

## 1. Demonstrate how to create GitHub account.

Steps of create a GitHub account:

Step 1: Visit the GitHub Website

- Open a browser.
- Go to <https://github.com>.

Step 2: Click “Sign up”

- On the GitHub homepage, click the “**Sign up**” button in the top right corner.

Step 3: Enter Your Details

You’ll be prompted to fill in:

- Email address
- Create a password
- Choose a username
- Verify your account (GitHub may ask for a puzzle or CAPTCHA)
- Click “Continue” after filling in each section.

Step 4: Choose Account Preferences

- Choose whether you want to receive updates via email.
- Choose free or paid plan (you can select “Free” to start).
- Click “Continue” or “Complete setup”.

**Step 5: Verify Your Email**

- Go to your email inbox.
- Open the verification email from GitHub.
- Click on the “Verify email address” link.

**Done!**

You now have a GitHub account. You can:

- Create repositories
- Share code
- Collaborate on projects

## 2. Exploring Git Commands through Collaborative Coding

- **Setting Up Git Repository**
- **Creating and Committing Changes**
- **Branching and Merging.**

1. Setting Up Git Repository

Step 1.1: Install Git (if not installed)

Download Git and install it.

Step 1.2: Configure Git with your identity

```
git config --global user.name "Vrushali Tambe"
```

```
git config --global user.email "vrusha08@gmail.com"
```

Step 1.3: Create a new directory and initialize a Git repo

```
mkdir collaborative-project
```

```
cd collaborative-project
```

```
git init
```

2. Creating and Committing Changes

Step 2.1: Create a new file  
Echo "welcome" > index.txt  
Step 2.2: Track the new file  
git add index.txt  
Step 2.3: Commit your change  
git commit -m "Initial commit with index.txt"  
Step 2.4: Push to GitHub (first time)  
git remote add origin <https://github.com/vrusha8/collab-git-practical.git>  
git push origin master

### 3. Branching and Merging

Step 3.1: Create a new branch (e.g., for a new feature)  
git checkout -b feature-login  
Step 3.2: Make changes and commit  
Create a new file  
Echo "welcome to imrd" > login.txt  
Stage and commit the change  
git add login.txt  
git commit -m " Add login functionality with login.txt"  
Step 3.3: Switch back to the main branch  
git checkout master  
Step 3.4: Merge the feature branch  
git merge feature-login  
Step 3.5: Push the updated main branch  
git push origin master

### 3. Implement GitHub Operations using Git

- Cloning a Repository
- Making Changes and Creating a Branch
- Push/Pull Changes to GitHub

#### 1. Cloning a Repository

#Cloning a repository allows you to create a local copy of a remote repository from GitHub.

git clone <https://github.com/vrusha8/collab-git-practical.git>

#### 2. Making Changes and Creating a Branch

**Step 1:** Create a new branch

git checkout -b feature-update

**Step 2:** Make a change using terminal:

#Create a new file

echo "This is a new feature" > feature.txt

#Add the file:

git add feature.txt

#Commit the change:

git commit -m "Added feature.txt file"

#### 3. Push/pull Changes to GitHub

#Push the branch to remote GitHub:

git push origin feature-update

# Pull latest changes from remote branch

git pull origin feature-update

#### 4. Create account on docker step by steps.

### Step-by-Step: Create Docker Account

1. Go to: <https://hub.docker.com/signup> OR sign in Docker Desktop
2. Open the link above in your browser.
3. Fill in the signup form:
  - Username: unique Docker ID (e.g., vrushali123)
  - Email address
  - Password
4. Click "Sign Up".
5. Verify your email:
  - Open your inbox and click the verification link Docker sends you.
6. Once verified, you can log in at: <https://hub.docker.com/login>
7. Docker Account Created Successfully

## 5. Demonstrate a practical on Version Control Tools.

### 1. Initialize a Git Repository

```
mkdir my-git-practical  
cd my-git-practical  
git init
```

This creates a new local Git repository in the directory.

### 2. Create a File and Add Content

```
echo " My First Git Repo" > index.txt
```

### 3. Check Git Status

```
git status
```

Shows that index.txt is untracked.

### 4. Stage and Commit the File

```
git add index.txt  
git commit -m "Initial commit with index"
```

You've now recorded your first snapshot.

## Part 2: Making Changes and Tracking History

### 5. Edit the File

Add more content:

```
echo "This is a Git practical session." >> index.txt
```

## 6. View Changes

```
git status  
git diff
```

## 7. Commit the Changes

```
git add index.txt  
git commit -m "Updated index with session info"
```

## 8. View Commit History

```
git log
```

Shows a list of all commits made.

## 9. Create a GitHub Repository(*Optional*)

- Go to [GitHub](https://github.com), log in, and click **New Repository**.
- Name it my-website and keep it public or private.

## 10. Push Your Local Repository(*Optional*)

```
git remote add origin https://github.com/vrusha08/ my-website.git  
git branch -M main  
git push -u origin main  
project is now version-controlled
```

## 6. Create a merge request on gitlab and Review the merge request.

### Create a Merge Request on GitLab

#### Step 1: Create a Repository on GitLab

1. Log in to your GitLab account.
2. Click New Project → Create Blank Project.
3. Give it a name (e.g., merge-request-demo).
4. Choose **Private** or **Public** visibility.

Click **Create Project**

#### Step 2: Clone the Repository to Your Local System

```
git clone https://gitlab.com/username/merge-request-demo.git  
cd merge-request-demo
```

#### Step 3: Create a New Branch

```
git checkout -b feature-branch
```

#### Create a File and Add Content

```
echo " My First Git Repo" > index.txt
```

#### Step 5: Commit and Push Changes

```
git add .
git commit -m "Added index.txt"
git push origin feature-branch
```

## Step 6: Create a Merge Request in GitLab

1. Go to your project on GitLab.
2. You'll see a banner suggesting to create a merge request — click Create Merge Request.
3. Select source branch = `feature-branch`, target branch = `main`.
4. Add a title and description.

Click Submit Merge Request.

## Step 7: Review a Merge Request

- As another developer (or using a second account), go to **Merge Requests**.
- Open the MR and review the code changes.
- Add **comments**, **suggestions**, or **approve** the merge request.
- If approved, click **Merge**.

7. To study docker file intructions, build an image for a sample web application using docker file.

### 1. Making Directory and create index.html file and docker file

```
mkdir docker-webapp
```

```
cd docker-webapp
```

```
notepad index.html
```

```
index.html
```

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  <title>My First Docker Web App</title>
</head>
<body>
  <h1>Hello, Docker!</h1>
  <p>This is a sample web application running in Docker.</p>
</body>
</html>
```

In same directory create dockerfile (I use that link for image + dockerfile coding)  
Create **Dockerfile** (no extension, just Dockerfile):  
notepad Dockerfile

## **Step 2: create Dockerfile in same folder**

### **Dockerfile**

# 1. Use an official Nginx image as base  
FROM nginx

# 2. Copy your HTML file into Nginx's default web directory  
COPY index.html /usr/share/nginx/html

EXPOSE 80

# 4. Start Nginx  
CMD ["nginx", "-g", "daemon off;"]

## **Step 3: Build Docker Image**

```
docker build -t mywebapp .
```

If successful, you'll see Successfully tagged mywebapp

## **Step 4: Run Container**

Now run your web app:

```
docker run -d -p 8080:80 mywebapp
```

## **Step 5: Test Web App**

1. Open browser and go to:
2. `http://localhost:8080`
3. You should see **Hello, Docker!**