

STAT 579 Homework 2

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```
1. (a) > year <- seq(from = 2008, to = 1948, by = -4) # year column
> winner <- c(185, 182, 182, 189, 189, 188, 185, 185, 177, 182, 182,
  193, 183, 179, 179, 175) # winners' heights
> opponent <- c(175, 193, 185, 187, 188, 173, 180, 177, 183, 185,
  180, 180, 182, 178, 178, 173) # opponents' heights
> height <- data.frame(year = year, winner = winner, opponent =
  opponent)
> height
  year winner opponent
1  2008    185     175
2  2004    182     193
3  2000    182     185
4  1996    189     187
5  1992    189     188
6  1988    188     173
7  1984    185     180
8  1980    185     177
9  1976    177     183
10 1972    182     185
11 1968    182     180
12 1964    193     180
13 1960    183     182
14 1956    179     178
15 1952    179     178
16 1948    175     173
```

```
(b) > difference <- winner - opponent # calculate the difference of
  heights
> height1 <- data.frame(year = year, winner = winner, opponent =
  opponent, difference = difference) # create new data frame with
  difference of heights
> height1
  year winner opponent difference
1  2008    185     175         10
2  2004    182     193        -11
3  2000    182     185         -3
4  1996    189     187          2
5  1992    189     188          1
6  1988    188     173         15
7  1984    185     180          5
8  1980    185     177          8
9  1976    177     183         -6
10 1972    182     185         -3
11 1968    182     180          2
12 1964    193     180         13
```

13	1960	183	182	1
14	1956	179	178	1
15	1952	179	178	1
16	1948	175	173	2

```
(c) > taller.won = (difference > 0) # difference > 0 means the winner
    being taller is TRUE.
> height <- data.frame(height, taller.won = taller.won) # add the
    column to the data frame in (a)
> height
  year winner opponent taller.won
1  2008   185      175        TRUE
2  2004   182      193        FALSE
3  2000   182      185        FALSE
4  1996   189      187        TRUE
5  1992   189      188        TRUE
6  1988   188      173        TRUE
7  1984   185      180        TRUE
8  1980   185      177        TRUE
9  1976   177      183        FALSE
10 1972   182      185        FALSE
11 1968   182      180        TRUE
12 1964   193      180        TRUE
13 1960   183      182        TRUE
14 1956   179      178        TRUE
15 1952   179      178        TRUE
16 1948   175      173        TRUE
```

```
(d) > count <- table(height$taller.won) # table function for counts
> percentage <- count / length(height$taller.won) # calculate the
    percentage
> percentage

FALSE  TRUE
0.25  0.75
```

Most winners (75%) are taller than their opponents.

```
(e) > barplot(height = rev(height1$difference), names.arg = rev(height$
    year)) # reverse and plot
```



2. (a)

```
> student <- read.table(file = "C:/Users/fanne/Desktop/STAT579/
students.txt", header = T) # read data

> MeanHeight <- mean(student$height) #calculate the mean height
> MeanHeight
[1] 169.7647
> MeanShoesSize <- mean(student$shoesize) #calculate the mean
shoesize
> MeanShoesSize
[1] 40.47059
> SDHeight <- sd(student$height) # standard deviation of height
> SDHeight
[1] 7.578996
> SDSHoesSize <- sd(student$shoesize) # standard deviation of
shoesize
> SDSHoesSize
[1] 2.695312
```

(b)

```
> table(student$gender) #count the number of male and female
students

female    male
      9      8
```

9 female students and 8 male students.

(c)

```
> populationColor <- ifelse(student$population == "kuopio", c("blue"
), c("red")) # recode the population variable
> students_new <- student # create new dataset "students_new"
> students_new$population <- populationColor # use the recoded
population variable for the new dataset
> students_new
  height shoesize gender population
1    181      44   male         blue
2    160      38 female         blue
3    174      42 female         blue
4    170      43   male         blue
5    172      43   male         blue
6    165      39 female         blue
7    161      38 female         blue
8    167      38 female          red
9    164      39 female          red
10   166      38 female          red
11   162      37 female          red
12   158      36 female          red
13   175      42   male          red
14   181      44   male          red
15   180      43   male          red
16   177      43   male          red
17   173      41   male          red
```

(d)

```
> female <- subset(student, gender == "female") # female subset
> female
  height shoesize gender population
2    160      38 female    kuopio
3    174      42 female    kuopio
6    165      39 female    kuopio
```

```

7      161      38 female    kuopio
8      167      38 female    tampere
9      164      39 female    tampere
10     166      38 female    tampere
11     162      37 female    tampere
12     158      36 female    tampere
> write.table(female, "C:/Users/fanne/Desktop/STAT579/female.txt",
  quote = F, row.names = F) # export to female.txt
>
> male <- subset(student, gender == "male") #male subset
> male
  height shoesize gender population
1     181      44   male    kuopio
4     170      43   male    kuopio
5     172      43   male    kuopio
13    175      42   male    tampere
14    181      44   male    tampere
15    180      43   male    tampere
16    177      43   male    tampere
17    173      41   male    tampere
> write.table(male, "C:/Users/fanne/Desktop/STAT579/male.txt", quote
  = F, row.names = F) # export to male.txt

```

```

(e) > MedianHeight <- median(student$height) #calculate the median
  height
> below <- subset(student, height < MedianHeight)
> below
  height shoesize gender population
2     160      38 female    kuopio
6     165      39 female    kuopio
7     161      38 female    kuopio
8     167      38 female    tampere
9     164      39 female    tampere
10    166      38 female    tampere
11    162      37 female    tampere
12    158      36 female    tampere
> write.csv(below, "C:/Users/fanne/Desktop/STAT579/below.csv", quote
  = F, row.names = F) # export to below.csv
>
> abovem <- subset(student, height > MedianHeight)
> abovem
  height shoesize gender population
1     181      44   male    kuopio
3     174      42 female    kuopio
5     172      43   male    kuopio
13    175      42   male    tampere
14    181      44   male    tampere
15    180      43   male    tampere
16    177      43   male    tampere
17    173      41   male    tampere
> write.csv(abovem, "C:/Users/fanne/Desktop/STAT579/abovem.csv",
  quote = F, row.names = F) # export to abovem.csv

```

```

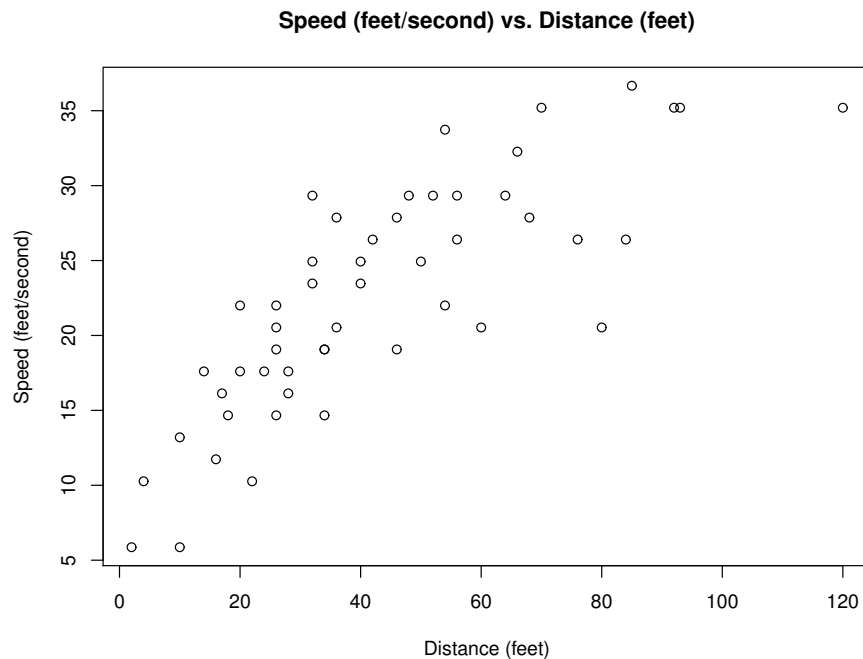
3. (a) > cars <- read.table(file = "http://maitra.public.iastate.edu/
  stat579/datasets/cars.dat", header = T) # read the file

```

(b) `> attach(cars) #attach the dataframe`

```
(c) > speed_ft_per_s <- 5280 * speed / 3600 # convert speed to feet per second
> speed_ft_per_s
[1]  5.866667  5.866667 10.266667 10.266667 11.733333 13.200000
    14.666667 14.666667 14.666667 16.133333 16.133333 17.600000
    17.600000
[14] 17.600000 17.600000 19.066667 19.066667 19.066667 19.066667
    20.533333 20.533333 20.533333 20.533333 22.000000 22.000000
    22.000000
[27] 23.466667 23.466667 24.933333 24.933333 24.933333 26.400000
    26.400000 26.400000 26.400000 27.866667 27.866667 27.866667
    29.333333
[40] 29.333333 29.333333 29.333333 29.333333 32.266667 33.733333
    35.200000 35.200000 35.200000 35.200000 36.666667
```

```
(d) > plot(x = dist, y = speed_ft_per_s, xlab = "Distance_(feet)", ylab
= "Speed_(feet/second)", main = "Speed_(feet/second)_vs._Distance
_(feet)") # plot speed (feet/second) against distance (feet)
```



```
(e) > speed_m_per_s <- speed * 1.6093 * 1000 / 3600 # convert speed to meter per second
> speed_m_per_s
[1]  1.788111  1.788111  3.129194  3.129194  3.576222  4.023250
    4.470278  4.470278  4.470278  4.917306  4.917306  5.364333
    5.364333
[14]  5.364333  5.364333  5.811361  5.811361  5.811361  5.811361
    6.258389  6.258389  6.258389  6.258389  6.705417  6.705417
    6.705417
```

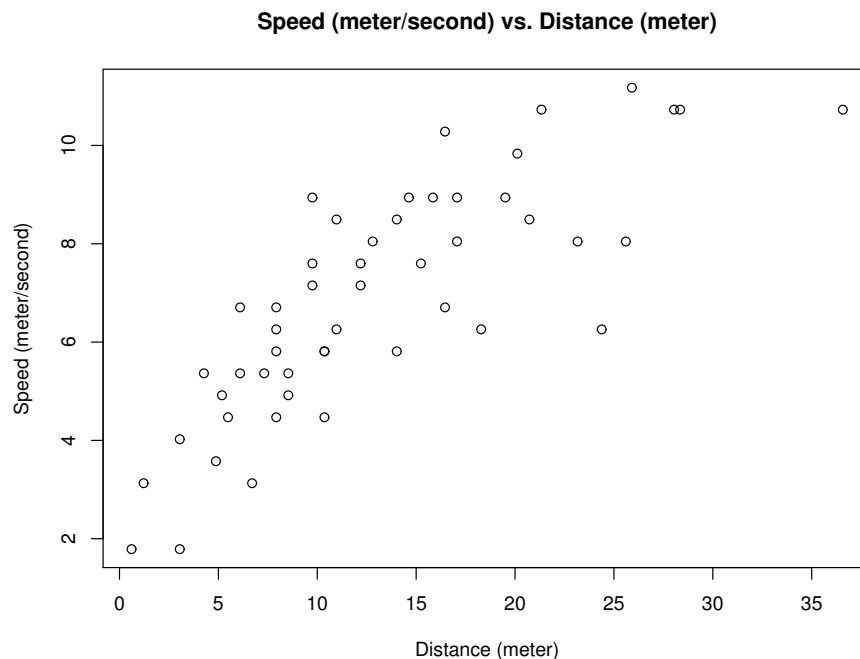
```

[27]  7.152444  7.152444  7.599472  7.599472  7.599472  8.046500
      8.046500  8.046500  8.046500  8.493528  8.493528  8.493528
      8.940556
[40]  8.940556  8.940556  8.940556  8.940556  9.834611 10.281639
      10.728667 10.728667 10.728667 10.728667 11.175694
>
> dist_m <- dist / 5280 * 1.6093 * 1000 # convert distance to meter
> dist_m
[1]  0.6095833  3.0479167  1.2191667  6.7054167  4.8766667
      3.0479167  5.4862500  7.9245833 10.3629167  5.1814583  8.5341667
      4.2670833
[13]  6.0958333  7.3150000  8.5341667  7.9245833 10.3629167
      10.3629167 14.0204167  7.9245833 10.9725000 18.2875000 24.3833333
      6.0958333
[25]  7.9245833 16.4587500  9.7533333 12.1916667  9.7533333
      12.1916667 15.2395833 12.8012500 17.0683333 23.1641667 25.6025000
      10.9725000
[37] 14.0204167 20.7258333  9.7533333 14.6300000 15.8491667
      17.0683333 19.5066667 20.1162500 16.4587500 21.3354167 28.0408333
      28.3456250
[49] 36.5750000 25.9072917

```

(f) `> detach()`

(g) `> plot(x = dist_m, y = speed_m_per_s, xlab = "Distance_(meter)",
ylab = "Speed_(meter/second)", main = "Speed_(meter/second)_vs._
Distance_(meter)") # plot speed (meter/second) against distance (meter)`



(h) `> pdf(file = "C:/Users/fanne/Desktop/STAT579/speed-vs-distance.pdf",
onfile = T) # print to one file`

```

> plot(x = cars$dist, y = speed_ft_per_s, xlab = "Distance_(feet)",
      ylab = "Speed_(feet/second)", main = "Speed_(feet/second)_vs._
      Distance_(feet)") # plot speed (feet/second) against distance (
      feet)
> plot(x = dist_m, y = speed_m_per_s, xlab = "Distance_(meter)",
      ylab = "Speed_(meter/second)", main = "Speed_(meter/second)_vs._
      Distance_(meter)") # plot speed (meter/second) against distance (
      meter)
> dev.off()

```

Except for the measurement, they look the same.

```

4. > activation <- matrix(scan("C:/Users/fanne/Desktop/STAT579/activ.dat"),
      nrow = 83, ncol = 108, byrow = T) # read activation data
Read 8964 items
> anatomic <- matrix(scan("C:/Users/fanne/Desktop/STAT579/anat.dat"),
      nrow = 83, ncol = 108, byrow = T) # read anatomic data
Read 8964 items
> image(-activation, axes = F, col = gray.colors(n = 255, start = 0.1,
      end = 1)) # plot the image of activation
> contour(anatomic, axes = F, drawlabels = F, add = T) # overlay contour
      of anatomic atop activation image

```

