Programming in C++

https://fan1x.github.io/cpp21.html tomas.faltin@matfyz.cuni.cz

Basic information

- Email: tomas.faltin@matfyz.cuni.cz
- Lab's web: https://fan1x.github.io/cpp21.html
- ZOOM for distance learning
 - https://cuni-cz.zoom.us/j/94350923737
 - Credentials in SIS/mail
- Mattermost
 - Invite link: <u>https://ulita.ms.mff.cuni.cz/mattermost/signup_user_complete/?id=z1knw5ag6p8nipop1i7icig</u> a6a
 - Use ASAP, might expire eventually
 - Channel: 'nprgo41-cpp-english'
- Gitlab
 - https://gitlab.mff.cuni.cz/
 - https://gitlab.mff.cuni.cz/teaching/nprgo41/2021-22/eng

Communication is the key

- Don't be afraid to ask
 - via email
 - on Mattermost (instant)
 - DM if related to you only
 - Into a channel if others can benefit from it
- If you struggle with something
- If you feel like you might miss a deadline
- Be proactive

Labs credit

- Submitted homeworks before Monday midnight (to Gitlab)
 - Even if not attending!
 - Won't be graded, for a feedback
- Two large homeworks in ReCodex (40 points)
 - Points are included in the final score from the course
 - Smaller HW 15 points, ~November
 - Larger HW 25 points, ~December
- Software project
 - Topic must be approved by 28/11/2021
 - First submission: 24/4/2022
 - Final submission: 22/5/2022
 - All the steps typically mean multiple iterations within multiple days. If you wait
 for the last minute, there is a chance you won't make it

Code Requirements

- Consistency
 - Be consistent within the code keep a single code style
- Cleanness, readability
 - Code doesn't contain commented/dead parts
 - Code should be readable on its own
- Safe, modern
 - E.g., prefer `std::vector<int>`to `new int[]`
- Working
 - OFC, if the code is not working, all the above points are not that important, but they will help you with debugging at least ©

Why C++

"C makes it easy to shoot yourself in the foot. C++ makes it harder, but when you do, it blows away your whole leg."
-- Bjarne Stroustrup

"It was only supposed to be a joke, I never thought people would take the book seriously. Anyone with half a brain can see that object-oriented programming is counterintuitive, illogical and inefficient."

-- Stroustrup C++ 'interview' (https://www-users.cs.york.ac.uk/susan/joke/cpp.htm)

C++!= speed, C++ ~ control

PYTHON





ASSEMBLY

C





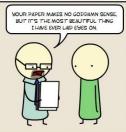
C++ UNIX SHELI





LATEX

HTML





Working Environment

- Use anything you like [©]
- IDEs
 - Visual Studio
 - License for students at https://portal.azure.com/...
 - VS Code
 - Clion
 - Code::Blocks
 - Eclipse
 - ...
- Compilers
 - MSVC, GCC, Clang+LLVM, ICC, ...

C++ (interesting) links

- Reddit, Slack, ...
- https://en.cppreference.com/w/
- http://www.cplusplus.com/
- http://isocpp.github.io/CppCoreGuidelines/CppCoreGuidelines
- https://www.youtube.com/user/CppCon
- https://isocpp.org/
- http://www.open-std.org/jtc1/sc22/wg21/docs/papers/
- https://gcc.godbolt.org/

Hello Worl

Include the libraries which implements the used STL constructs (string, cin, cout)

#include <ios*</pre> #include <str</pre>

The main entry point/function for all programs. The execution starts here

```
int main() 
  std::string name;
  std::cin >> name;
  std::cout << "Greetings from " << name << std::endl;</pre>
```

Read from standard input (keyboard)

return 0;

Write to standard output (screen)

All the STL constructs live inside 'std' namespace

More Complex Program

```
#include <iostream>
                                       Include the whole
#include <string>
                                        std namespace
#include <vector>
                                                                    Passing the
                                                                   argument by
using namespace std;
                                                                 (const) reference
int length(const string& s) { ... }
void pretty print(const vector<string>& a)
                                                                 Arguments of the
int main(int argc, char** argv) {
  vector<string> arg(argv, argv+argc);
  if (arg.size() > 1 && arg[1] == "--h
     cout << "Usage: myprg [OP] .. [F]</pre>
                                                                  program on the
                                                                  command line
      return 8;
  pretty_print(arg);
return 0;
                                                             Transform the
                                                           arguments into C++
                                                             array of strings
```

Homeworks

- 1. Hello World
- 2. A greeting program (use names from arguments)
 - `hello.exe Adam Eve` → `Hello to Adam and Eve`
 - What is inside args [0]?
- 3. Summation of numbers from arguments
 - `sum.exe 1 2 3 4 5` \rightarrow `15`
 - `stoi(), stod(), stoX()`
 - Functions for transformation from string to <something>
- 4. A simple calculator (only for operations +-)
 - `calc.exe 1+2+3-4` \rightarrow `2`
 - to Gitlab
 - The previous programs are not needed, they should give you a lead