

# Text Processing in Linux - Cut Command - #7

## Problem Statement

### Task

Given a sentence, identify and display its fourth word. Assume that the space ( ' ') is the only delimiter between words.

### Input Format

A text file with lines of ASCII text only. Each line has exactly one sentence.

### Input Constraints

$1 \leq N \leq 100$  (N is the number of lines of text in the input file) Note: These values don't really impact your command.

### Output Format

The output should contain **N** lines. For each input sentence, identify and display its fourth word. Assume that the space ( ' ') is the only delimiter between words.

### Sample Input

```
Hello  
World  
how are you
```

### Sample Output

```
Hello  
World
```

## Recommended References

[This](#) is a very well written tutorial demonstrating different ways in which 'cut' may be used to either print characters at a particular position, or to print columns of a text file, based on delimiters. The latter is particularly useful while dealing with tabulated data in \*.tsv or \*.csv format.