Pandas Foundation

November-15-17 7:12 PM

#Ch 1 Data ingestion & inspection

#NumPy and pandas working together # Import numpy import numpy as np

Create array of DataFrame values: np_vals np_vals = df.values

Create new array of base 10 logarithm values: np_vals_log10 np_vals_log10 = np.log10 (np_vals)

Create array of new DataFrame by passing df to np.log10(): df_log10 df_log10 = np.log10 (df)

Print original and new data containers print(type(np_vals), type(np_vals_log10)) print(type(df), type(df_log10))

#Zip lists to build a DataFrame
Zip the 2 lists together into one list of (key,value) tuples: zipped zipped = list (zip(list_keys, list_values))

Inspect the list using print() print(zipped)

Build a dictionary with the zipped list: data data = dict (zipped)

Build and inspect a DataFrame from the dictionary: df df = pd.DataFrame (data) print(df)

#Labeling your data # Build a list of labels: list_labels list_labels = ['year', 'artist', 'song', 'chart weeks']

Assign the list of labels to the columns attribute: df.columns df.columns = list_labels

#Building DataFrames with broadcasting # Make a string with the value 'PA': state state = 'PA'

Construct a dictionary: data data = {'state': state, 'city':cities}

Construct a DataFrame from dictionary data: df df = pd.DataFrame (data)

Print the DataFrame print(df)

#Reading a flat file # Read in the file: df1 df1 = pd.read_csv ('world_population.csv')

Create a list of the new column labels: new_labels new_labels = ['year', 'population']

Read in the file, specifying the header and names parameters: df2 df2 = pd.read_csv ('world_population.csv', header=0, names=new_labels)

Print both the DataFrames print(df1) print(df2)

#Delimiters, headers, and extensions # Read the raw file as-is: df1 df1 = pd.read_csv(file_messy)

Print the output of df1.head() print(df1.head())

Read in the file with the correct parameters: df2 df2 = pd.read_csv(file_messy, delimiter='', header=3, comment='#')

Print the output of df2.head() print(df2.head())

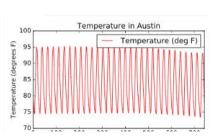
Save the cleaned up DataFrame to a CSV file without the index df2.to_csv(file_clean, index=False)

Save the cleaned up DataFrame to an excel file without the index df2.to_excel('file_clean.xlsx', index=False)

#Plotting series using pandas # Create a plot with color='red' df.plot (color = 'red')

Add a title plt.title ('Temperature in Austin')

Specify the x-axis label plt.xlabel ('Hours since midnight August 1, 2010') https://campus.datacamp.com/courses/pandas-foundations/data-ingestion-inspection?ex=4



Add a title plt.title ('Temperature in Austin')

Specify the x-axis label plt.xlabel ('Hours since midnight August 1, 2010')

Specify the y-axis label plt.ylabel ('Temperature (degrees F)')

Display the plot plt.show ()

#Plotting DataFrames # Plot all columns (default) df.plot () plt.show()

Plot all columns as subplots df.plot (subplots = True) plt.show()

Plot just the Dew Point data column_list1 = ['Dew Point (deg F)'] df[column_list1].plot () plt.show()

Plot the Dew Point and Temperature data, but not the Pressure data column_list2 = ['Temperature (deg F)','Dew Point (deg F)'] $\frac{d(G_0 \log n)}{d(G_0 \log n)} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{d(G_0 \log n)}{d(G_0 \log n)} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{d(G_0$

