STAT 305 D Exam 2

Show all your work.

- 1. (25 points) Suppose 90% of all students taking a beginning programming course fail to get their first program to run on first submission. Use a binomial distribution and assign probabilities to the possibilities that among a group of six such students,
 - (a) (5 points) all fail on their first submissions.
 - (b) (5 points) at least four fail on their first submissions
 - (c) (5 points) less than four fail on their first submissions.

Continuing to use this binomial model:

- (d) (5 points) What is the mean number who will fail?
- (e) (5 points) What are the variance and standard deviation of the number who will fail?
- 2. (20 points) Find E(X) and Var(X) for a continuous distribution with probability density

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 0.3 & 0 < x \le 1\\ 0.7 & 1 < x \le 2\\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- 3. (30 points) Suppose that X is a normal random variable with mean $\mu = 10.2$ and standard deviation $\sigma = 0.7$. Evaluate the following probabilities involving X:
 - (a) (3 points) $P(X \le 10.1)$
 - (b) (3 points) P(X > 10.5)
 - (c) (3 points) P(9.0 < X < 10.3)
 - (d) (4 points) $P(|X 10.2| \le 0.25)$
 - (e) (4 points) P(|X 10.2| > 1.51)

Find numbers # such that the following statements about X are true:

- (f) (4 points) P(|X 10.2| < #) = 0.80
- (g) (4 points) P(X < #) = 0.80
- (h) (5 points) P(|X 10.2| > #) = 0.04

- 4. (25 points) A 10 ft cable is made of 50 strands. Suppose that, individually, 10 ft strands have breaking strengths with mean 45 lb and standard deviation 4 lb. Suppose further that the breaking strength of a cable is roughly the sum of the strengths of the strands that make it up.
 - (a) (12 points) Find a plausible mean and standard deviation for the breaking strength of such 10 ft cables.
 - (b) (13 points) Evaluate the probability that a 10 ft cable of this type will support a load of 2230 lb. (*Hint*: If \overline{X} is the mean breaking strength of the strands, \sum (Strengths) \geq 2230 is the same as $\overline{X} \geq (\frac{2230}{50})$. Now, use the central limit theorem.)