

My solutions to  
Deep Learning: Foundations and Concepts

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## 19 Variational Autoencoders

### 19.2

Assume  $\sigma > 0$  and define  $g(\epsilon) := \sigma\epsilon + \mu$ . Then  $g^{-1}(z) := \frac{z-\mu}{\sigma}$  and  $(g^{-1})'(z) = \frac{1}{\sigma}$ . It follows that

$$\begin{aligned} p_Z(z) &= p_{\sigma\mathcal{E}+\mu}(z) \\ &= p_{\mathcal{E}}\left(\frac{z-\mu}{\sigma}\right) \left|\frac{1}{\sigma}\right| && \text{change of variables via } g \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{\left(\frac{z-\mu}{\sigma}\right)^2}{2}} \frac{1}{\sigma} && \mathcal{E} \sim \mathcal{U}(0,1); \sigma > 0 \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2}} e^{-\frac{(z-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}} \end{aligned}$$

is density for  $\mathcal{N}(\mu, \sigma^2)$ .