Exp 11:- Naive Bayes from Scratch

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Importing Libraries

```
In [44]:
```

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
from sklearn import datasets
from collections import Counter
```

In [45]:

```
iris = datasets.load_iris()
Species = iris.target
data = pd.DataFrame(np.c_[iris.data, Species.reshape((Species.shape[0],1)))], columns = i
ris.feature_names + ['Species'])
data.head()
```

Out[45]:

	sepal length (cm)	sepal width (cm)	petal length (cm)	petal width (cm)	Species
0	5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	0.0
1	4.9	3.0	1.4	0.2	0.0
2	4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2	0.0
3	4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2	0.0
4	5.0	3.6	1.4	0.2	0.0

In [46]:

```
data['Species'].value_counts()
```

Out[46]:

2.0 50 1.0 50 0.0 50

Name: Species, dtype: int64

Using Naive Bayes function

In [47]:

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
train, test = train_test_split(data, test_size = 0.2, random_state = 0)
```

In [48]:

```
class NB():
    def __init__(self,train):
        self.train = train
        self.X_train = train.drop('Species', axis = 1)
        self.Y_train = train['Species']
        self.s = {}

    def fit(self):
        self.result = Counter(self.Y_train)
        for target in self.result.keys():
            for col in self.X_train.columns:
```

```
self.s[target,col,"mean"] = self.train[self.train['Species'] == target].
mean()[col]
                self.s[target,col,"std"] = self.train[self.train['Species'] == target].s
td()[col]
        for i in self.result:
            self.result[i] = round(self.result[i]/len(self.X train.index),8)
    def predict(self, X test):
        count = 0
        prediction = []
        for i in X test.index: #enters into a row-wise loop
            prob index = {}
            for target in self.result: #enters into a loop for every value of target
                prob = self.result[target]
                for col in self.X train:
                    a = 1/(((2*np.pi)**0.5)*self.s[target,col,"std"])
                    b = -((X test[col][i] - self.s[target,col,"mean"])**2)
                    c = 2*(self.s[target,col, "std"]**2)
                    prob = prob * a * np.exp(b/c)
                prob index[target] = prob
            probability = 0
            for target in prob index:
                if prob index[target] > probability:
                    pred = target
                    probability = prob index[target]
            prediction.append(pred)
        return prediction
In [49]:
clf = NB(train)
clf.fit()
In [50]:
Y test = test['Species']
X test = test.drop('Species', axis = 1)
predictions = clf.predict(X test)
In [51]:
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score
accuracy_score(Y_test, predictions)
Out[51]:
0.9666666666666667
Using Naive Bayes in Scikit Learn
In [52]:
X = data.drop(['Species'],axis = 1)
y = data['Species']
In [53]:
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
X train, X test, y train, y test = train test split(X,y,test size=0.2,random state=0)
In [54]:
from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB
gnb = GaussianNB()
predictions1 = gnb.fit(X train, y train).predict(X test)
accuracy score(y test, predictions1)
```

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In []: