)^2}{32.0}\right) \quad (1)$$

$$L[\phi] = \sum_{i=1}^I (f[x_i, \phi] - y_i)^2 \quad (2)$$

$$(3)$$

$$\text{Let } u_i = f[x_i, \phi] - y_i$$

$$\text{Then } L[\phi] = \sum_{i=1}^I (u_i)^2$$

$$\frac{\partial L[\phi]}{\partial \phi_0} = \sum_{i=1}^I \frac{\partial L[\phi]}{\partial u_i} \cdot \frac{\partial u_i}{\partial \phi_0}$$

$$\text{Let us break it down } \frac{\partial L[\phi]}{\partial u_i} = 2 \cdot u_i = 2 \cdot \left( \sin(\phi_0 + 0.06 \cdot \phi_1 x_i) \cdot \exp\left(\frac{-(\phi_0 + 0.06 \cdot \phi_1 x_i)^2}{32.0}\right) - y_i \right)$$

$$\frac{\partial u_i}{\partial \phi_0} = \frac{\partial \sin(\phi_0 + 0.06 \cdot \phi_1 x_i) \cdot \exp\left(\frac{-(\phi_0 + 0.06 \cdot \phi_1 x_i)^2}{32.0}\right)}{\partial \phi_0}$$

$$\text{Let } p = \sin(\phi_0 + 0.06 \cdot \phi_1 x_i)$$

$$\text{Let } q = \exp\left(\frac{-(\phi_0 + 0.06 \cdot \phi_1 x_i)^2}{32.0}\right)$$

$$\text{So that } \frac{\partial u_i}{\partial \phi_0} = p \frac{\partial q}{\partial \phi_0} + q \frac{\partial p}{\partial \phi_0}$$

$$\text{Let } r = \phi_0 + 0.06 \cdot \phi_1 x_i$$

$$\text{So that } \frac{\partial p}{\partial \phi_0} = \frac{\partial \sin(r)}{\partial r} \cdot \frac{\partial r}{\partial \phi_0} = \cos(r) \cdot (1) = \cos(\phi_0 + 0.06 \cdot \phi_1 x_i)$$

$$\text{Let } s = \left(\frac{-(\phi_0 + 0.06 \cdot \phi_1 x_i)^2}{32.0}\right)$$

$$\text{So that } \frac{\partial q}{\partial \phi_0} = \frac{\partial \exp(s)}{\partial s} \cdot \frac{\partial s}{\partial \phi_0} = \exp(s) \cdot \frac{\partial s}{\partial \phi_0}$$

$$\text{Let } t = \phi_0 + 0.06 \cdot \phi_1 x_i$$

$$\text{So that } \frac{\partial s}{\partial \phi_0} = \frac{\partial \frac{-1}{32} t^2}{\partial \phi_0}$$