

Ex 9.2.

$$P(x=1 | y=0) = \frac{P(y=0 | x=1) P(x=1)}{0.85 \times 0.9 + 0.15 \times 0.1}$$

$$= 0.019$$

Ex 9.4

$$P(x=1 | y=0) = \frac{0.15 \times 0.1}{0.15 \times 0.1 + 1 \times 0.9}$$

$$= \frac{0.015}{0.015 + 0.9} = \frac{0.015}{0.915}$$

Ex 9.7 marginal distribution

$$P(y=0) = P(y=1) = 0.5.$$

$$H(Y) = H(0.5)$$

$$H(Y|X) = H(0.15)$$

$$I(X; Y) = 1 - 0.61 = 0.39 \text{ bits}$$

Ex 9.8

marginal distribution. $P(y=0) = 0.5 + 0.075 = 0.575$

$$P(y=1) = 0.5 \times 0.85 = 0.425.$$

$$H(Y) = H_2(0.425)$$

$$H(Y|X=0) = 0$$

$$H(Y|X=1) = H_2(0.15)$$

$$H(Y|X) = 0.5 H_2(0.15)$$

$$I(X; Y) = H_2(0.425) - \frac{1}{2} H_2(0.15) = 0.679 \text{ bits}.$$

Ex 9.12

$$I(X; Y) = H_2((1-f)p_1 + (1-p_1)f) - H_2(f)$$

$$\text{Let } (1-f)p_1 + (1-p_1)f = 0.5.$$

$$p_1 + f - 2p_1f = 0.5 \Rightarrow p_1 = \frac{0.5-f}{1-2f} = \frac{1}{2}$$

Ex 9.13 $H(Y) = H((1-p)(1-f), f, p, f)$

$0 \rightarrow 0$
 \searrow
 $1 \rightarrow 1$ $H(Y|X) = H_2(0.15)$

$I(X; Y) = H((1-p)(1-f), f, p, f) - H_2(f)$

用 $H(X)$ 算。(只有两取)

$H(X) - H(X|Y) = H(X) - (f(H(X|Y=1)))$
 $= 1-f$

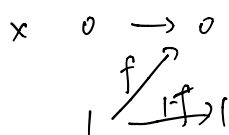
Ex 9.14,

	00	01	10	11
00	0.7225	0	0	0
01	0.1275	0	0.1275	0
10	0	0	0.7225	0
01	0.1275	0.1275	0	0
11	0.0225	0.0225	0.0225	0.0225
10	0	0	0.1275	0.1275
01	0	0.1275	0	0
11	0	0.1275	0	0.1275
11	0	0	0	0.7225

选两个互不重叠的。
 10 和 11

Ex 9.15

Σ channel



$P_X = \{p_0, p_1\}$

$P(Y=1) = (1-f)p_1$

$H(Y) = H_2(p_1(1-f))$

$P(Y=0) = p_0 + fp_1$

$H(Y|X) = p_0 \cdot 0 + p_1 H_2(f)$

$I(X; Y) = H(Y) - H(Y|X) = H_2(p_1(1-f)) - p_1 H_2(f)$

$f = 0.15, p_1^* = 0.445$

$C(Q_2) = 0.685$

对橙线求导

$$\frac{d}{dp_1} I(X; Y) = (1-f) \log_2 \frac{1-p_1(1-f)}{p_1(1-f)} - H_2(f)$$

令其为0. 得

$$\frac{1}{p_1(1-f)} = 2^{\frac{H_2(f)}{1-f}} + 1$$

$$p_1^* = \frac{1/(1-f)}{2^{\frac{H_2(f)}{1-f}} + 1}$$

$$\lim_{f \rightarrow 1} p_1^* = 1/e$$

Ex 9.17

$$H(X) = 5 \times \frac{1}{5} \log_2 5 = \log_2 5$$

$$H(Y|X) = 4 \times \frac{1}{4} \log_2 4 = \log_2 4$$

$$I(X, Y) = \log_2 1.25$$

Ex 9.18

$$\begin{aligned} 1) P(X=1|Y, \alpha, \sigma) &= \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma^2} e^{-\frac{(Y-\alpha)^2}{2\sigma^2}} \cdot \frac{1}{2}}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma^2} \left(e^{-\frac{(Y-\alpha)^2}{2\sigma^2}} + e^{-\frac{(Y+\alpha)^2}{2\sigma^2}} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{2}} \\ &= \frac{1}{1 + e^{-\frac{4\alpha Y}{2\sigma^2}}} = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-\frac{2\alpha Y}{\sigma^2}}} \end{aligned}$$

$$1) \alpha(Y) > 0 \quad P(X=1|Y, \alpha, \sigma) > \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\alpha(Y) < 0 \quad P(X=1|Y, \alpha, \sigma) < \frac{1}{2}$$

∴ 只需要看 $\alpha(Y)$ 符号 决定 X 是 -1 或 1

8x9.20

$P(\text{at least two people have the same birthday})$

$$= 1 - \frac{364}{365} \cdot \frac{363}{365} \cdot \dots$$

$$= 1 - \frac{364 \cdot \dots \cdot 342}{365^{23}} = 1 - \frac{A(A-1) \dots (A-S+1)}{A^S}$$

一共可能的有 $S(S-1)/2$ 对.

某一对生日相同的概率是 $\frac{1}{A}$

$$\therefore E(N) = \frac{S(S-1)}{2A}$$