Homework 1

R Homework 1

Part 1

- 1.Create an RMarkDown project
- 2. Section 1 Univariate Regression Data
- a. Write $f(x) = \sin(x)/x$ in [-5pi, 5pi] mathematically $f(x) = \sin(x)/x$ in [-5pi, 5pi]
 - b. Set n as sample size to some value, set 200

```
n <-200
```

c. Generate equally spaced value of x in [-5pi,5pi] and store in vector $\mathbf{x} = (\mathbf{x}1, \mathbf{x}2, \mathbf{x}3, \dots \mathbf{x}n)^T$

```
x <- seq(-5*pi,5*pi, length.out = n)
```

d. Write an R function that returns $f(x)=\sin(x)/x$, Note be mindful of what happens of x=0.

```
f <- function(x){
  return(ifelse(x == 0,1,sin(x)/x))
}</pre>
```

e. Generate a vector of n noise value from Normal(o, sigma^2)

```
sigma <-0.05
y.noise <- rnorm(n,0,sigma)</pre>
```

f. Create the n-dimension vector $Y=(y1,y2,...yn)^T$ transpose where Yi=f(xi)+ei

```
Y <- f(x) + y.noise
Y <- matrix(Y)
```

g. Create matrix X=[1,x1] (2 x n)

```
X <- matrix(x)
X <- cbind(1, X)</pre>
```

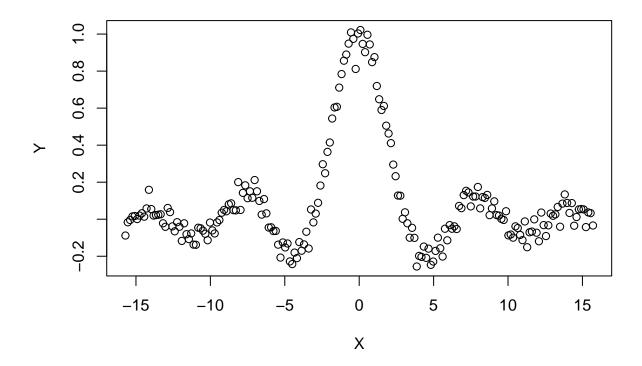
h. Create data frame of two columns X and Y

```
df \leftarrow data.frame(X = x, Y = Y)
```

i. Using classical plotting plot data points and superpose the tree function, and add the suitable legend

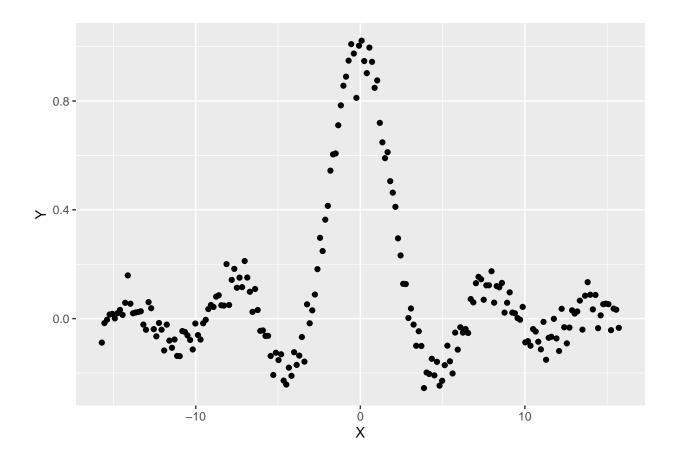
```
plot(df$X,df$Y,xlab = "X",ylab = "Y",main = 'Observed data' )
```

Observed data



j. Redo (i) using ggplot2

```
library(ggplot2)
ggplot(data = df,mapping = aes(x = X, y = Y)) + geom_point()
```

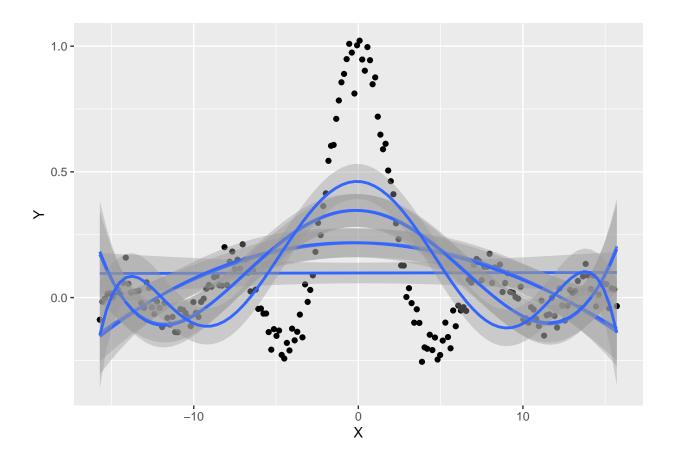


k. Fit a polynomial regression learning machine to the data, exploring degree 1,2,3,4,5,6

```
Degree <- 6
poly1 <- Y ~ poly(x = x ,degree = 1)
poly2 <- Y ~ poly(x = x ,degree = 2)
poly3 <- Y ~ poly(x = x ,degree = 3)
poly4 <- Y ~ poly(x = x ,degree = 4)
poly5 <- Y ~ poly(x = x ,degree = 5)
poly6 <- Y ~ poly(x = x ,degree = 6)</pre>
```

1. Redo(i) with the added smooth curves of (k)

```
library(ggplot2)
ggplot(data = df,mapping = aes(x = X,y = Y)) +
  geom_point() +
  stat_smooth(method='lm', formula = poly1, size = 1) +
  stat_smooth(method='lm', formula = poly2, size = 1) +
  stat_smooth(method='lm', formula = poly3, size = 1) +
  stat_smooth(method='lm', formula = poly4, size = 1) +
  stat_smooth(method='lm', formula = poly5, size = 1) +
  stat_smooth(method='lm', formula = poly6, size = 1) +
  xlab('X') +
  ylab('Y')
```



Part 2

a. Write a function that takes a frame or the indices there of and return a stochastic Hold out split into training set and test set. tao 1/3 from (0,1) is proportion of data in test set and 1-tao 2/3 is proportion in train set sho <- function(n,tau) nte <-round(n * tau) ntr <-n-nte id.tr <-sample(n)[1:ntr] id.tr <- set diff(1:n,id.ty) return()

```
tau <- 1/3

sho <- function(n, tau){
  ntr <- NULL
  nte <- NULL
  nte <- round(n * tau)
  ntr <- n - nte
  id.tr <- sample(n)[1 : ntr]
  id.te <- setdiff(1:n, id.tr)
  return(list(tr = ntr,ts = nte,id.tr = id.tr, id.te =id.te))
}</pre>
```

b. Set S as number of replications (S=100)

```
S <- 100
```

c. Set the seed 787369

```
set.seed(787369)
```

d. Create two matrices of errors, one for training error, one for testing error, initialized to 0

```
Train<- matrix(0, S ,6)
Test <- matrix(0, S ,6)</pre>
```

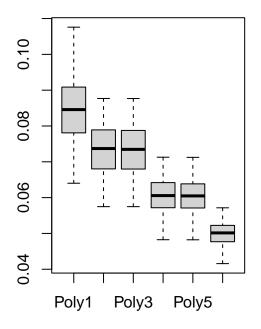
- e. Repeat S time, Split with SHO function, fit each 6 learners with training data,
- f. compute prediction for each with test data.

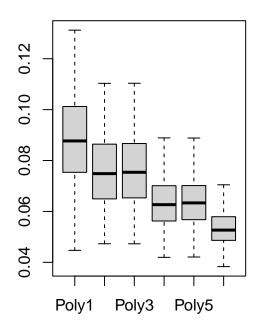
```
for (i in 1 : S) {
  split \leftarrow sho(n, tau = 1/3)
  train_index <- split$id.tr</pre>
  test_index <- split$id.te</pre>
  train_data <- df[train_index, ]</pre>
  test_data <- df[test_index, ]</pre>
  for (j in 1 : Degree) {
    train <- lm(Y~poly(X,j), data = train_data)</pre>
    y_train <- predict(train)</pre>
    train_error <- mean((train_data$Y - y_train)^2)</pre>
    y_test <- predict(train, test_data)</pre>
    test_error <- mean((test_data$Y - y_test)^2)</pre>
    Train[i,j] <- train_error</pre>
    Test[i,j] <- test_error</pre>
  }
}
```

```
colnames(Train) <- c("Poly1","Poly2","Poly3","Poly4","Poly5","Poly6")
colnames(Test) <- c("Poly1","Poly2","Poly3","Poly4","Poly5","Poly6")</pre>
```

f. Box plot(properly labelled with learning machine names). matrix of training error. matrix of text errors.

```
par(mfrow = c(1,2))
boxplot(Train)
boxplot(Test)
```





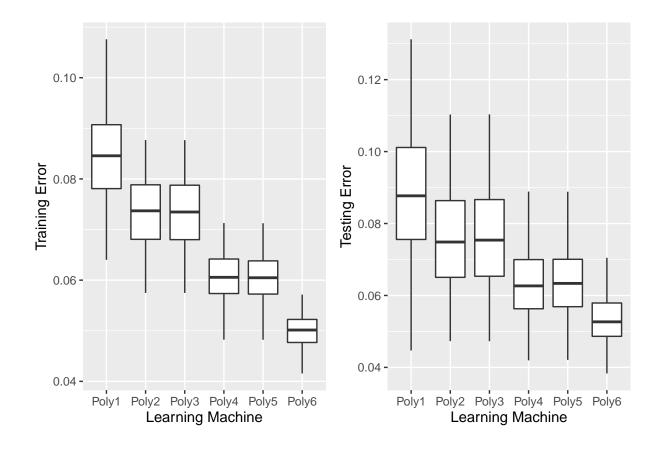
g. Redo this with ggplot2.

```
library(patchwork)
Train <-as.data.frame(Train)
Test <- as.data.frame(Test)

train_plot <- ggplot(stack(Train), aes(x = ind, y = values)) +
    geom_boxplot() +
    xlab('Learning Machine') +
    ylab('Training Error')

test_plot <- ggplot(stack(Test), aes(x = ind, y = values)) +
    geom_boxplot() +
    xlab('Learning Machine') +
    ylab('Testing Error')

train_plot + test_plot</pre>
```



h. Perform ANOVA on test error.

aov_test_1 <- aov(Test\$Poly1~Test\$Poly2+Test\$Poly3+Test\$Poly4+Test\$Poly5+Test\$Poly6,Test)
summary(aov_test_1)</pre>

```
##
                   Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
              Df
              1 0.031091 0.031091 3441.103 <2e-16 ***
## Test$Poly2
## Test$Poly3
              1 0.000034 0.000034
                                      3.711 0.0571 .
## Test$Poly4
               1 0.001201 0.001201 132.925 <2e-16 ***
## Test$Poly5
              1 0.000002 0.000002
                                      0.222 0.6387
## Test$Poly6
              1 0.000038 0.000038
                                      4.214 0.0429 *
              94 0.000849 0.000009
## Residuals
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
```

aov_test_2 <- aov(Test\$Poly2~Test\$Poly1+Test\$Poly3+Test\$Poly4+Test\$Poly5+Test\$Poly6,Test)
summary(aov_test_2)</pre>

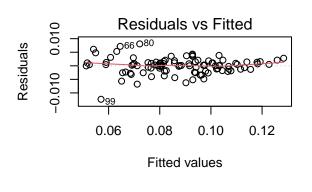
```
##
                 Sum Sq Mean Sq
                                F value
                                         Pr(>F)
             1 0.018047 0.018047 1.130e+05
## Test$Poly1
                                       < 2e-16 ***
## Test$Poly3
             1 0.001207 0.001207 7.560e+03
                                        < 2e-16
             1 0.000001 0.000001 9.157e+00
## Test$Poly4
                                         0.0032 **
## Test$Poly5
            1 0.000009 0.000009 5.757e+01 2.32e-11 ***
0.3947
```

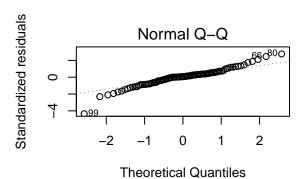
```
## Residuals 94 0.000015 0.000000
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
aov test 3 <-aov(Test$Poly3~Test$Poly2+Test$Poly1+Test$Poly4+Test$Poly5+Test$Poly6,Test)
summary(aov test 3)
##
          Sum Sq Mean Sq F value
                       Pr(>F)
       \mathsf{Df}
0.114
0.162
## Residuals 94 0.000016 0.000000
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
aov_test_4 <- aov(Test$Poly4~Test$Poly2+Test$Poly3+Test$Poly1+Test$Poly5+Test$Poly6,Test)
summary(aov_test_4)
          Sum Sq Mean Sq F value
                       Pr(>F)
       Df
## Residuals 94 0.000036 0.000000
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
aov_test_5 <-aov(Test$Poly5~Test$Poly2+Test$Poly3+Test$Poly4+Test$Poly1+Test$Poly6,Test)
summary(aov_test_5)
          Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
## Test$Poly6 1 0.000000 0.000000
                    0.017 0.896
## Residuals 94 0.000048 0.000001
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
aov_test_6 <- aov(Test$Poly6~Test$Poly2+Test$Poly3+Test$Poly4+Test$Poly5+Test$Poly1,Test)
summary(aov_test_6)
          Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
```

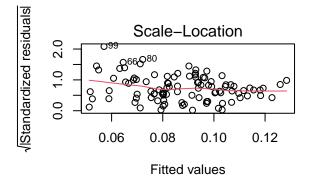
```
## Test$Poly1 1 0.000023 0.000023 4.214 0.0429 *
## Residuals 94 0.000505 0.000005
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

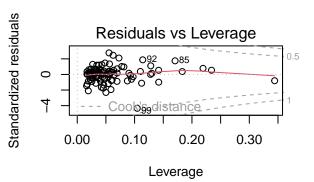
i. Plot multiple comparisons.

```
par(mfrow=c(2,2))
plot(aov_test_1)
```

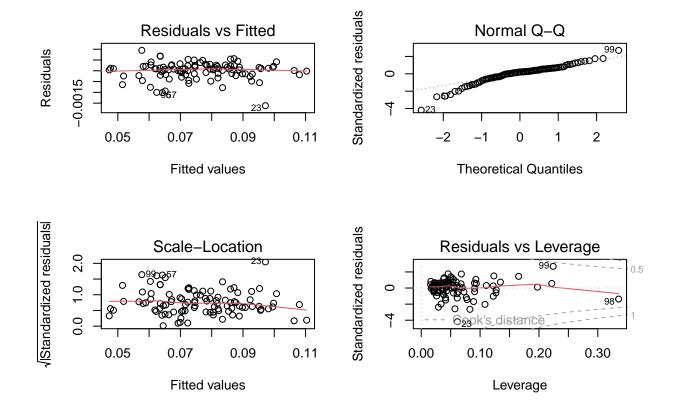




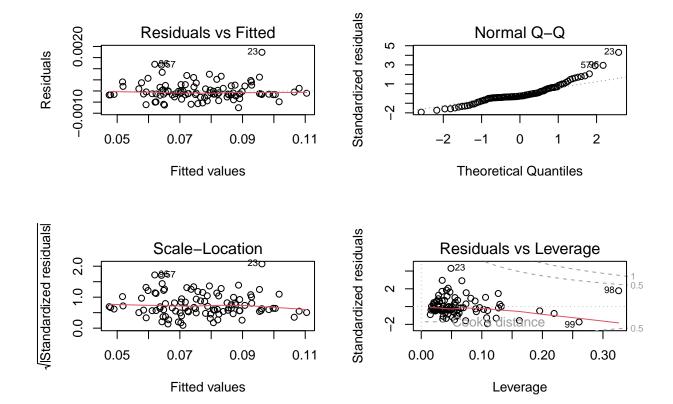




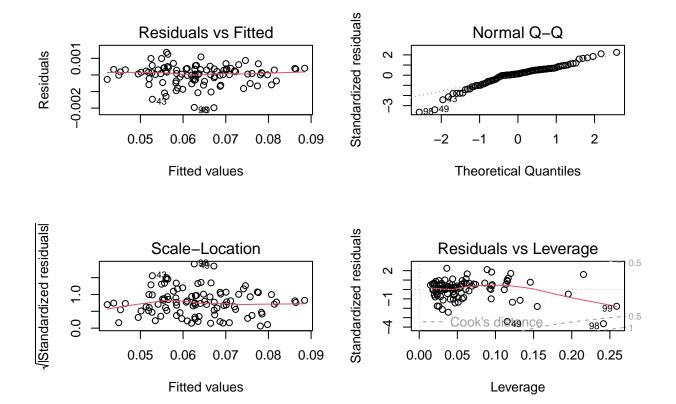
```
par(mfrow=c(2,2))
plot(aov_test_2)
```



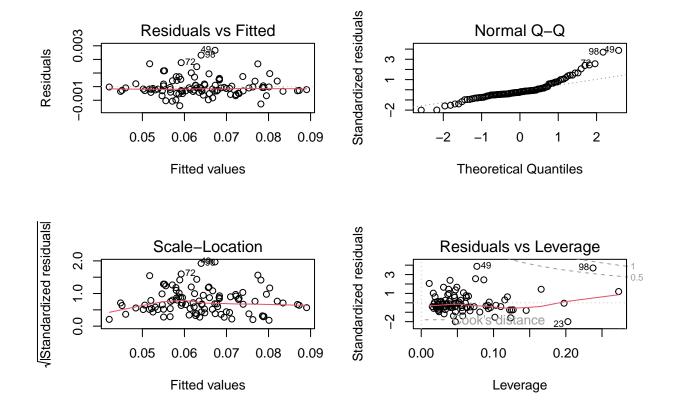
par(mfrow=c(2,2))
plot(aov_test_3)



par(mfrow=c(2,2))
plot(aov_test_4)



par(mfrow=c(2,2))
plot(aov_test_5)



```
par(mfrow=c(2,2))
plot(aov_test_6)
```

