

蓝牙架构介绍

于忠军

尊重版权,盗版必究

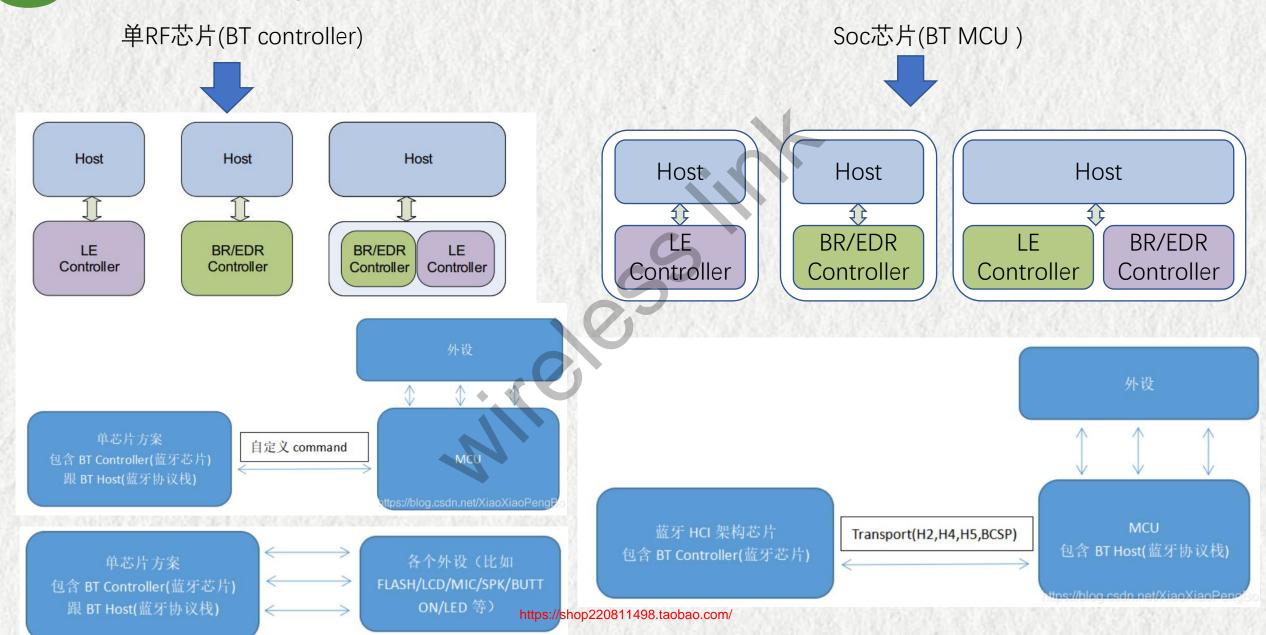


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蓝牙架构介绍

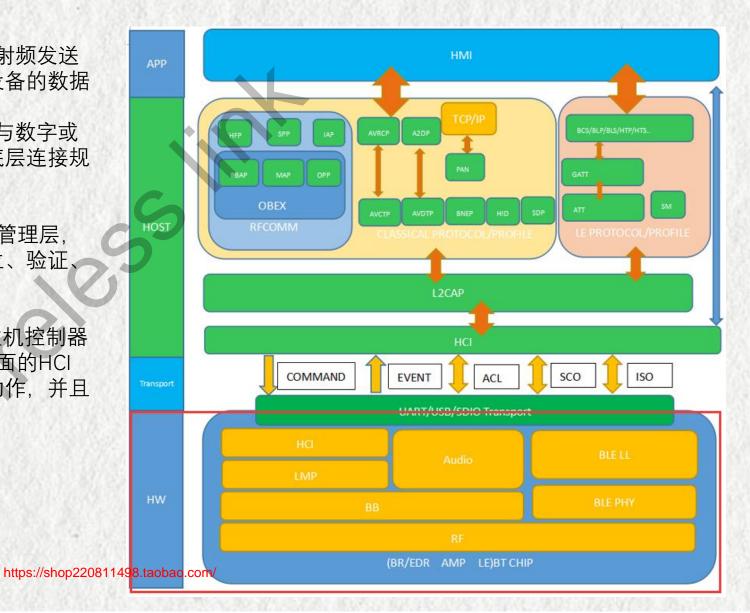
1 蓝牙架构介绍



HCI蓝牙架构介绍

蓝牙架构介绍-Controller

- 1) RF (RADIO): 射频层, 本地蓝牙数据通过射频发送 给远端设备, 并且通过射频接收来自远端蓝牙设备的数据
- 2) BB (BASEBAND): 基带层,进行射频信号与数字或语音信号的相互转化,实现基带协议和其它的底层连接规程。
- 3) LMP (LINK MANAGER PROTOCOL): 链路管理层, 负责管理蓝牙设备之间的通信,实现链路的建立、验证、 链路配置等操作
- 4) HCI(HOST CONTROLLER INTERFACE): 主机控制器接口层, HCI层在芯片以及协议栈都有,芯片层面的HCI负责把协议栈的数据做处理,转换为芯片内部动作,并且接收到远端的数据,通过HCI上报给协议栈。
- 5) BLE PHY: BLE的物理层
- 6) BLE LL: BLE的链路层



蓝牙架构介绍-Transport

TRANSPORT层: 此部分在硬件接口(UART/USB/SDIO)实现HOST跟CONTROLLER的交互,此部分会分为以下几个协议

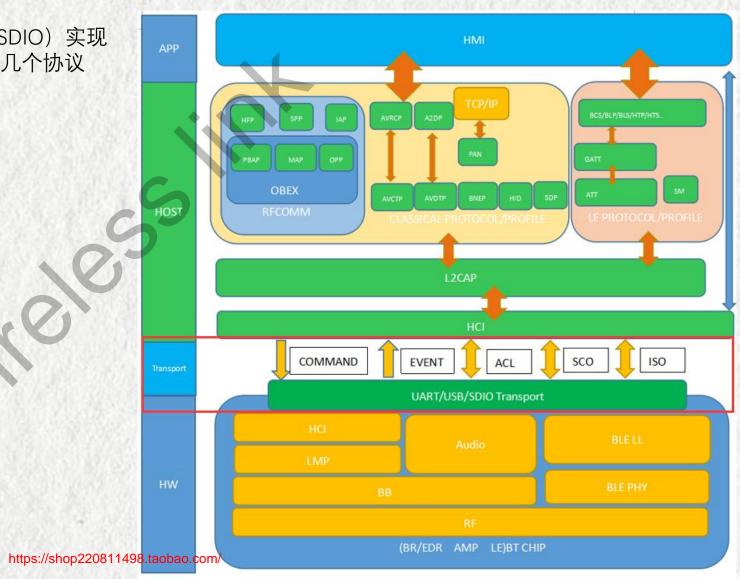
1) H2: USB的transport

2) H4: UART的transport

3) H5: UART的transport

4) BCSP: UART的transport

5) SDIO Transport



蓝牙架构介绍-Host

HCI (HOST CONTROLLER INTERFACE): 主机控制层接口, 主要负责透过transport把协议栈的数据发送给蓝牙芯片, 并且接受来自蓝牙芯片的数据,数据主要分为五种数据格式:

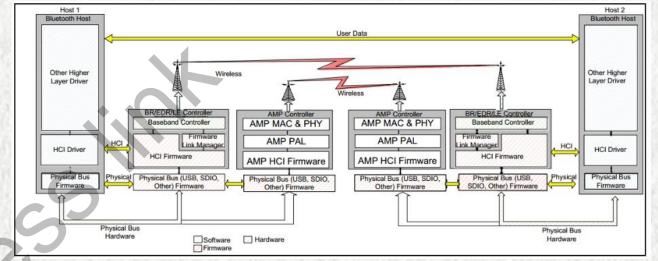
HCI COMMAND(HOST->CONTROLLER)

HCI EVENT(HOST<-CONTROLLER)

HCI ACL(HOST<->CONTROLLER)

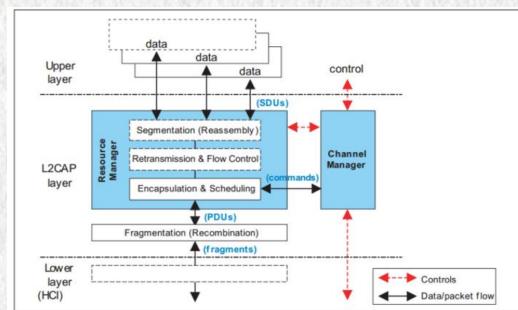
HCI SCO(HOST<->CONTROLLER)

HCI ISO(HOST<->CONTROLLER)

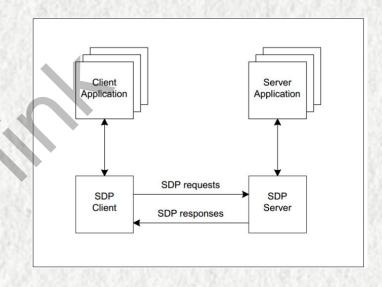


L2CAP(Logical Link Control and Adaptation Protocol):逻辑链路控制与适配协议,将ACL数据分组交换为便于高层应用的数据分组格式,并提供协议复用和服务质量交换等功能。

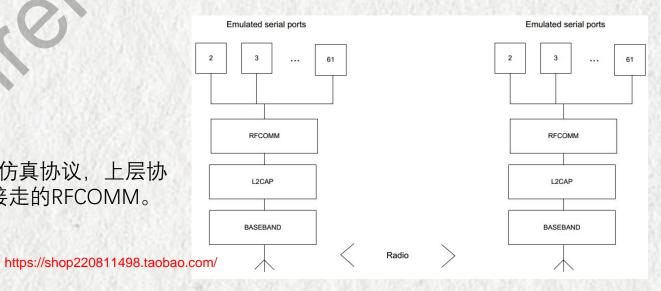
通过协议多路复用、分段重组操作和组概念,向高层提供面向连接的和无连接的数据服务,L2CAP还屏蔽了低层传输协议中的很多特性,使得高层协议应用开发人员可以不必了解基层协议而进行开发。



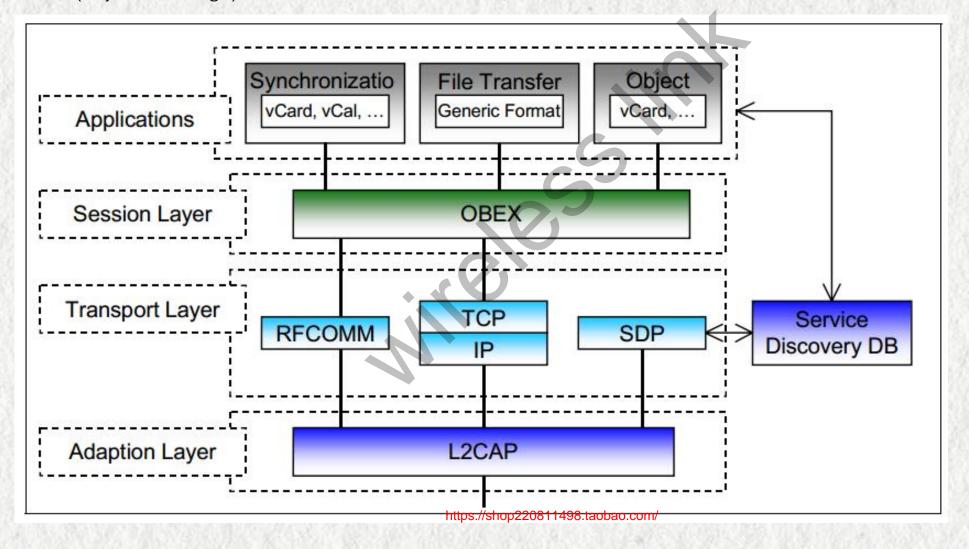
SDP (SERVICE DISCOVERY PROTOCOL): 服务发现协议, 服务发现协议(SDP)为应用程序提供了一种方法来发现哪些服务可用,并确定这些可用服务的特征



RFCOMM(Serial Port Emulation): 串口仿真协议,上层协议蓝牙电话,蓝牙透传SPP等协议都是直接走的RFCOMM。



OBEX(object exchange):对象交换协议,蓝牙电话本,蓝牙短信,文件传输等协议都是走的OBEX



HFP (Hands-Free): 蓝牙免提协议

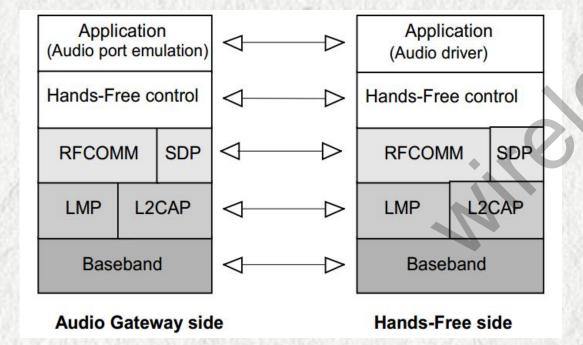




Figure 2.2: Typical Hands-Free Use

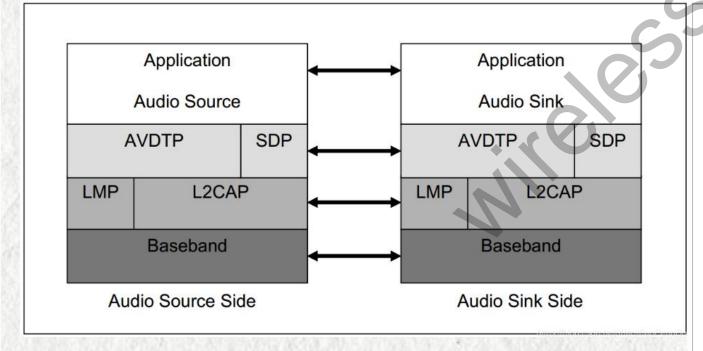
The following roles are defined for this profile:

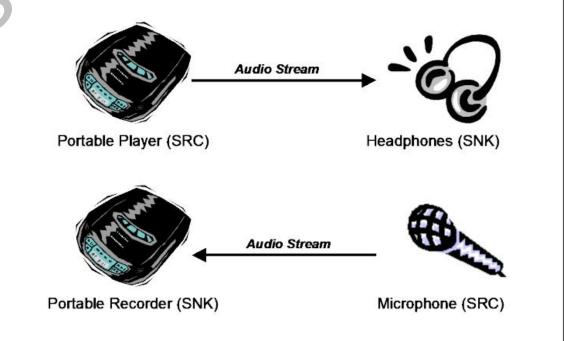
Audio Gateway (AG) – This is the device that is the gateway of the audio, both for input and output. Typical devices acting as Audio Gateways are cellular phones.

Hands-Free unit (HF) – This is the device acting as the Audio Gateway's remote audio input and output mechanism. It also provides some remote control means.

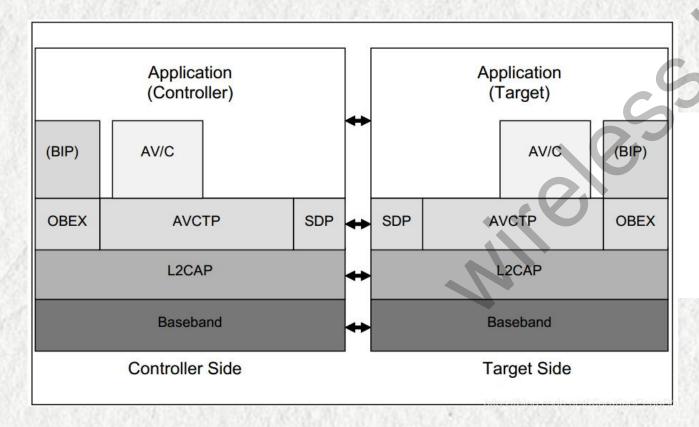
A2DP (Advanced Audio Distribution): 蓝牙音乐协议

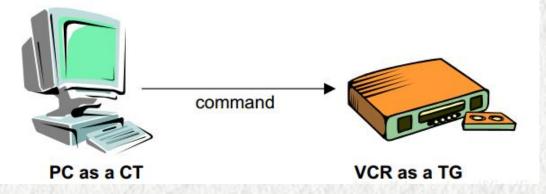
AVDTP(AUDIO/VIDEO DISTRIBUTION TRANSPORT PROTOCOL):音视频分布传输协议,是A2DP的底层



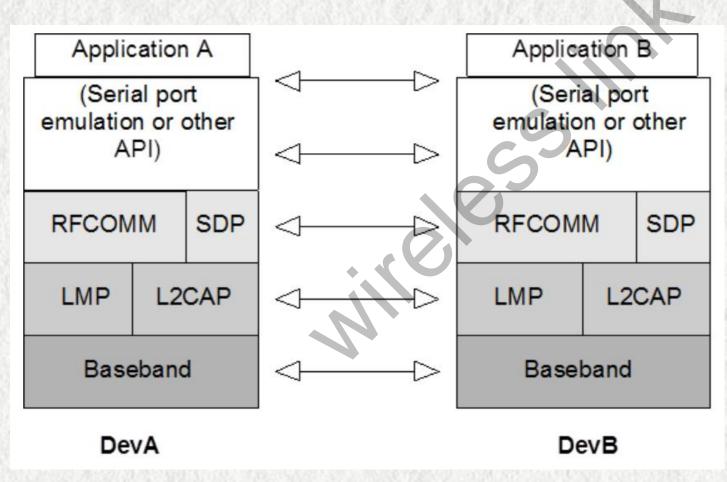


AVRCP(AUDIO/VIDEO REMOTE CONTROL PROFILE):蓝牙音乐控制协议 AVCTP(AUDIO/VIDEO CONTROL TRANSPORT PROTOCOL):音视频控制传输协议,是AVRCP的底层



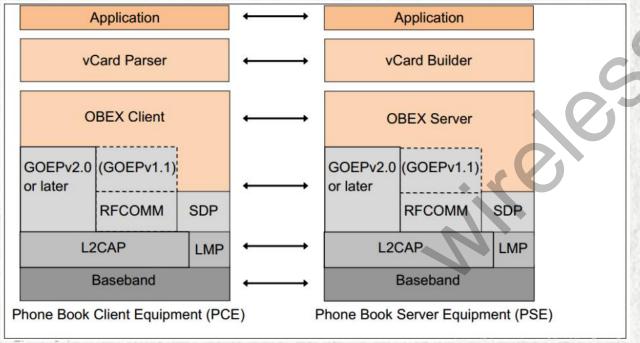


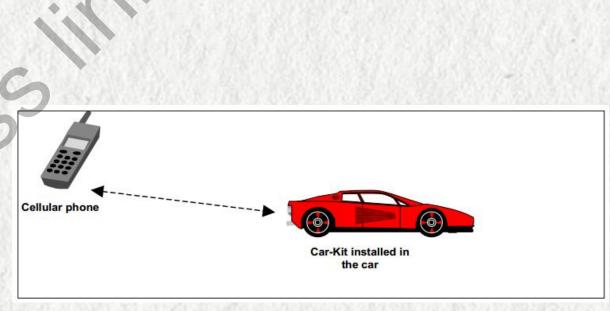
SPP (SERIAL PORT PROFILE): 蓝牙串口协议,架构如下



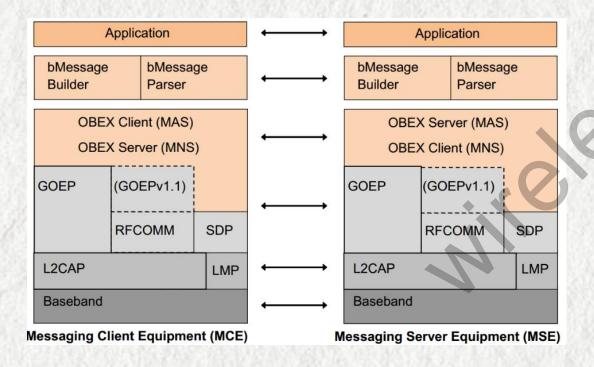
蓝牙架构介绍-Host

PBAP (Phone Book Access): 蓝牙电话本访问协议,架构如下:

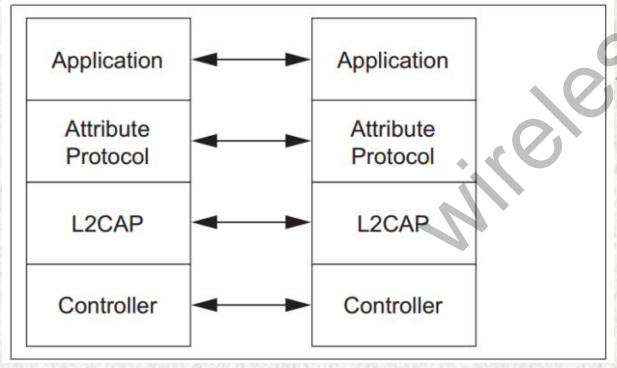


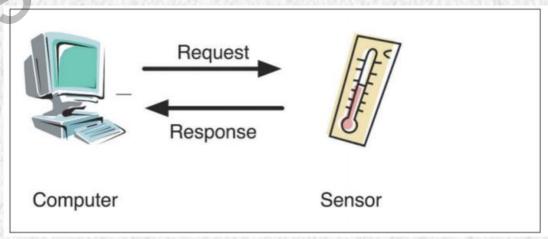


MAP (MESSAGE ACCESS PROFILE): 蓝牙短信访问协议,架构如下:

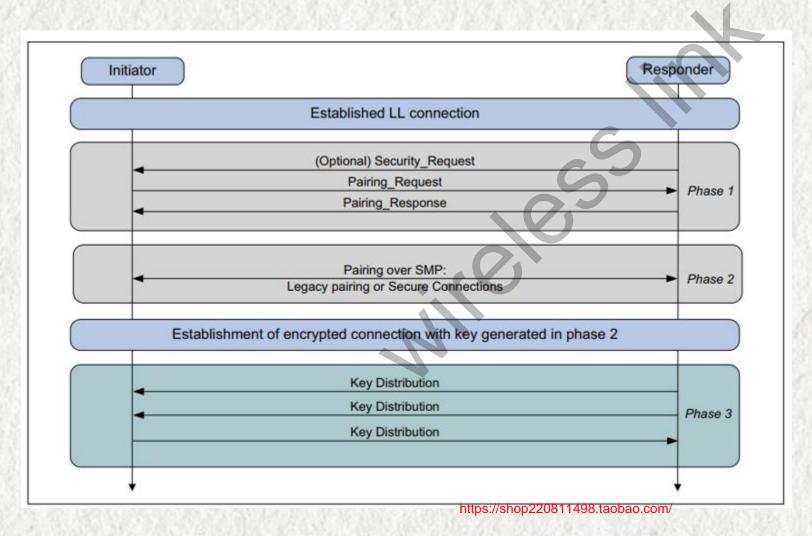


GATT(Generic Attribute Profile),通用属性协议 ATT(Attribute Protocol),属性协议





SMP(SECURITY MANAGER Protocol),安全管理协议





感谢您的耐心聆听

THANKS FOR WATCHING