vOptSolver: an open source software environment for multiobjective mathematical optimization

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vOpt Research Project

Exact Efficient Solution of Mixed Integer Programming Problems with Multiple Objective Functions (ANR/DFG-14-CE35-0034-01)







Parts (algorithms, instances) of the outputs are integrated in:

- vOptSolver: a solver of multiobjective linear optimization problems (MOCO, MOIP, MOMILP, MOLP)
- vOptLib: a numerical instances library of multiobjective linear optimization problems (MOCO, MOIP, MOMILP, MOLP)

History: MCDMlib (opened in 1998) — MOCOlib, the MOCO section of the MCDMlib (opened in 2007) — GUEPARDlib (opened in 2010)



Context

Computing Y_N for Multiobjective (linear) Optimization Problems (MOP):

 $\label{eq:MOM} \mbox{MO(M)ILP} + \mbox{structure} \\ \mbox{MultiObjective Combinatorial Optimization (MOCO)} \\$

where:
$$T \in \mathbb{Z}^{m \times n} \longrightarrow m$$
 constraints, $i = 1, \ldots, m$ $C \in \mathbb{Z}^{n \times p} \longrightarrow \text{the objective matrix}$ $X = \{x \in \mathbb{R}^{n_1} \times \mathbb{Z}^{n_2} | Tx \leq d\} \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n \longrightarrow \text{the set of feasible solutions}$ $Y = z(X) \subseteq \mathbb{R}^p \longrightarrow \text{the set of images}$

Identified software for computing exact Y_N of MOP

- ADBASE (Ralph Steuer, 1975)
 - Problem class solved: MOLP
 - Algorithm(s): simplex algorithm
 - not available online
- Bensolve (Andreas Löhne, 2017); available online:
 - Problem class solved: vector linear programs (including MOLP)
 - ullet Algorithm(s): Benson's algorithm (language C)
 - http://bensolve.org
- Inner (Laszlo Csirmaz, 2016); available online:
 - Problem class solved: MOLP
 - https://github.com/lcsirmaz/inner
- PolySCIP (Sebastian Schenker, 2016); available online:
 - Problem classes solved: p-LP, 2-IP, 3-IP (MOMILP experimentally)
 - http://polyscip.zib.de

Presentation of vOptSolver (1/2)

Solver of MOLP/MOMILP/MOIP/MOCO for scientifics and practionners

- Aims
 - Easy to formulate a problem, to provide data, to solve a problem, to collect the outputs, to analyze the solutions
 - Natural and intuitive use for mathematicians, informaticians, engineers
- Purposes
 - Research needs: support and primitives for the development of new algorithms
 - Solving needs: methods and algorithms for performing numerical experiments
 - Pedagogic needs: environment for practicing of theories and algorithms

Presentation of vOptSolver (2/2)

Characteristics

- Efficient, flexible, evolutive
- Free, open source, multi-platform, reusing existing specifications
- Easy to install (no need of being expert in computer science)

Background

- Julia programming language, and JuMP algebraic language
- Free (GLPK) and commercial (CPLEX, GUROBI) MILP solvers
- Homemade solvers implemented in C/C++ language

vOptSolver

 \sim

 $\label{eq:absolute} a \mbox{ based on Julia and JuMP,} \\ embedding \mbox{ algorithms coded in C/C++/Julia}$

Why Julia and JuMP as cement of vOptSolver?

Julia programming language

- a high-level, high-performance programming language for scientific computing
- familiar for the practitioners of Matlab, Fortran, Python, C/C++, Pascal, etc.
- integrates natively a mechanism to call external libraries written in C or C++
- http://julialang.org/

JuMP algebraic language (Julia for mathematical optimization)

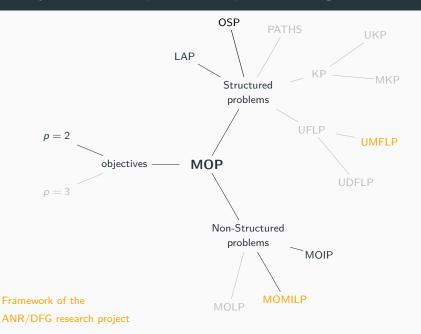
- a domain-specific modeling language for mathematical optimization in Julia
- familiar for the practitioners of GMP, AMPL, MPL, GAMS, OPL, and etc.
- wrapped with several open-source/commercial solvers (e.g. GLPK and CPLEX).
- http://jump.readthedocs.io/en/latest/

Miles Lubin and Iain Dunning: Computing in Operations Research Using Julia. *INFORMS Journal on Computing*, 27(2), 238–248, 2015.

lain Dunning, Joey Huchette, and Miles Lubin: JuMP: A Modeling Language for Mathematical Optimization. *SIAM Review*, 59(2), 295–320. 2017.

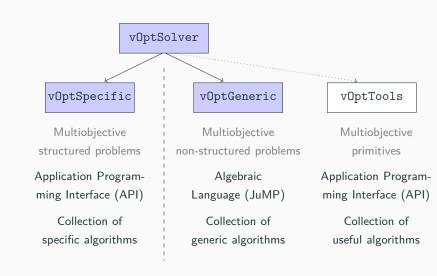


Multi-objective linear optimization problems targeted



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Design of vOptSolver



Using vOptSolver

Two modes:

1. a distant use

- in the cloud with JuliaBox http://juliabox.com

2. a local use

on macOS
 vOptGeneric and vOptSpecific tested on v10.12.5

on linux
 vOptGeneric and vOptSpecific tested on ubuntu 14.04 LTS

on windows
 not tested (vOptGeneric: ready; vOptSpecific: perhaps later...)

vOptSolver has been tested with:

- Julia v0.6
- GLPK v4.62

Example: 2-LAP

$$\begin{bmatrix} \min z^k & = & \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^n c_{ij}^k x_{ij} & k = 1, \dots, 2 \\ s/c & \sum_{i=1}^n x_{ij} = 1 & j = 1, \dots, n \\ & \sum_{j=1}^n x_{ij} = 1 & i = 1, \dots, n \\ x_{ij} = (0, 1) & i = 1, \dots, n \\ & j = 1, \dots, n \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C^1 = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 9 & 0 & 0 & 6 \\ 16 & 0 & 6 & 12 & 19 \\ 2 & 7 & 11 & 15 & 8 \\ 4 & 11 & 7 & 16 & 3 \\ 2 & 5 & 1 & 9 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$C^2 = \begin{pmatrix} 16 & 5 & 6 & 19 & 12 \\ 15 & 7 & 13 & 7 & 7 \\ 1 & 2 & 13 & 2 & 3 \\ 14 & 7 & 8 & 1 & 7 \\ 10 & 10 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$C^{1} = \left(\begin{array}{cccccc} 3 & 9 & 0 & 0 & 6 \\ 16 & 0 & 6 & 12 & 19 \\ 2 & 7 & 11 & 15 & 8 \\ 4 & 11 & 7 & 16 & 3 \\ 2 & 5 & 1 & 9 & 0 \end{array}\right)$$

$$C^2 = \begin{pmatrix} 16 & 5 & 6 & 19 & 12 \\ 15 & 7 & 13 & 7 & 7 \\ 1 & 2 & 13 & 2 & 3 \\ 14 & 7 & 8 & 1 & 7 \\ 10 & 10 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Example: 2-LAP

$$\begin{bmatrix} \min z^k & = & \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^n c^k_{ij} x_{ij} & k = 1, \dots, 2 \\ s/c & \sum_{i=1}^n x_{ij} = 1 & j = 1, \dots, n \\ & \sum_{j=1}^n x_{ij} = 1 & i = 1, \dots, n \\ & \sum_{j=1}^n x_{ij} = 1 & i = 1, \dots, n \\ & x_{ij} = (0, 1) & i = 1, \dots, n \\ & j = 1, \dots, n \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} c_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 9 & 0 & 0 & 6 & 6 \\ 16 & 0 & 6 & 12 & 19 & 6 \\ 2 & 7 & 11 & 15 & 8 & 6 \\ 4 & 11 & 7 & 16 & 3 & 6 \\ 2 & 5 & 1 & 9 & 0 & 6 \\ 2 & 7 & 11 & 15 & 8 & 6 \\ 4 & 11 & 7 & 16 & 3 & 6 \\ 2 & 5 & 1 & 9 & 0 & 6 & 6 \\ 2 & 2 & 7 & 11 & 15 & 8 & 6 \\ 2 & 2 & 5 & 1 & 9 & 0 & 6 & 6 \\ 2 & 2 & 7 & 11 & 15 & 8 & 6 \\ 2 & 2 & 5 & 1 & 9 & 0 & 6 & 6 \\ 2 & 2 & 7 & 11 & 15 & 8 & 6 \\ 2 & 2 & 5 & 1 & 9 & 0 & 6 & 6 \\ 2 & 2 & 7 & 11 & 15 & 8 & 6 \\ 2 & 2 & 5 & 1 & 9 & 0 & 6 & 6 \\ 2 & 2 & 7 & 11 & 15 & 8 & 6 \\ 2 & 2 & 5 & 1 & 9 & 0 & 6 & 6 \\ 2 & 2 & 7 & 11 & 15 & 8 & 6 \\ 2 & 2 & 5 & 1 & 9 & 0 & 6 & 6 \\ 2 & 2 & 7 & 11 & 15 & 8 & 6 \\ 2 & 2 & 5 & 1 & 9 & 0 & 6 & 6 \\ 2 & 2 & 7 & 11 & 15 & 8 & 6 \\ 2 & 2 & 5 & 1 & 9 & 0 & 6 & 6 \\ 2 & 2 & 7 & 11 & 15 & 8 & 6 \\ 2 & 2 & 5 & 1 & 9 & 0 & 6 & 6 \\ 2 & 2 & 7 & 11 & 15 & 8 & 6 \\ 2 & 2 & 5 & 1 & 9 & 0 & 6 & 6 \\ 2 & 2 & 7 & 11 & 15 & 8 & 6 \\ 2 & 2 & 5 & 1 & 9 & 0 & 6 \\ 2 & 2 & 7 & 11 & 15 & 8 & 6 \\ 2 & 2 & 5 & 1 & 9 & 0 & 6 \\ 2 & 2 & 7 & 11 & 15 & 8 & 6 \\ 2 & 2 & 5 & 1 & 9 & 0 & 6 \\ 2 & 2 & 7 & 11 & 15 & 8 & 6 \\ 2 & 2 & 5 & 1 & 9 & 0 & 6 \\ 2 & 2 & 7 & 11 & 15 & 8 & 6 \\ 2 & 2 & 5 & 1 & 9 & 0 & 6 \\ 2 & 2 & 7 & 11 & 15 & 8 & 6 \\ 2 & 2 & 5 & 1 & 9 & 0 & 6 \\ 2 & 2 & 7 & 11 & 15 & 8 & 6 \\ 2 & 2 & 5 & 1 & 9 & 0 & 6 \\ 2 & 2 & 7 & 11 & 15 & 8 & 6 \\ 2 & 2 & 5 & 1 & 9 & 0 & 6 \\ 2 & 2 & 7 & 11 & 15 & 8 & 6 \\ 2 & 2 & 7 & 11 & 15 & 8 & 6 \\ 2 & 2 & 7 & 11 & 15 & 8 & 6 \\ 2 & 2 & 7 & 11 & 15 & 8 & 6 \\ 2 & 2 & 7 & 11 & 15 & 8 & 6 \\ 2 & 2 & 7 & 11 & 15 & 8 & 6 \\ 2 & 2 & 7 & 11 & 15 & 8 & 6 \\ 2 & 2 & 7 & 11 & 15 & 8 & 6 \\ 2 & 2 & 7 & 11 & 15 & 8 & 6 \\ 2 & 2 & 7 & 11 & 15 & 8 & 6 \\ 2 & 2 & 7 & 11 & 15 & 8 & 6 \\ 2 & 2 & 7 & 11 & 15 & 8 & 6 \\ 2 & 2 & 7 & 11 & 15 & 8 & 6 \\ 2 & 2 & 7 & 11 & 15 & 8 & 6 \\ 2 & 2 & 7 & 11 & 15 & 8 & 6 \\ 2 & 2 & 7 & 11 & 15 & 8 & 6 \\ 2 & 2 & 7 & 11 & 15 & 8$$

Example: 2-LAP and vOptSpecific

Algorithm: Two phases

A. Przybylski, X. Gandibleux, and M. Ehrgott. Two phase algorithms for the bi-objective assignment problem. *European Journal of Operational*

Research, 185(2):509-533, 2008.

Routine: algorithm provided in language C

Output: $X_E \subseteq \mathbb{N}^n$, $Y_N \subseteq \mathbb{Z}^2$

Program: 01 using vOptSpecific

```
O2 m = set2LAP(n, C1, C2)
O3 solver = LAP_Przybylski2008()
O4 z1, z2, S = vSolve(m, solver)
```

or simply (using default options)

```
01 using vOptSpecific
02 m = set2LAP( n , C1 , C2 )
03 z1, z2, S = vSolve( m )
```

Example: 2-LAP and vOptGeneric

 ϵ -constraint Algorithm:

MILP:

Y.V. Haimes, L.S. Lasdon, D.A. Wismer: On a bicriterion formation of the problems of integrated system identification and system optimization. IEEE Transactions on Systems. Man and Cybernetics. Volume SMC-1. Issue 3, 296-297, 1971.

GI PK

 $X_F \subset \mathbb{N}^n$, $Y_N \subset \mathbb{Z}^2$ Output:

Program: using vOptGeneric 01

02 using GLPK; using GLPKMathProgInterface

03 m = vModel(solver = GLPKSolverMIP())

@variable(m , x[1:n,1:n] , Bin) 04

05 Qaddobjective(m , Min, sum(C1[i,j]*x[i,j] for i=1:n,j=1:n)

@addobjective(m , Min, sum(C2[i,j]*x[i,j] for i=1:n,j=1:n) 06

@constraint(m , cols[i=1:n], sum(x[i,j] for j=1:n) == 1)

@constraint(m , rows[j=1:n], sum(x[i,j] for i=1:n) == 1)08

09 solve(m , method = :epsilon , step = 0.5)

Example: 2-LAP and vOptGeneric

Algorithm: ϵ -constraint

Y.V. Haimes, L.S. Lasdon, D.A. Wismer: On a bicriterion formation of the problems of integrated system identification and system optimization. *IEEE Transactions on Systems, Man and Cybernetics.* Volume SMC-1,

Issue 3, 296-297, 1971.

MILP: GLPK

Output: $X_E \subseteq \mathbb{N}^n$, $Y_N \subseteq \mathbb{Z}^2$

```
Program: 01 using vOptGeneric
```

- 02 using GLPK; using GLPKMathProgInterface
- 03 m = vModel(solver = GLPKSolverLP())
- 04 @variable(m , x[1:n,1:n] >= 0)
- 05 @addobjective(m , Min, sum(C1[i,j]*x[i,j] for i=1:n,j=1:n)
 - O6 @addobjective(m , Min, sum(C2[i,j]*x[i,j] for i=1:n,j=1:n)
 - 7 Qconstraint(m , cols[i=1:n], sum(x[i,j] for j=1:n) == 1)

 - 09 solve(m , method = :epsilon , step = 0.5)

Performances

Measure of CPUt (s) for 2-LAP when the algorithm is embedded or not:

Computer characteristics: processor intel core i5 6300U 2.40GHz x 2 - RAM: 13Mb - OS: linux ubuntu 14.04 LTS 64 bits

| instance id | Y _N | without vOptSolver | with vOptSpecific | | with vOptGeneric | | |
|--------------|----------------|--------------------|-------------------|---------|------------------|---------|------------|
| | | | | | with GLPK | | with CPLEX |
| | | local | local | distant | local | distant | local |
| 2AP50-1 | 163 | 0,548 | 0,72 | 0,76 | 18,74 | 18,17 | 19,51 |
| 2AP50-1A40 | 216 | 0,94 | 1,116 | 1,19 | 27,28 | 28,2 | 30,27 |
| 2AP50-1A60 | 304 | 0,9 | 1,05 | 15 | 39,86 | 37,85 | 35,89 |
| 2AP50-1A80 | 375 | 1,27 | 1,62 | 14,98 | 47,5 | 50,62 | 43,97 |
| 2AP50-1A100 | 301 | 0,84 | 1,08 | 14,57 | 44,91 | 45,27 | 39,72 |
| sum | | 4,79 | 6,02 | 46,95 | 192,74 | 204,25 | 185,37 |
| ratio | | | 1,25 | 7,79 | | 1,05 | 0,96 |
| 2AP100-1 | 223 | 10,68 | 10,14 | 11,07 | N.A. | N.A. | 89,72 |
| 2AP100-1A40 | 429 | 11,78 | 12,64 | 31,21 | N.A. | N.A. | 150,4 |
| 2AP100-1A60 | 585 | 18,96 | 19,07 | 39,12 | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. |
| 2AP100-1A80 | 845 | 28,39 | 29,26 | 69,92 | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. |
| 2AP100-1A100 | 947 | 26,23 | 32,37 | 72,36 | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. |
| sum | | 96,04 | 103,48 | 223,68 | | | |
| ratio | | | 1,07 | 2,16 | | | |

N.A: not available (timeout of 180s)

- The overcost due to using vOptSpecific is negligible
- In distant mode, the displays on the console are penalizing (verbose to switch off)

Now and Tomorrow

On-going works

In the very short term:

- deliver the functionalities awaited for testing theories and algorithms developed in the framework of the vOpt research project
- integrate all the solving algorithms developed at Nantes by our research group
- collaborate with all colleagues who are willing to contribute to the development of the solver

In the mid term:

- introduce vOptSolver in OR/MCDM courses and seminars, as support for exercices and research projects
- integrate feedbacks of users to enhance the use of vOptSolver,
 release versions incorporating new/improved problems/algorithms
- consider to integrate approximation algorithms, such as multiobjective (meta)heuristics

Follow/join us here

```
Homepage of vOptSolver:
http://voptsolver.github.io/vOptSolver/
  Repository of vOptSolver:
  http://github.com/vOptSolver
  Repository of vOptSpecific:
  http://github.com/vOptSolver/vOptSpecific.jl
  Repository of vOptGeneric:
  http://github.com/vOptSolver/vOptGeneric.jl
  Repository of vOptLib (temporary url):
  http://gitlab.univ-nantes.fr/vopt1/v0ptLib
Contact concerning vOptSolver:
vopt@univ-nantes.fr
Follow vOptSolver on Twitter:
@vOptSolver
Homepage of the ANR/DFG research project "vOpt":
http://vopt-anr-dfg.univ-nantes.fr
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