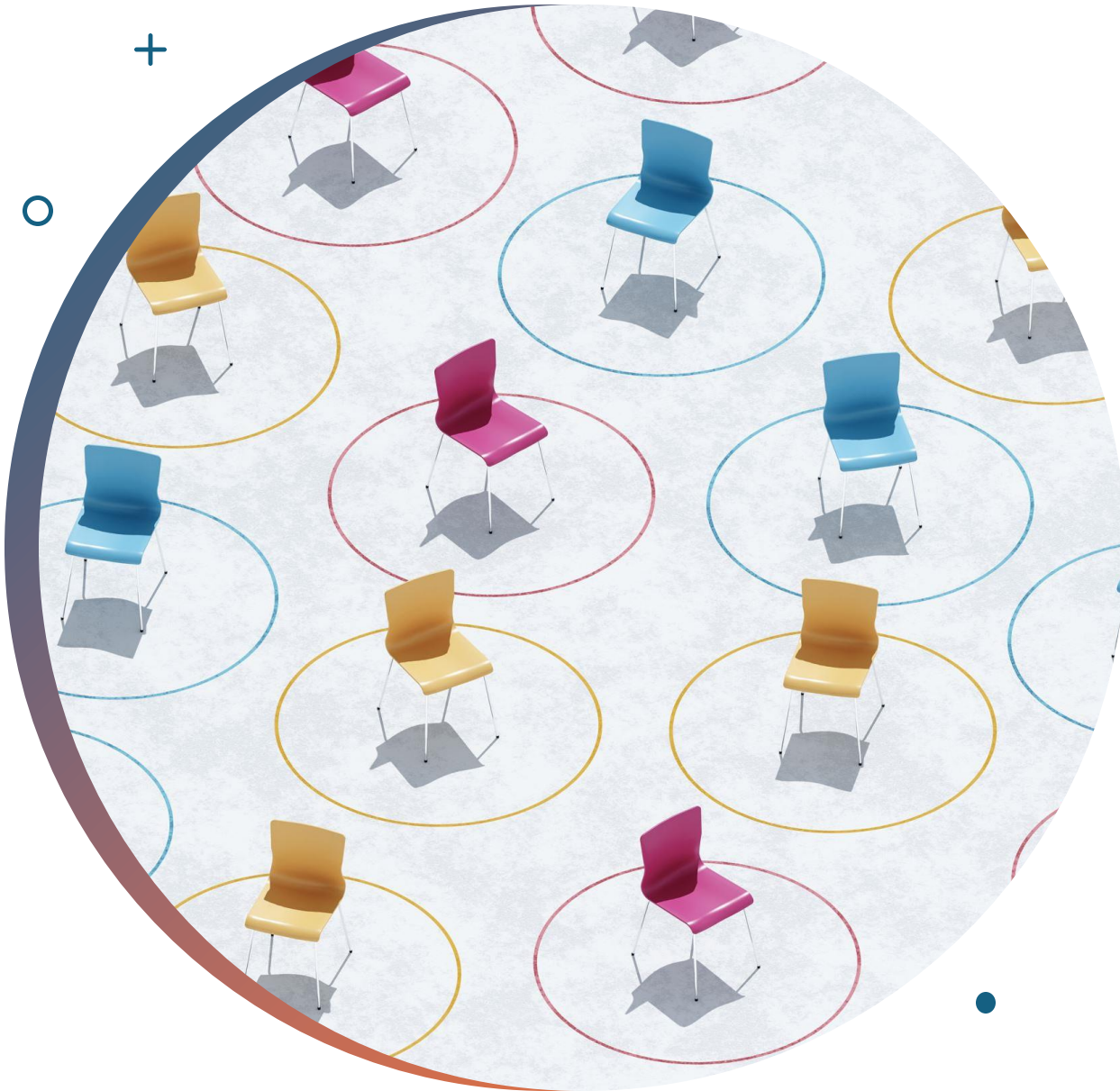


Big Mountain Resort: Executive Presentation

Data-Driven Pricing Strategy

By: Fahad Ali



Problem Identification

- Challenge:
 - Current ticket price is \$81
 - Undervalued compared to similar resorts
 - The goal: increase revenue while maintaining guest satisfaction
 - Consider further upgrades like a new chair lift in pricing strategy

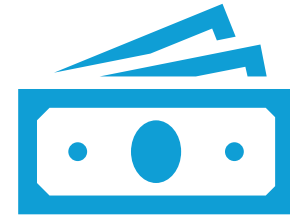
Key Questions



What features influence the ticket pricing?



How much can we raise prices without reducing demand?



How will the changes affect profitability?

Key Findings & Recommendation



RECOMMENDED PRICE IS \$94



THE NEW CHAIR LIFT ADDS ~\$2
PER TICKET, SO STILL PROFITABLE



RANDOM FOREST MODEL
CONFIRMS PRICING POTENTIAL

Data Preparation & Feature Engineering

Cleaned and standardized data

Addressed missing values and outliers

Created new features to capture resort quality

Encoded categorical variables and scaled numeric data

Modeling Results



Models tested: Baseline, Linear Regression, Random Forest



Random Forest – best performance



$R^2 \sim 0.87$ | MAE: $\sim \$4.9$

Explains 87% of the variation in tickets compared to 81% of the Baseline Model

Lower MAE is better; price prediction was off \$4.90, while Baseline had \$5.30



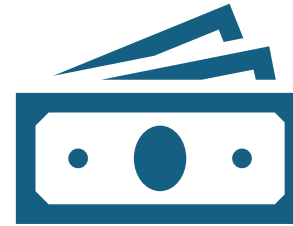
Captured non-linear relationships and feature interactions

Feature Importance



Top predictors of price:

Vertical drop
Number of runs
High-speed lifts
Snowmaking coverage



These explain most of the price variation

Summary / Conclusion



Big Mountain Resort is currently underpriced



Data supports raising ticket price to \$94



Model confirms pricing is sustainable and profitable



Resort can invest in upgrades while maintaining guest satisfaction

Suggestions / Next Steps

1

Monitor
customer
response to
new pricing

2

Try dynamic
pricing with
customer
segmentation

3

Build
dashboard for
pricing
scenarios

4

Update model
regularly