

Programming with C I

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Objectives



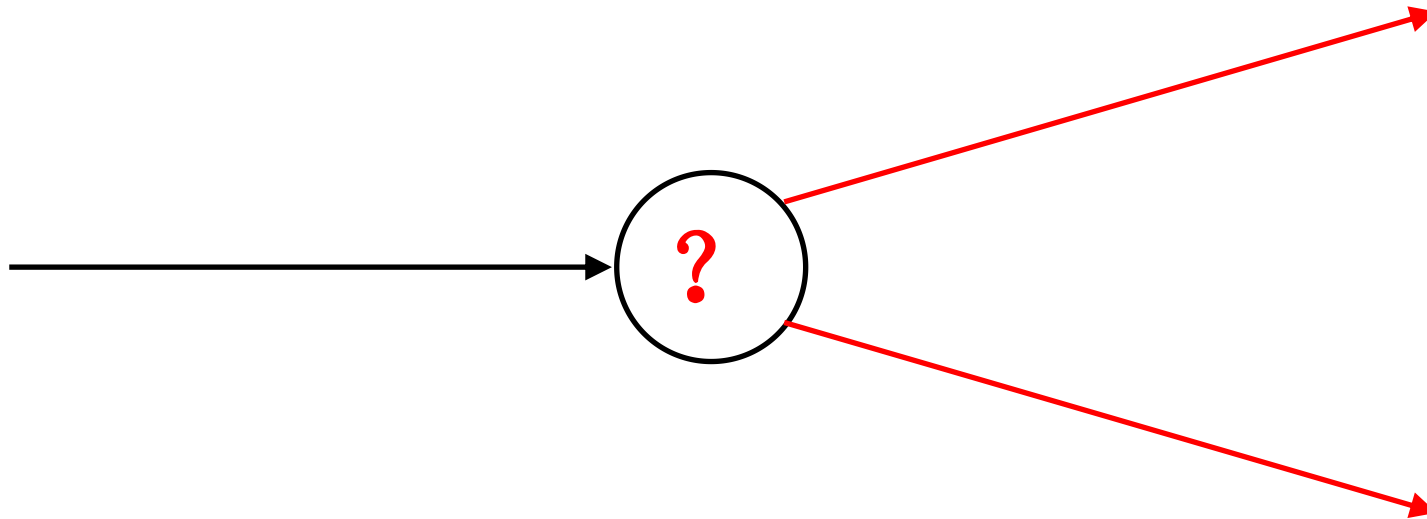
To learn how to use the relational, equality, and logical operators to write expressions that are true or false.

Control Structures



selection control structure

- a control structure that chooses among alternative program statements



Conditions



an expression that is either false

- represented by 0



or true

- usually represented by 1

`rest_heart_rate > 75`

Relational and Equality Operators

Operator	Meaning	Type
<	less than	relational
>	greater than	relational
<=	less than or equal to	relational
>=	greater than or equal to	relational
==	equal to	equality
!=	not equal to	equality

Logical Operators

➤ logical expressions

- an expression that uses one or more of the logical operators
 - && (and)
 - || (or)
 - ! (not)

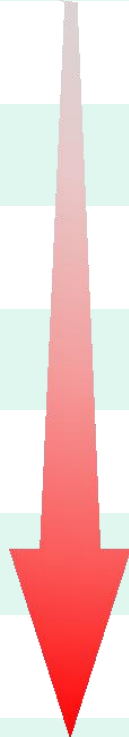
Logical Operators

➤ logical complement (negation)

- the complement of a condition has the value 1 (true) when the condition's value is 0 (false)
- the complement of a condition has the value 0 (false) when the condition's value is nonzero (true)

`! (0 <= n && n <= 100)`

Operator Precedence

Operator	Precedence
function calls	highest (evaluated first)
! + - & (unary operator)	
* / %	
+ -	
< <= >= >	
== !=	
&&	
=	lowest (evaluated last)

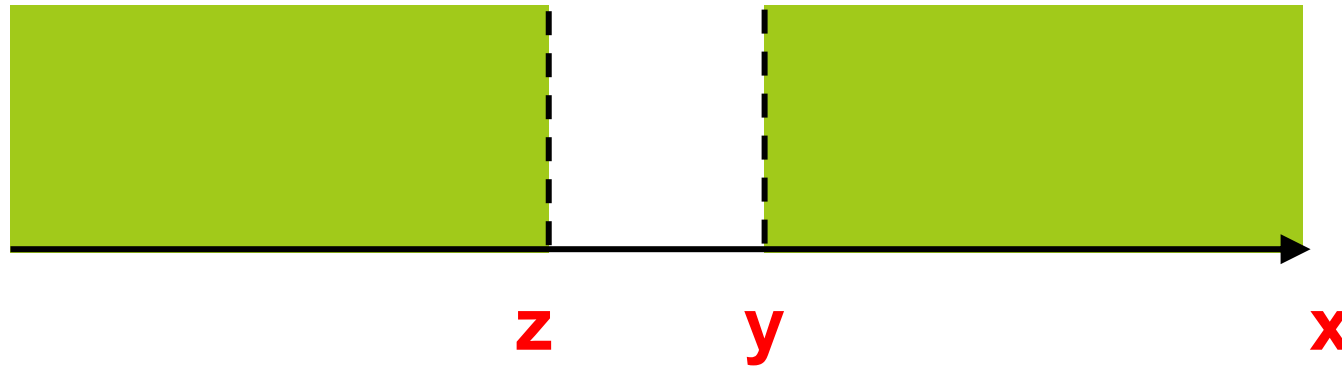
Figure

🏆 Range of True Values for $\text{min} \leq x \ \&\& \ x \leq \text{max}$

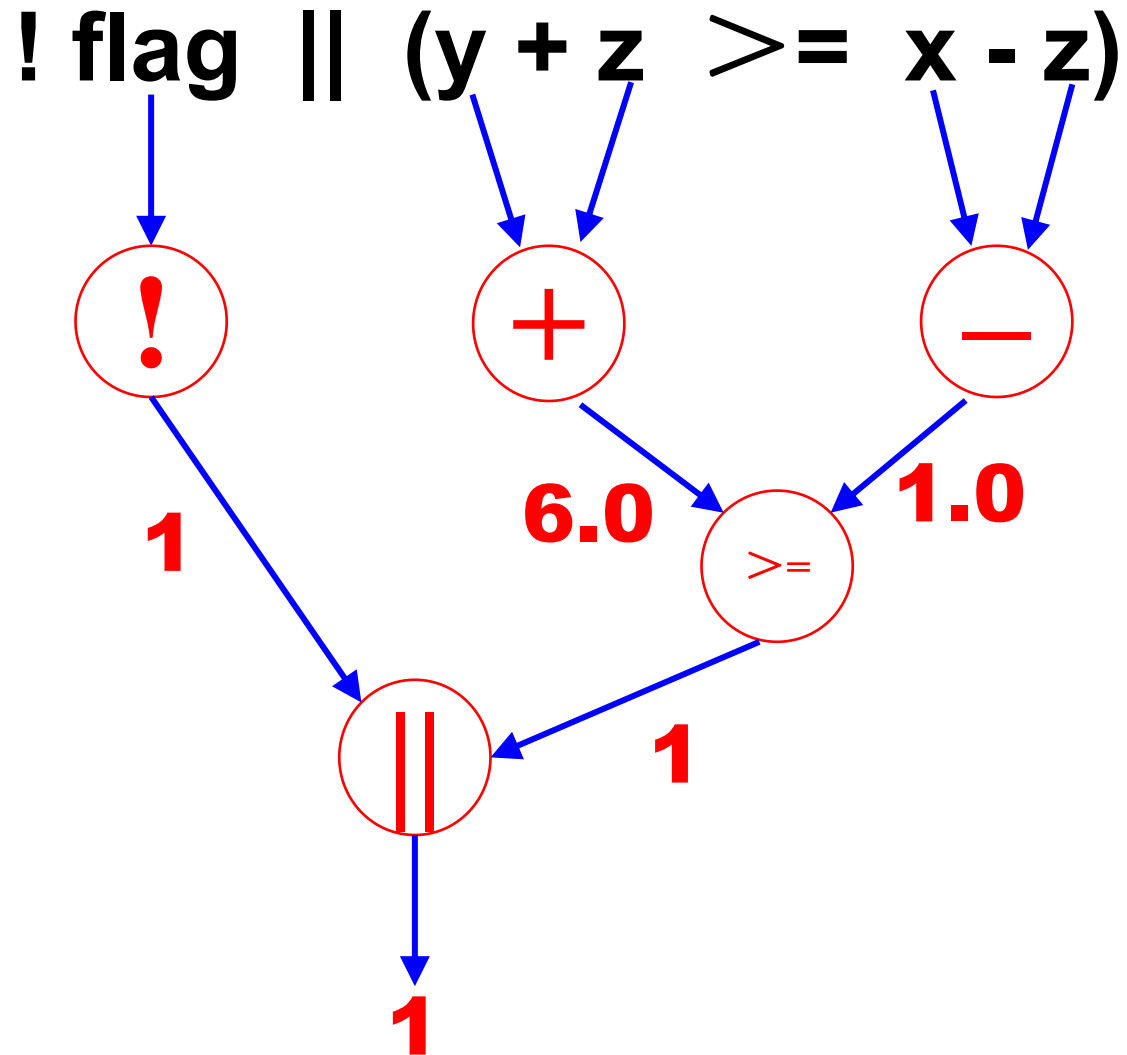


Figure

🏆 Range of True Values for $z > x \parallel x > y$



Evaluation Tree and Step-by-Step Evaluation for `!flag || (y + z >= x - z)`



flag	y	z	x
0	4.0	2.0	3.0

! flag || (y + z >= x - z)

<u>0</u>	<u>4.0 2.0</u>	<u>3.0 2.0</u>
1	<u>6.0</u>	<u>1.0</u>
		<u>1</u>
	1	

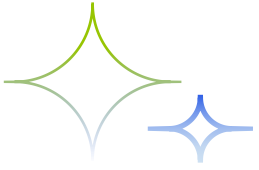
Short-Circuit Evaluation

 **stopping evaluation of a logical expression as soon as its value can be determined**_m

```
(div != 0 && (num % div == 0))
```

Comparing Characters

Expression	Value
'9' >= '0'	1 (true)
'a' < 'e'	1 (true)
'B' <= 'A'	0 (false)
'Z' == 'z'	0 (false)
'a' <= 'A'	System dependent
'a' <= ch && ch <= 'z'	1 (true) if ch is a lowercase letter



THE END

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