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Exercise 1 (Computing Disk Space Usage, 6 Points)

- a) The overall size (in bytes) of files in the specified directory, including its complete directory tree (It must return one overall size which include all subdirectories and their subdirectories, etc.)
- b) The overall size (in bytes) of those files (within the same tree) that end in the given file extension.
- c) The percentage of space that is taken up by files with the given extension. Take special care to make your code robust. In particular, when the user specifies a non-existing directory or some other error occurs while traversing it, do not print the above-mentioned information. Instead, output a clear error message that indicates what went wrong. Also take care to correctly deal with empty directories. Include several calls to your function that illustrate its correct behavior in the different cases.

```
In [85]: import os
         def size(directory, file extention):
             file size=0
             directory size = 0
             if not os.path.isdir(directory):
                 raise Exception ("Invalid directory")
             else:
                 for path, dirs, files in os.walk(directory):
                      for file in files:
                          joinn = os.path.join(path, file)
                          directory size += os.path.getsize(joinn)
         # file overall size of files in given extention
                          if file.endswith(file_extention):
                             p=os.path.join(path,file)
                             f size=os.path.getsize(p)
                             file size+=f size
             if directory_size== 0:
                 print('empty directory')
             if file size==0:
                 print('file not exist')
             print('the overall size of directory:',directory_size)
             print('file size in given extention:',file size)
         # find the percentage space taken up by files
             space percentage= file size/directory size*100
             print('space_percentage :',str(space_percentage) + '%')
         size('C:\\Users\\togee\\music','.txt')
```

the overall size of directory: 10424379 file size in given extention: 14920 space_percentage : 0.1431260317760895%

 Write function AtlasDict(input) that takes atlas xml file path and returns the dictionary of index to structural name. For example in "Harvard-Oxford Cortical Structural Atlas", the index of "Postcentral Gyrus" is 16. (8p)

```
In [1]:
    def AtlasDict(inputt):
        with open (inputt,'r') as f:
            lis=[]
            file_split=f.read().split('/')[18:]
        for i in range(len(file_split)):
            file_rep = file_split[i].replace('>','').replace('<','')
            S=file_rep.split('"')
            lis.append(S)
            lis_slic=lis[:-3]
            dictionary={j[1]:j[8] for j in lis_slic}
        return dictionary

print(AtlasDict('C:\\Users\\toqee\\Desktop\\HarvardOxford-Subcortical.xml'))</pre>
```

{'0': 'Left Cerebral White Matter', '1': 'Left Cerebral Cortex ', '2': 'Left La teral Ventrical', '3': 'Left Thalamus', '4': 'Left Caudate', '5': 'Left Putame n', '6': 'Left Pallidum', '7': 'Brain-Stem', '8': 'Left Hippocampus', '9': 'Left Amygdala', '10': 'Left Accumbens', '11': 'Right Cerebral White Matter', '12': 'Right Cerebral Cortex ', '13': 'Right Lateral Ventricle', '14': 'Right Thalamu s', '15': 'Right Caudate', '16': 'Right Putamen', '17': 'Right Pallidum', '18': 'Right Hippocampus', '19': 'Right Amygdala', '20': 'Right Accumbens'}

```
In [2]: print(AtlasDict('C:\\Users\\toqee\\Desktop\\HarvardOxford-Cortical.xml'))
```

{'0': 'Frontal Pole', '1': 'Insular Cortex', '2': 'Superior Frontal Gyrus', '3': 'Middle Frontal Gyrus', '4': 'Inferior Frontal Gyrus, pars triangularis', '5': 'Inferior Frontal Gyrus, pars opercularis', '6': 'Precentral Gyrus', '7': 'Temporal Pole', '8': 'Superior Temporal Gyrus, anterior division', '9': 'Super ior Temporal Gyrus, posterior division', '10': 'Middle Temporal Gyrus, anterior division', '11': 'Middle Temporal Gyrus, posterior division', '12': 'Middle Tem poral Gyrus, temporooccipital part', '13': 'Inferior Temporal Gyrus, anterior d ivision', '14': 'Inferior Temporal Gyrus, posterior division', '15': 'Inferior Temporal Gyrus, temporooccipital part', '16': 'Postcentral Gyrus', '17': 'Super ior Parietal Lobule', '18': 'Supramarginal Gyrus, anterior division', '19': 'Su pramarginal Gyrus, posterior division', '20': 'Angular Gyrus', '21': 'Lateral O ccipital Cortex, superior division', '22': 'Lateral Occipital Cortex, inferior division', '23': 'Intracalcarine Cortex', '24': 'Frontal Medial Cortex', '25': 'Juxtapositional Lobule Cortex (formerly Supplementary Motor Cortex)', '26': 'S ubcallosal Cortex', '27': 'Paracingulate Gyrus', '28': 'Cingulate Gyrus, anteri or division', '29': 'Cingulate Gyrus, posterior division', '30': 'Precuneous Co rtex', '31': 'Cuneal Cortex', '32': 'Frontal Orbital Cortex', '33': 'Parahippoc ampal Gyrus, anterior division', '34': 'Parahippocampal Gyrus, posterior divisi on', '35': 'Lingual Gyrus', '36': 'Temporal Fusiform Cortex, anterior divisio n', '37': 'Temporal Fusiform Cortex, posterior division', '38': 'Temporal Occip ital Fusiform Cortex', '39': 'Occipital Fusiform Gyrus', '40': 'Frontal Opercul um Cortex', '41': 'Central Opercular Cortex', '42': 'Parietal Operculum Corte x', '43': 'Planum Polare', '44': "Heschl's Gyrus (includes H1 and H2)", '45': 'Planum Temporale', '46': 'Supracalcarine Cortex', '47': 'Occipital Pole'}

 Write function summarize(input, output) that takes atlas xml file path and output path and produces a new file that contains the name of

atlas, the short name, structures name and corresponding index and the total number of structural region. (5p)

```
In [3]: def summarize(inputt,output):
            with open (inputt, 'r') as f1:
                 1=[]
                 Slice=f1.read().split('<')[4:7:2]
                 for i in range(len(Slice)):
                     R= Slice[i].replace('/','')
                     new split=R.split('>')
                     1.append(new split)
                     AD=AtlasDict(inputt)
                 with open (output, 'w') as f2:
                     atlx dic={item[0]:item[1] for item in 1}
                     atlx dic.update(AD)
                     atlx dic['number of structures in atlas']=len(AD)
                     x=f2.write(str(atlx dic))
        summarize('C:\\Users\\toqee\\Desktop\\HarvardOxford-Cortical.xml','C:\\Users\\toq
        summarize('C:\\Users\\togee\\Desktop\\HarvardOxford-Subcortical.xml','C:\\Users\\
In [4]: with open('C:\\Users\\toqee\\atlas output2.txt') as output2:
            x=output2.read()
            print(x.replace(',','\n'))
         {'name': 'Harvard-Oxford Subcortical Structural Atlas'
          shortname': 'HOSPA'
          '0': 'Left Cerebral White Matter'
          '1': 'Left Cerebral Cortex '
          '2': 'Left Lateral Ventrical'
          '3': 'Left Thalamus'
          '4': 'Left Caudate'
          '5': 'Left Putamen'
          '6': 'Left Pallidum'
          '7': 'Brain-Stem'
          '8': 'Left Hippocampus'
          '9': 'Left Amygdala'
          '10': 'Left Accumbens'
          '11': 'Right Cerebral White Matter'
          '12': 'Right Cerebral Cortex '
          '13': 'Right Lateral Ventricle'
          '14': 'Right Thalamus'
          '15': 'Right Caudate'
          '16': 'Right Putamen'
          '17': 'Right Pallidum'
          '18': 'Right Hippocampus'
          '19': 'Right Amygdala'
          '20': 'Right Accumbens'
          'number of structures in atlas': 21}
```

```
In [5]: with open('C:\\Users\\togee\\atlas output1.txt') as output1:
            f=output1.read()
            print(f.replace(',','\n'))
        {'name': 'Harvard-Oxford Cortical Structural Atlas'
          'shortname': 'HOCPA'
          '0': 'Frontal Pole'
          '1': 'Insular Cortex'
          '2': 'Superior Frontal Gyrus'
          '3': 'Middle Frontal Gyrus'
          '4': 'Inferior Frontal Gyrus
          pars triangularis'
          '5': 'Inferior Frontal Gyrus
         pars opercularis'
          '6': 'Precentral Gyrus'
          '7': 'Temporal Pole'
          '8': 'Superior Temporal Gyrus
         anterior division'
          '9': 'Superior Temporal Gyrus
         posterior division'
          '10': 'Middle Temporal Gyrus
         anterior division'
          '11': 'Middle Temporal Gyrus
         posterior division'
          '12': 'Middle Temporal Gyrus
         temporooccipital part'
          '13': 'Inferior Temporal Gyrus
         anterior division'
          '14': 'Inferior Temporal Gyrus
         posterior division'
          '15': 'Inferior Temporal Gyrus
         temporooccipital part'
          '16': 'Postcentral Gyrus'
          '17': 'Superior Parietal Lobule'
          '18': 'Supramarginal Gyrus
         anterior division'
          '19': 'Supramarginal Gyrus
         posterior division'
          '20': 'Angular Gyrus'
          '21': 'Lateral Occipital Cortex
         superior division'
          '22': 'Lateral Occipital Cortex
         inferior division'
          '23': 'Intracalcarine Cortex'
          '24': 'Frontal Medial Cortex'
          '25': 'Juxtapositional Lobule Cortex (formerly Supplementary Motor Cortex)'
          '26': 'Subcallosal Cortex'
          '27': 'Paracingulate Gyrus'
          '28': 'Cingulate Gyrus
         anterior division'
          '29': 'Cingulate Gyrus
         posterior division'
          '30': 'Precuneous Cortex'
          '31': 'Cuneal Cortex'
          '32': 'Frontal Orbital Cortex'
          '33': 'Parahippocampal Gyrus
```

```
anterior division'
'34': 'Parahippocampal Gyrus
posterior division'
'35': 'Lingual Gyrus'
'36': 'Temporal Fusiform Cortex
anterior division'
'37': 'Temporal Fusiform Cortex
posterior division'
'38': 'Temporal Occipital Fusiform Cortex'
'39': 'Occipital Fusiform Gyrus'
'40': 'Frontal Operculum Cortex'
'41': 'Central Opercular Cortex'
'42': 'Parietal Operculum Cortex'
'43': 'Planum Polare'
'44': "Heschl's Gyrus (includes H1 and H2)"
'45': 'Planum Temporale'
'46': 'Supracalcarine Cortex'
'47': 'Occipital Pole'
'number of structures in atlas': 48}
```

Exercise 3 (Taylor Series, 6 Points)

- Write a generator function that takes as input x and computes partial sums of the Taylor series shown above. Each new value that is generated should result from adding one more term to the previously computed sum. (4P)
- The Taylor series shown above only converges if |x| < 1. Modify the generator function so that it raises an exception when this condition is violated. When using the function, make sure that you handle this exception by displaying a meaningful error message. (2P)

```
In [91]: def genrator(x):
    if not abs(x)<1:
        raise Exception("Enter the value of x that |x|<1 otherwise this series v
    else:
        partial_sum=1
        i=1
        while True:
            partial_sum+=x**i
            i+=1
            yield partial_sum</pre>

y=genrator(0.8)
print(next(y))
print(next(y))
print(next(y))
```

- 1.8
- 2.44000000000000004
- 2.95200000000000004