## COMP-8677 Mid-term Makeup

**Time**: 40min (plus 10min for submission; no late submission allowed)

D. Modified

5. Which of the following location can not provide you a wired access network?
A. At home
B. At University
C. In your car
D. In your office
6. How many IPv4 addresses are there in a subnet 10.0.2.0/24?
A. 128
B. 8
C. 64
D. 256
7. Which field in a TCP segment will be used for flow control purpose?
A. checksum
B. sequence number
C. acknowledgement number
D. receive window
8. which of the following is a basic function of network-layer?
A. flow control
B. error-recovery
C. routing
D. multiplexing/demultiplexing
9. Suppose a TCP connection is transferring a file of 1000 bytes. The first byte is numbered 10001.
What is the sequence number of the segment if all data is sent in only one segment?
A. 10000
B. 10001
C. 12001
D. 11001

10. Following at timeout at a TCP sender, what is most likely to happen?_
A. retransmit a packet that causes the timeout
B. close the TCP connection
C. do nothing
D. send a brand new packet
11. which of the following flag bit indicates a SYN packet (where only means other flag bits are 0)?
A. only flag bits A=1 and S=1
B. only flag bit S=1
C. only flag bit F=1
D. only falg bit R=1
12. UDP can provide the following services:
A. Routing and switching
B. Flow control
C. Congestion control
D. Demultiplexing and error detection
13. If a SYN packet has a sequence number 123, what is the sequence number of ACK packet
by the SAME sender (which is generated after receiving the SYN-ACK packet from the receiver)?
A. 123
B. 124
C. 125
D. unknown
14. The field in a UDP header is used to detect errors over the entire user datagram.
A. udp header
B. checksum
C. source port
D. destination port

A. uses a three-way handshake to establish a connection			
B. receive data from application as a single stream			
C. connection oriented protocol			
D. all of the mentioned			
16. The sizes of source and destination port address in TCP header are respectively.			
A. 16-bits and 32-bits			
B. 16-bits and 16-bits			
C. 32-bits and 16-bits			
D. 32-bits and 32-bits			
17. Consider a forwarding table at a router:			
Destination IP Address Range	link interface		
11001000 00010111 00010*** *******	0		
11001000 00010111 00011000 *******	1		
11001000 00010111 00011*** *******	2		
otherwise	3		
Given an input packet with a destination IP address	s 11001000 00010111 00011000 10101010,		
what is link interface the router will forward the packet to?			
A. 0			
B. 1			
C. 2			
D. 3			
18. The number of objects in a Web page which cons	ists of 4 jpeg images and HTML text is		
A. 4			
B. 1			
C. 5			
D. 7			

. Transmission control protocol is

19. Which of the following system calls results in the sending of SYN packets?
A. socket
B. bind
C. listen
D. connect
<b>20</b> . A is a device that forwards packets between networks by processing the routing information included in the packet.
A. bridge
B. firewall
C. router
D. hub
<b>21</b> . When you type URL www.someschool.edu/someDept/pic.gif on your browser, your browser will generate a HTTP request message.
Which of the following about this request message is false?
A. It could have a headerline of Host: www.someschool.edu\r\n
B. It could have a requestline of POST /someDept/pic.gif HTTP/1.1\r\n
C. It could have a headerline of User-Agent: Firefox/3.6.10\r\n
D. It could have a headerline of Keep-Alive: 115\r\n
22. The first line of HTTP request message is called
A. Request line
B. Header line
C. Status line
D. Entity line

23. TCP process may not write and read data at the same speed. So we need	for storage.
A. Packets	
B. Buffers	
C. Segments	
D. Stacks	
24. NAT stands for	
A. network address transmission	
B. network attack training	
C. network address translation	
D. new address transformation	
25. which of the following can be an internet host?	
A. smart phone	
B. PC	
C. wireless laptop	
D. any of the above	
26. Network congestion occurs	
A. in case of traffic overloading	
B. when a system terminates	
C. when connection between two nodes terminates	
D. in case of transfer failure	
27. a link layer packet is called a	
A. segment	
B. datagram	
C. frame	
D. IP datagram	

<b>28</b> . The data link layer takes the packets fromtransmission.	_ and encapsulates them into frames for
A. physical layer	
B. transport layer	
C. network layer	
D. application layer	
<b>29</b> . Which of the following is not the reliability service p	rovided by TCP
A. congestion control	
B. flow control	
C. error detection	
D. bandwidth guarantee	
30. Transmission control protocol (TCP)	
A. is a connection-oriented protocol	
B. uses a three-way handshake to establish a connection	on
C. receives data from application as a single stream	
D. all of the mentioned	