



Hibernate Mapping

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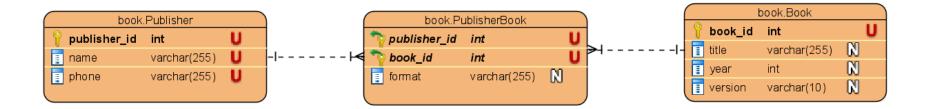


@EmbeddedId and @MapsId





Map a many-to-many association with extra columns.



- Many-to-Many Using a Composite Key
- Note, that there're some key requirements, which a composite key class has to fulfill:
 - ✓ We have to mark it with @Embeddable
 - √ It has to implement java.io.Serializable
 - ✓ We need to provide an implementation of the hashcode() and equals() methods.
 - ✓ None of the fields can be an entity themselves.

@EmbeddedId and @MapsId





- Create a class that contains the id of Publisher_Book table.
- Implement the Serializable interface and the attributes bookld and publisherld.

```
@Embeddable
public class PublisherBookId implements Serializable {
    private static final long serialVersionUID = 1L;
    private int publisherId;
    private int bookId;
    // getter and setter method
    @Override
    public int hashCode(){}
    @Override
    public boolean equals(Object obj) {}
```







You need to model the *Publisher_Book* table as an entity with 2 <u>many-to-one relationships</u> to the Publisher and Book entities.

```
@Entity
@Table(name = "Publisher Book", schema = "book")
public class PublisherBook {
    @EmbeddedId
    private PublisherBookId id;
    @ManyToOne
    @MapsId(value = "publisherId")
    private Publisher publisher;
    @ManyToOne
    @MapsId(value = "bookId")
    private Book book;
    private String format;
    // getter and setter methods
```

@EmbeddedId and @MapsId





And if you want to map them as <u>bidirectional associations</u>, you need to model the referencing side of the association on the *Book* and *Publisher* entity.

```
@Entity
@Table(name = "Publisher", schema = "book")
public class Publisher {
    @Id
    @GeneratedValue(strategy = GenerationType.IDENTITY)
    @Column(name = "publisher_id")
    private int publisherId;
    @Column(unique = true)
    private String name;
    @Column(unique = true)
    private String phone;
    @OneToMany(cascade = CascadeType.ALL, mappedBy = "publisher")
    private Set<PublisherBook> publisherBook;
    // getter and setter methods
```

@EmbeddedId and @MapsId





And if you want to map them as <u>bidirectional associations</u>, you need to model the referencing side of the association on the *Book* and *Publisher* entity.

```
Entity
@Table(name = "Book", schema = "book")
public class Book {
    @Id
    @GeneratedValue(strategy = GenerationType.IDENTITY)
    @Column(name = "book id")
    private int bookId;
    @Column(unique = true)
    private String title;
    private int year;
    @Column(length = 10)
    private String version;
    @OneToMany(cascade = CascadeType.ALL, mappedBy = "book")
    private Set<PublisherBook> publisherBook;
    // getter and setter methods
```

@EmbeddedId and @MapsId





- Create a Test Script to check.
- Assuming that you have implemented the BookDao, PublisherDao as the DAO classes mentioned above.

```
class PublisherBookDaoTest {
   static PublisherBookDao;
   static BookDao;
   static PublisherDao publisherDao;
   @BeforeAll
   static void setUpBeforeClass() throws Exception {
       publisherBookDao = new PublisherBookDaoImpl();
       bookDao = new BookDaoImpl();
       publisherDao = new PublisherDaoImpl();
   }
```

@EmbeddedId and @MapsId





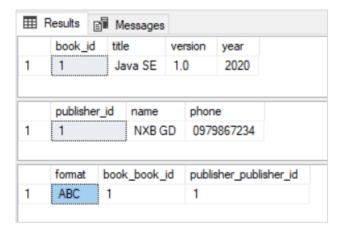
```
@Test
void testSave() throws Exception {
    Book book = new Book(1, "Java SE", 2020, "1.0");
    assertTrue(bookDao.save(book));
    Publisher publisher = new Publisher(1, "NXB GD", "0979867234");
    assertTrue(publisherDao.save(publisher));
    PublisherBookId id = new PublisherBookId(1, 1);
    PublisherBook publisherBook = new PublisherBook();
    publisherBook.setId(id);
    publisherBook.setFormat("ABC");
    publisherBook.setBook(book);
    publisherBook.setPublisher(publisher);
    assertTrue(publisherBookDao.save(publisherBook));
```

@EmbeddedId and @MapsId





Results:



Console:

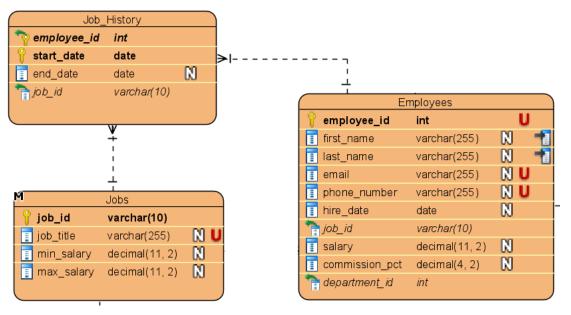
```
Hibernate: create table book.Book (book id int identity not null, title varchar(255), version varchar(10), year int no
Hibernate: create table book.Publisher (publisher_id int identity not null, name varchar(255), phone varchar(255), pri
Hibernate: create table book.Publisher Book (format varchar(255), book book id int not null, publisher publisher id in
publisher publisher id))
Hibernate: alter table book.Book drop constraint UK odppys65lq7q1xbx8o6p6fgxj
Hibernate: alter table book.Book add constraint UK odppys65lq7q1xbx8o6p6fgxj unique (title)
Hibernate: alter table book. Publisher drop constraint UK era79tsdasvick3e38j0e9b6v
Hibernate: alter table book. Publisher add constraint UK era79tsdasvick3e38j0e9b6v unique (name)
Hibernate: alter table book.Publisher drop constraint UK_lfeio9fee753ckef2tac2vfku
Hibernate: alter table book. Publisher add constraint UK lfeio9fee753ckef2tac2vfku unique (phone)
Hibernate: alter table book. Publisher Book add constraint FKa0gwplfbh13yt8flgvc9yw5k6 foreign key (book book id) refer
Hibernate: alter table book.Publisher_Book add constraint FKkxs5ufy7sipi1me6hc2d7ksst foreign key (publisher_publisher
Oct 11, 2020 3:27:11 PM org.hibernate.engine.transaction.jta.platform.internal.JtaPlatformInitiator initiateService
INFO: HHH000490: Using JtaPlatform implementation: [org.hibernate.engine.transaction.jta.platform.internal.NoJtaPlatfo
Hibernate: insert into book.Book (title, version, year) values (?, ?, ?)
Hibernate: insert into book.Publisher (name, phone) values (?, ?)
Hibernate: insert into book.Publisher Book (format, book book id, publisher publisher id) values (?, ?, ?)
```

@EmbeddedId and @AssociationOverride





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- Many-to-Many Using a Composite Key
- Note, that there're some key requirements, which a composite key class has to fulfill:
 - ✓ We have to mark it with @Embeddable
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 - √ We need to provide an implementation of the hashcode() and equals() methods.
 - ✓ None of the fields can be an entity themselves.

@EmbeddedId and @AssociationOverride





```
11 @Embeddable
12 public class JobHistoryId implements Serializable {
13
14
       private static final long serialVersionUID = 1L;
15
16⊜
       @ManyToOne(cascade = CascadeType.ALL)
17
       private Employees employee;
18
19⊜
       @Column(name = "start date")
20
       private LocalDate startDate;
21
22⊜
       public Employees getEmployee() {
23
           return employee;
24
25
       public void setEmployee(Employees employee) {
26⊜
27
           this.employee = employee;
28
29
30⊜
       public LocalDate getStartDate() {
31
           return startDate:
32
33
34⊜
       public void setStartDate(LocalDate startDate) {
35
           this.startDate = startDate;
36
37
39⊕
       public int hashCode() {
48
50⊕
       public boolean equals(Object obj) {
70
71 }
72
```

@EmbeddedId and @AssociationOverride





```
@Entity
@Table(name = "Job History", schema = "dbo")
@AssociationOverride(name="id.employee", joinColumns=@JoinColumn(name="employee id"))
public class JobHistory {
    @EmbeddedId
    private JobHistoryId id;
    // extra fields
    @Column(name = "end_date")
    private LocalDate endDate;
    @ManyToOne(fetch = FetchType.LAZY)
    @JoinColumn(name = "job id")
    private Jobs job;
    @Transient
    public Employees getEmployees() {
        return getId().getEmployee();
    public void setEmployees(Employees employee) {
        getId().setEmployee(employee);
    // getter and setter methods
```







Update Jobs class and add the following declaration:

```
@OneToMany(cascade = CascadeType.ALL, mappedBy = "job")
private Set<JobHistory> histories;
```

Update Employees class add the following declaration:

```
@OneToMany(mappedBy = "id.employee", cascade = CascadeType.ALL)
private Set<JobHistory> jobHistory;
```

@EmbeddedId and @AssociationOverride





Create JobHistoryDaoImpl class:

```
public class JobHistoryDaoImpl implements JobHistoryDao {
   @Override
    public boolean save(JobHistory jobHistory) throws Exception {
        Session session = null;
        Transaction transaction = null;
       try {
            session = HibernateUtils.getSessionFactory().openSession();
            transaction = session.beginTransaction();
            Serializable result = session.save(jobHistory);
            transaction.commit();
            return (result != null);
        } finally {
            if (session != null) {
                session.close();
```

@EmbeddedId and @AssociationOverride





Create a Test Script to test method of JobHistoryDaoImpl:

```
class JobHistoryDaoTest {
    static JobHistoryDao jhDao;
    @BeforeAll
    static void setUpBeforeClass() throws Exception {
        jhDao = new JobHistoryDaoImpl();
   @Test
    void testSave() throws Exception {
        JobHistory jobHistory = new JobHistory();
        JobHistoryId id = new JobHistoryId();
        id.setEmployee(new Employees(1));
        id.setStartDate(LocalDate.of(2020, 1, 1));
        jobHistory.setId(id);
        jobHistory.setEndDate(LocalDate.of(2020, 12, 31));
        jobHistory.setJob(new Jobs("J01"));
        assertTrue(jhDao.save(jobHistory));
```

@EmbeddedId and @AssociationOverride





Results:



Console:

Hibernate: create table dbo.Job_History (start_date date not null, end_date date, employee_id int not null, job_id varchar(10), primary key (employee_id, start_date))

Hibernate: alter table dbo.Job_History add constraint FKsrit9doy1c3hl0g01ju48x6tn foreign key (employee_id) references dbo.Employees

Hibernate: alter table dbo.Job_History add constraint FK5fypfedbeoadd5lo3uo5yet26 foreign key (job_id) references dbo.Jobs

Oct 11, 2020 2:14:26 PM org.hibernate.engine.transaction.jta.platform.internal.JtaPlatformInitiator initiateService

INFO: HHH000490: Using JtaPlatform implementation: [org.hibernate.engine.transaction.jta.platform.internal.NoJtaPlatform]

Hibernate: select jobs_.job_id, jobs_.job_title as job_titl2_4_, jobs_.max_salary as max_sala3_4_,

jobs_.min_salary as min_sala4_4_ from dbo.Jobs jobs_ where jobs_.job_id=?

Hibernate: insert into dbo.Job_History (end_date, job_id, employee_id, start_date) values (?, ?, ?)





Thank you!

