Capstone Project Report: Big Mountain Resort

Introduction

Big Mountain Resort wants to adjust ticket prices to increase revenue while keeping guests happy. Current tickets are \$81, below the market value. The goal was to find the key factors influencing price and recommend an updated ticket rate.

Problem Statement

Design a pricing strategy that reflects the resort's value, especially with upcoming upgrades like a new chair lift, aiming to maximize revenue without reducing demand.

Data Preparation

- Cleaned data: filled missing values, removed duplicates
- Standardized formats and combined resort features, pricing, and cost data
- Created a reliable dataset for analysis

Exploratory Analysis

- Tickets are undervalued at \$81
- Key price drivers: vertical drop, number of runs, snowmaking
- Peak-season pricing could further boost revenue

Modeling

- Tested Linear Regression and Random Forest models
- Random Forest performed best, capturing complex relationships

Findings & Recommendations

- Optimal ticket price: \$94 without hurting demand
- New chair lift adds ~\$2 per ticket, still profitable
- Planned upgrades support higher pricing
- **Recommendation:** Raise tickets from \$81 → \$94

Conclusion

Big Mountain Resort can increase prices safely, better reflecting its value and supporting future growth.

Next Steps

- Analyze costs for profitability
- Consider customer segmentation for dynamic pricing
- Build a dashboard for scenario testing
- Update models regularly to track market trends

FIGURES -

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'> Index: 277 entries, 0 to 329 Data columns (total 25 columns): Column Non-Null Count Dtype ----------0 Name 277 non-null object 1 Region 277 non-null object 2 state 277 non-null object summit_elev 277 non-null 3 int64 4 vertical_drop 277 non-null int64 base_elev 5 277 non-null int64 6 trams 277 non-null int64 7 fastSixes 277 non-null int64 277 non-null int64 fastQuads 277 non-null int64 9 quad 10 triple 277 non-null int64 11 double 277 non-null int64 12 surface 277 non-null int64 int64 13 total_chairs 277 non-null 14 Runs 274 non-null float64 233 non-null float64 272 non-null float64 15 TerrainParks 16 LongestRun mi 17 SkiableTerrain_ac 275 non-null float64 18 Snow Making_ac 240 non-null float64 19 daysOpenLastYear 233 non-null float64 277 non-null float64 20 yearsOpen 21 averageSnowfall 268 non-null float64 277 non-null 22 AdultWeekend float64 23 projectedDaysOpen 236 non-null float64 24 NightSkiing ac 163 non-null float64 dtypes: float64(11), int64(11), object(3) memory usage: 56.3+ KB

Fig1 - Data Cleaning Overview

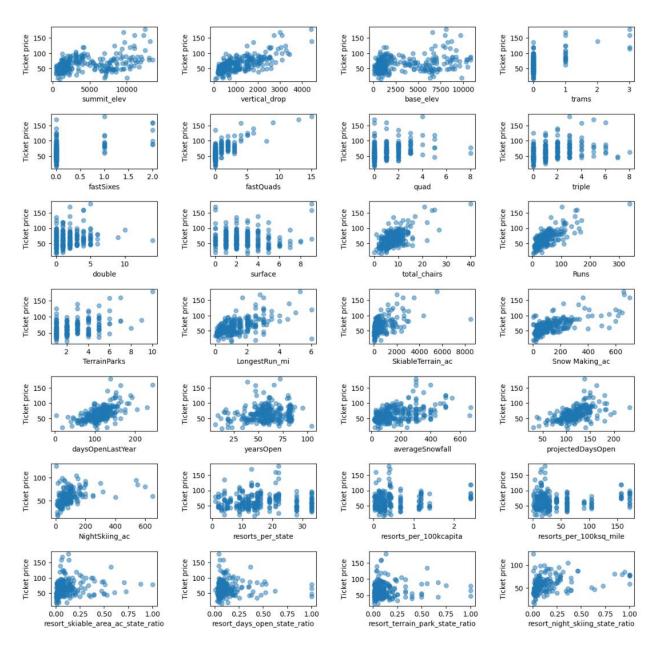


Fig2- Price vs Facility Features

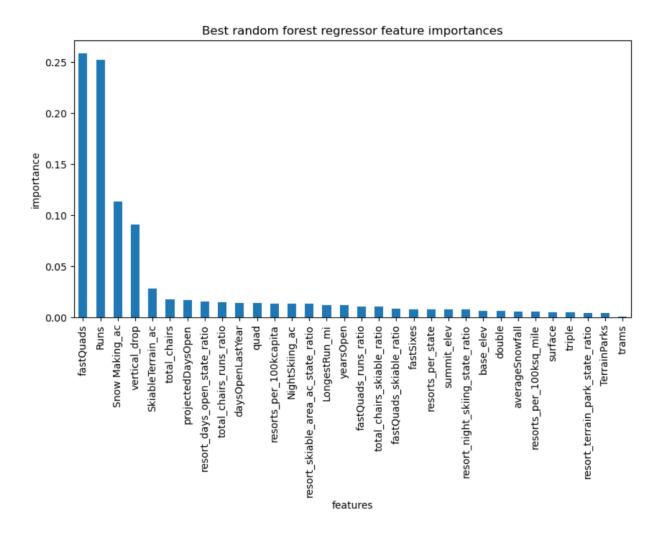
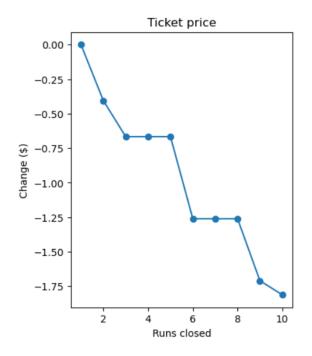
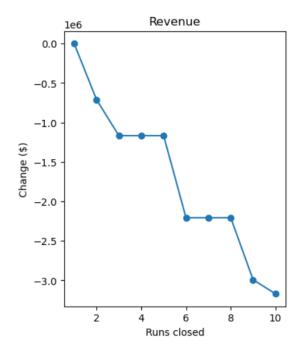


Fig3 – Feature Engineering Process.





 $Fig 4-Model\ Performance\ Comparison$