Dokumentasi Layanan API

Ujian Tengah Semester (UTS)

Dosen Pengampu:

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Mata Kuliah / Kelas : Web Service / A1

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API DOCUMENTATION

Parking Management System)

ParkingManS is a system to manage parking transactions (booking and payments) for a company that will make their customer's life easier by just processing the booking of parking through the online platform.

BASE URL (Server)

```
http://falahrafi-webservice.my.id/api/v1
```

VEHICLE OWNER

Find all vehicle owners

GET /veh

/vehicle_owners

Find vehicle owner by ID

```
GET /vehicle_owners/{id}
```

• {id} is the ID of the vehicle owner that you want to find. For example: 1

Response:

```
"data": {
   "id": 1,
   "username": "alia69",
   "password": "$2y$10$7EM0oro5Y3G3Rz8lePj5TuI6sJXsXrq/q4vhEeIfMo3/MMqU1iFOa",
   "fullname": "Brycen Block III",
   "avatar": "images/avatar/716549.jpg",
   "contact": "087929488672",
   "email": "hane.brooklyn@hotmail.com"
}
```

Filtering vehicle owners

```
/vehicle_owners?username[eq]=flatley.amie
```

- You can replace **username** with other fields, such as **fullname**, **email**, etc.
- You can replace **flatley.amie** with the value that you want to find.
- Supported operators:
 - id : **[eq]**
 - username : [eq], [s]
 - password : -
 - fullname : [eq], [s]
 - avatar:-
 - contact : [eq], [s]
 - email : [eq], [s]
- Operator map:
 - **[eq]** : equal (=)
 - **[s]**: search (LIKE)

Response:

Add a new vehicle owner

POST

/vehicle_owners

Request body:

```
{
    "username": "mfalahabdurrafi",
    "password": "cOBa123#",
    "fullname": "Muhammad Falah Abdurrafi",
    "avatar": "/images/avatar/321654.jpg",
    "contact": "085112233445",
    "email": "mfalahabdurrafi@gmail.com"
}
```

Response:

3

• It will return the value of the primary key of the newly added vehicle owner.

Update some field of a vehicle owner

PATCH /vehicle_owners/{id}

• {id} is the ID of the vehicle owner that you want to update. For example: 3

Request body:

```
{
    "email": "mfalahabdurrafi@yahoo.com"
}
```

Response:

1

• This adjusts the email of the vehicle owner. And the return value is the number of rows that are set.

Update all fields of a vehicle owner

PUT

/vehicle_owners/{id}

• {id} is the ID of the vehicle owner that you want to update. For example: 3

Request body:

```
{
    "username": "michaelmorgan",
    "password": "cOBa321#",
    "fullname": "Michael Morgan",
    "avatar": "/images/avatar/654321.jpg",
    "contact": "081111111111",
    "email": "michaelmorgan@protonmail.com"
}
```

Response:

1

• This adjusts all fields of the vehicle owner. And the return value is the number of rows that are set.

Delete a vehicle owner

```
DELETE /vehicle_owners/{id}
```

• {id} is the ID of the vehicle owner that you want to delete. For example: 1

Response:

1

• It will return the number of deleted rows.

VEHICLE CATEGORIES

Find all vehicle categories

GET

/vehicle_categories

Response:

Find vehicle category by ID

GET /vehicle_categories/{id}

• {id} is the ID of the vehicle category that you want to find. For example: 1

Response:

```
{
  "data": {
    "id": 1,
    "categoryName": "Car"
  }
}
```

VEHICLES

Find all vehicles

GET

/vehicles

```
{
  "data": [
      {
          "id": 1,
          "vehicleCategoryId": 2,
          "plateNumber": "P 1139 RVO",
          "description": "Et provident aut eos asperiores hic molestiae
aspernatur.",
          "image": "images/vehicles/642335.jpg",
          "vehicleOwnerId": 1
     },
     {
          "id": 2,
          "vehicleCategoryId": 1,
          "plateNumber": "K 7026 EFU",
          "description": "Nihil nostrum ea qui a.",
          "image": "images/vehicles/673242.jpg",
          "vehicleOwnerId": 2
     }
     [
}
```

Find vehicle by ID

GET /vehicles/{id}

• {id} is the ID of the vehicle that you want to find. For example: 1

Response:

```
{
  "data": {
    "id": 1,
    "vehicleCategoryId": 2,
    "plateNumber": "P 1139 RVO",
    "description": "Et provident aut eos asperiores hic molestiae aspernatur.",
    "image": "images/vehicles/642335.jpg",
    "vehicleOwnerId": 1
  }
}
```

Filtering vehicle

GET /vehicles?vehicleCategoryId[eq]=1

- You can replace **vehicleCategoryId** with other fields, such as **plateNumber**, **vehicleOwnerId**, etc.
- You can replace 1 with the value that you want to find.
- <u>Supported operators:</u>
 - id: [eq]
 - vehicleCategoryId: [eq]
 - plateNumber : [eq], [s]
 - description : [eq], [s]
 - image : -
 - vehicleOwnerId : [eq]
- Operator map:
 - [eq] : equal (=)
 - **[s]**: search (LIKE)

```
{
```

Add a new vehicle

POST

/vehicles

Request body:

```
"vehicleCategoryId": 1,
   "plateNumber": "B 9919 XYZ",
   "description": "Toyota Avanza, warna putih",
   "image": "/images/vehicles/876241.jpg",
   "vehicleOwnerId": 3
}
```

Response:

3

• It will return the value of the primary key of the newly added vehicle.

Update some field of a vehicle

PATCH

/vehicles/{id}

• {id} is the ID of the vehicle that you want to update. For example: 1

Request body:

```
{
    "plateNumber": "AD 1234 EFG"
```

```
}
```

Response:

• This adjusts the plate number of the vehicle. And the return value is the number of rows that are set.

Update all fields of a vehicle

PUT

/vehicles/{id}

• {id} is the ID of the vehicle that you want to update. For example: 3

Request body:

```
{
   "vehicleCategoryId": 2,
   "plateNumber": "B 9919 XYZ",
   "description": "Honda Vario 125",
   "image": "/images/vehicles/876241.jpg",
   "vehicleOwnerId": 3
```

Response:

• This adjusts all fields of the vehicle. And the return value is the number of rows that are set.

Delete a vehicle

DELETE /vehicles/{id}

• {id} is the ID of the vehicle that you want to delete. For example: 1

• It will return the number of deleted rows.

PARKING SLOT STATUSES

Find all parking slot statuses

```
GET /parking_slot_statuses
```

Response:

Find parking slot status by ID

```
GET /parking_slot_statuses/{id}
```

• {id} is the ID of the parking slot status that you want to find. For example: 1

```
{
  "data": {
    "id": 1,
    "statusName": "Occupied"
  }
}
```

PARKING SLOTS

Find all parking slots

```
GET /parking_slots
```

Response:

Find parking slot by ID

```
GET /parking_slots/{id}
```

• {id} is the ID of the parking slot that you want to find. For example: 1

```
{
  "data": {
    "id": 1,
    "slotNumber": 1,
    "statusId": 2
  }
}
```

Filtering parking slot

GET /parking_slots?slotNumber[eq]=1

- You can replace **slotNumber** with other fields, such as **statusId**.
- You can replace 1 with the value that you want to find.
- <u>Supported operators:</u>
 - id:[eq]
 - slotNumber : [eq]
 - statusId : [eq]
- Operator map:
 - **[eq]** : equal (=)
 - [s] : search (LIKE)

Response:

```
{
   "data": [
      {
         "id": 1,
         "slotNumber": 1,
         "statusId": 2
      }
   [
}
```

Add a new parking slot

POST

/parking_slots

Request body:

```
{
    "slotNumber": 3,
    "statusId": 0
}
```

Response:

3

• It will return the value of the primary key of the newly added parking slot.

Update some field of a parking slot

```
PATCH /parking_slots/{id}
```

• {id} is the ID of the parking slot that you want to update. For example: 1

Request body:

```
{
    "statusId": 1
}
```

Response:

1

• This adjusts the status ID of the parking slot. And the return value is the number of rows that are set.

Update all fields of a parking slot

```
PUT /parking_slots/{id}
```

• {id} is the ID of the parking slot that you want to update. For example: 3

Request body:

```
{
    "slotNumber": 4,
    "statusId": 2
}
```

Response:

1

• This adjusts all fields of the parking slot. And the return value is the number of rows that are set.

Delete a parking slot

```
DELETE /parking_slots/{id}
```

• {id} is the ID of the parking slot that you want to delete. For example: 1

Response:

```
1
```

• It will return the number of deleted rows.

BOOKING STATUSES

Find all booking statuses

GET /booking_statuses

```
}
```

Find booking status by ID

```
GET /booking_statuses/{id}
```

• {id} is the ID of the booking status that you want to find. For example: 1

Response:

```
{
  "data": {
    "id": 1,
    "statusName": "Approved"
  }
}
```

BOOKINGS

Find all bookings

GET

/bookings

```
{
  "data": [
      {
          "id": 1,
          "vehicleOwnerId": 1,
          "vehicleId": 1,
          "parkingSlotId": 1,
          "duration": 5,
          "statusId": 4
      },
      {
          "id": 2,
          "vehicleOwnerId": 2,
          "vehicleId": 2,
          "vehicleId": 2,
```

```
"parkingSlotId": 2,
    "duration": 48,
    "statusId": 1
    }
    [
}
```

Find booking by ID

GET /bookings/{id}

• {id} is the ID of the booking that you want to find. For example: 1

Response:

```
{
  "data": {
    "id": 1,
    "vehicleOwnerId": 1,
    "vehicleId": 1,
    "parkingSlotId": 1,
    "duration": 5,
    "statusId": 4
  }
}
```

Filtering booking

```
GET /bookings?duration[gt]=24
```

- You can replace duration with other fields, such as vehicleOwnerId, statusId, etc.
- You can replace 24 with the value that you want to find.
- Supported operators:
 - id : **[eq]**
 - vehicleOwnerId: [eq]
 - vehicleId: [eq]
 - parkingSlotId : [eq]
 - duration : [eq], [lt], [lte], [gt], [gte]
 - statusId: [eq]

Operators map:

```
- [eq] : equal (=)
```

- **[It]** : lower than (<)

- [Ite]: lower than or equal (<=)

- [gt] : greater than (>)

- [gte]: greater than or equal (>=)

Response:

```
{
  "data": [
      {
         "id": 2,
         "vehicleOwnerId": 2,
         "vehicleId": 2,
         "parkingSlotId": 2,
         "duration": 48,
         "statusId": 1
      }
  [
}
```

Add a new booking

POST

/bookings

Request body:

```
{
  "vehicleOwnerId": 3,
  "vehicleId": 3,
  "parkingSlotId": 3,
  "duration": 72,
  "statusId": 0
}
```

Response:

3

• It will return the value of the primary key of the newly added booking.

Update some field of a booking

PATCH

/bookings/{id}

• {id} is the ID of the booking that you want to update. For example: 1

Request body:

```
{
    "statusId": 1
}
```

Response:

1

• This adjusts the status ID of the booking. And the return value is the number of rows that are set.

Update all fields of a booking

PUT

/bookings/{id}

• {id} is the ID of the booking that you want to update. For example: 3

Request body:

```
{
  "vehicleOwnerId": 3,
  "vehicleId": 3,
  "parkingSlotId": 3,
  "duration": 24,
  "statusId": 1
}
```

Response:

1

• This adjusts all fields of the booking. And the return value is the number of rows that are set.

Delete a booking

DELETE /bookings/{id}

• {id} is the ID of the booking that you want to delete. For example: 1

Response:

1

• It will return the number of deleted rows.

PAYMENT STATUSES

Find all payment statuses

GET

/payment_statuses

Find payment status by ID

```
GET /payment_statuses/{id}
```

• {id} is the ID of the payment status that you want to find. For example: 1

Response:

```
{
   "data": {
     "id": 1,
     "statusName": "Completed"
   }
}
```

PAYMENTS

Find all payments

GET

/payments

```
"data": [
    "id": 1,
    "bookingId": 1,
    "amount": 10000.00,
    "method": "Bank Transfers",
    "statusId": 0,
    "notes": "Rem qui reiciendis qui autem beatae sed ex.",
    "paidBy": "John Doe",
    "paidDate": "2022-10-28 00:00:00"
    },
    {
        "id": 2,
        "bookingId": 2,
        "amount": 50000.00,
        "method": "Credit Card",
        "statusId": 0,
        "notes": "Ipsum necessitatibus cum fugiat facere.",
        "paidBy": "William Morgan",
```

```
"paidDate": "2022-10-28 00:00:00"
     }
     [
}
```

Find payment by ID

```
GET /payments/{id}
```

• {id} is the ID of the payment that you want to find. For example: 1

Response:

```
"data": {
    "id": 1,
    "bookingId": 1,
    "amount": 10000.00,
    "method": "Bank Transfers",
    "statusId": 0,
    "notes": "Rem qui reiciendis qui autem beatae sed ex.",
    "paidBy": "John Doe",
    "paidDate": "2022-10-28 00:00:00"
}
```

Filtering payment

```
GET /payments?amount[gt]=20000
```

- You can replace **amount** with other fields, such as **method**, **statusId**, etc.
- You can replace **20000** with the value that you want to find.
- Supported operators:
 - id: [eq]
 - bookingId: [eq]
 - amount : [eq], [lt], [lte], [gt], [gte]
 - method : [eq], [s]
 - statusId: [eq]
 - notes : [eq], [s]
 - paidBy : [eq], [s]

- paidDate : [eq], [lt], [lte], [gt], [gte]

Operators map:

```
- [eq] : equal (=)
```

[It]: lower than (<)

- **[Ite]**: lower than or equal (<=)

- **[gt]** : greater than (>)

- **[gte]**: greater than or equal (>=)

Response:

Add a new payment

POST /payments

Request body:

```
{
  "bookingId": 3,
  "amount": 75000.00,
  "method": "Credit Card",
  "statusId": 0,
  "notes": "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet consectetur.",
  "paidBy": "Michael Smith",
  "paidDate": "2022-10-29 00:00:00"
}
```

Response:

3

• It will return the value of the primary key of the newly added payment.

Update some field of a payment

PATCH /bookings/{id}

• {id} is the ID of the payment that you want to update. For example: 3

Request body:

```
{
    "statusId": 1
}
```

Response:

1

• This adjusts the status ID of the payment. And the return value is the number of rows that are set.

Update all fields of a payment

PUT

/payments/{id}

• {id} is the ID of the payment that you want to update. For example: 3

Request body:

```
{
  "bookingId": 3,
  "amount": 75000.00,
  "method": "Bank Transfers",
  "statusId": 2,
  "notes": "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet consectetur.",
  "paidBy": "Michael Smith",
  "paidDate": "2022-10-29 00:00:00"
}
```

• This adjusts all fields of the payment. And the return value is the number of rows that are set.

Delete a payment

DELETE /payments/{id}

• {id} is the ID of the payment that you want to delete. For example: 1

Response:

1

• It will return the number of deleted rows.

USERS

Find all users

GET

/users

Find user by ID

```
GET /users/{id}
```

• {id} is the ID of the user that you want to find. For example: 1

Response:

```
{
  "data": {
    "id": 1,
    "username": "admin_x",
    "password": "$2y$10$KLi3VLZQ9Ug2.qDZ/N9KRuviqFIzs509JnEFq4Ha72r1ut643f284",
    "fullname": "Admin X",
    "avatar": "/images/avatar/654321.jpg",
    "contact": "085123456789",
    "email": "adminx@gmail.com",
    "user_level": 2
}
```

Filtering user

```
GET /users?username[eq]=admin_y
```

- You can replace **username** with other fields, such as **fullname**, **email**, etc.
- You can replace **admin_y** with the value that you want to find.
- Supported operators:
 - id : **[eq]**
 - username : [eq], [s]
 - password:-

```
fullname : [eq], [s]avatar : -
```

contact : [eq], [s]email : [eq], [s]user_level : [eq]

• Operator map:

[eq] : equal (=)[s] : search (LIKE)

Response:

Add a new user

POST /users

Request body:

```
{
  "username": "admin_falah",
  "password": "raHasia123$",
  "fullname": "Admin Falah",
  "avatar": "/images/avatar/543210.jpg",
  "contact": "085111222333",
  "email": "adminfalah@gmail.com",
  "user_level": 2
}
```

3

• It will return the value of the primary key of the newly added user.

Update some field of a user

PATCH /users/{id}

• {id} is the ID of the user that you want to update. For example: 3

Request body:

```
{
    "email": "adminfalah@yahoo.com"
}
```

Response:

1

• This adjusts the email of the user. And the return value is the number of rows that are set.

Update all fields of a user

PUT

/users/{id}

• {id} is the ID of the user that you want to update. For example: 3

Request body:

```
{
  "username": "admin_falah",
  "password": "raHasia123$",
  "fullname": "Admin Falah",
  "avatar": "/images/avatar/543210.jpg",
  "contact": "085333222111",
  "email": "adminfalah@protonmail.com",
  "user_level": 2
}
```

1

• This adjusts all fields of the user. And the return value is the number of rows that are set.

Delete a user

DELETE /users/{id}

• {id} is the ID of the user that you want to delete. For example: 1

Response:

1

• It will return the number of deleted rows.