



Programming with C I

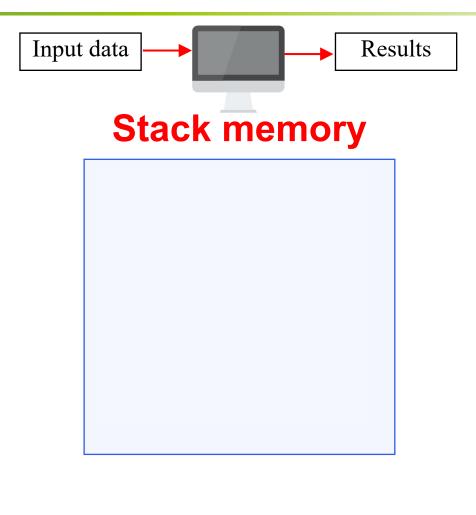
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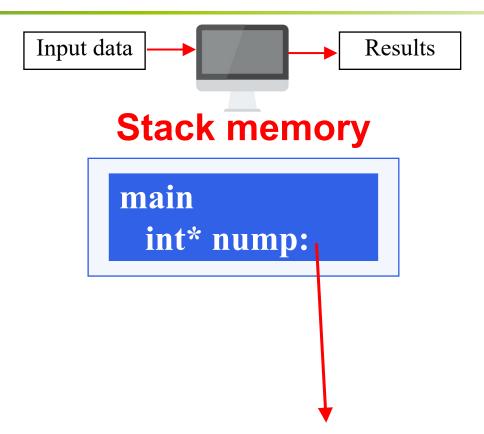
Previous uses of pointers...

- **©** Reference to data
- **Output parameters**
- **Output** Arrays and strings
- **i** File pointers

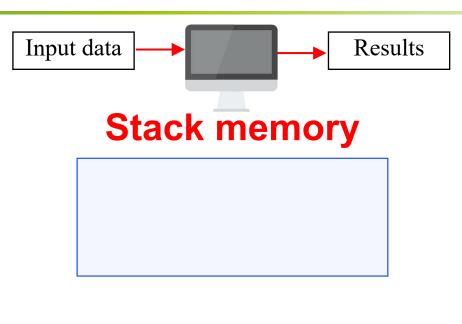
```
func1(int x) {
  x += 1;
  return(x);
int main(void) {
  int n = 10;
  n = func1(n);
  return(0);
```



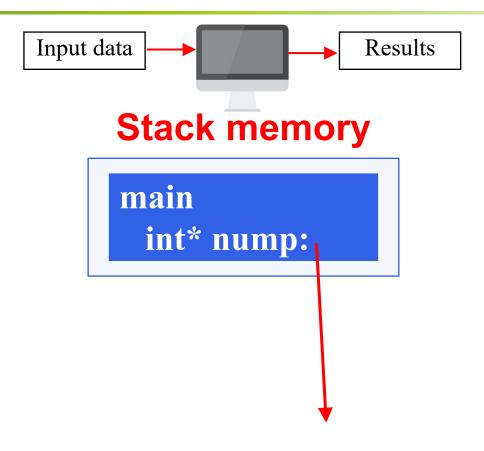
```
int main(void) {
   int* nump;
   nump = malloc(sizeof(int));
   *nump = 10;
   free(nump);
}
```



```
int main(void) {
   int* nump;
   nump = malloc(sizeof(int));
   *nump = 10;
   free(nump);
}
```



```
int main(void) {
  int* nump;
  nump = malloc(sizeof(int));
  *nump = 10;
  free(nump);
  *nump++;
```



undefined behavior!

Dynamic Memory Allocation

heap

region of memory in which function malloc dynamically allocates blocks of storage

stack

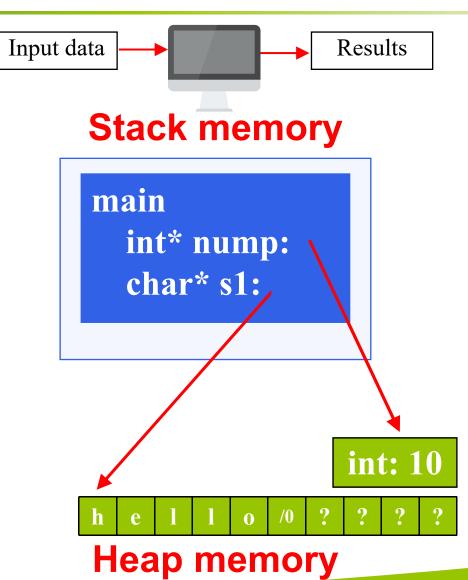
 region of memory in which function data areas are allocated and reclaimed

Important functions

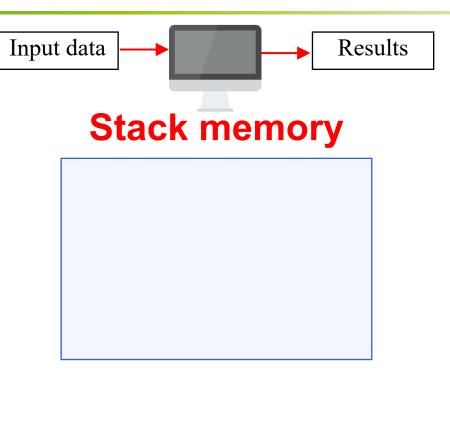
- malloc(<amnt of memory to reserve>)
- calloc(<num>, <amnt of memory to reserve>)
- free(pointer)

These are all from stdlib.h.

```
int main(void) {
  int* nump;
  nump = malloc(sizeof(int));
  *nump = 10;
  char* string1;
  string1 = calloc(10, sizeof(char));
  strcpy(string1, "hello");
  free(nump);
```



```
int main(void) {
  int* nump;
  nump = malloc(sizeof(int));
  *nump = 10;
  char* string1;
  string1 = calloc(10, sizeof(char));
  strcpy(string1, "hello");
  free(nump);
```



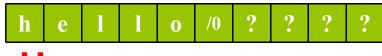
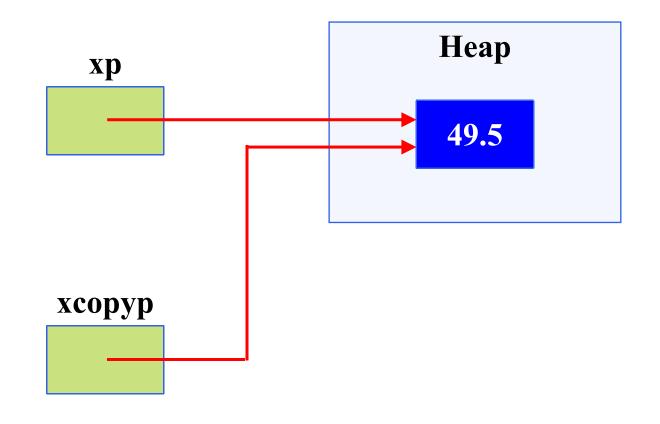


Figure Multiple Pointers to a Cell in the Heap

```
double *p, *xcopyp;
xp = (double *)malloc(sizeof (double));
*xp = 49.5;
xcopyp = xp;
free(xp);
```







THE END

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