

# CS246-Assignment 5, Group Project (Spring 2017)

## ChamberCrawler3000

Due Date 1: Monday, July 17th, 5pm  
Due Date 2: Tuesday, July 25th, 11:59pm

**DO NOT EVER SUBMIT TO MARMOSET WITHOUT COMPILING AND TESTING FIRST.** If your final submission doesn't compile, or otherwise doesn't work, you will have nothing to show during your demo. **Resist the temptation to make last-minute changes.** They probably aren't worth it.

This project is intended to be doable by three people in two weeks. Because the breadth of students' abilities in this course is quite wide, exactly what constitutes two weeks' worth of work for three students is difficult to nail down. Some groups will finish quickly; others won't finish at all. We will attempt to grade this assignment in a way that addresses both ends of the spectrum. You should be able to pass the assignment with only a **modest portion** of your program working. Then, if you want a higher mark, it will take more than a proportionally higher effort to achieve, the higher you go. A perfect score will require a complete implementation. If you finish the entire program early, you can add extra features for a few extra marks.

Above all, **MAKE SURE YOUR SUBMITTED PROGRAM RUNS.** The markers do not have time to examine source code and give partial correctness marks for non-working programs. So, no matter what, even if your program doesn't work properly, make sure it **at least does something.**

## 1 The Game of ChamberCrawler3000

In this project, you and your group will work together to produce the video game **ChamberCrawler3000** (CC3k), which is a simplified rogue-like (a genre of video game based upon the game Rogue<sup>1</sup> - [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Rogue\\_\(video\\_game\)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Rogue_(video_game))).

A game of CC3k consists of a board **79 columns wide** and **30 rows high** (5 rows are reserved for displaying information). Game play is as follows: the player character moves through a **dungeon** and **slays** enemies and **collects treasure** until reaching the end of the dungeon (where the end of the dungeon is the **5th floor**). A dungeon consists of different floors that consist of chambers connected with passages. In our simplification, each floor will always consist of the **same 5 chambers connected in exactly the same way** (outlined below).

CC3k differs from other rogue-likes in a significant way: it does not update the terminal/window in real-time but rather **redraws all elements every turn** (e.g. after every command). Many early rogue-likes were programmed in a similar fashion to CC3k.

However, strange happenings are **afoot** in the chamber this term. The monsters have **revolted** and demanded to be made the heroes due to their negative portrayal in previous iterations of CC3k! Accordingly, we have acquiesced<sup>2</sup> and so we have **a new group of heroic adventurers** this term.

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<sup>1</sup>Which is itself based on Dungeons and Dragons.

<sup>2</sup>They're monsters after all.

## 1.1 Some Definitions

It is understandable that this type of game may be new to readers of this document<sup>3</sup>. Accordingly, some definitions are provided here to aid in the reading of this document.

*Definition 1:* A **character** is a person/animal/thing in the game of CC3k. This can be either the **player character** (PC), who is controlled by the player of the game, or non-playable characters, who are strictly **enemies** in CC3k.

*Definition 2:* An **item** is something the player character can **pick up or use**. In CC3k, this is either **gold** or **potions**. Potions offer potentially positive and negative effects to the player character.

*Definition 3:* A **chamber** is an **individual room** in the game of CC3k. Chambers are **connected by passages**.

*Definition 4:* A **floor** in CC3k is a predefined configuration of 5 chambers with connecting passageways. Figure 1 depicts an empty floor. Note that the configuration is the **same for every floor** in a game of CC3k.

*Definition 5:* **Health Points (HP)** is the representation of a character's health (both enemies and the player character). When a character's HP reaches 0, they are **slain**. For an enemy this means that they are removed from the floor and **a tidy sum of gold is given to the player character**. When the player character has 0 HP then the current game ends.

*Definition 6:* **Attack (Atk)** is the representation of a **character's strength**. This is how hard a character can hit another character. Though in CC3k conflict is solely between the player character and non-playable characters.

*Definition 7:* **Defense (Def)** is the representation of a character's **toughness**. This is how hard a character can be hit by another character.

*Definition 8:* A **cell** is either a wall, floor tile, doorway, stairway, or passage.

*Definition 9:* Something being **spawned** means that the particular something (an enemy, gold, etc) should be generated and placed on the board.

*Definition 10:* A **1 block radius** denotes the **8 cells** adjacent to the character or item.

## 2 System Components

The major components of the system are as follows:

### 2.1 Player Character

The **default** player character **race** is a **shade**<sup>4</sup> that has starting stats (125 HP, 25 Atk, 25 Def). However, players have the option of choosing an **alternate** (but no less heroic) **race**: **drow** (150 HP, 25 Atk, 15 Def, all potions have their effect magnified by 1.5), **vampire** (50 HP, 25 Atk, 25 Def, gains 5 HP every successful attack and has no maximum HP), **troll** (120 HP, 25 Atk, 15 Def, regains 5 HP every turn; HP is capped at 120 HP), and **goblin** (110 HP, 15 Atk, 20 Def, steals 5 gold from every slain enemy). **Max HP** for all races is the starting HP, except for **vampire which has no max**.

In our game board, the **player character** is always denoted by the '@' symbol.

**Question.** How could you design your system so that each race could be easily generated? Additionally, how difficult does such a solution make adding additional races?

<sup>3</sup>In the internet vernacular, y'all be n00bz.

<sup>4</sup>A human who has become aligned with dark forces. Possibly CS 246 Course Staff.

## 2.2 Enemies

Enemies are the **mortal foes** of our illustrious player character. In a traditional rogue-like, the enemy character would have some degree of **artificial intelligence**. However, for simplicity in CC3k, enemies, **except for dragons**, move one square **randomly** within the confines of the chamber they were spawned in. Dragons are **stationary** and always guard a **treasure hoard**.

Enemies can be one of **human** (140 HP, 20 Atk, 20 Def, drops 2 normal piles of gold), **dwarf** (100 HP, 20 Atk, 30 Def, Vampires are allergic to dwarves and lose 5HP rather than gain), **elf** (140 HP, 30 Atk, 10 Def, gets two attacks against every race except dwarf), **orcs** (180 HP, 30 Atk, 25 Def, does 50% more damage to goblins), **merchant** (30 HP, 70 Atk, 5 Def), **dragon** (150 HP, 20 Atk, 20 Def, always guards a treasure hoard), and **halfling** (100 HP, 15 Atk, 20 Def, has a 50% chance to cause the player character to miss in combat, i.e. takes priority over player character's ability to never miss).

By default, **merchants** are neutral to all parties<sup>5</sup>. However, merchants can be **attacked and slain** by the player character. Attacking or slaying a Merchant will cause every Merchant from that point forward to become **hostile** to the player character for the rest of the game even on **future floors** (and will **attack** them if they pass within a one block radius).

Dragons always spawn in a one block radius of its dragon hoard(see Treasure). That is, if a dragon hoard is spawned then a dragon is spawned.

Upon their demise, any enemy that is not a dragon, human, or merchant will drop either a **small pile or normal pile of gold** (discussed below). This gold is immediately added to the player character's total.

Enemies (except dragons, who are stationary) **move randomly 1 floor tile at a time**, assuming the floor tile is unoccupied (see Section 3 for floor tile description). An enemy can never leave the room it was spawned (created) in. Note that enemies should be moved in a **line-by-line fashion**. That is, starting at the leftmost enemy, move all enemies on that row and then move to the next row starting with the leftmost. Any particular enemy should only be moved once per player action (e.g. moving to a line that has not been processed does not grant an extra move). **However, should the player character be within a 1 block radius of an enemy then the enemy will always attack the player character.**

Enemies are denoted on the map as follows: **(H)uman, d(W)arf, (E)lf, (O)rc, (M)erchant, (D)ragon, Half(L)ing.**

**Question.** How does your system handle generating different enemies? Is it different from how you generate the player character? Why or why not?

**Question.** How could you implement the various abilities for the enemy characters? Do you use the same techniques as for the player character races? Explain.

## 2.3 Items

### 2.3.1 Potions

In the game of CC3k, there is only one type of **usable item**: a **potion**. Potions are of two types: **positive** and **negative**. Potions can provide the player character with positive and negative bonuses as outlined below. Regardless of the potion itself, all potions are denoted on the map with a **P**. A player may not hold any potions<sup>6</sup>. Accordingly, a potion cannot be used unless a player is standing within a 1 block radius of it.

The effects of a particular potion are **not known** until it is used for the first time, e.g. the player character will not know what a potion does until they use it for the first time in a session. However, they will only learn about the effects of that particular potion. Other potions will not have their effects revealed. The exception is for potions purchased from the Merchant<sup>7</sup>, which should have their abilities displayed.

#### Positive Potions:

- **Restore health (RH)**: restore up to 10 HP (cannot exceed maximum prescribed by race)
- **Boost Atk (BA)**: increase Atk by 5

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<sup>5</sup>They're capitalists after all

<sup>6</sup>Note: Adding an inventory is a great DLC for CC3k.

<sup>7</sup>Only a concern for **bonus purposes**. The default game does not require Merchants to sell anything.

- Boost Def (BD): increase Def by 5

#### Negative Potions:

- Poison health (PH): lose up to 10 HP (cannot fall below 0 HP)
- Wound Atk (WA): decrease Atk by 5
- Wound Def (WD): decrease Def by 5

The effects of RH and PH are permanent while the effects of all other potions are limited to the floor they are used on. For example, using a BA potion will only boost the player character's Atk until the beginning of the next floor.

Note that the PC's Atk and Def can never drop below 0.

**Question.** The Decorator and Strategy <sup>8</sup> patterns are possible candidates to model the effects of potions, so that we do not need to explicitly track which potions the player character has consumed on any particular floor. In your opinion, which pattern would work better? Explain in detail, by weighing the advantages/disadvantages of the two patterns.

### 2.3.2 Treasure

Treasure in CC3k consists only of gold. Gold can be in several types of piles: small (value 1), normal (value 2), merchant hoard (value 4), and dragon hoard (value 6). Recall, a dragon must always protect a dragon hoard whenever it randomly spawns. A dragon hoard can only be picked up once the dragon guarding it has been slain. Gold, regardless of type, is denoted by 'G' on the map.

A merchant hoard is dropped upon the death of a merchant. Gold dropped by a merchant (merchant hoard, value 4) or a human (2 normal piles, value 2x2=4) is picked up only when the PC walks over it.

**Question.** How could you generate items so that the generation of Treasure and Potions reuses as much code as possible? That is, how would you structure your system so that the generation of a potion and then generation of treasure does not duplicate code?

## 2.4 Floors

Levels are generated to consist of the 5 chambers connected in the manner outlined in Figure 1. It would be more interesting to have randomly connected randomly generated chambers but that is more complicated than the time frame allows<sup>9</sup>.

The player character should spawn randomly in a chamber (every chamber is equally likely) but it should never be the case that the player spawns in the chamber with the stairs going down to the next level. Stairs are denoted by '\'. Note that the stairway and player character may be spawned with equal probability on any floor tile in a chamber. That is, a larger chamber should be no more likely to spawn the PC/stairs than a smaller chamber, where any floor tile in the selected chamber is equally likely to spawn the PC/stairs.

10 potions are spawned on each floor. A potion's type is chosen at random, with each type having equal (1/6) probability. The chamber the potion spawns in is also chosen at random, with each room having equal (1/5) probability. Each square in the chamber a potion spawns in has an equal chance of containing the potion. Note that this means in particular that small rooms are just as likely to spawn potions as large rooms.

We might like to have gold spawn more or less frequently as the game gets more difficult. However, to again simplify design the spawn rate of gold is 5/8 chance of normal, 1/8 dragon hoard, 1/4 small hoard. Chambers are equally likely (as are floor tiles in any particular chamber) to spawn gold. 10 piles of gold are spawned on every floor.

With the exception of dragons, enemies have the following probability distribution of being spawned:

- Human: 2/9

<sup>8</sup>[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Strategy\\_pattern](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Strategy_pattern)

<sup>9</sup>This would be a *hard* but good DLC for CC3k.

- Dwarf: 3/18
- Halfling: 5/18
- Elf: 1/9
- Orc: 1/9
- Merchant: 1/9

20 enemies are spawned per floor (this number does not include dragons). Every chamber is equally likely to spawn any particular monster (similarly for floor tiles).

We require that generation happens in the following order: player character location, stairway location, potions, gold, enemies. This is to allow us to more easily evaluate that your random generation is correctly implemented.

Note that multiple objects (enemies, gold, and potions) cannot occupy the same cell on the game board. That is, no two objects can ever occupy the same space. The one exception to this is the case of gold. Typically, when a player character walks over gold, it is picked up. The exception to this is if the gold is associated with a still alive dragon; in this case, the player simply walks over the gold, without picking it.

When the PC attempts to move on to a stairway, the next level is instead generated and displayed, with the PC spawning in a random position on the new level.

Items and enemies should only ever spawn on a floor tile and never in a doorway, passage, or the stairs leading down to the next floor.

## 2.5 Combat

By default, all enemies except for Merchants and Dragons are hostile to the player character. If the player character enters within a 1 block radius of any hostile enemy, they will attempt to attack the player character (even before the player character has had a chance to attack). Dragons are considered hostile when the player is next to (read: in the 1 block radius of) its dragon hoard or itself, and will use their fire breath to defend its hoard (i.e. will attack the enemy). This means that a Dragon might attack even if the player is not next to the Dragon, but because it is next to a dragon hoard. If the player character is not within a 1 block radius of the enemy then it will resume random movement (as previously described). Recall that Merchants can become hostile when one is attacked/slain by the player character.

Combat is resolved as follows: Enemies will auto-attack players given the previously specified criteria, however, there is a 50% chance their attack misses. The player character has the option of attacking any of the 8 squares that are within a 1 block radius of them. The PC never misses (except when attacking a halfling as discussed earlier). Recall, that the PC has initiative and always attacks first.

Damage is calculated as follows:  $Damage(Defender) = ceiling((100/(100+Def(Defender)))*Atk(Attacker))$ , where Attacker specifies the attacking character (enemy or PC) and defender specifies the character being attacked. Thus, in a single round a character can be both an attacker and a defender.

## 3 Display

The display of CC3k is relatively simple, Figure 1 depicts an empty board. Walls are denoted by ‘|’ and ‘—’, doorways by ‘+’, and passages by ‘#’. Floor tiles that can be walked upon are denoted by ‘.’. Chambers are denoted by the smaller polygons inside the larger rectangle. The player character can only ever occupy a passage block, doorway block, or a floor tile inside a chamber. The player character can see in all chambers simultaneously, e.g. through walls or doors<sup>10</sup>. Figures 2, 3, 4, 5, depict various board states. Note that Figure 1 represents a completely empty game board and is meant to act as a reference of what the game board would look like before any generation occurs.

<sup>10</sup>For the sake of simplicity, the player character has X-Ray vision.

```

|-----|
| |-----| |-----|
| |.....| |.....|
| |.....+#####+.....|-----|
| |.....| # |.....|--|
| |.....| # |.....|--|
| |-----+-----| # |-----+-----|.....|
| # ##### |.....|
| # # |-----+-----| |.....|
| # # |.....| |.....|
| ##### |.....| #####+.....|
| # # |.....| # |.....|
| # # |-----+-----| # |-----+-----|
| |-----+-----| # # # #
| |.....| # # # |-----+-----| |
| |.....| ##### |.....|
| |.....| # # |.....|
| |.....| # |-----+-----|.....|
| |.....| # |.....|
| |.....+#####+.....|
| |.....| |.....|
| |-----| |-----|
|-----|
Race: Shade Gold: 0 Floor 1
HP: 125
Atk: 25
Def: 25
Action:

```

Figure 1: Empty board showing all passages between chambers.

```

|-----|
| |-----| |-----|
| |.....@.....W.....| |..L.....L.....G.|
| |...H.....E.....+#####+.....|-----|
| |.....L.....| # |.....O.....W.....|--|
| |.....O.....M.....| # |..P.....|--|
| |-----+-----| # |-----+-----|.....|
| | # |#####|.....G.....|
| | # | # |-----+-----| |..H.....D.....|
| | # | # |....E...G..| |.....|
| |#####| |....\....| #####+....P.....|
| | # | # |....E...P..| # |.....|
| | # | # |-----+-----| # |-----+-----|
| | |-----+-----| # | # | # | # |
| | |.....| # | # | # | |-----+-----|
| | |...O.....E.....|#####| |.....|
| | |.....G.....| # | # | |...G..G....|
| | |...L.....| # |-----+-----|.....|
| | |.....L.....| # |.....|
| | |.....P.....+#####+....W.....P....O.....L.....|
| | |...M.G.....| |.....H.....|
| |-----| |-----|
|
|-----|

```

Race: Shade Gold: 0

Floor 1

HP: 125

Atk: 25

Def: 25

Action: Player character has spawned.

Figure 2: A board showing a (potentially) generated board.

```

|-----|
| |-----| |-----|
| |.....@.....W.....| |..L.....L.....G..|
| |.....H.....E.....+#####+.....|-----|
| |.....L.....| # |.....O.....W.....|--|
| |.....O.....M.....| # |..P.....|-----|--|
| |-----+-----| # |-----+-----|.....|
| | # |#####| |.....G.....|
| | # | # |-----+-----| |..H.....D.....|
| | # | # |....E...G..| |.....|
| |#####| |....\....| #####+...P.....|
| | # | # |....E...P..| # |.....|
| | # | # |-----+-----| # |-----+-----|
| |-----+-----| # | # | # | # |
| |.....| # | # | # |-----+-----|
| |...O.....E.....|#####|.....|
| |.....G.....| # | # |...G..G....|
| |...L.....| # |-----+-----|.....|
| |.....L.....| # |.....|
| |.....P.....+#####+...W.....P...O.....L.....|
| |...M.G.....| |.....H.....|
| |-----| |-----|
|-----|

```

Race: Shade Gold: 0

Floor 1

HP: 120

Atk: 25

Def: 25

Action: PC deals 5 damage to H (135 HP). H deals 5 damage to PC.

Figure 3: A board showing combat. (Note: Action values are fictitious and do not represent actual attack/-damage calculations.)



```

|-----|
| |-----| |-----|
| |.....@P...W.....| |..L.....L.....G.|
| |.....E.....+#####+.....|-----|
| |.....L.....| # |.....O.....W.....|--|
| |.....O.....M.....| # |..P.....|--|
| |-----+-----| # |-----+-----|.....|
| # ##### |.....G.....|
| # # |-----+-----| |..H.....D.....|
| # # |....E...G..| |.....|
| ##### |....\....| #####+.....|
| # # |....E...P..| # |.....|
| # # |-----+-----| # |-----+-----|
| |-----+-----| # # # #
| |.....| # # # |-----+-----| |
| |...O.....E.....| ##### |.....|
| |.....G.....| # # |...G..G....|
| |...L.....| # |-----+-----|.....|
| |.....L.....| # |.....|
| |.....P.....+#####+.....W.....P...O.....L.....|
| |...M.G.....| |.....H.....|
| |-----| |-----|
|
|-----|

```

Race: Shade Gold: 1

Floor 1

HP: 100

Atk: 25

Def: 25

Action: PC moves East and sees an unknown potion.

Figure 4: A board showing that potions are unknown until used.

```

|-----|
| |-----| |-----|
| |.....@....W.....| |..L.....L.....G.|
| |.....E.....+#####+.....|-----|
| |.....L.....| # |.....O.....W.....|--|
| |.....O.....M.....| # |..P.....|--|
| |-----+-----| # |-----+-----|.....|
| # ##### |.....G.....|
| # # |-----+-----| |..H.....D.....|
| # # |....E...G..| |.....|
| ##### |....\....| #####+.....|
| # # |....E...P..| # |.....|
| # # |-----+-----| # |-----+-----|
| |-----+-----| # # # #
| |.....| # # # |-----+-----| |
| |...O.....E.....| ##### |.....|
| |.....G.....| # # |...G..G....|
| |...L.....| # |-----+-----|.....|
| |.....L.....| # |.....|
| |.....P.....+#####+....W.....P...O.....L.....|
| |...M.G.....| |.....H.....|
| |-----| |-----|
|-----|
Race: Shade Gold: 1 Floor 1
HP: 10
Atk: 30
Def: 25
Action: PC uses BA.

```

Figure 5: A board showing potion usage.

## 4 Command Interpreter

Initially, the game will demand the player enter one of the specified races or quit. Entering 'q' or EOF (e.g. Ctrl-D) at the race prompt will cause the program to terminate. Supplying a valid **race selection** (below) will start that game using that race. Other values will be **ignored**.

**Play will continue in the specified way until the player restarts, reaches the end of floor 5, the PC dies, or the player quits.** If the player reaches the end of the game or their character is slain, the game should give them the option of **playing again or quitting**.

The following commands can be supplied to your command interpreter:

- **no,so,ea,we,ne,nw,se,sw**: moves the player character one block in the appropriate cardinal direction.
- **u <direction>**: **uses** the potion indicated by the direction (e.g. no, so, ea).
- **a <direction>**: **attacks** the enemy in the specified direction, if the monster is in the immediately specified block (e.g. must be one block north of the @).
- **s, d, v, g, t**: specifies the **race** the player wishes to be when starting a game.
- **f**: **stops enemies from moving** until this key is pressed again.
- **r**: **restarts** the game. All stats, inventory, and gold are **reset**. A **new race** should be selected.
- **q**: allows the player to admit defeat and **exit** the game.

Note that the board should be redrawn as appropriate **every time a command is entered**.

## 5 Ending the Game and Scoring

A game session **ends** in one of the following ways: **the player character reaches the stairs on floor 5, the player character's health reaches 0, the player restarts the game or quits.**

**A player's score is only generated in the first of above two cases. Score is determined by the amount of gold they have collected in their current character's life time (except for shades who have a 50% increase to their score).**

## 6 Command Line options

Your program should have the ability to process an **optional** single command line argument: **the name of a file** that specifies the layout of each of the 5 floors. This is specified by giving the exact floor layout as is presented to the player. Essentially, any diagram presented in this document (minus the text information in the last 5 rows). **Note that potions and piles of gold will be denoted by numbers** (outlined below) but should be converted to the appropriate character when displayed to the player.

The translation of numbers to items is as follows: **0 - RH, 1 - BA, 2 - BD, 3 - PH, 4 - WA, 5 - WD, 6 - normal gold pile, 7 - small hoard, 8 - merchant hoard, 9 - dragon hoard.**

You may find it useful to have a **second optional argument that represents a seed for your random number generation (so that you can have reproducible results).** This is **not** required.

## 7 When all else fails...

This is a relatively complex project with many components and large amounts of random generation. Accordingly, if you find yourself running out of time or having trouble here's our suggestion for priorities:

- Reading in (from a file) and printing a floor.
  - Implementing this will make your demo go much faster
- Create general purpose player character, enemies, and items (e.g. No special types)

- Get movement and interaction working (combat, item use, etc) for these generalized versions.
- Introduce the different races and enemies.
- Introduce the different types of items.

Accomplishing the first three points should reward you with at least 50% (assuming you have used object-oriented principles to get that far). That is, you will get a higher mark for submitting something that runs but not does implement all the requirements than submitting something that attempts to implement all the requirements but doesn't run.

## 8 Downloadable Content (Bonus Enhancements)

The bonus enhancements for the CC3k project will be phrased in terms of free<sup>11</sup> **Downloadable Content (DLC)**.

You should provide some way of playing the game with and without your DLC that doesn't require recompilation (i.e. adding a new command-line parameter, or an in-game command to toggle it on/off). This will allow project assessors to accurately determine that you met all the base requirements.

The following is a list of possible DLC that you could develop. However, don't attempt to implement this until you've got the base game working.

- Use a curses<sup>12</sup> library to make this like an actual game with WASD controls (google WASD if you do not know what it is).
- Introduce an inventory system so that the player character can hold multiple potions
  - Expand the inventory and combat systems to make use of new types of treasure (e.g. weapons and armour)
- Give enemies some intelligence. Make them pursue the player character.
- Give the Merchant the ability to sell (and maybe buy from the player character).
- Add a class system to the game (e.g. Knight, Monk, etc). May require extensive reworking for magic users.
- Add more player character races.
- Add more enemies.
- Other stuff! The sky (or rather the chamber roof) is your limit.

## 9 Submission Instructions

See **project\_guidelines.pdf** for important instructions including what to submit when, bonus, plan of attack and final design document.

## 10 A Note on Random Generation

To complete this project, you will require the **random generation** (or rather, pseudo-random) of numbers. You have two options available to you. In **<cstdlib>**, there are commands **rand** and **srand**, which generate a random number and seed the random generator respectively (typically, seeded with `time()` from **<ctime>**). Alternatively, you can use the **prng class** from **prng.h**, which provides an encapsulated random number generating algorithm. Either is fine for the project; it is not required to use one over the other.

<sup>11</sup>Contrary to the general trend in the gaming industry.

<sup>12</sup><http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ncurses>