

# Permuting Two Arrays

There are two  $n$ -element arrays of integers,  $A$  and  $B$ . Permute them into some  $A'$  and  $B'$  such that the relation  $A'[i] + B'[i] \geq k$  holds for all  $i$  where  $0 \leq i < n$ .

There will be  $q$  queries consisting of  $A$ ,  $B$ , and  $k$ . For each query, return **YES** if some permutation  $A'$ ,  $B'$  satisfying the relation exists. Otherwise, return **NO**.

## Example

$A = [0, 1]$

$B = [0, 2]$

$k = 1$

A valid  $A'$ ,  $B'$  is  $A' = [1, 0]$  and  $B' = [0, 2]$ :  $1 + 0 \geq 1$  and  $0 + 2 \geq 1$ . Return **YES**.

## Function Description

Complete the `twoArrays` function in the editor below. It should return a string, either **YES** or **NO**.

`twoArrays` has the following parameter(s):

- `int k`: an integer
- `int A[n]`: an array of integers
- `int B[n]`: an array of integers

## Returns

- `string`: either **YES** or **NO**

## Input Format

The first line contains an integer  $q$ , the number of queries.

The next  $q$  sets of 3 lines are as follows:

- The first line contains two space-separated integers  $n$  and  $k$ , the size of both arrays  $A$  and  $B$ , and the relation variable.
- The second line contains  $n$  space-separated integers  $A[i]$ .
- The third line contains  $n$  space-separated integers  $B[i]$ .

## Constraints

- $1 \leq q \leq 10$
- $1 \leq n \leq 1000$
- $1 \leq k \leq 10^9$
- $0 \leq A[i], B[i] \leq 10^9$

Sample Input

STDIN	Function
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2	q = 2
3 10	A[] and B[] size n = 3, k = 10
2 1 3	A = [2, 1, 3]
7 8 9	B = [7, 8, 9]
4 5	A[] and B[] size n = 4, k = 5
1 2 2 1	A = [1, 2, 2, 1]
3 3 3 4	B = [3, 3, 3, 4]

Sample Output

YES
NO

Explanation

There are two queries:

1. Permute these into  $A' = [1, 2, 3]$  and  $B' = [9, 8, 7]$  so that the following statements are true:
- $A[0] + B[1] = 1 + 9 = 10 \geq k$

$A[1] + B[1] = 2 + 8 = 10 \geq k$

$A[2] + B[2] = 3 + 7 = 10 \geq k$
2.  $A = [1, 2, 2, 1]$ ,  $B = [3, 3, 3, 4]$ , and  $k = 5$ . To permute  $A$  and  $B$  into a valid  $A'$  and  $B'$ , there must be at least three numbers in  $A$  that are greater than 1.