

2021-2022 学年广东省深圳实验中学九年级（上）开学英语试卷

一、听力理解（10 分。1-10 每小题 0.5 分，11-15 每小题 0.5 分） I. 听录音，选出你听到的句子。（句子念两遍）

1. （0.5 分） A.He has black hair and brown eyes.
B.He has brown hair and black eyes.
C.He has black hair and blue eyes.
2. （0.5 分） A.Mr.Young came over at once after they left.
B.Mr.Young came over at once after she left.
C.Mrs.Young came over at once after she left.
3. （0.5 分） A.Will you go out for a walk at seven?
B.Will you go to the cinema at seven?
C.Will you go to the cinema at seven?

II.听录音，选出与你听到的句子意思相近或相同的句子。（句子念两遍）

4. （0.5 分） A.Our hairstyle will make you the tallest in the world.
B.Our hairstyle will make you feel satisfied.
C.Our hairstyle will make you stand on the top of the world.
5. （0.5 分） A.That ruler is shorter than this one.
B.That ruler is as long as this one.
C.That ruler is longer than this one.
6. （0.5 分） A.Shanghai Museum is in the middle of Shanghai.
B.Shanghai Museum lies in the west of Shanghai.
C.Shanghai Museum lies in the east of Shanghai.

III.听录音，根据你所听到的问句选择最合适的答语。（问句念两遍）

7. （0.5 分） A.It looks very nice.
B.It's a Rolex.
C.Ninety pounds only.
8. （0.5 分） A.You're welcome.
B.I am OK.
C.I'd like to see Dr.Li, please.
9. （0.5 分） A.She looks very busy.

B.She likes apples.

C.She is short and fat.

IV. 听录音, 根据你所听到的对话选择正确的答案。(对话和问句念两遍)

10. (0.5 分) A.At 6: 00.

B.At 6: 30.

C.At 7: 00.

11. (1 分) A.At a railway station.

B.At a factory.

C.At a restaurant.

12. (1 分) A.A taxi driver.

B.A singer.

C.A senior employee.

V. 听录音, 根据所听到的短文, 选择最佳答案。(短文和问句念两遍)

13. (3 分) (1) A.He makes cakes.

B.He sells books.

C.He grows vegetables.

(2) A.Because his shop is near his home.

B.Because there is no buses.

C.Because he likes riding a bike.

(3) A.5: 15.

B.5: 05.

C.4: 45.

二、单项选择 (10 分) 根据题意, 从下面每小题的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项 (每小题 0.5 分)

14. (0.5 分) Mr.Smith always gives us _____ by emails. ()

A. some good informations

B. good informations

C. a good information

D. some good information

15. (0.5 分) There _____ a talk show on TV tonight. ()

A. will have

B. is going to be

C. is going to have

D. is having

16. (0.5 分) - - - When _____ Mary _____ the town for London?

- - - I think it _____ last December. ()

A. did; leave; was

B. did; leave; is

C. has; left; was

D. does; leave; is

17. (0.5 分) Mary looked _____ when she learned that she didn't pass the exam. Now she is looking _____ at her paper. ()

A. sadly; sadly

B. sad; sad

C. sad; sadly

D. sadly; sad

18. (0.5 分) The pianos in the other shop will be _____ but _____. ()

A. much cheaper; not as better

B. much cheaper; not as good

C. more cheap; not as good

D. more cheaper; as good

19. (0.5 分) Some kids _____ on the playground, _____ were swimming in the pool. ()

A. are playing, the others

B. are playing, others

C. were playing, the other

D. were playing, others

20. (0.5 分) Thanks for the offer. It is very nice _____ you _____ of me. ()

A. of; to think

B. for; to think

C. of; thinking

D. for; thinking

21. (0.5 分) You look tired. You'd better _____ a good rest. ()

A. stop to have

B. stop having

C. to stop to have

D. to stop having

22. (0.5 分) - - - What's wrong with this old house?

- - - Something strange _____ in it. ()

A. takes place

B. is taken place

C. was taken place

D. took place

23. (0.5 分) My parents _____ Shenzhen for 20 years since they came here. ()

A. have gone to

B. have been to

C. have been in

D. have gone in

24. (0.5 分) _____ careless you are! _____ making the mistake! ()

A. What; Don't

B. How; Don't

C. What; Stop

D. How; Stop

25. (0.5 分) I _____ go to the cinema, _____ I don't have the time now. ()

A. didn't use to do; so

B. didn't use to; but

C. used to; so

D. used to; but

26. (0.5 分) John _____ go to the hospital often _____ he was young. _____ he exercises every day, _____ now he is in good health. ()

A. need to; when; So; and

B. need to; while; But; and

C. used to: when: But: so

D. used to; while; And; so

27. (0.5 分) - - - _____ I use your computer?

- - - Sorry, you _____. I am writing a report on it now. ()

A. Will; won't

B. May; can't

C. Must: mustn't

D. Need: needn't

28. (0.5 分) I don't want to use your pen.I want _____. ()

A. somebody else's

B. somebody's else

C. somebody else

D. somebody's else's

29. (0.5 分) - - _____ you _____ your homework yet?

- - Yes. I _____ it a moment ago. ()

A. Did, do; finished

B. Have, done; finished

C. Have, done; have finished

D. will, do; finish

30. (0.5 分) My parents often ask me _____ too much time _____ computer games. ()

A. not to spend; playing

B. not to spend; to play

C. not spend; play

D. not spend; playing

31. (0.5 分) The lecture about how _____ efficient at work _____ Business School. ()

A. being; was organized by

B. to be; was organized by

C. be; was organizing by

D. to be; was organized to

32. (0.5 分) - I don't know if Mr. Li ____ to the party this evening.

- I think he will come if he ____ free. ()

A. will come; is

B. will come; will be

C. comes; is

D. comes; will be

33. (0.5 分) I don't think that you are able to do it, ____? ()

A. do I

B. don't I

C. are you

D. aren't you

三、完形填空 (10 分) 阅读下面的短文, 从短文后所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出能填出相应空白处的最佳选项。

34. (10 分) I talked with a worried - looking mother at a teahouse. She said she was trying so hard to be with her (1) _____.

Her daughter told her she had a (2) _____ that she wouldn't tell her. Her eleven - year - old said she told her friends and even a friend's mother. She felt like an outsider in her daughter's life. She'd (3) _____ learned from the other mother that the secret was just that her daughter was afraid to go to junior high school next year. Why couldn't she tell her that?

I offered another idea. I said that actually she was so (4) _____ to her daughter. In my opinion, (5) _____ her daughter told her mother that she was afraid to go to junior high school, it would make it much more scary. That is, to (6) _____ it to her loved mother would make it much more real to her. When you say something out loud to someone who is so important to your life, what you imagine becomes very (7) _____. The fact of going to junior high school was seriously making her scared.

The mother thanked me saying she never would have (8) _____ that point of view and that actually she felt better now.

It's upset for mothers to experience the (9) _____ from little girls who tell you everything to teens who don't. This mother was (10) _____ that. She was learning how to step back from giving her daughter much pressure with her feelings, though she was hurt, and it was very difficult.

(1) A. daughter

B. son

C. husband

D. sister

(2) A. lesson

B. secret

C. friend

D. plan

(3) A. only

B. never

C. just

D. even

- (4) A.important B.careless C.scared D.hopeful
- (5) A.though B.unless C.if D.as
- (6) A.promise B.say C.do D.prepare
- (7) A.beautiful B.sad C.difficult D.real
- (8) A.understood B.refused C.sent D.forgotten
- (9) A.chance B.friendship C.change D.decision
- (10) A.doing B.making C.giving D.facing

四、阅读理解（30 分）第一节阅读下列短文，从下面每小题的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。
（共 3 小题，每题 2 分）

35.（10 分）

Everyone feels sad sometimes.This is normal and won't last for a long time.Kids do different things when they feel sad — some kids tell others and some kids keep to themselves.

Why do you feel sad?

There are lots of reasons why you might feel sad.Some reasons may be:

- losing someone or something that you love or care a lot about
- fighting or arguing with a friend
- not liking how school is going
- not winning a game or competition
- not being invited to a party or to a friend's place to play
- being sick or in hospital

How to deal with your sad feeling?

When you are sad, here are some suggestions that might help you:

- Do things to show how you feel.Write, draw, cry, paint, build and so on!
- Time on your own.Spend some time on your own doing your favorite things.
- Be relaxed.Play outside, play a game, read a book, listen to some music, watch a movie, or be with your friends.It's OK to take time out to do something just for you and just because you like it.
- Talk to someone if you have been feeling sad for a long time.Talk to someone you trust, and know they will listen.This could be your parents, friends, a family member or a teacher.

(1) The underlined part "some kids keep to themselves" means they _____.

- A.like telling others when they are sad
- B.wouldn't tell others when they are sad
- C.will tell themselves about the sad things
- D.would make themselves do sad things

(2) According to the passage, the following are reasons for making you sad EXCEPT _____.

- A.losing your pet dog
- B.being in hospital
- C.fighting with your best friend
- D.organizing a speech contest

(3) How many pieces of advice does the writer give when you're sad? _____

- A.4.
- B.5.
- C.6.
- D.7.

(4) The writer thinks you should _____ if you have been feeling sad for a really long time.

- A.go to sleep
- B.fight with someone
- C.go to see a doctor
- D.talk to people you trust

(5) Talking to a trust person about what's making you sad can help you _____.

- A.feel worse
- B.eat more
- C.feel better
- D.do more things

36. (10 分) Many people want to buy the newest electronics, the fastest car and the most expensive watch, but what are these things really worth?

For some people, these things give them status (地位). They think it's cool because they have the newest iPhone, or they're better at the newest Xbox game. Lots of people say that buying new things makes them happy. They like having new, pretty, expensive things. The problem is that they don't stay happy for long and the feeling they get when they buy something expensive fades. There's a new iPhone, and you stop liking your car. Your friend has Beats in a different color and they're so much nicer. It seems that someone else always has

something better.

As far as I am concerned, those who are crazy about buying things of big and expensive brands (品牌) just want to show off. It has nothing to do with happiness. So, what can you buy to stay happy? The research suggests that the best thing to spend your extra money on is doing things like traveling, learning to cook, speaking a language, skiing or surfing. What about going to the theater, eating at a Michelin star restaurant or climbing a mountain?

In the long term, people are happier with money they spend on activities than on the expensive things. You don't remember what shoes you wore, but you remember running the marathon! When you do new things or things you enjoy, you gain life experience and memories.

So forget about the designer clothes and expensive watch.

(1) According to Paragraph 2, what's the problem for those who like buying expensive things? _____

- A. They like trying everything to get status.
- B. It's hard for them to be happy in daily life.
- C. They can't keep new and expensive things well.
- D. It seems that someone else always has something better.

(2) The underlined word "fades" in the second paragraph means " _____ " in Chinese.

- A. 逐渐消失
- B. 降价
- C. 逐渐升华
- D. 升值

(3) According to the writer, what do some people really want to do by buying expensive things? _____

- A. To get happiness.
- B. To show off.
- C. To be healthy.
- D. To earn money.

(4) What's the writer's advice on spending money in order to get happiness? _____

- A. To spend your extra money on clothes.
- B. To save money as much as possible.
- C. To spend money on activities you enjoy.
- D. To use expensive things as carefully as you can.

(5) What does the passage mainly discuss? _____

- A. Why people should save money.
- B. How people can stay happy by shopping.
- C. What expensive things can offer to people.
- D. Whether buying expensive things can bring happiness.

37. (10 分) In this day and age, some people often think of handwriting as useless. There is no doubt that times have changed. Many people have smartphones, iPads, and computers. We have e-mail, social media and texting. Who needs handwriting anymore? However, handwriting still plays an important part in the lives of people of different ages.

Children in early elementary school do most of their exercises and homework with pencil and paper. With practice, children's handwriting becomes automatic (自动的). This frees them to make thoughtful sentences and stories without being got into trouble by the skills of typing (打字). In fact, handwriting can help improve spelling and reading.

Moreover, not everything can be done on a keyboard - nor it should be. School kids still handwrite most tests, and tests are timed - so you have to be quick. Nobody should graduate from high school without knowing how to write - meaning both making a grammatical sentence and setting it down neatly and quickly.

In fact, it's not only students who can't leave handwriting, but also adults. We may need to fill out emergency hospital forms or bank paperwork. We write shopping lists, gift cards, and thank-you notes. It's important that we have good handwriting that communicates clearly. Whether we're writing a note to an aging grandparent or communicating with an employer, a handwritten note shows that we care. It says that we've taken the time and work to make a personal connection.

Besides, writing with a pen or pencil is more convenient than turning on your computer to type sometimes.

Above all, handwriting is still very important to us in the digital (数字) age. Learning to handwrite is necessary.

(1) Some people think handwriting is useless because _____.

- A. it is quite difficult for children to learn at school
- B. there are smartphones, iPads and computers nowadays
- C. it is hardly used in the lives of people of different ages
- D. e-mail and texting are the main ways to communicate for them

(2) Why is handwriting necessary for children according to the passage? _____

- A.Because it helps make their learning automatic.
- B.Because they have trouble with the skills of typing.
- C.Because it helps make their spelling and reading better.
- D.Because they have to make thoughtful sentences and stories.

(3) What's the main idea of the fourth paragraph? _____

- A.How to communicate with others by handwriting.
- B.How to use handwriting in the right ways.
- C.Good handwriting shows that we care.
- D.Handwriting is important to adults.

(4) Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage? _____

- A.Most school kids finish their tests on a keyboard.
- B.Handwriting can be more convenient than typing.
- C.Many school kids are good at handwriting.
- D.Handwriting needs more time than typing.

(5) What does the passage mainly talk about? _____

- A.Why typing takes the place of handwriting.
- B.How handwriting is taught in the digital age.
- C.Why handwriting is important in this day and age.
- D.How smartphones and computers work on handwriting.

第二节 补全语篇 以下是一篇短文，请阅读全文，并从下列方框里的六个句子中选择五个还原到原文中，使原文的意思完整、连贯。

38. (5 分)

- A.Begin to train your brain to look at strength before weakness.
- B.Here are some ways to set you in the right direction.
- C.Do not follow the people who make you feel not good - enough.
- D.Turn to the page in your journal (日记) which lists your strengths and achievements.
- E.Do not care too much about your mistakes.
- F.Set a goal for self - acceptance.

We all want to accept and love ourselves.But at times it seems too difficult to reach. (1) _____

- Stop comparing yourself with others. (2) _____.Why do you follow them? Know that your life is

your own; you are the only you in this world.

● (3) _____.Don't be sorry for your mistakes and failures.Rather than getting caught up in how you could have done better, why not offer yourself a compassionate (有同情心的) response?

● Realize all of your strengths and write them down on your journal. (4) _____.List all of your advantages and achievements.Nothing is too small to celebrate.

● After you've listed your strengths, list your imperfections.Turn the page in your journal.Put into words why you don't feel good enough.Now, read these words back to yourself.Feeling upset again?

(5) _____.See how amazing you are?

第三节 信息匹配

39. (5 分) A.Sister.The film, putting spotlight on sibling relationship, tells the story between a teenage girl and her younger brother after their parents died in a car crash.

B.Hi, Mom.The film stars Jia Ling, a daughter who was deeply saddened by her mother's accidental death, finds herself transported back to 1981.where she meets her mother and tries to change her life.

C.On Your Mark Inspired by a blind marathon runner, the film tells a story of how a single father, "who is a taxi driver, helps his son, who was born with eye disease, to realize his dream - - to run a marathon.

D.Mining Town Set in Ningxia from the 1990s to the present, the TV drama shows how villagers from Xihaigu have succeeded in getting rid of poverty under the guidance of China's poverty alleviation policies and with the help of the coastal province of Fujian.

E.The awakening Age .The TV series, directed by Zhang Yongxin, narrates the story of how the Communist Party of China (CPC) was founded in 1921.

F.Storm Eye.The TV drama shows two national security officers, together with their team.work to protect critical mineral resources, secret data and core technology, and destroy spying operations.

(1) _____They were just my age, but they were bearing such great responsibility .The history of the birth and growth of the CPC is so exciting and inspiring!"

(2) _____"I found myself in tears after watching the time travel comedy....It made me better understand a mother's love.It is definitely worth watching!"

(3) _____"The TV drama is full of touching stories....It was set in my hometown Ningxia.Great changes have taken place there thanks to China's efforts to end poverty."

(4) _____"The sister needs to choose between her dream and her younger brother.I kept thinking what choice I would make if I were the sister. ...After all, we all need the right to choose our own life."

(5) _____ "I was deeply impressed by the officers who are fearless and have a strong sense of responsibility for the public. ..They safeguard our country at all costs."

五、用所给词的适当形式填空（每空 0.5 分；共 5 分）

40. (0.5 分) We must reach a/an _____ (agree) at the end of the meeting.
41. (0.5 分) I am _____ (true) sorry for what I have done.
42. (0.5 分) You should not give up, instead, you should try to find a better _____ (solve) .
43. (0.5 分) The bottle is _____ (fill) with water.
44. (0.5 分) I am still waiting for _____ (confirm) of the test result.
45. (0.5 分) You shouldn't miss this _____ (gold) opportunity.
46. (0.5 分) It's a great pleasure _____ (see) you again.
47. (0.5 分) Have you ever considered _____ (go) abroad?
48. (0.5 分) The two babies seems not _____ (are) in good condition now. It seemed that they had been through some pains.
49. (0.5 分) Your answer is _____ (correct) . You'd better correct your mistake.

六、语法填空（10 分）

50. (10 分) 2021 is called the Year of the Ox by Chinese. But why is it? The oxen have been (1) _____ (faith) friends of mankind. They are considered as "boats on land" for (2) _____ (they) ability to carry goods. Besides, the whole body of (3) _____ ox is full of treasures. Their meat and milk are food full of nutrition, and their skin can (4) _____ (use) to make clothes and shoes. With all these advantages, the oxen are regarded as generous creatures.

The oxen (5) _____ (play) an important role in Chinese culture for ages. For example, the symbol of Shenzhen people and their spirit of never (6) _____ (give) up. And "the spirit of ox" remains (7) _____ (high) valued by Chinese people. Today, in daily life, when someone gets a great (8) _____ (succeed) through hard work, people will use "niu", meaning "Good Job", to describe him or her. Were you born (9) _____ the year of Ox? (10) _____ so, then you'll be a lucky one with a bright future.

七、书面表达（15 分）

51. (15 分) 教育部发布了《关于进一步加强中小学生睡眠管理工作的通知》，要求作业、校外培训、游戏都要为学生睡眠让路。为此，你们班专门召开了一次主题班会，就如何加强时间管理，确保充足睡眠开展讨论。请你将小组讨论的建议分享给全班同学。

小组讨论建议如下：

在校期间	认真听课，提高学习效率。
	利用好自习课，完成作业。
课余时间	非必要不参加校外培训，以免耗费时间。
	（补充一种方法）
总结

要求： 1.字数 80 字左右（开头和结尾已给出不计入总字数）

2.须包含提示中的所有信息，可适当发挥，条理清晰，语意连贯；

3.文中不得出现姓名、学校等真实信息。

提示词： self - study class 自习课； after - school training 校外培训；

Dear fellow students,

Our group had a hot discussion on how to manage time in order to sleep well.

That's all! Thank you!

2021-2022 学年广东省深圳实验中学九年级（上）开学英语试卷

参考答案与试题解析

一、听力理解（10 分。1-10 每小题 0.5 分，11-15 每小题 0.5 分） I. 听录音，选出你听到的句子。（句子念两遍）

1. 【解答】略

2. 【解答】略

3. 【解答】略

II. 听录音，选出与你听到的句子意思相近或相同的句子。（句子念两遍）

4. 【解答】略

5. 【解答】略

6. 【解答】略

III. 听录音，根据你所听到的问句选择最合适的答语。（问句念两遍）

7. 【解答】略

8. 【解答】略

9. 【解答】略

IV. 听录音，根据你所听到的对话选择正确的答案。（对话和问句念两遍）

10. 【解答】略

11. 【解答】略

12. 【解答】略

V. 听录音，根据所听到的短文，选择最佳答案。（短文和问句念两遍）

13. 【解答】略

二、单项选择（10 分）根据题意，从下面每小题的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项（每小题 0.5 分）

14. 【解答】some"一些"，后跟不可数名词或可数名词复数；information"信息"，为不可数名词，故排除选项 A、B 和 C。

故选：D。

15. 【解答】There be 句型中 be 动词的形式要和其后的主语在人称和数上保持一致。there is going to be 是 there be 的一般将来时形式，是在 there be 之间插入 is going to。there is/are going to be 是正确写法，表示将要有的。there is going to have: there is going to have 表达上有重复，there is 就是有的意思，而后面的

have 也是有的意思，是错误的表达法。

故选：B。

16. 【解答】根据 last December，可知时态是一般过去时，用助动词 did+动词原形；it 接 be 动词 was。

故选：A。

17. 【解答】sad 伤心的，形容词；sadly 伤心地，副词。第一个空，looked"看起来"系动词，系表结构，填形容词 sad 作表语。第二个空，修饰动词短语 looking at，用副词 sadly。

故选：C。

18. 【解答】句意：另一家商店的钢琴会便宜很多，但是不会那么好。此句为省略句，全句应为：The pianos in the other shop will be much cheaper but not as good as those in this shop. much 修饰比较级，cheap 的比较级是 cheaper，排除选项 C、D；as...as 之间的形容词要用原级，排除选项 A。

故选：B。

19. 【解答】根据题干 were swimming，可知时态是过去进行时，Some kids 是复数，接 were+doing。some...others...一些……，其他的……

故选：D。

20. 【解答】固定句式 it is+形容词+for/of sb to do sth，for 表示"对于某人来说"。注意 be 后面一定是描写事物性质的形容词，说的是这件事怎么样，of 一定是描述人的品质的形容词，说的是这个人怎么样。nice 指的人的品质。

故选：A。

21. 【解答】答案：A。根据 You'd better，可知在这里 had better 是最好做…的意思，后面跟动词原形，stop 有两种用法：stop to have 停下来去做，不定式表目的；stop having 停止正在干的事。根据 You look tired，可知这里应该是停止做事以好好休息。故选 A。

22. 【解答】A 一般现在时的主动语态；B 一般现在时的被动语态；C 一般过去时的被动语态；D 一般过去时的主动语态；首先动词短语 take place，意思是"发生"，该短语没有被动语态的形式，因此排除选项 B，C；再结合语境：奇怪的事情发生在这房子里。可知，已经发生过了，此时一般过去时符合语境。

故选：D。

23. 【解答】A 去了某地，B 去过某地，C 在某地呆多久，D 错误选项。根据语境是在深圳呆了 20 年了。

故选：C。

24. 【解答】根据题干和选项可知，第一句为感叹句，中心词 careless 是形容词，主语和谓语是 you are，句子符合 how 引导的感叹句结构：how+形容词/副词+主语+谓语/系动词。

第二句为祈使句的肯定句，祈使句的肯定句是以动词原形开头。stop 停止，stop doing sth 表示"停止做某事"。

故选：D。

25. 【解答】used to do sth.过去常常做某事；根据时间状语 now，可知我过去常常去看电影，但是现在我没有时间了。

故选：D。

26. 【解答】need to do sth.固定短语，需要做某事；used to do sth.固定短语，过去常常；when 当...的时候，引导时间状语从句，so 因此，引导结果状语从句；and 和；but 但是，表转折。he was young 是一个句子，所以要用 when 来填空，引导时间状语从句，根据 when he was young，可知他过去经常去医院。根据"_____ he exercises every day, _____ now he is in good health"可知与前面的句子形成对比，存在转折关系，所以第三个空要用 but 来填空，由于经常锻炼，所以现在身体很健康，所以最后一个空用 so 来填空。

故选：C。

27. 【解答】will"将要"；won't 为 will 的否定形式；may"可以"，表示许可；can't"不能"；must"必须"；mustn't"禁止"；need"需要"；needn't"不需要"。根据"_____ I use your computer?（我...用一下你的电脑吗？）"可知表示许可；根据"I am writing a report on it now.（我现在正在写一份报告。）"可知对不起，你不能使用电脑。

故选：B。

28. 【解答】else 表示另外的、别的、除去，（用于不定代词或疑问词之后，含糊指代人、地点或物品）其他，另外；somebody else 表示别人；其他人的 someone else's。somebody else's pen 表示其他人的钢笔。

故选：A。

29. 【解答】根据关键词 yet，可知问句为现在完成时态，其结构为：have/has +过去分词，疑问句将 have 提到主语前，排除 AD。由时间状语 a moment ago，可知答语为一般过去时态，finish 的过去式为 finished，排除 C。

故选：B。

30. 【解答】根据句意"我父母经常要求我不要花太多时间玩电脑游戏"，第一空考虑用固定搭配 ask sb（not）to do sth，意为"要求某人（不要）做某事"；第二空考虑用固定搭配 spend...doing sth，意为"花时间做某事"。

故选：A。

31. 【解答】how to do sth"怎样去做"，故排除选出 A 和 C；根据题干，可知句子为被动语态，by 为被动语态的标志词。

故选：B。

32. 【解答】答案：A 根据题干，I don't know if Mr. Li 可知这是一个由 if 引导的宾语从句，做 know 的宾

语。根据规则，主句的时态为一般现在时，从句的时态根据句子的需要可以是任意一种时态。根据时间状语 **this evening** 可知，此句应该用一般将来时，其构成为 **will+动词原形**，结合选项，应用 **will come**；根据题干 **I think he will come if he ____ free** 可知这是由 **if** 引导的条件状语从句，其时态要遵循主将从现的原则，主句用一般将来时，而从句用一般现在时表将来，由于从句的主语为 **he**，所以此处应用 **is**。综合以上分析，故选 **A**。

33. 【解答】陈述部分含有由 **I think/believe/expect/suppose/imagine** 等引导的定语从句，反意疑问句的构成要看宾语从句部分。题干是一个否定转移。

故选：C。

三、完形填空（10 分）阅读下面的短文，从短文后所给的 **A、B、C、D** 四个选项中选出能填出相应空白处的最佳选项。

34. 【解答】（1）名词辨析。A. 女儿；B. 儿子；C. 丈夫；D. 姐姐。根据 **She said she was trying so hard to be with her**（1）.（她说她很努力想和女儿在一起。）结合下文的 **Her daughter** 可知，此处是指女儿。故选 **A**。

（2）名词辨析。A. 课程；B. 秘密；C. 朋友；D. 计划。根据 **She'd**（3）**learned from the other mother that the secret was just that her daughter was afraid to go to junior high school next year.**（她甚至从另一位母亲那里得知，秘密只是她的女儿害怕明年去上初中。）可知，女儿有一个秘密。故选 **B**。

（3）副词辨析。A. 只是；B. 从不；C. 只是；D. 甚至。根据 **She'd**（3）**learned from the other mother that the secret was just that her daughter was afraid to go to junior high school next year.**（她甚至从另一位母亲那里得知，秘密只是她的女儿害怕明年去上初中。）可知，**even** 符合文意。故选 **D**。

（4）形容词辨析。A. 重要的；B. 粗心的；C. 恐怖的；D. 有希望的。根据后文 **When you say something out loud to someone who is so important to your life,**（当你对你生命中如此重要的人大声说出一些话时，）可知，作者的观点是女儿的行为更能说明妈妈对她很重要。故选 **A**。

（5）连词辨析。A. 尽管；B. 除非；C. 如果；D. 作为。根据 **In my opinion,**（5）**her daughter told her mother that she was afraid to go to junior high school,**（在我看来，如果她女儿告诉她妈妈她害怕上初中，）结合上文可知，把秘密告诉妈妈实际上是作者的假设。故选 **C**。

（6）动词辨析。A. 承诺；B. 说；C. 做；D. 准备。根据 **That is, to**（6）**it to her loved mother would make it much more real to her.**（也就是说，对她深爱的母亲说会让她觉得更真实。）可知，这里的 **it** 指代上文提到的 **secret**，因此此处指把秘密告诉给她深爱的妈妈会让这件事对她来说变得更真实，因此这里应用动词 **say**。故选 **B**。

（7）形容词辨析。A. 漂亮的；B. 难过的；C. 困难的；D. 真实的。根据 **That is, to**（6）**it to her loved mother would make it much more real to her.**（也就是说，对她深爱的母亲说会让她觉得更真实。）可知，当你把某件事大声地告诉你生命中非常重要的人，那么你想象的事情就变得非常真实。**real** 符合文意。故选 **D**。

(8) 动词辨析。A.理解; B.拒绝; C.送; D.忘记。根据 The mother thanked me saying she never would have (8) that point of view and that actually she felt better now. (母亲感谢我,说她永远也不会理解这种观点,实际上她现在感觉好多了。)对于作者的观点,这位妈妈以前从未体会到,因此这里用 understood 符合文意。故选 A。

(9) 名词辨析。A.机会; B.友谊; C.改变; D.决定。根据 It's upset for mothers to experience the (9) from little girls who tell you everything to teens who don't. (对于母亲来说,经历从什么都告诉你的小女孩到什么都不告诉你的青少年的转变是令人不安的。)可知,从什么都告诉妈妈的小女孩,到不愿将秘密告诉妈妈的少女,这是一种变化,因此这里应用 change。故选 C。

(10) 动词辨析。A.做; B.做; C.给; D.面对。根据 This mother was (10) that. (这位母亲正面临着这种情况。)可知,这位妈妈正在面临这个问题。facing 符合文意。故选 D。

四、阅读理解 (30 分) 第一节阅读下列短文,从下面每小题的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。
(共 3 小题,每题 2 分)

35. 【解答】(1) 句意理解题。根据第一个方框空格前一句 some kids tell others (一些孩子会告诉别人。)可知,这里是在介绍两种不同的孩子,在感到伤心时候不同的做法,一些孩子会告诉别人,那么一些孩子就不会告诉别人,所以划线句子意思是当他们伤心的时候,不会告诉别人。故选 B。

(2) 细节理解题。根据文章第二个方框中 Not being invited to a party (没有被一个派对邀请。)可知,不被一个派对邀请会让自己伤心,那么被一个派对邀请就不会感到伤心。故选 D。

(3) 细节理解题。根据文章第三个方框的加黑字体 How to do with your sad feeling, (如何处理你的悲伤情绪,)可知这段话是关于解决伤心难过的建议。根据下面的加黑三角形的数量,总共有四个,所以共有四条建议。故选 A。

(4) 细节理解题。根据最后一段 Talk to someone if you have been feeling sad for a long time. (如果你已经悲伤了很长一段时间可以和某人谈谈。)可知悲伤很久可以和信任的人聊聊。故选 D。

(5) 细节理解题。根据文章第三个方框 When you are sad, here are some things that might help you feel better, (当你悲伤的时候,这里有一些事情可能会帮助你感觉更好。)以及第一个加黑的三角形, Talk to someone your trust, and they will listen, (和你相信的人说话,他们会听你说。)可知,和你相信的人分享是什么让你感到伤心,会帮助你感觉更好。故选 C。

36. 【解答】(1) 段落大意题。本段分析了部分人购买昂贵物品的心理,并通过本段最后一句指出他们的问题,即似乎别人的东西总是比自己的好。故选 D。

(2) 词义猜测题。根据上文的 they don't stay happy for long (他们不会快乐很久。)可推知,此处是指他们购买某种昂贵物品时的愉快心情也逐渐消失了,因此"fade"在这里的含义是"逐渐消失"。故选 A。

(3) 细节理解题。根据第三段中 those who are crazy about buying things of big and expensive brands just

want to show off（那些热衷于购买大而昂贵品牌的東西的人只是想炫耀一下。）可知，那些热衷于购买昂贵大品牌商品的人仅仅只是为了炫耀。故選 B。

（4）细节理解题。根据第四段 In the long term, people are happier with money they spend on activities than on the expensive things（从长远来看，人们更喜欢把钱花在活动上，而不是花在昂贵的东西上。）可知，作者认为花钱在自己喜欢的活动上比买昂贵的东西快乐得多。故選 C。

（5）主旨大意题。本文首段提出问题，其余部分主要是针对这个问题进行的分析与观点阐述，因此本文主要讨论的是"买昂贵的物品是否会带来快乐"。故選 D。

37. 【解答】（1）细节理解题。根据第一段 Many people have smartphones, iPads and computers. Who needs handwriting anymore.（许多人拥有智能手机、平板电脑和电脑。谁还需要手写。）可知，有些人认为手写没用的原因是手机、平板电脑和电脑的存在。故選 B。

（2）细节理解题。根据第二段 In fact, handwriting can help improve spelling and reading.（事实上，手写有助于提高拼写和阅读能力。）可知，手写可以帮助孩子们提高拼写和阅读水平。故選 C。

（3）段落大意题。第四段 In fact, it's not only students who can't leave handwriting, but also adults.（事实上，不仅学生离不开手写，成年人也一样离不开。）可知首句为本段的主旨句。可确定本题選 D。

（4）细节理解题。根据第五段 Besides, writing with a pen or pencil is more convenient than turning on your computer to type sometimes.（此外，有时用钢笔或铅笔写字比打开电脑打字更方便。）可知手写有时比在电脑上打字更便利。故選 B。

（5）主旨大意题。通读全文可知，本文主要论述了手写在数字时代也非常重要的原因。故選 C。

第二节 补全语篇 以下是一篇短文，请阅读全文，并从下列方框里的六个句子中选择五个还原到原文中，使原文的意思完整、连贯。

38. 【解答】细节推理题。

（1）根据 We all want to accept and love ourselves. But at times it seems too difficult to reach.（我们都想要接受并爱自己。但有时这似乎太难了，太遥不可及了。）可知接下来是介绍一些帮助自己找到正确方向的方法。故選 B。

（2）根据 Why do you follow them? Know that your life is your own; you are the only you in this world.（为什么要效仿他们？要知道生活是你自己的；你是世界上独一无二的。）可知应该是说"不要效仿那些让你感觉不够好的人"。故選 C。

（3）根据 Don't be sorry for your mistakes and failures. Rather than getting caught up in how you could have done better, why not offer yourself a compassionate（有同情心的）response?（不要为你的错误和失败感到遗憾。与其纠结于你本可以做得更好，为什么不给自己一个富有同情心的回答。）可知应该说"不要太在乎你犯的错"。故選 E。

(4) 根据 List all of your advantages and achievements.Nothing is too small to celebrate. (列出你所有的优点和成就。再小的事也值得庆祝。) 可知要先看自己的强项, 后看自己的弱项。故选 A。

(5) 根据 Turn the page in your journal.Put into words why you don't feel good enough.Now, read these words back to yourself.Feeling upset again? (翻一页你的日记, 写下为什么你感觉不够好。现在, 把这些话读给自己听。又感到沮丧了吗?) 可知, 读到自己的弱点感觉沮丧的时候, 可以再回过头去看日记中记录的优点和成就, 以此来鼓励自己。故选 D。

第三节 信息匹配

39. 【解答】细节推理题。

(1) E. 根据 "They were just my age, but they were bearing such great responsibility .The history of the birth and growth of the CPC is so exciting and inspiring!他们和我一样大, 但他们肩负着巨大的责任。中国共产党诞生和发展的历史是如此令人激动和鼓舞人心。"可知说的是中国共产党的成立, 结合选项, 应说《觉醒年代》这部电视剧由张永新执导, 讲述了中国共产党在 1921 年成立的故事。故选 E。

(2) B. 根据 "I found myself in tears after watching the time travel comedy....It made me better understand a mother's love.It is definitely worth watching!看完穿越喜剧....后, 我发现自己哭了这让我更好地理解了母爱。绝对值得一看。"可知说的是母爱, 结合选项, 应说《你好, 李焕英》影片主演贾玲, 一个因母亲的意外死亡而深感悲痛的女儿, 发现自己被带回到了 1981 年。在那里她遇到了她的母亲, 并试图改变她的生活。故选 B。

(3) D. 根据 "The TV drama is full of touching stories....It was set in my hometown Ningxia.Great changes have taken place there thanks to China's efforts to end poverty, 这部电视剧充满了感人的故事....故事发生在我的家乡宁夏。由于中国努力消除贫困, 这里发生了巨大的变化。"可知说的是家乡的变化, 结合选项, 应说这部电视剧充满了感人的故事....故事发生在我的家乡宁夏。由于中国努力消除贫困, 这里发生了巨大的变化。故选 D。

(4) A. 根据 "The sister needs to choose between her dream and her younger brother.I kept thinking what choice I would make if I were the sister. ...After all, we all need the right to choose our own life.妹妹需要在她的梦想和弟弟之间做出选择。我一直在想如果我是她妹妹我会做什么选择. ...毕竟, 我们都需要选择自己生活的权利。"可知说的是妹妹, 结合选项, 应说《妹妹》这部电影聚焦于兄弟姐妹之间的关系, 讲述了父母在车祸中丧生后, 一个十几岁的女孩和她的弟弟之间的故事。故选 A。

(5) F. 根据 "I was deeply impressed by the officers who are fearless and have a strong sense of responsibility for the public. ..They safeguard our country at all costs.这些无所畏惧、对公众有强烈责任感的警官给我留下了深刻的印象。他们不惜一切代价保卫我们的国家。"可知说的是保卫国家安全, 结合选项, 应说这部电视剧讲述了两名国家安全官员及其团队的故事。保护关键矿产资源、秘密数据和核心技术, 摧毁间

谍活动。故选 F。

五、用所给词的适当形式填空（每空 0.5 分；共 5 分）

40. 【解答】agree 同意，动词。这里不定冠词 a/an 修饰单数名词 agreement"协议"。

故答案为：agreement。

41. 【解答】sorry 形容词，要用副词修饰，true 的副词是 truly。

故填：truly。

42. 【解答】a better 后跟名词单数，solution 解决办法，可数名词、

故填：solution。

43. 【解答】根据空格前后的词语是 is 和 with，因此可知这句话考查的是短语 be filled with，意为"填/充满了..."结合给出的单词提示，因此可知这句话的意思是"这个瓶子装满了水。"

故答案为 filled。

44. 【解答】for 后跟名词作宾语，confirmation 确认，不可数名词。

故填：confirmation。

45. 【解答】gold 金，名词。这里修饰名词 opportunity，用形容词 golden"黄金的"。

故答案为：golden。

46. 【解答】根据题干，可知 It's a great pleasure to do sth 做某事是一种极大的乐趣。

故答案为：to see。

47. 【解答】consider doing sth"考虑做某事"固定搭配。填 go 的动名词 going。

故答案为：going。

48. 【解答】根据句意"这两个婴儿现在似乎身体不太好。他们似乎经历了一些痛苦"，考虑用固定搭配 seem (not) to do sth，意为"似乎（不）做某事"，考虑填其动词不定式形式。

故填：to be。

49. 【解答】correct 正确的，改正形容词或动词。这里 is 系动词，系表结构，填形容词作表语。由"你最好改正错误。"可知，应该是"不正确的"incorrect。

故答案为：incorrect。

六、语法填空（10 分）

50. 【解答】（1）考查形容词。句意：牛一直是人类忠实的朋友。修饰名词 friends，用形容词 faithful（忠实的）。故填 faithful。

（2）考查物主代词。句意：牛因为它们运输商品的能力而被称为"陆地之舟"。根据名词 ability（能力）可知此处应填形容词性物主代词 their，表示"它们的"。故填：their。

（3）考查冠词。句意：牛的整体身体都是宝。名词 ox 前应填定冠词 the，表示特指。故填：the。

(4) 考查动词。句意：它们的皮肤可以用来制作衣服和鞋子。"皮肤"和"使用"是被动关系，用被动语态，情态动词 can 后用动词原形。故填：be used。

(5) 考查动词。句意：长期以来，牛在中国文化中扮演着重要的角色。根据时间状语 for ages 可知，应用现在完成时，主语是复数名词 oxen，助动词应是 have。故填：have played。

(6) 考查动名词。句意：牛代表了勤劳的深圳人民和其永不放弃的精神。介词 of 跟动名词。故填：giving。

(7) 考查副词。句意："牛的精神"仍然受到中国人的高度重视。此处修饰形容词 valued (被尊重的)，用副词。故填：highly。

(8) 考查名词。句意：今天，在日常生活中，当某人通过艰苦工作取得巨大成功后，人们总是使用"牛"来称赞他。根据前面的冠词 a 可知，此处应填单数名词。故填：success。

(9) 考查介词。句意：你是否出生在牛年？在某年，用介词 in。故填：in。

(10) 考查连词。句意：如果是这样，那么你就会幸运地拥有光明的未来。根据上文"Were you born in the year of Ox" (你出生于牛年吗)，可知此处要表达"如果是这样"，用 if 引导条件状语从句，句首单词首字母大写。故填：If。

七、书面表达 (15 分)

51. 【解答】Dear fellow students,

Our group had a hot discussion on how to manage time in order to sleep well. Here are our suggestions.
(点题)

At school, we should listen carefully in class. If we understand well what we learn, we can finish our tasks efficiently. 【高分句型一】In addition, try to make good use of self - study classes to finish most of our homework

In our spare time, if it's unnecessary, we don't have to attend after - school training. Don't waste too much time on extra classes. What's more, while we are going over our lessons, it's wise to focus on our study without checking out the smart phone from time to time. 【高分句型二】(建议)

Hope our advice can work and we can all have a good sleep. (总结全文)

That's all! Thank you!