

15. Team Agreements & Guidelines

- Small, focused teams are best. Ideally 2-3 developers per squad, with mixed skills.
- Share lessons from production issues—what went wrong, how we fixed it, and what we'll do differently next time.
- Encourage regular knowledge-sharing moments (code review sessions, mini demos, informal chats).
- Everyone should keep learning. Whether that's backend, cloud, or soft skills—small steps forward make the whole team better.
- Tools / system
 - Use the same core stack across teams unless there's a strong reason not to.
 - .NET and Azure are the base. (unless we decide otherwise)
 - Document exceptions and rationale when tools diverge.
- Naming
 - Use clear, consistent terms across services (e.g. "club," "member," "account").
 - Match code names, API routes, and database columns where possible.
 - Avoid inventing new names for old concepts.
- First design, then build
 - Before coding, think through architecture, naming, data structures, and edge cases.
 - Small diagrams or lightweight write-ups are enough—but design comes first.
 - **AI is also coding**
- Process + QA
 - What matters is progress, planning, and transparency.
 - Pull requests go through review by at least one peer.
 - Use automated tests and CI/CD pipelines to catch issues early.
 - QA should test all the new features, but devs and pms should test them as well.
- Separation of concerns
 - Keep **API and UI in separate projects**, ideally with their own deploy pipelines.
 - Interfaces should talk via versioned APIs, not by sharing code or DB directly.
- Git strategy
 - Use short-lived feature branches off `main` or `develop`.
 - Merge regularly to avoid conflicts.
 - Use clear commit messages; squash if needed to keep history clean.
- AI usage
 - Use AI tools (like Copilot, Cursor, etc.) for brainstorming, summaries, code suggestions—but always review and adapt.
 - Don't paste in sensitive data.
 - Don't rely on AI to make architectural or security decisions—double-check with humans.