## IS 605 - Assignment 4

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## Problem Set 1:

Given a  $3 \times 3$  matrix A, write code in R to compute X = AAT and Y = ATA.

```
A <- matrix(c(-1,1,0,1,3,-2,5,0,1), ncol=3)
X <- A %*% t(A)
Y <- t(A) %*% A
```

EIGEN: "Then, compute the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of X and Y using the built-in commans in R."

```
eigen(X)$vectors
                         [,2]
##
              [,1]
                                    [,3]
## [1,] 0.99086430 0.0000000 0.1348627
## [2,] 0.07480836 -0.8320503 -0.5496326
## [3,] 0.11221254 0.5547002 -0.8244489
eigen(Y)$vectors
##
              [,1]
                         [,2]
                                    [,3]
## [1,] -0.1747144 0.2223748 0.9591790
## [2,] 0.1889822 0.9636241 -0.1889822
## [3,] 0.9663129 -0.1482499 0.2103839
eigen(X)$values
## [1] 27.4907376 14.0000000 0.5092624
eigen(Y)$values
```

## [1] 27.4907376 14.0000000 0.5092624

SVD: "Then, compute the left-singular, singular values, and right-singular vectors of A using the svd command"

```
svd_obj <- svd(A)
svd_obj$u

## [,1] [,2] [,3]
## [1,] -0.99086430 -2.103352e-17  0.1348627
## [2,] -0.07480836  8.320503e-01 -0.5496326
## [3,] -0.11221254 -5.547002e-01 -0.8244489</pre>
```

```
svd_obj$d
## [1] 5.2431610 3.7416574 0.7136263
svd_obj$v
              [,1]
                         [,2]
                                    [,3]
##
## [1,] 0.1747144 0.2223748 -0.9591790
## [2,] -0.1889822 0.9636241 0.1889822
## [3,] -0.9663129 -0.1482499 -0.2103839
"Examine the two sets of singular vectors and show that they are indeed eigenvectors of X
and Y"
# svd u and eigen x are related:
svd obj$u
##
               [,1]
                             [,2]
## [1,] -0.99086430 -2.103352e-17 0.1348627
## [2,] -0.07480836 8.320503e-01 -0.5496326
## [3,] -0.11221254 -5.547002e-01 -0.8244489
eigen(X)$vectors
##
              [,1]
                         [,2]
                                    [,3]
## [1,] 0.99086430 0.0000000 0.1348627
## [2,] 0.07480836 -0.8320503 -0.5496326
## [3,] 0.11221254 0.5547002 -0.8244489
# col 1: negatives of each other (adding yields zero)
round(svd_obj$u[,1] + eigen(X)$vectors[,1], digits = 4)
## [1] 0 0 0
# col 2: negatives of each other (adding yields zero)
round(svd_obj$u[,2] + eigen(X)$vectors[,2], digits = 4)
## [1] 0 0 0
# col 3: equal to each other (subtractinging yields zero)
round(svd_obj$u[,3] - eigen(X)$vectors[,3], digits = 4)
## [1] 0 0 0
# svd v and eigen y are related:
svd_obj$v
##
              [,1]
                         [,2]
                                    [,3]
## [1,] 0.1747144 0.2223748 -0.9591790
## [2,] -0.1889822  0.9636241  0.1889822
## [3,] -0.9663129 -0.1482499 -0.2103839
```

```
eigen(Y)$vectors
##
              [,1]
                         [,2]
                                    [,3]
## [1,] -0.1747144 0.2223748 0.9591790
## [2,] 0.1889822 0.9636241 -0.1889822
## [3,] 0.9663129 -0.1482499 0.2103839
# col 1: negatives of each other (adding yields zero)
round(svd_obj$v[,1] + eigen(Y)$vectors[,1], digits = 4)
## [1] 0 0 0
# col 2: equal to each other (subtractinging yields zero)
round(svd_obj$v[,2] - eigen(Y)$vectors[,2], digits = 4)
## [1] 0 0 0
# col 3: negatives of each other (adding yields zero)
round(svd_obj$v[,3] + eigen(Y)$vectors[,3], digits = 4)
## [1] 0 0 0
```

## Problem Set 2:

Write function to computer matrix inverse using co-factors:

```
get_co_factor <- function(subM, r, c){</pre>
  sign <- (-1)^(r+c)
  det <- det(subM)</pre>
  return (sign * det)
get_co_factor_matrix <- function(M){</pre>
  cofactor_M <- M;</pre>
  for(c in 1:col(M)){
    for(r in 1:row(M)){
       cofactor_M[r,c] <- get_co_factor(M,r,c)</pre>
    }
  }
  return (cofactor_M)
}
myinverse <- function(A){</pre>
  cofactor_M <- get_co_factor_matrix(A)</pre>
  transpose_M <- t(cofactor_M)</pre>
  return (transpose_M / det(A))
in1 \leftarrow matrix(c(4,3,3,2), nrow=2)
out1 <- myinverse(in1)</pre>
in1 %*% out1
```

```
## [,1] [,2]
## [1,] -5 -18
## [2,] -3 -13

in2 <- matrix(c(-24,20,-5,18,-15,4,5,-4,1), nrow=3)
out2 <- myinverse(in2)
in2 %*% out2

## [,1] [,2] [,3]
## [1,] 325 -770 197
## [2,] -270 641 -164</pre>
```

**##** [3,] 72 -164 42