

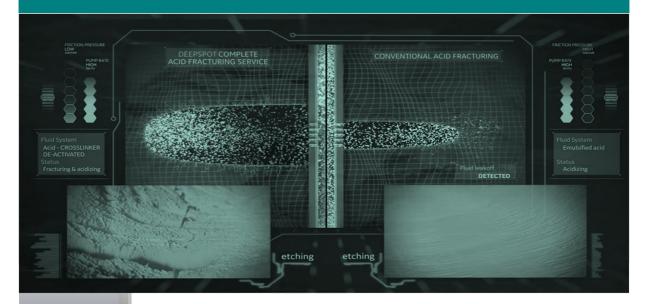


# PT PERTAMINA EP Regional 1 Zona 4

SPA-034 LAP BRF

2333 - 2366 Mtr

15% HCL Matrix Acidizing



## PRESENTED TO

PT PERTAMINA EP Regional 1 Zona 4 Herman Ratnofianto (08117822755) Ayi Yanuardi (082199690030)

## PREPARED BY

Donny Wirawan (08117065533) Nathanael Halawa (081220560263)

## **CONTRACT:**

4650014332

Revision 0 2-Feb-23



# FORMALITIES

# DOCUMENT TITLE

15% HCL Matrix Acidizing - SPA-034

AUTHORIZATION					
	NAME	POSITION	SIGNATURE	DATE	
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PREPARED BY	Nathanael Halawa	Field Engineer	The same of the sa	2-Feb-23	
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	Revision History					
Revision	Date	Section	Remarks			
0	February 2, 2023	All	Initial Proposal			



# WELL INFORMATION SPA-034, PENDOPO

## Revision 0

WELL INFO					
Date	2-Feb-23				
Field	PENDOPO				
Well Name	SPA-034				
Completion Type	Cased Hole				
Formation(s)	LAP BRF				
Treatment Through	Tubing				

PERFORATIONS ZONES					
TOP	BOTTOM	NET			
2333.0 2338.0		5			
2363.0 2366.0		3			
TOTAL NET P	AY (MTR)	8			
GROSS PA	ay interval	33			

COMPLETION DATA				
Casing OD	9.625	inch	Тор Р	
Casing ID	8.681	inch	Botto	
Casing Weight	47.0	lbs/ft	Ave D	
Casing Volume Factor	0.0732	bbl/ft	Gross	
Casing Depth	1486.3	meter	Perm	
			Form	
Liner OD	7.00	inch		
Liner ID	6.28	inch	Testir	
Liner Weight	26.0	lbs/ft	Fluid	
Liner Volume Factor	0.0383	bbl/ft	Oil Pro	
Top of Liner	1433.0	meter	Wate	
Bottom of Liner	2306.0	meter	SBHP	
			PBHP	
Liner OD	4.50	inch	BHST	
Liner ID		inch	Tubin	
Liner Weight		lbs/ft	Casir	
Liner Volume Factor	0.0155	bbl/ft	Produ	
Top of Liner	2249.0	meter		
Bottom of Liner	2333.0	meter		
Tubing OD	2.875	inch	Botto	
Tubing ID	2.44	inch		
Tubing Weight	6.50	lbs/ft	PHyd	
Tubing Volume Factor	0.0058	bbl/ft	Estimo	
ЕОТ	2351	meter	Treati	
Tbg / Csg Annulus Vol Factor	0.0302	bbl/ft (du	al tbg)	

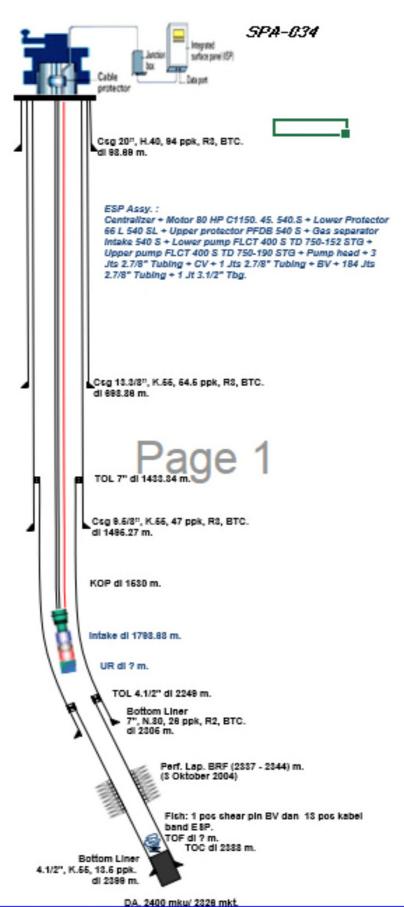
WELL DATA						
Top Pay Zone	2333	meter				
Bottom Pay Zone	2366	meter				
Ave Depth Pay Zone	2350	meter				
Gross Pay Interval	33	meter				
Permeability	2.00	mD				
Formation Porosity	10.0	%				
Testing date	na					
Fluid Production Rate	na	bfpd				
Oil Production Rate	na	bopd				
Water Cut	na	%				
SBHP	3027	psi				
PBHP	na	psi				
BHST	289	deg F				
Tubing Pressure	na	psi				
Casing Pressure	na	psi				
Productivity Index (PI)	na					

PRESSURE	
Bottom Perforation (TVD)	2296.6 mtr
	7535.14 ft
PHyd 15% HCL SG 1.075	3513 psi
Estimate Frac Gradient	0.7 psi/ft
Treating Pressure, No Friction	1762 psi

Total Vertical Depth 2325.7 meter
Measured PBTD Depth (TOC) 2388 meter
Deviation at Perforations 28.23 degrees
Packer (if any) 2328 meter
Short String Depth (if any) na meter
Production Packer na meter
Tubing Volume 44.6 bbl

Vol to Top of Perfs 43.7 bbl
Vol to Bottom of Perfs 45.4 bbl

Annular Csg-Tubing volume 233.2 bbl





## **JOB PROCEDURE**

#### 1. PREPARE WELL FOR STIMULATION

- a Hold SAFETY MEETING
  - brief discussion and review the job program, job objectives, and procedures

    Review material MSDS, PPHA and QHRA / JSA. Fill up on-site JSA for any additional hazard identified on the well site.
  - Discuss within the team if any deviation of the program and need to be communicate with Client representative.
  - Review well site access control, emergency escape route and contingency plan.
  - Discuss about well site layout, equipment spotting and set up
  - Manage personnel roles and responsibilities for :
    - i. Equipment set up
    - ii. Rig up treating line and hoses
    - iii. Chemical handling and mixing
    - iv. High pressure test line and bullhead pumping
- b Prepare BJ lines and set up data monitoring unit.
- c PT PERTAMINA EP Regional 1 Zona 4 will prepare line thru annulus.

#### 2. PRESSURE TEST LINES

- a Verify Maximum treating pressure with company on-site representative. Set Over-Pressure Pop-Off Valves to maximum treating pressure and function test. Adjust and repeat test as necessary. Maximum treating pressure should be at least 500 psi below test pressure.
- b Secure and repair any leak.

#### 3. RUN PACKER

- a Pertamina must run scrapper before run packer.
  - RIH OE with packer. Consist of tailpipe + packer + 2-7/8in tubing. Set end of tailpipe between perforatin at 2350.5 mtr,
- and set packer as close to perforation (around 1-5meter above perforation)

  NOTE: final setting depth for OE & packer will be based on actual well condition.

#### 4. PICKLE TUBING STRING (OPTIONAL IF NECESSARY)

- If you wish to pump tubing pickle before packer is set, please go to step "4A".
- If you do not wish to pump tubing pickle before packer is set, please go to step "4B".

#### **4A. PUMP PICKLE**

a Mix 5 bbl of 15% HCL PICKLE STRING as follow:

			PER JOB	
562 GPT	FRESH WATER		119 GALS	2.8 BBL
4 GPT	CI-41	(Corrosion Inhibitor)	1 GALS	0.02 DRUM
434 GPT	HCL, 32%	(Concentrated Acid)	92 GALS	1.7 DRUM
40 PPTG	FERROTROL 210	(Iron Reducing Agent)	9 LBS	0.2 SACK

- b Pump 5 bbls pickle solution, displace with 38 bbls of completion fluid (pickle will stay inside the tubing).
- c Reverse circulate spent pickle with rig pump. If reverse-circulating is not feasible, overdisplace spent pickle by pumping 90bbls of brine/formation fluid.

#### 4B. SET PACKER

- d Set packer, setting weight as per Pertamina's SOP.
- e Check backside for integrity test by pressure test annulus 200 psi or as per Pertamina's SOP.



#### 5. PREPARE 97 BBL BRINE WATER FOR INJECTIVITY TEST & DISPLACEMENT, AS FOLLOW

				PER JOB	
953	GPT	FRESH WATER		3883 GALS	92.5 BBL
167	GPT	KCL	(Pottasium Chloride)	681 LBS	6.2 SACK
5	GPT	CLAYMASTER-10	(Clay Stabilizer)	21 GALS	0.4 DRUM
5	GPT	NE-118	(Non-Emulsifier)	21 GALS	0.4 DRUM

#### 6. PERFORM INJECTIVITY TEST

a Perform injection rate test as follow (record rate and pressure):

## NOTE Maximum surface treating pressure should not exceed 1762 psi OR as advised by Company Man

TIME	RATE	PRESSURE	VOLUME
	0.25		
	0.5		
	0.5		
	1		
	1.5		
	2		

DO NOT MIX TREATMENT FLUID UNTIL INJECTIVITY IS ESTABLISHED

#### 7. MIXING MAIN TREATMENT FLUID

#### a Mix 78 bbl of 15% HCL Acid

				PER J	ОВ
461	GPT	FRESH WATER		1511 GALS	36.0 BBL
10	GPT	CLAYMASTER-10	(Clay Stabilizer)	33 GALS	0.7 DRUM
5	GPT	HYTEMPO	(Corrosion Inhibitor Inte	17 GALS	0.3 DRUM
10	GPT	NE-118	(Non-Emulsifier)	33 GALS	0.6 DRUM
10	GPT	CI-41	(Corrosion Inhibitor)	33 GALS	0.6 DRUM
20	GPT	NE-32	(Surfactant)	66 GALS	1.3 DRUM
50	GPT	US-40	(Mutual Solvent)	164 GALS	3.0 DRUM
50	PPTG	FERROTROL 210	(Iron Reducing Agent)	164 LBS	3.3 SACK
50	PPTG	FERROTROL 300	(Iron Chelating Agent)	164 LBS	3.0 SACK
434	GPT	HCL, 32%	(Concentrated Acid)	1422 GALS	25.9 DRUM

#### 8. PUMPING STAGE

Depend on pumping pressure during injectivity result:

- If pumping pressure <u>BELOW</u> maximum allowable pumping pressure, please go to step "8A".
- If pumping pressure ABOVE maximum allowable pumping pressure, please go to step "8B".

b Once injectivity test completed, standby for mixing fluid.



## 8A. Pumping pressure BELOW maximum allowable pumping pressure

- a. With packer position is **SET**.
- b. Open master valve.
- c. Pump fluid with optimum rate possible without exceed pressure limit, as per schedule below.

			FLUID V	FLUID						
	STEP	FLUID SYSTEM	BBL GALON		RATE					
1	Main Acid	15% HCL Acid	78	3276	1 - 2					
2	Acid Overflush	Brine	21	872	1 - 2					
3	Displace	Brine	45	1908	1 - 2					
	STOP PUMP. SHUT IN WELL, SOAKING FORMATION FOR 1 HOUR									

## 8B. Pumping pressure ABOVE maximum allowable pumping pressure

- a. With packer position is **UNSET**.
- b. Open master valve.
- c. Pump fluid with optimum rate possible without exceed pressure limit, as per schedule below.

	STEP	FLUID SYSTEM	FLUID V	FLUID	
	SILF	TEOID STSTEM	BBL	GALON	RATE
1	Main Acid	15% HCL Acid	44	1833	1 - 2
2	Displace 1bbl to flush acid from line. At this stage, acid in the tip of OE	Brine	1	42	1-2
3	Break 2in line on floor.	N/A	0	0	0
4	Set packer & test packer as per Pertamina's SOP	N/A	0	0	0
5	Connect 2in line on floor.	N/A	0	0	0
6	Continue pump acid with hesitation mode	15% HCL Acid	34	1443	1-2
7	Over Flush	Brine	21	872	1 - 2
8	Displace	Brine	45	1908	1 - 2
	STOP PUMP. SHUT IN W	/ELL, SOAKING FORMATION FOR 1 H	OUR.		

NOTES: - CHECK MAXIMUM PRESSURE ALLOWED FROM COMPANY REP ON LOCATION OR MAXIMUM STP 1762 PSI

- IF DURING PUMPING ACID, SURFACE PRESSURE INDICATING DECREASE, INCREASE PUMP RATE FOR BETTER ACID PENETRATING LENGTH. BUT PLEASE KEEP MONITORING MAXIMUM PRESSURE.

- d Stop pumping. Job complete.
- 9. JOB COMPLETE, RIG DOWN Treating Line and prepare for moved out.



## **INTERVALS**

Net Interval	26	ft MD
Gross Interval	108	ft MD

VOLUMES	Gal	bbls	Gal/ft
15% HCL Pickle String	210	5	N/A
Brine	3620	86	N/A
15% HCL Acid	3255	78	125
Over Flush	872	21	34

<sup>\*</sup> Excluding Tank Bottom
\* Excluding Tank Bottom

\* Excluding Tank Bottom

## DEPTH PENETRATION OF RADIAL FLOW

Perforated Interval	26	feet
Wellbore Diameter	6.500	inch
Ave. Porosity (10% = 0.1)	0.10	
Irreducible Sw	0.1%	

Desired depth penetration	7.0	ft
Volume Injected	3255	gal

## **OVERFLUSH CALCULATION**

Desired depth penetration	3.5	ft
Volume Injected	872	gal

## **FLUSH VOLUME**

Size	Tubing 2.875	CT 1.5in
Factor	0.0058	
EOT	7712 ft	
Volume	44.7 bbl	

## MATERIAL REQUIREMENT AND COST

15% HCL PICKLE STRING	5	BBL					
Additive	Concentration		Total		Cost		Price
FRESH WATER	562	GPT	119	GALS	\$	-	\$ -
CI-41	4	GPT	1	GALS	\$	45.36	\$ 45.36
HCL, 32%	434	GPT	92	GALS	\$	1.62	\$ 149.04
FERROTROL 210	40	PPTG	9	LBS	\$	6.90	\$ 62.10
					Tota	al	\$ 256.50

BRINE 97 BBL * Incl			* Includ	* Including Tank Bottom 10 bbls					
Additive	Conce	Concentration		Total		Cost		Price	
FRESH WATER	953	GPT	3883	GALS	\$	-	\$	-	
KCL	167	PPTG	681	LBS	\$	0.39	\$	265.59	
CLAYMASTER-10	5	GPT	21	GALS	\$	17.01	\$	357.21	
NE-118	5	GPT	21	GALS	\$	9.07	\$	190.47	
					Tota	ı	\$	813.27	



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7.5	7 V I		v		u

15% HCL ACID	78	BBL	* Excluding Tank Bottom					
Additive	Conce	ntration	To	otal	tal Cost			Price
FRESH WATER	461	GPT	1511	GALS	\$	-	\$	-
CLAYMASTER-10	10	GPT	33	GALS	\$	17.01	\$	561.33
НҮТЕМРО	5	GPT	17	GALS	\$	13.88	\$	235.96
NE-118	10	GPT	33	GALS	\$	9.07	\$	299.31
CI-41	10	GPT	33	GALS	\$	45.36	\$	1,496.88
NE-32	20	GPT	66	GALS	\$	11.75	\$	775.50
US-40	50	GPT	164	GALS	\$	13.56	\$	2,223.84
FERROTROL 210	50	PPTG	164	LBS	\$	6.90	\$	1,131.60
FERROTROL 300	50	PPTG	164	LBS	\$	0.98	\$	160.72
HCL, 32%	434	GPT	1422	GALS	\$	1.62	\$	2,303.64
		-	•		Tot	al	\$	9,188.78

## **SODA ASH**

Additive	Total	Cost	Price
SODA ASH	1100 LBS	\$ 1.00	\$ 1,100.00

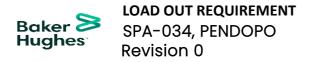
Total Material Price	\$	11,358.55
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## **EQUIPMENT AND PERSONNEL COSTS**

SERVICE CHARGE	Qty	Unit	Cost	Price
ACIDIZING / STIMULASI	1	Job	\$ 15,000.00	\$ 15,000.00

Equipment & Personnel Charge	\$	15,000.00
1-4	τ	,

Total Estimated Price For Products And Services For:	Φ.	00.050.55	
SPA-034	Þ	26,358.55	



MATERIAL	QUANTITY	UNIT PACKING	
FRESH WATER	5513 GALS	42 GALS/BBL	132 BBLS
KCL	681 LBS	110 LBS/SACK	7 SACKS
CLAYMASTER-10	54 GALS	50 GALS/DRUM	2 DRUMS
NE-118	54 GALS	55 GALS/DRUM	1 DRUMS
CI-41	34 GALS	55 GALS/DRUM	1 DRUMS
NE-32	66 GALS	55 GALS/DRUM	2 DRUMS
PARAVAN 25S	0 GALS	55 GALS/DRUM	0 DRUMS
US-40	164 GALS	55 GALS/DRUM	3 DRUMS
FERROTROL 210	173 LBS	50 LBS/SACK	4 SACKS
FERROTROL 300	164 LBS	55 LBS/SACK	3 SACKS
HCL, 32%	1514 GALS	55 GALS/DRUM	28 DRUMS
SODA ASH	1100 LBS	55 LBS/SACK	10 SACKS

TOTAL LOAD OUT

37 DRUMS

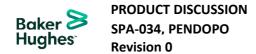
24 SACKS

0 MEGAS

INPUT EXCESS 0%

ESTIMATED PACKING LIST

11 PALLETS + 0 MEGATAINERS



MATERIAL	DESCRIPTION
FRESH WATER	
KCL	(Potassium chloride) - Often used as the base salt for completion fluids. Do not use KCl as an overflush behind an HF acid system. It can be used as the final displacement fluid IF an NH4Cl fluid has already been used behind the HF acid system.
CLAYMASTER-10	(Clay stabilizer) - Clay stabilizing agent used to protect water sensitive formations against permeability damage. It can generally be used in any treatment fluid to prevent formation clay swelling and migration. At times it can work as a non-emulsifier in stimulation fluids to help reduce emulsion tendencies and/or break emulsions that can occur when acid and oil come in contact with each other. Non-emulsion testing should be performed when combining anionic surfactants with Clatrol.
NE-118	(Nonionic) - Non-emulsifier used in stimulation fluids to help reduce emulsion tendencies and/or break emulsions that can occur when acid and oil come in contact with each other. Water wets sandstone and limestone.
CI-41	(Corrosion Inhibitor) - An acid corrosion inhibitor for all temperatures up to 350°F. Recommended when the patented BJ Services Sandstone Acid is used. Effective in all concentrations of HCI or HCI-HF acid formulations.
NE-32	(Surfactant) - Anti-sludge agent and non-emulsifier used in stimulation fluids to help reduce sludging and emulsion tendencies and/or break emulsions that can occur when acid and oil come in contact with each other.
US-40	(EGMBE - nonionic) - Mutual solvent (soluble in hydrocarbon and aqueous phases) giving high water wettability in limestone and sandstones and good reduction in surface and interfacial tension. Also can be very beneficial in helping to reduce or prevent downhole emulsions.
FERROTROL 210	(Erythorbic acid) – A sodium free iron control product used as a Ferric iron reducing agent in acidizing work. Very effective in preventing asphaltene sludging and downhole emulsions. Especially useful when performing sandstone acid jobs utilizing HF (hydrofluoric) acid because it minimizes secondary precipitates in combination with HF acid. Can also be used in HCl, HCl-HF and acetic acids. Remains effective above 200°F. Can help reduce flowback emulsion upsets.
FERROTROL 300	(Citric acid) - Utilized as an iron chelating agent when acidizing. It can be used in HCl, HCl-HF and acetic acids. At temperatures above 200 oF it is recommended that a combination of Ferrotrol 300 and other Ferrotrol agents be used.
HCL, 32%	(Hydrochloric Acid) - Inorganic acid commonly used in well stimulation treatments. Very useful in carbonate formation because of it's high solubility. Also useful in removing carbonate and other types of scale. In sandstone formations it is often used as a preflush (often as a afterflush) in front of (and behind) HCI-HF acid treatments to remove calcium carbonate material prior to the mud acid contacting it. HCl is generally very non-reactive with sandstone (quartz).