

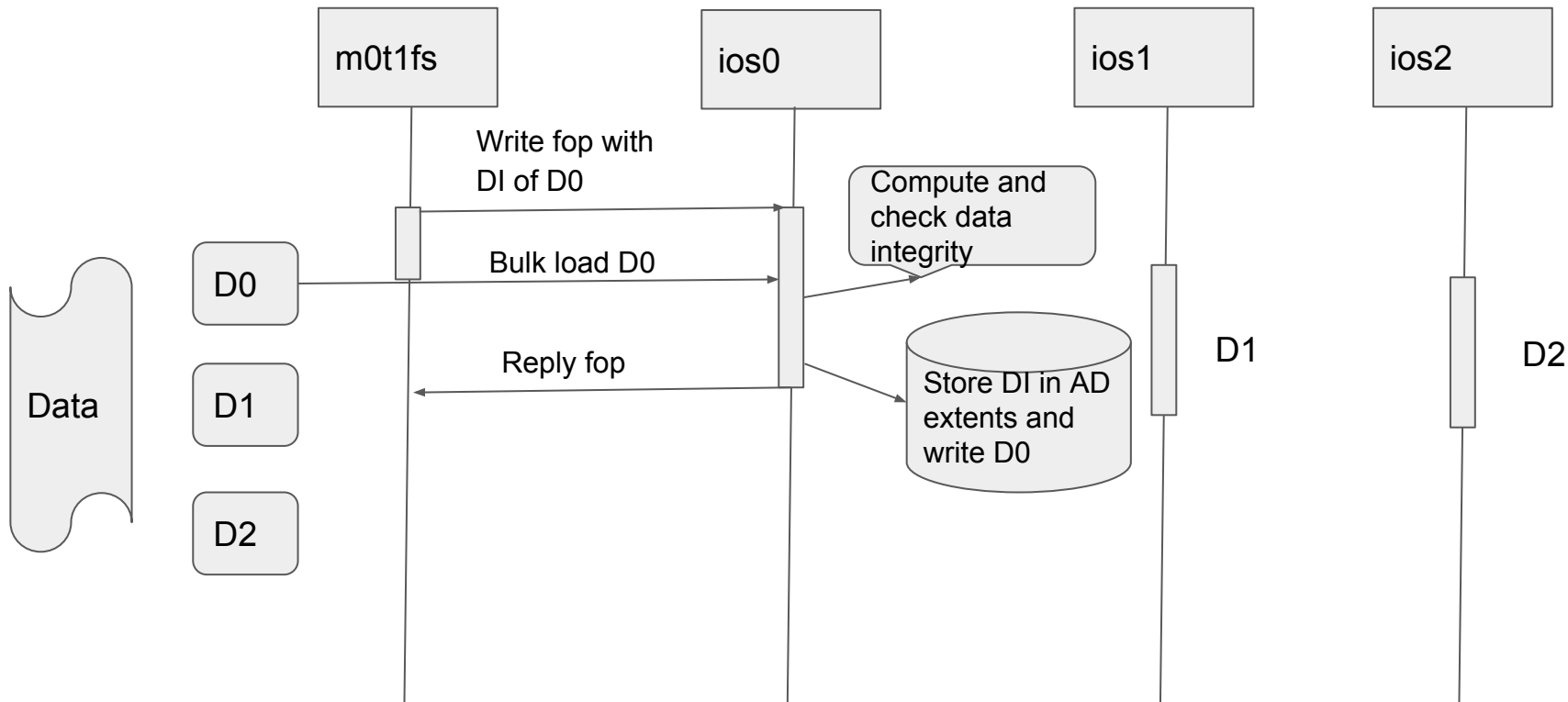
Mero End-to-end Data integrity

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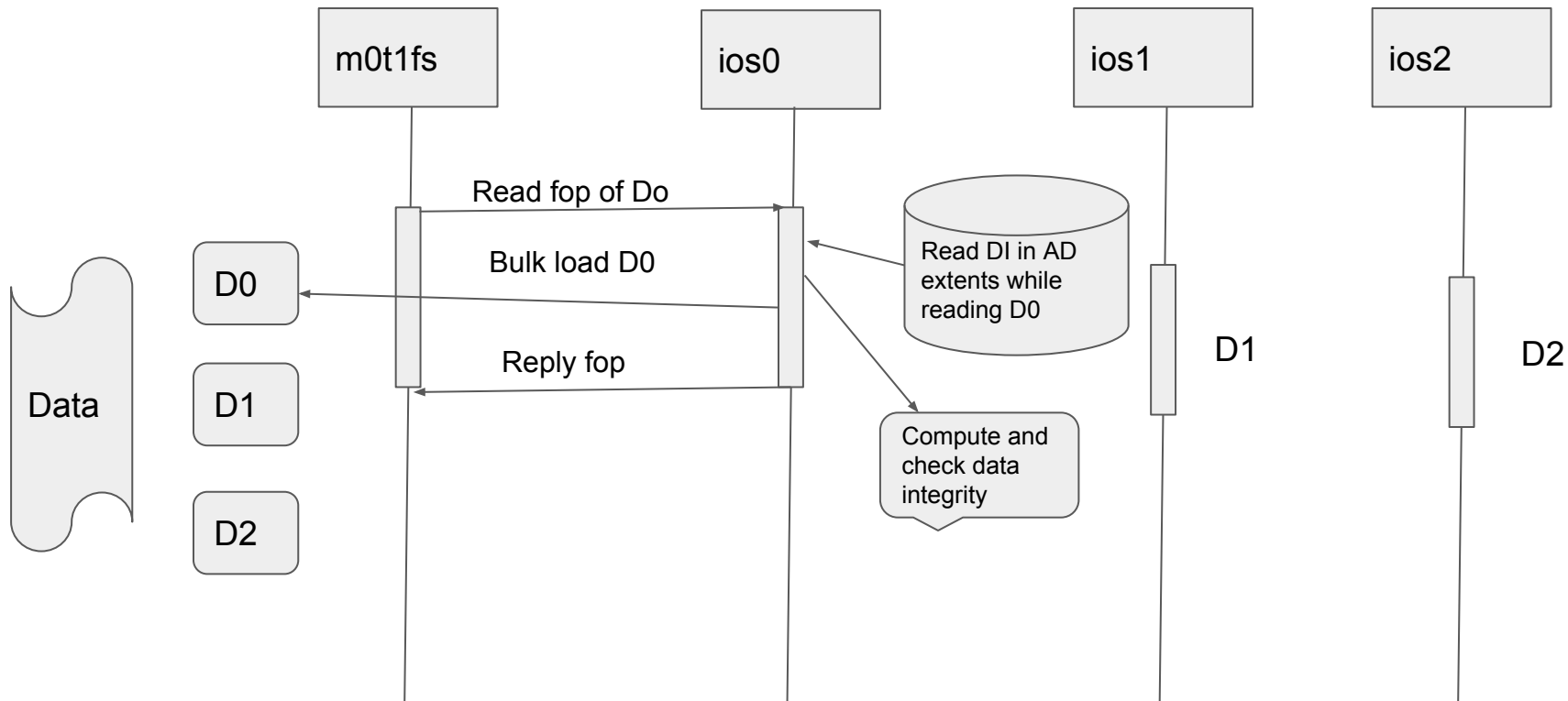
Design Highlights

- Data of each target is divided into blocks of 4096 bytes
- Checksum and tags of 64-bit each for these blocks are computed at m0t1fs (clovis or sns) and sent over wire
- Checksum for data blocks is computed based on checksum algorithm
Selected from configuration
- Data integrity type and operations are initialised in m0_file
- Using do_sum(), checksum values are computed for each block of data
And using do_chk(), checksum values are verified

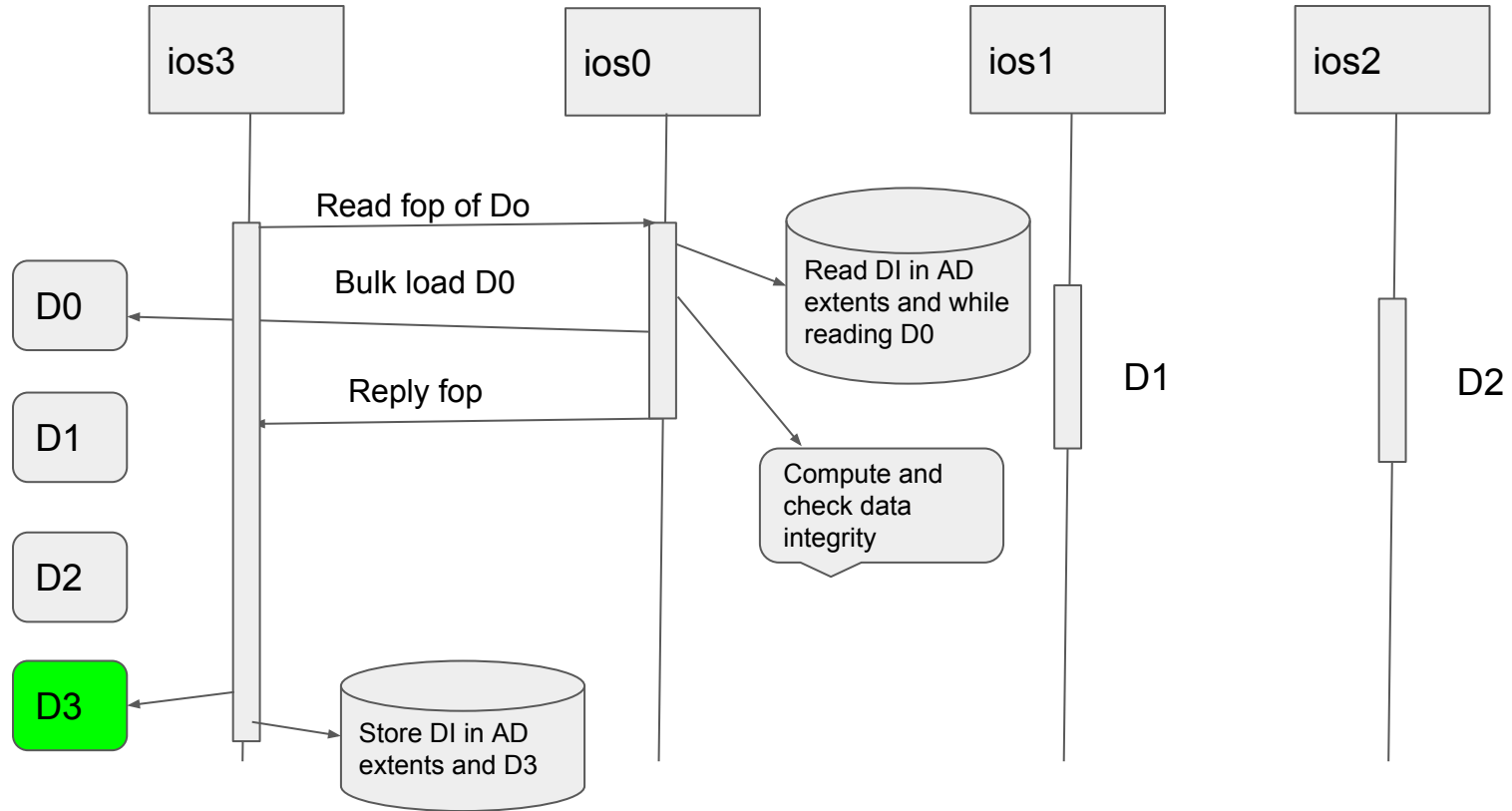
Write



Read



SNS



Current status

Completed

- a) Di is computed at m0t1fs and sent over wire
- b) After receiving write fop, checksum is recomputed and verified at ioservice

In progress

- a) In be segment block attributes m0_be_emap_seg:ee_battr is added.
And m0_be_emap_seg:ee_val and ee_battr (When b_nob > 0) are stored
In btree.
- b) emap split for di data is also work in progress.
- c) Write di data to extents while storing the data in disks.
(uses be_emap_split and in place btree insert api's)
- d) Read di data from extents while reading data from disks and verify checksum.
- e) In sns while reading data units, verify checksum and while writing, store
di data too.

Checksum Feature Task Break-up

- 1) HLD (Is it needed ?)
- 2) DLD ((Is it needed ?))
- 3) Implementation
 - a) Changes in be_extmap (Use m0_buf instead of uint64_t) - 2w
 - b) Changes in ad, like split and merge - 2w
 - c) Check data-integrity in ioservice - 1w
 - d) Configuration - Add parameter in conf filesystem for di - 3d
 - e) Cluster Testing - 2w
 - f) Inspection - 1w