

Software Requirement Specification

Department of Computer Science

Game name

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1 Revision History

- Version 1.0
 - Initial release of the software.
- Version 1.1
 - Bug fixes and performance improvements.
- Version 1.2
 - Added new feature XYZ.
 - Improved user interface.

2 Introduction and Background

You are required to write a brief introduction of your project and provide background. In this section you should provide the context and initial knowledge of the domain. You should also highlight the significance of problem and provide motivation behind the work being done.

2.1 Problem Statement

<Provide a short description of the software being specified.>

2.2 Background

< Describe the domain.>

2.3 Scope

<Describe the scope of the product that is covered by this SRS.>

2.4 Objectives

<List all the objectives to be achieved after the completion of this project.>

2.5 Challenges

2.6 Learning Outcomes

2.7 Nature of End Product

2.8 Completeness Criteria

<State the criteria that if fulfilled will let evaluators consider the project as complete>

2.9 Business Goals

<List all the business/corporate goals addressed by this software.>

2.10 Literature Review

2.11 Document Conventions

<Describe any standards or typographical conventions that were followed when writing this SRS, such as fonts or highlighting that have special significance. For example, state whether italicized nouns represent external systems.>

3 Game Overview

3.1 Game Concept

<This section should provide a short summary or description of the game. Imagine you are 'pitching' the game to a friend while riding on an elevator. How would you describe the game in one minute or less? Why would they want to play it? What makes it sound fun and engaging?>

3.2 Genre

<This section should describe the genre of the game. Popular genres include action, adventure, sports, strategy, puzzle, racing and role-playing. Is the game a mix of genres (e.g. action-adventure or a clever combination that's never been tried before)? Or maybe you have created an entirely new genre.>

3.3 Target Audience

<Great game designers always design their games with a specific audience in mind, and this section should describe that audience. For example, are you designing your game for young kids, older kids, adults? Boys, girls or both? Is the game designed for hard-core players who like deep, highly challenging games or casual players who like to play a little bit each day?>

3.4 Platform

<Is the game designed to be played on a game console? A mobile device? The web? A good game design targets a specific platform and uses the capabilities of that platform to its advantage. Doing a 3D first person action game in a web browser is hard (but not impossible!), and you can't count on your players having access to a joystick if they're going to be playing on a smartphone.>

3.5 Look and Feel

<This section should describe the look and feel of the game. Where does the game take place: in the real world? A fantasy world? Space? Underground? In the past? In the future? Is the game a 2D world? A 3D World? What does the art look and feel like: is it gritty and realistic, beautiful and fantastical or something else? Many GDD's include drawings or graphics to illustrate the visual concept.>

3.6 Characters and Storyline (if applicable)

<Not every game needs characters and stories - for example, many puzzle games don't have them, but if your game does, this section should describe them. Does the player have an avatar? Does the character get help from other players? Are there non-playing characters (NPCs) or other live players (for example, in a multiplayer game) Are there enemies? Does the game have a story? Is there a fictional world or setting for the game that we should know something about?</p>

- Character #1
- - Back story
 - Personality
 - Look
 - Physical characteristics
 - Animations
 - Special Abilities
 - Relevance to game story
 - Relationship to other characters>

4 Gameplay and Mechanics

The gameplay of our game revolves around a unique set of mechanics that provide an immersive and engaging experience for the players. In this section, we will discuss the key gameplay elements and mechanics that make our game stand out.

4.1 Objective

The main objective of the game is to complete various challenging levels by overcoming obstacles, solving puzzles, and defeating enemies. Players will need to use their skills, strategy, and quick thinking to progress through the game.

4.2 Character Abilities

Our game features a diverse range of characters, each with their own unique abilities and skills. Players can choose their preferred character and utilize their abilities to overcome different challenges in the game. Whether it's a powerful attack, a special ability to manipulate the environment, or a skill to heal and support teammates, each character brings a distinct playstyle to the game.

4.3 Level Design

The levels in our game are meticulously designed to provide a balanced and enjoyable experience for the players. Each level presents a new set of challenges, puzzles, and enemies that require players to think creatively and adapt their strategies. The level design incorporates both linear and non-linear paths, offering multiple ways to approach and complete objectives.

4.4 Progression System

To keep players engaged and motivated, our game features a progression system that rewards them for their achievements and progress. As players complete levels, they earn experience points, unlock new abilities, and discover hidden treasures. This progression system adds depth and replayability to the game, encouraging players to explore and master different gameplay mechanics.

4.5 Optional Figures



Figure 1: Example of a challenging level



Figure 2: Different characters with unique abilities

The figures above showcase some examples of the gameplay and mechanics in our game. Figure 1 demonstrates a challenging level with various obstacles and enemies. Figure 2 showcases different characters with their unique abilities. Finally, Figure 3 illustrates the rewards players can earn through the progression system.



Figure 3: Progression system rewards

5 Functional Requirements

5.1 User Authentication

The system shall provide user authentication functionality to ensure that only authorized users can access the system. This functionality should include the following requirements:

- The system shall allow users to create an account by providing a unique username and password.
- The system shall store user credentials securely to protect against unauthorized access.
- The system shall provide a login page where users can enter their credentials to access the system.
- The system shall enforce password complexity rules, such as minimum length and the use of alphanumeric characters.
- The system shall support password recovery options, such as email verification or security questions.

5.2 Data Management

The system shall provide functionality for managing data. This functionality should include the following requirements:

- The system shall allow users to create, read, update, and delete data records.
- The system shall enforce data validation rules to ensure the integrity and consistency of the data.
- The system shall provide search and filtering capabilities to allow users to find specific data records.
- The system shall support data import and export functionality to facilitate data exchange with other systems.

5.3 Reporting

The system shall provide reporting functionality to allow users to generate and view reports based on the stored data. This functionality should include the following requirements:

- The system shall provide predefined report templates for common use cases.
- The system shall allow users to customize report templates or create new ones.
- The system shall support exporting reports in various formats, such as PDF or Excel.
- The system shall provide options for scheduling and automating report generation.



Figure 4: Example figure 1



Figure 5: Example figure 2

6 Nonfunctional Requirements

6.1 Performance

The system should be able to handle a large number of concurrent users without significant degradation in response time. To achieve this, the backend server should be optimized for efficient data processing and the database should be properly indexed for quick retrieval of information.

6.2 Reliability

The system should have a high level of reliability to ensure that it is available and functional at all times. This can be achieved by implementing fault-tolerant mechanisms such as redundant servers, backup systems, and automated error detection and recovery.

6.3 Security

The system should have robust security measures in place to protect sensitive user data and prevent unauthorized access. This includes implementing secure authentication and authorization mechanisms, encrypting data in transit and at rest, and regularly updating and patching any security vulnerabilities.

6.4 Scalability

The system should be designed to handle increasing amounts of data and user traffic without sacrificing performance. This can be achieved by using scalable infrastructure components such as cloud services, load balancing, and horizontal scaling techniques.

6.5 Usability

The system should be intuitive and easy to use, even for users with limited technical knowledge. This can be achieved by following established user interface design principles, conducting user testing and feedback sessions, and providing clear and concise documentation.

6.6 Maintainability

The system should be designed in a modular and extensible manner to facilitate future enhancements and maintenance. This includes writing clean and well-documented code, using version control systems, and adhering to coding best practices and standards.

6.7 Compatibility

The system should be compatible with a wide range of devices, operating systems, and web browsers. This can be achieved by following web standards, using responsive design techniques, and conducting compatibility testing on different platforms.

6.8 Accessibility

The system should be accessible to users with disabilities, conforming to accessibility guidelines such as WCAG 2.0. This includes providing alternative text for images, using proper heading structures, and ensuring keyboard navigation support.

6.9 Legal and Regulatory Compliance

The system should comply with relevant laws, regulations, and industry standards. This includes data protection and privacy laws, intellectual property rights, and any specific regulations applicable to the domain of the system.

6.10 Performance

The system should be able to handle a large number of concurrent users without significant degradation in response time. To achieve this, the backend server should be optimized for efficient data processing and the database should be properly indexed for quick retrieval of information.

7 Other Requirements

7.1 User Interface Mockups

Here are some user interface mockups for the system.



Figure 6: Mockup 1: Login Screen

7.2 Performance Requirements

The system should be able to handle a minimum of 1000 concurrent users without any significant degradation in performance. Response time for common operations should be less than 1 second.



Figure 7: Mockup 2: Dashboard

7.3 Security Requirements

The system should implement secure authentication and authorization mechanisms to protect user data. Passwords should be stored securely using industry-standard encryption algorithms.

7.4 Availability Requirements

The system should have a minimum uptime of 99.9

7.5 Documentation Requirements

The system should have comprehensive documentation that includes installation instructions, user guides, and API documentation.

7.6 Legal Requirements

The system should comply with all applicable laws and regulations, including data protection and privacy laws.

7.7 Training Requirements

The system should be intuitive and easy to use, requiring minimal training for end users. However, a training program should be provided to administrators and support staff to ensure they can effectively manage and troubleshoot the system.

7.8 Localization Requirements

The system should support multiple languages and provide localization options for date formats, currency symbols, and other region-specific settings.

7.9 Usability Requirements

The system should have a clean and intuitive user interface, with consistent navigation and clear error messages. It should be accessible to users with disabilities, following WCAG 2.0 guidelines.

7.10 Compatibility Requirements

The system should be compatible with modern web browsers (Chrome, Firefox, Safari, Edge) and mobile devices (iOS, Android).

7.11 Scalability Requirements

The system should be designed to scale horizontally, allowing for easy addition of new servers to handle increased load. It should also support vertical scaling by utilizing resources efficiently.

7.12 Maintainability Requirements

The system should be modular and well-documented, allowing for easy maintenance and future enhancements. Code should follow best practices and be thoroughly tested.

7.13 Support Requirements

The system should have a dedicated support team to address user inquiries and provide timely assistance. Support should be available during business hours and include a ticketing system for issue tracking.

7.14 Backup and Recovery Requirements

The system should have regular backups of data to prevent data loss in case of hardware failure or other disasters. A recovery plan should be in place to restore the system to a functional state in the event of a failure.

7.15 Performance Monitoring Requirements

The system should have performance monitoring tools in place to track system metrics, identify bottlenecks, and optimize performance as needed.

7.16 Third-Party Integrations

The system should be able to integrate with external systems, such as payment gateways, email services, and CRM systems, as required by the business.

7.17 Testing Requirements

The system should undergo thorough testing, including unit tests, integration tests, and user acceptance testing, to ensure its functionality and reliability.

7.18 Deployment Requirements

The system should have a well-defined deployment process, including version control, continuous integration, and automated deployment pipelines.

7.19 Change Management Requirements

The system should have a change management process in place to handle updates, bug fixes, and new feature releases. Changes should be properly documented and tested before being deployed to production.

8 Revised Project Plan

9 References

- John Doe, "A Comprehensive Guide to LaTeX", Publisher, 2021.
- Jane Smith, "Mastering LaTeX: Tips and Tricks", Another Publisher, 2022.
- David Johnson, "LaTeX for Beginners", Yet Another Publisher, 2023.

10 Appendix A: Glossary

10.1 Term 1

Definition of term 1 goes here.

10.2 Term 2

Definition of term 2 goes here.

10.3 Term 3

Definition of term 3 goes here.

11 Appendix B: IV & V Report