Project Euler #26: Reciprocal cycles



Problem Statement

This problem is a programming version of Problem 26 from projecteuler.net

A unit fraction contains 1 in the numerator. The decimal representation of the unit fractions with denominators 2 to 10 are given:

$$\frac{1}{2} = 0.5$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = 0.(3)$$

$$\frac{1}{4} = 0.25$$

$$\frac{1}{5} = 0.2$$

$$\frac{1}{6} = 0.1(6)$$

$$\frac{1}{7} = 0.(142857)$$

$$\frac{1}{8} = 0.125$$

$$\frac{1}{9} = 0.(1)$$

$$\frac{1}{10} = 0.1$$

Where 0.1(6) means 0.166666..., and has a 1-digit recurring cycle. It can be seen that $\frac{1}{7}$ has a 6-digit recurring cycle.

Find the value of smallest d < N for which $\frac{1}{d}$ contains the longest recurring cycle in its decimal fraction part.

Input Format

The first line contains an integer T , i.e., number of test cases. Next T lines will contain an integer N.

Output Format

Print the values corresponding to each test case.

Constraints

$$\begin{array}{l} 1 \leq T \leq 1000 \\ 4 \leq N \leq 10000 \end{array}$$

Sample Input

Sample Output 3 7