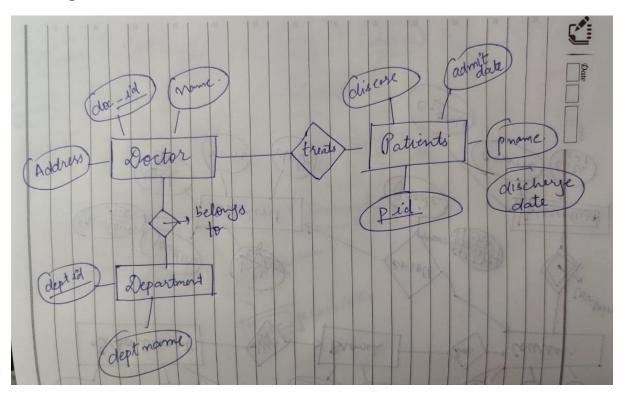
Assignment-SQL

ER Diagram



Values in Tables

```
mysql> select * from doc_dept;

+-----+

| DOC_ID | D_ID |

+----+

| 1 | 2 |

| 2 | 3 |

| 3 | 4 |

| 4 | 5 |

| 5 | 1 |

+----+

5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> select * from patient;
                                       ADMIT DATE | DISCHARGE DATE |
 P ID | P NAME | DISEASE
    1 Sudhir
                  HyperTension
                                       2004-06-29 | NULL
                                       2019-08-29 | 2020-08-20
    2 | Sid
                   Coma
                   Multiple Fractures | 2012-12-12 |
                                                   NULL
    4 | Shashwat | Fever
                                       2019-08-01 | 2020-08-14
                                      2019-08-01 | 2020-08-09
    5 | Sanyam | Allergy
 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

```
nysql> select * from treatment;
                                   nysql> select * from department;
 DOC ID | P ID |
                                    D ID D NAME
             4
                                         Cardio
      2
                                           Neuro
             2
                                           Medicine
      4
             1
                                           Gastro
      1
                                           Gyno
 rows in set (0.01 sec)
                                    rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Ques:-1 Create a database for the Hospital Management System based on your ER. Create appropriate tables & relationships.

```
Solution:-
create table doctor(DOC ID integer PRIMARY KEY, NAME varchar(30), Address varchar(50));
insert into doctor values(1,"Raman","California");
insert into doctor values(2,"Rohit","Amsterdam");
insert into doctor values(3,"Falak","Delhi");
insert into doctor values(4,"Vidyut","Brussels");
insert into doctor values(5,"Rudar","Panipat");
select * from doctor;
create table patient(P_ID number PRIMARY KEY,P_NAME varchar(30),DISEASE
varchar(50), ADMIT DATE date, DISCHARGE DATE date);
insert into patient(P ID,P NAME,DISEASE,ADMIT DATE)
values(1,"Sudhir","HyperTension","04-06-29");
insert into patient(P_ID,P_NAME,DISEASE,ADMIT_DATE,DISCHARGE_DATE)
values(2,"Sid","Coma","19-08-29","20-08-20");
insert into patient(P ID,P NAME,DISEASE,ADMIT DATE) values(3,"Sam","Multiple
Fractures","12-12-12");
```

```
insert into patient(P ID,P NAME,DISEASE,ADMIT DATE,DISCHARGE DATE)
values(4,"Shashwat","Fever","19-08-01","20-08-14");
insert into patient(P ID,P NAME,DISEASE,ADMIT DATE,DISCHARGE DATE)
values(5,"Sanyam","Allergy","19-08-01","20-08-09");
select * from patient;
create table treatment(DOC ID number, P ID number, Foreign Key(DOC ID) references
doctor(DOC_ID),Foreign Key(P_ID) references Patient(P_ID));
insert into treatment values(1,5);
insert into treatment values(1,4);
insert into treatment values(2,3);
insert into treatment values(3,2);
insert into treatment values(4,1);
create table department(D_ID Integer primary key,D_NAME varchar(50));
insert into department values(1,"Cardio");
insert into department values(2,"Neuro");
insert into department values(3,"Medicine");
insert into department values(4,"Gastro");
insert into department values(5,"Gyno");
create table doc dept(DOC ID integer,D ID integer,foreign key(doc id) references
doctor(DOC ID),foreign key(D ID) references department(D ID));
insert into doc dept values(1,2);
insert into doc_dept values(2,3);
insert into doc_dept values(3,4);
```

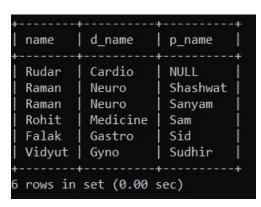
```
insert into doc_dept values(4,5);
insert into doc_dept values(5,1);
```

Ques:-2 Design a query to provide a list of doctors, which department they belong to and patients treated by them (if any).

Solution:

```
select doc.name,dept.d_name,p.p_name
from doctor doc
inner join doc_dept d
on doc.doc_id=d.doc_id
inner join department dept
on d.d_id=dept.d_id
left join treatment t
on t.doc_id=doc.doc_id
left join patient p
on p.p_id=t.p_id;
```

Output:-



Ques 3. Query to provide the count of patients discharged per day in the last week.

```
Solution:-
select discharge_date,count(p_id)
from patient
where
discharge_date>DATE_SUB( CURDATE(), INTERVAL 1 Week)
and
discharge_date< curdate()
group by
discharge_date;
```

Output:

I could not understand how to put all days from the previous week.