

# Ch 3 Introduction to Hypothesis Testing

November-15-17

```
#Generating a permutation sample
def permutation_sample(data1, data2):
    """Generate a permutation sample from two data sets."""

    # Concatenate the data sets: data
    data = np.concatenate((data1, data2))

    # Permute the concatenated array: permuted_data
    permuted_data = np.random.permutation(data)

    # Split the permuted array into two: perm_sample_1, perm_sample_2
    perm_sample_1 = permuted_data[:len(data1)]
    perm_sample_2 = permuted_data[len(data1):]

    return perm_sample_1, perm_sample_2

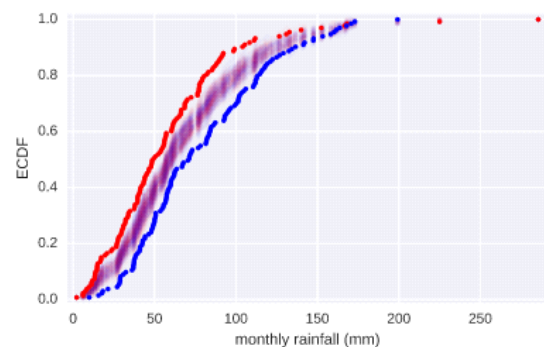
#Visualizing permutation sampling
for i in range(50):
    # Generate permutation samples
    perm_sample_1, perm_sample_2 = permutation_sample(rain_july, rain_november)

    # Compute ECDFs
    x_1, y_1 = ecdf(perm_sample_1)
    x_2, y_2 = ecdf(perm_sample_2)

    # Plot ECDFs of permutation sample
    _ = plt.plot(x_1, y_1, marker='.', linestyle='none',
                 color='red', alpha=0.02)
    _ = plt.plot(x_2, y_2, marker='.', linestyle='none',
                 color='blue', alpha=0.02)

# Create and plot ECDFs from original data
x_1, y_1 = ecdf(rain_july)
x_2, y_2 = ecdf(rain_november)
_ = plt.plot(x_1, y_1, marker='.', linestyle='none', color='red')
_ = plt.plot(x_2, y_2, marker='.', linestyle='none', color='blue')

# Label axes, set margin, and show plot
plt.margins(0.02)
_ = plt.xlabel('monthly rainfall (mm)')
_ = plt.ylabel('ECDF')
plt.show()
```



```
#Generating permutation replicates
def draw_perm_reps(data_1, data_2, func, size=1):
    """Generate multiple permutation replicates."""

    # Initialize array of replicates: perm_replicates
    perm_replicates = np.empty(size)

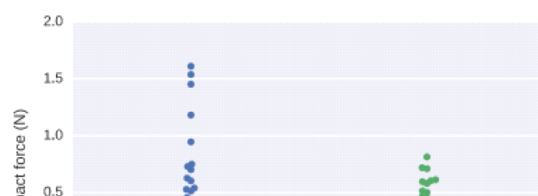
    for i in range(size):
        # Generate permutation sample
        perm_sample_1, perm_sample_2 = permutation_sample(data_1, data_2)

        # Compute the test statistic
        perm_replicates[i] = func(perm_sample_1, perm_sample_2)

    return perm_replicates
```

```
#Look before you leap: EDA before hypothesis testing
# Make bee swarm plot
_ = sns.swarmplot(x='ID', y='impact_force', data=df)

# Label axes
_ = plt.xlabel('frog')
```



```
_ = sns.swarmplot(x='ID', y='impact_force', data=df)
```

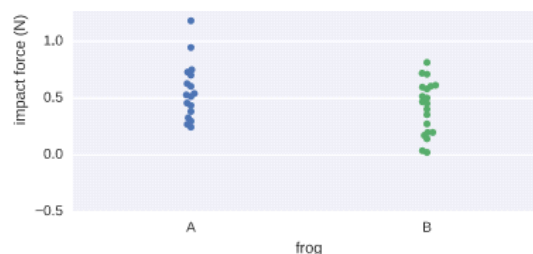
```
# Label axes
```

```
_ = plt.xlabel('frog')
```

```
_ = plt.ylabel('impact force (N)')
```

```
# Show the plot
```

```
plt.show()
```



```
#Permutation test on frog data
```

```
def diff_of_means(data_1, data_2):
```

```
    """Difference in means of two arrays. """
```

```
    # The difference of means of data_1, data_2: diff
```

```
    diff = np.mean (data_1) - np.mean (data_2)
```

```
    return diff
```

```
# Compute difference of mean impact force from experiment: empirical_diff_means
```

```
empirical_diff_means = diff_of_means (force_a, force_b)
```

```
# Draw 10,000 permutation replicates: perm_replicates
```

```
perm_replicates = draw_perm_reps(force_a, force_b,  
                                diff_of_means, size=10000)
```

```
# Compute p-value: p
```

```
p = np.sum(perm_replicates >= empirical_diff_means) / len(perm_replicates)
```

```
# Print the result
```

```
print('p-value =', p)
```

```
#A one-sample bootstrap hypothesis test
```

```
# Make an array of translated impact forces: translated_force_b
```

```
translated_force_b = force_b + 0.55 - np.mean (force_b)
```

```
# Take bootstrap replicates of Frog B's translated impact forces: bs_replicates
```

```
bs_replicates = draw_bs_reps(translated_force_b, np.mean, 10000)
```

```
# Compute fraction of replicates that are less than the observed Frog B force: p
```

```
p = np.sum(bs_replicates <= np.mean(force_b)) / 10000
```

```
# Print the p-value
```

```
print('p =', p)
```

```
#A bootstrap test for identical distributions
```

```
# Compute difference of mean impact force from experiment: empirical_diff_means
```

```
empirical_diff_means = diff_of_means (force_a, force_b)
```

```
# Concatenate forces: forces_concat
```

```
forces_concat = np.concatenate ((force_a, force_b))
```

```
# Initialize bootstrap replicates: bs_replicates
```

```
bs_replicates = np.empty(10000)
```

```
for i in range(10000):
```

```
    # Generate bootstrap sample
```

```
    bs_sample = np.random.choice(forces_concat, size=len(forces_concat))
```

```
    # Compute replicate
```

```
    bs_replicates[i] = diff_of_means(bs_sample[:len(force_a)],  
                                    bs_sample[len(force_a):])
```

```
# Compute and print p-value: p
```

```
p = np.sum ( bs_replicates >= empirical_diff_means) / 10000
```

```
print('p-value =', p)
```

```

#A two-sample bootstrap hypothesis test for difference of means.
# Compute mean of all forces: mean_force
mean_force = np.mean (forces_concat)

# Generate shifted arrays
force_a_shifted = force_a - np.mean(force_a) + mean_force
force_b_shifted = force_b - np.mean(force_b) + mean_force

# Compute 10,000 bootstrap replicates from shifted arrays
bs_replicates_a = draw_bs_reps(force_a_shifted, np.mean, size = 10000)
bs_replicates_b = draw_bs_reps(force_b_shifted, np.mean, size = 10000)

# Get replicates of difference of means: bs_replicates
bs_replicates = bs_replicates_a - bs_replicates_b

# Compute and print p-value: p
p = np.sum (bs_replicates >= empirical_diff_means) / len(bs_replicates)
print('p-value =', p)

```