$$H_0: earnings = \alpha + \beta_1 ACT + \beta_2 SAT + \varepsilon$$
 
$$H_1: earnings = \alpha + \beta_1 ACT + \beta_2 SAT + \beta_3 Price + \beta_4 Public + \beta_5 PriAid + \varepsilon$$
 
$$H_0: additional\ parameters\ do\ not\ increase\ the\ VAF\ \left(R^2\right)\ significantly$$
 
$$H_A: additional\ parameters\ increase\ the\ VAF\ \left(R^2\right)\ significantly$$
 
$$grade = \alpha + \beta_1 state + \beta_2 country + \beta_3 class + \beta_4 stream + \varepsilon$$

$$F = \frac{(0.404 - 0.315) \div}{(1 - 0.404) \div 700}$$

 $0.25, \ \theta = 0.1$ *Prior distribution*:  $\mathbb{P}(\theta) = \{0.25, \theta = 0.6\}$  $|0.50, \ \theta = 0.8|$ Likelihood function:  $\mathbb{P}(Data \mid \theta) = \binom{N}{r} \theta^{x} (1 - \theta)^{N-x}$  $Posterior \ distribution: \ \mathbb{P}(\theta \mid Data) = \frac{\mathbb{P}(\theta \cap Data)}{\mathbb{P}(Data)} = \frac{\mathbb{P}(Data \mid \theta) * \mathbb{P}(\theta)}{\mathbb{P}(Data)}$ 

 $\mathbb{P}(x=0|\theta=0.1) = \binom{3}{0}0.1^{0}0.9^{3} = 0.729$  $\mathbb{P}(x = 1|\theta = 0.1) = {3 \choose 1} 0.1^{1} 0.9^{2} = 0.243$  $\mathbb{P}(x = 2|\theta = 0.1) = {3 \choose 2} 0.1^2 0.9^1 = 0.027$  $\mathbb{P}(x = 3|\theta = 0.1) = {3 \choose 2} 0.1^3 0.9^0 = 0.001$ 

Given that we believe we will succeed in 10% of cases what is the likelihood that in 3 trials we will succeed once? The answer is 0.243.

Bayes Rule:  $\mathbb{P}(A|B) = \frac{\mathbb{P}(A \cap B)}{\mathbb{P}(B)} = \frac{\mathbb{P}(B|A) * \mathbb{P}(A)}{\mathbb{P}(B)}$  $\mathbb{P}(A \cap B) = \mathbb{P}(B) * \mathbb{P}(A \mid B) = \mathbb{P}(A) * \mathbb{P}(B \mid A)$ 

Beta distribution: 
$$\mathbb{P}(\theta \mid \alpha, \beta) = \frac{\Gamma(\alpha + \beta)}{\Gamma(\alpha)\Gamma(\beta)} \theta^{\alpha - 1} (1 - \theta)^{\beta - 1}; \quad \Gamma(k) = (k - 1)!; \quad \frac{\Gamma(\alpha + \beta)}{\Gamma(\alpha)\Gamma(\beta)} = \frac{(\alpha + \beta - 1)!}{(\alpha - 1)!(\beta - 1)!}$$

Binomial distribution:  $\mathbb{P}(X = x \mid \theta, N) = \binom{N}{x} \theta^x (1 - \theta)^{N-x}; \quad \binom{N}{x} = \frac{N!}{x!(N-x)!}$ 

Psuedocounts:  $x = number of successes = \alpha - 1$ ;  $N - x = number of failures = \beta - 1$ 

 $\left| Posterior \ distribution: \ \mathbb{P}\left(\theta \mid X=x, N, \alpha, \beta\right) = \frac{\Gamma(\alpha+\beta+N)}{\Gamma(\alpha+x)\Gamma(\beta+N-x)} \theta^{\alpha+x-1} (1-\theta)^{\beta+N-x-1} \sim Beta(x+(\alpha-1),(N-x)+(\beta-1)) \right|$ 

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Binomial – Beta model: