

# Statistical Inference Course Project

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## Overview

This project investigates the exponential distribution in R and compare it with the Central Limit Theorem. The exponential distribution is simulated in R with `rexp(n, lambda)` where `lambda` is the rate parameter. The mean of exponential distribution is  $1/\lambda$  and the standard deviation is also  $1/\lambda$ .

## Part 1: Simulation Exercise Instructions

**Q1 Show the sample mean and compare it to the theoretical mean of the distribution.**

Results show the simulated mean is 5.01, compared to the calculated theoretical mean of 5.

```
set.seed(2)
lambda <- 0.2
sim <- 1000
n <- 40
```

```
# Simulate and take mean
sim.exp <- replicate(sim, rexp(n, lambda))
mean.exp <- colMeans(sim.exp)
```

```
# Simulated mean
s.mean <- mean(mean.exp)
print(s.mean)
```

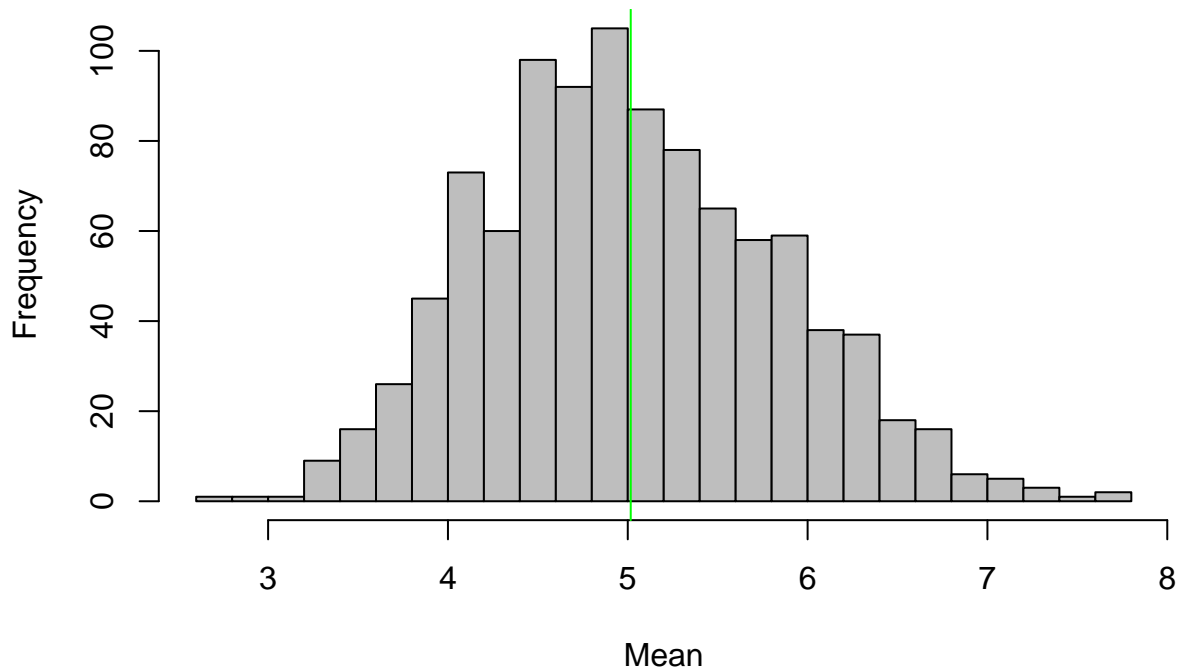
```
## [1] 5.016356
```

```
# Theoretical mean
t.mean <- 1/lambda
print(t.mean)
```

```
## [1] 5
```

```
# plot
hist(mean.exp, breaks = 20, xlab = "Mean", main = "Histogram of 1000 Simulated Exponential Means", col = "blue")
abline(v = s.mean, col = "green")
```

## Histogram of 1000 Simulated Exponential Means



**Q2** Show how variable the sample is (via variance) and compare it to the theoretical variance of the distribution.

Results show the simulated variance is 0.6691, compared to the theoretical variance of 0.625.

```
# Simulated Standard Deviation and Variance
```

```
sstdev <- sd(mean.exp)
```

```
svar <- sstdev^2
```

```
print(svar)
```

```
## [1] 0.6691305
```

```
# Theoretical Standard Deviation and Variance
```

```
tstdev <- (1/lambda)/sqrt(n)
```

```
tvar <- tstdev^2
```

```
print(tvar)
```

```
## [1] 0.625
```

**Q3** Show that the distribution is approximately normal.

As the plot shows, the distribution is approximately matched with a normal distribution.

```
# Plot Histogram
```

```
hist(mean.exp, breaks = 40, xlab = "Mean", main = "Comparison to a Normal Distribution", col = "grey")
```

```
# Add the Theoretical Normal Distribution Line
```

```
xfit <- seq(min(mean.exp), max(mean.exp), length = 100)
```

```
yfit <- dnorm(xfit, mean = 1/lambda, sd = 1/lambda/sqrt(n))
```

```
lines(xfit, yfit*100, lty=2)
```

## Comparison to a Normal Distribution

