University of British Columbia, Vancouver Department of Computer Science CPSC 304 Project - The Formula for Success

Milestone #: 2

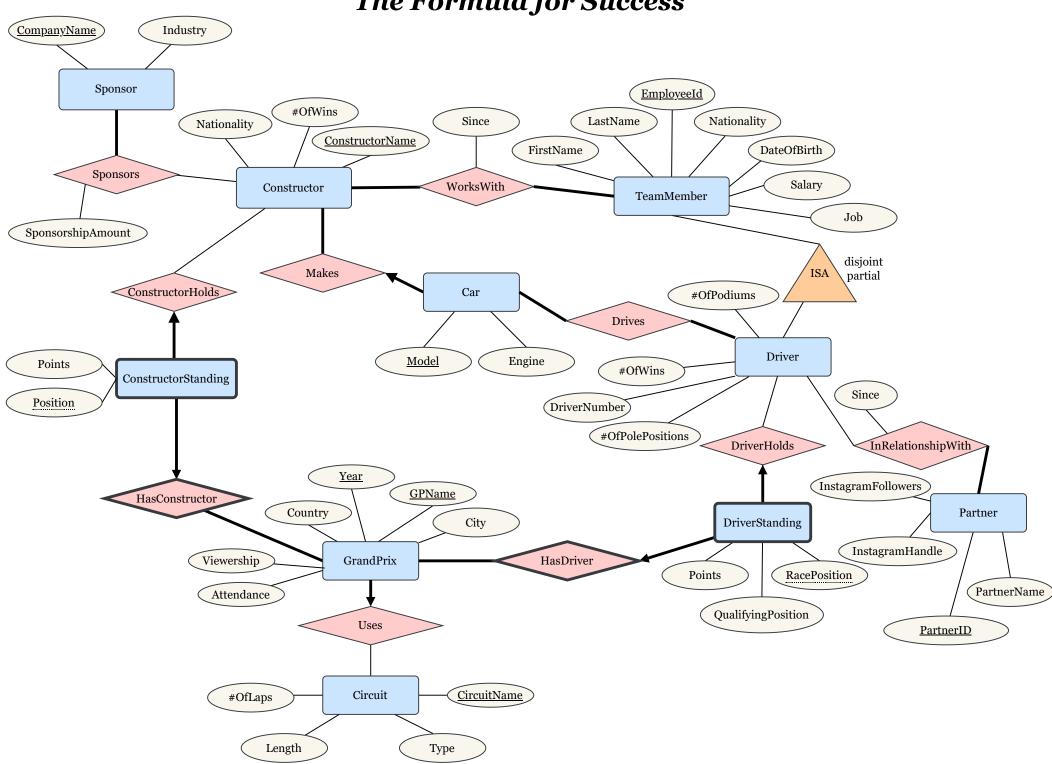
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By typing our names and student numbers in the above table, we certify that the work in the attached assignment was performed solely by those whose names and student IDs are included above. (In the case of Project Milestone 0, the main purpose of this page is for you to let us know your email address, and then let us assign you to a TA for your project supervisor.)

In addition, we indicate that we are fully aware of the rules and consequences of plagiarism, as set forth by the Department of Computer Science and the University of British Columbia

# "The Formula for Success"



## **Summary:**

The domain of our application is sports data management. More specifically, our application focuses on Formula One (F1), a form of international motorsport. The application will store statistics and results for fans to reference and explore.

## **ER Diagram:**

Notes on minimal changes made to the ER Diagram since Milestone 1:

- We realized we wanted to make the SponsorshipAmount specific to the "Sponsors" relation between Sponsor and Constructor, as Sponsors can donate different amounts to different Constructors. This involved:
  - Moving "SponsorshipAmount" attribute from "Sponsor" entity to "Sponsors" relation
  - Adding "Industry" attribute to the "Sponsor" entity, so the entity would have more than 1 attribute
- Added attributes to "InRelationshipWith" relationship in order to create more meaningful functional dependencies (other than our primary keys).

#### **Relational Schema**

#### **Notes:**

- PKs are underlined; FKs are bolded; CKs and other constraints are indicated
- Note: the "YEAR" SQL date type was used for certain attributes, as listed here: https://www.w3schools.com/sql/sql\_datatypes.asp
- Attributes have been formatted to be lower camel case in our relations

#### **Entities:**

- 1. Sponsor(companyName: varchar, industry: varchar)
- 2. Constructor(constructorName: varchar, nationality: varchar, #OfWins: integer)
  - NOT NULL: nationality, #OfWins
  - DEFAULT 0: #OfWins
- 3. TeamMember(<u>employeeId: integer</u>, firstName: varchar, lastName: varchar, nationality: varchar, dateOfBirth: date, salary: integer, job: varchar)
  - o NOT NULL: firstName, lastName, nationality, dateOfBirth, job
- 4. Car(model: varchar, engine: varchar, **constructorName: varchar**)
  - NOT NULL: constructorName
- 5. Partner(partnerId: integer, partnerName: varchar, instagramHandle: varchar, instagramFollowers: integer)
  - NOT NULL: partnerName
  - o UNIQUE: instagramHandle
  - o CK: instagramHandle
    - We decided against using instagramHandle as the PK as it is possible for a Partner to not have an Instagram account.
- 6. GrandPrix(<u>year: year, gpName: varchar</u>, city: varchar, country: varchar, viewership: integer, attendance: integer, **circuitName: varchar**)
  - o NOT NULL: city, country, circuitName
- 7. Circuit(circuitName: varchar, #OfLaps: integer, length: integer, type: varchar)

#### Weak Entities:

- 8. GrandPrix\_ConstructorStanding(position: integer, **gpName: varchar**, **year: year**, points: integer)
  - NOT NULL: pointsDEFAULT 0: points
- 9. GrandPrix\_DriverStanding(<u>racePosition: integer</u>, **gpName: varchar**, **year: year**, points: integer, qualifyingPosition: integer)
  - o NOT NULL: points
  - DEFAULT 0: points

## ISA:

- 10. Driver(**employeeId: integer**, #OfPodiums: integer, #OfWins: integer, driverNumber: integer, #OfPolePositions: integer)
  - Note: Driver ISA has been modelled using "Method 2" as described in lecture, where we have a table for both the superclass (TeamMember) and the subclass (Driver). The primary key of TeamMember, employeeId, serves as the primary key and foreign key for Driver. We chose this method as it allows us to better represent the Drives, InRelationshipWith, and DriverHolds relationships that exclusively involves the Driver entity.
  - o DEFAULT 0: #OfPodiums, #OfWins, #OfPolePositions
  - o NOT NULL: #OfPodiums, #OfWins, #OfPolePositions, driverNumber

## **Relationships:**

- 11. Sponsors(companyName: varchar, constructorName: varchar, sponsorshipAmount: integer)
- 12. WorksWith(constructorName: varchar, employeeId: integer, since: date)
  - Note: even though constructorName and employeeld are primary keys and therefore, cannot be null, this is not enough to enforce total participation on both sides at this point in time. We acknowledge that this will require using an SQL assertion in the future.
- 13. Drives(model: varchar, employeeld: integer)
  - Note: even though model and employeeId are primary keys and therefore, cannot be null, this is not enough to enforce total participation on both sides at this point in time. We acknowledge that this will require using an SQL assertion in the future.
- 14. InRelationshipWith(partnerId: integer, employeeId: integer, since: date)
- 15. ConstructorHolds(position: integer, gpName: varchar, year: year, constructorName: varchar)
- 16. DriverHolds(racePosition: integer, gpName: varchar, year: year, employeeld: integer)

## **Functional Dependencies:**

- 1. Sponsor(companyName, industry)
  - companyName → industry
- 2. Constructor(constructorName, nationality, #OfWins)
  - o constructorName → nationality, #OfWins
- 3. TeamMember(employeeId, firstName, lastName, nationality, dateOfBirth, salary, job)
  - o employeeld → firstName, lastName, nationality, dateOfBirth, salary, job
- 4. Car(model, engine, constructorName)
  - o model → engine, constructorName
- 5. Partner(partnerId, partnerName, instagramHandle, instagramFollowers)
  - o partnerId → partnerName, instagramHandle, instagramFollowers
  - o instagramHandle → instagramFollowers
- 6. GrandPrix(<u>year</u>, <u>gpName</u>, city, country, viewership, attendance, **circuitName**)
  - o year, gpName → city, country, viewership, attendance, circuitName
  - circuitName → city, country
  - year, circuitName → attendance, viewership
- 7. Circuit(circuitName, #OfLaps, length, type)
  - o circuitName → #OfLaps, length, type
  - #OfLaps → Length
- 8. GrandPrix\_ConstructorStanding(position, gpName, year, points)
  - o position, gpName, year → points
  - position → points
- 9. GrandPrix DriverStanding(racePosition, **gpName**, **year**, points, qualifyingPosition)
  - o racePosition, gpName, year → points, qualifyingPosition
  - o racePosition → points
- 10. Driver(employeeld, #OfPodiums, #OfWins, driverNumber, #OfPolePosition)
  - o employeeId → #OfPodiums, #OfWins, driverNumber, #OfPolePositions
- 11. Sponsors(**companyName**, **constructorName**, sponsorshipAmount)
  - o companyName, constructorName → sponsorshipAmount
- 12. WorksWith(constructorName, employeeId, since)
  - o constructorName, employeeId → since
- 13. Drives(model, employeeId)
  - o no non-trivial FDs
- 14. InRelationshipWith(partnerID, employeeID, since)
  - o partnerID, employeeId → since
- 15. ConstructorHolds(position, gpName, year, constructorName)
  - o no non-trivial FDs
- 16. DriverHolds(<u>racePosition</u>, <u>gpName</u>, <u>year</u>, <u>employeeID</u>)
  - no non-trivial FDs

#### Normalization:

The process of decomposing to 3NF. PKs are underlined, FK are bolded. For our final, resultant relations with domains and constraints, please see the relations listed after all the decompositions.

#### **Decomposition of Partner Relation**

- Decompose Partner(<u>partnerId</u>, partnerName, instagramHandle, instagramFollowers) on instagramHandle → instagramFollowers:
  - Partner\_Ref(<u>partnerId</u>, partnerName, instagramHandle)
  - Partner 2(instagramHandle, instagramFollowers)

Resultant relations: Partner\_Ref(<u>partnerId</u>, partnerName, instagramHandle), Partner\_2(<u>instagramHandle</u>, instagramFollowers)

#### **Decomposition of GrandPrix Relation**

- 1. Create minimal cover for non-BCNF FDs:
  - circuitName → city, country
    - circuitName → city
    - circuitName → country
  - year, circuitName → attendance, viewership
    - year, circuitName → attendance
    - year, circuitName → viewership
- Decompose GrandPrix(<u>year</u>, <u>gpName</u>, city, country, viewership, attendance, **circuitName**) on circuitName → city
  - GrandPrix 1(circuitName, city)
  - o GrandPrix\_2(<u>year</u>, <u>gpName</u>, country, viewership, attendance, **circuitName**)
- 3. Decompose GrandPrix\_2(<u>year</u>, <u>gpName</u>, country, viewership, attendance, **circuitName**) on circuitName → country
  - GrandPrix\_3(<u>circuitName</u>, country)
  - GrandPrix\_4(<u>vear</u>, <u>gpName</u>, viewership, attendance, <u>circuitName</u>)
- 4. Decompose GrandPrix\_4(<u>year</u>, <u>gpName</u>, viewership, attendance, **circuitName**) on year, circuitName → attendance
  - GrandPrix\_5(year, circuitName, attendance)
  - GrandPrix\_6(<u>year</u>, <u>gpName</u>, <u>circuitName</u>, viewership)
- 5. Decompose GrandPrix\_6(<u>year</u>, <u>gpName</u>, <u>circuitName</u>, viewership) on year, circuitName → viewership
  - GrandPrix\_Ref(<u>year</u>, <u>circuitName</u>, viewership)
  - GrandPrix\_8(<u>year</u>, gpName, circuitName)

Resultant relations: GrandPrix\_1(<u>circuitName</u>, city), GrandPrix\_3(<u>circuitName</u>, country), GrandPrix\_5(<u>year</u>, <u>circuitName</u>, attendance), GrandPrix\_Ref(<u>year</u>, <u>circuitName</u>, viewership), GrandPrix\_8(<u>year</u>, <u>gpName</u>, <u>circuitName</u>)

For ease of understanding in downstream applications, we have renamed the resultant relations:

GrandPrix\_2(circuitName, city), GrandPrix\_3(circuitName, country), GrandPrix\_4(year, circuitName, attendance),

GrandPrix\_Ref(year, circuitName, viewership), GrandPrix\_5(year, gpName, circuitName)

#### **Decomposition of Circuit Relation**

- 1. Decompose Circuit(circuitName, #OfLaps, length, type) on #OfLaps → length
  - Circuit\_1(circuitName, #OfLaps, type)
  - Circuit\_Ref (#OfLaps, length)

Resultant relations: Circuit\_Ref (#OfLaps, length), Circuit\_2(circuitName, #OfLaps, type),

## **Decomposition of GrandPrix\_ConstructorStanding**

- 1. Decompose GrandPrix\_ConstructorStanding(position, **gpName**, **year**, points) on position → points:
  - GrandPrix\_ConstructorStanding\_2(<u>position</u>, <u>gpName</u>, <u>year</u>)
  - GrandPrix\_ConstructorStanding\_Ref(<u>position</u>, points)

Resultant relations: GrandPrix\_ConstructorStanding\_2(**position**, **gpName**, **year**), GrandPrix\_ConstructorStanding\_Ref(**position**, points)

## Decomposition of GrandPrix\_DriverStanding

- Decompose GrandPrix\_DriverStanding(<u>racePosition</u>, <u>gpName</u>, <u>year</u>, points, qualifyingPosition) on racePosition → points:
  - o GrandPrix\_DriverStanding\_2(<u>racePosition</u>, <u>gpName</u>, <u>year</u>, qualifyingPosition)
  - GrandPrix\_DriverStanding\_Ref(<u>racePosition</u>, points)

Resultant relations: GrandPrix\_DriverStanding\_2(<u>racePosition</u>, <u>gpName</u>, <u>year</u>, qualifyingPosition), GrandPrix\_DriverStanding\_Ref(racePosition, points)

## **Normalized Resulting Relations**

PKs are underlined; FKs are bolded; CKs and other constraints are indicated

- 1. Sponsor(<u>companyName: varchar</u>, industry: varchar)
- 2. Constructor(constructorName: varchar, nationality: varchar, #OfWins: integer)
  - NOT NULL: nationality, #OfWins
  - o DEFAULT 0: #OfWins
- 3. TeamMember(<u>employeeId: integer</u>, firstName: varchar, lastName: varchar, nationality: varchar, dateOfBirth: date, salary: integer, job: varchar)
  - o NOT NULL: firstName, lastName, nationality, dateOfBirth, job
- 4. Car(model: varchar, engine: varchar, **constructorName: varchar**)
  - NOT NULL: constructorName
- 5. Partner Ref(partnerId: integer, partnerName: varchar, instagramHandle: varchar)
  - NOT NULL: partnerName
  - UNIQUE: instagramHandle
  - CK: instagramHandle
    - i. We decided against using instagramHandle as the PK as it is possible for a Partner to not have an Instagram account.
- 6. Partner\_2(<u>instagramHandle: varchar</u>, instagramFollowers: integer)
- 7. GrandPrix\_Ref(year: year, **circuitName: varchar**, viewership: integer)
- 8. GrandPrix\_2(circuitName: varchar, city: varchar)
  - NOT NULL: city
- 9. GrandPrix 3(circuitName: varchar, country: varchar)

- NOT NULL: country
- 10. GrandPrix\_4(**year: year**, **circuitName: varchar**, attendance: integer)
- 11. GrandPrix 5(year: year, gpName: varchar, circuitName: varchar)
  - NOT NULL: circuitName
- 12. Circuit Ref(#OfLaps: integer, length: integer)
- 13. Circuit\_2(<u>circuitName: varchar</u>, **#OfLaps: integer,** type: varchar)
- 14. GrandPrix\_ConstructorStanding\_Ref(position: integer, points: integer)
  - NOT NULL: points
  - o DEFAULT 0: points
- 15. GrandPrix\_ConstructorStanding\_2(position: integer, gpName: varchar, year: year)
- 16. GrandPrix\_DriverStanding\_Ref(<u>racePosition</u>: integer, points: integer)
  - NOT NULL: points
  - DEFAULT 0: points
- 17. GrandPrix\_DriverStanding\_2(<u>racePosition: integer</u>, <u>gpName: varchar, year: year</u>, qualifyingPosition: integer)
- 18. Driver(**employeeId: integer**, #OfPodiums: integer, #OfWins: integer, driverNumber: integer, #OfPolePositions: integer)
  - Note: Driver ISA has been modelled using "Method 2" as described in lecture, where we have a table for both the superclass (TeamMember) and the subclass (Driver). The primary key of TeamMember, employeeId, serves as the primary key and foreign key for Driver. We chose this method as it allows us to better represent the Drives, InRelationshipWith, and DriverHolds relationships that exclusively involves the Driver entity.
  - o DEFAULT 0: #OfPodiums, #OfWins, #OfPolePositions
  - o NOT NULL: #OfPodiums, #OfWins, #OfPolePositions, driverNumber
- 19. Sponsors(companyName: varchar, constructorName: varchar, sponsorshipAmount: integer)
- 20. WorksWith(constructorName: varchar, employeeId: integer, since: date)
  - Note: even though constructorName and employeeld are primary keys and therefore, cannot be null, this is not enough to enforce total participation on both sides at this point in time. We acknowledge that this will require using an SQL assertion in the future.
- 21. Drives(model: varchar, employeeld: integer)
  - Note: even though model and employeeld are primary keys and therefore, cannot be null, this is not enough to enforce total participation on both sides at this point in time. We acknowledge that this will require using an SQL assertion in the future.
- 22. InRelationshipWith(partnerId: integer, employeeId: integer, since: date)
- 23. ConstructorHolds(position: integer, gpName: varchar, year: year, constructorName: varchar)
- 24. DriverHolds(racePosition: integer, gpName: varchar, year: year, employeeld: integer)

## **SQL DDL:**

);

**Note**: for some attributes, both DEFAULT 0 and NOT NULL constraints were added, as the default value does not prevent user from inserting a NULL value and would only enforce non-null values during the creation of a new tuple based on the discussion here:

https://stackoverflow.com/questions/11862188/sql-column-definition-default-value-and-not-null-redundant

```
1. Sponsor(companyName: varchar, industry: varchar)
   CREATE TABLE Sponsor (
          companyName
                                     varchar
                                                          PRIMARY KEY,
          industry
                                      varchar
   );
2. Constructor(constructorName: varchar, nationality: varchar, #OfWins: integer)
   CREATE TABLE Constructor (
          constructorName
                                     varchar
                                                          PRIMARY KEY,
          nationality
                                     varchar
                                                          NOT NULL,
          #OfWins
                                                          DEFAULT 0 NOT NULL
                                     int
   );
3. TeamMember(employeeId: integer, firstName: varchar, lastName: varchar, nationality: varchar, dateOfBirth:
   date, salary: integer, job: varchar)
   CREATE TABLE TeamMember (
          employeeId
                                      int
                                                          PRIMARY KEY,
          firstName
                                     varchar
                                                          NOT NULL,
                                                          NOT NULL,
          lastName
                                     varchar
                                     varchar
                                                          NOT NULL,
          nationality
          dateOfBirth
                                     date
                                                          NOT NULL,
          salary
                                      int,
          job
                                     varchar
                                                          NOT NULL
   );
4. Car(model: varchar, engine: varchar, constructorName: varchar)
   CREATE TABLE Car (
          Model
                                      varchar
                                                          PRIMARY KEY,
          engine
                                     varchar,
          constructorName
                                     varchar
                                                          NOT NULL,
          FOREIGN KEY (constructorName) REFERENCES Constructor(constructorName)
                 ON DELETE NO ACTION
   );
5. Partner_Ref(<u>partnerID</u>: <u>integer</u>, partnerName: varchar, instagramHandle: varchar)
   CREATE TABLE Partner_Ref (
          partnerId
                                      int
                                                          PRIMARY KEY,
                                                          NOT NULL,
          partnerName
                                      varchar
          instagramHandle
                                     varchar
                                                          UNIQUE
```

```
6. Partner_2(<u>instagramHandle: varchar</u>, instagramFollowers: integer)
   CREATE TABLE Partner_2 (
          instagramHandle
                                    varchar
                                                        PRIMARY KEY,
          instagramFollowers
                                    int,
          FOREIGN KEY (instagramHandle) REFERENCES Partner_Ref(instagramHandle)
                ON DELETE CASCADE
   );
7. GrandPrix_Ref(<u>year: year</u>, <u>circuitName: varchar</u>, viewership: integer)
   CREATE TABLE GrandPrix_Ref (
          year
                                    year,
          circuitName
                                    varchar,
          viewership
                                    int,
          PRIMARY KEY (year, circuitName),
          FOREIGN KEY (circuitName) REFERENCES Circuit_2(circuitName)
                ON DELETE NO ACTION
   );
8. GrandPrix_2(<u>circuitName: varchar</u>, city: varchar)
   CREATE TABLE GrandPrix_2 (
          circuitName
                                                        PRIMARY KEY,
                                    varchar,
          city
                                    varchar
                                                        NOT NULL,
          FOREIGN KEY (circuitName) REFERENCES GrandPrix_Ref(circuitName)
                ON DELETE NO ACTION
   );
9. GrandPrix_3(circuitName: varchar, country: varchar)
   CREATE TABLE GrandPrix 3 (
          circuitName
                                                        PRIMARY KEY,
                                    varchar,
          country
                                    varchar
                                                        NOT NULL,
          FOREIGN KEY (circuitName) REFERENCES GrandPrix_Ref(circuitName)
                ON DELETE NO ACTION
   );
10. GrandPrix_4(<u>year: year</u>, <u>circuitName: varchar</u>, attendance: int)
   CREATE TABLE GrandPrix_4 (
          year
                                    year,
          circuitName
                                    varchar,
          attendance
                                    int,
          PRIMARY KEY (year, circuitName),
          FOREIGN KEY (year, circuitName) REFERENCES GrandPrix_Ref(year, circuitName)
                ON DELETE NO ACTION
   );
```

```
11. GrandPrix_5(<u>year: year</u>, gpName: varchar, circuitName: varchar)
   CREATE TABLE GrandPrix_5 (
          year
                                    year,
          gpName
                                    varchar,
          circuitName
                                    varchar
                                                        NOT NULL,
          PRIMARY KEY (year, gpName),
          FOREIGN KEY (year, circuitName) REFERENCES GrandPrix_Ref(year, circuitName)
                ON DELETE NO ACTION
   );
12. Circuit_Ref(<u>#OfLapsr</u>, length: integer)
   CREATE TABLE Circuit_Ref (
          #0fLaps
                                    int
                                                        PRIMARY KEY,
          length
                                    int,
   );
13. Circuit 2(circuitName: varchar, #OfLaps: integer, type: varchar)
   CREATE TABLE Circuit_2 (
          circuitName
                                    varchar
                                                        PRIMARY KEY,
          #0fLaps
                                    int,
          type
                                    varchar
          FOREIGN KEY (#0fLaps) REFERENCES Circuit_Ref(#0fLaps)
                ON DELETE CASCADE
   );
14. GrandPrix_ConstructorStanding_Ref(<u>position</u>: integer, points: integer)
   CREATE TABLE GrandPrix_ConstructorStanding (
          position
                                    int
                                                        PRIMARY KEY,
                                                        DEFAULT 0 NOT NULL
          points
                                    int
   );
15. GrandPrix_ConstructorStanding_2(position: integer, gpName: varchar, year: year)
   CREATE TABLE GrandPrix_ConstructorStanding (
          position
                                    int,
          gpName
                                    varchar,
          year
                                    year,
          PRIMARY KEY (position, gpName, year),
          FOREIGN KEY (gpName, year) REFERENCES GrandPrix_5(gpName, year)
                ON DELETE NO ACTION,
          FOREIGN KEY (position) REFERENCES GrandPrix ConstructorStanding_Ref(position)
                ON DELETE NO ACTION
   );
16. GrandPrix DriverStanding Ref(racePosition: integer, points: integer)
   CREATE TABLE GrandPrix_DriverStanding_2 (
          racePosition
                                    int
                                                        PRIMARY KEY,
          points
                                    int
                                                        DEFAULT 0 NOT NULL
   );
```

```
CREATE TABLE GrandPrix_DriverStanding_Ref (
         racePosition
                                  int,
         gpName
                                  varchar,
         year
                                  year,
         qualifyingPosition
                                  int,
         PRIMARY KEY (racePosition, gpName, year),
         FOREIGN KEY (gpName, year) REFERENCES GrandPrix_5(gpName, year)
               ON DELETE NO ACTION,
         FOREIGN KEY (racePosition) REFERENCES
               GrandPrix_DriverStanding_Ref(racePosition)
               ON DELETE NO ACTION
   );
18. Driver(employeeld: integer, #OfPodiums: integer, #OfWins: integer, driverNumber: integer, #OfPolePositions:
   integer)
   CREATE TABLE Driver (
         employeeId
                                  int
                                                     PRIMARY KEY,
         #OfPodiums
                                  int
                                                     DEFAULT 0 NOT NULL,
         #0fWins
                                  int
                                                     DEFAULT 0 NOT NULL,
         driverNumber
                                  int
                                                     NOT NULL,
         #OfPolePositions
                                  int
                                                     DEFAULT 0 NOT NULL,
         FOREIGN KEY (employeeId) REFERENCES TeamMember(employeeId)
               ON DELETE NO ACTION
   );
19. Sponsors(companyName: varchar, constructorName: varchar, sponsorshipAmount:integer)
   CREATE TABLE Sponsors (
         companyName
                                  varchar,
         constructorName
                                  varcar,
         sponsorshipAmount
                                  int
         PRIMARY KEY (companyName, constructorName),
         FOREIGN KEY (companyName) REFERENCES Sponsor(companyName)
               ON DELETE NO ACTION,
         FOREIGN KEY (constructorName) REFERENCES Constructor(constructorName)
               ON DELETE NO ACTION
   );
20. WorksWith(constructorName: varchar, employeeld: integer, since: date)
   CREATE TABLE WorksWith (
         constructorName
                                  varchar,
         employeeId
                                  int,
         since
                                  date,
         PRIMARY KEY (constructorName, employeeId),
         FOREIGN KEY (constructorName) REFERENCES Constructor(constructorName)
               ON DELETE CASCADE,
         FOREIGN KEY (employeeId) REFERENCES TeamMember(employeeID)
               ON DELETE CASCADE
   );
```

17. GrandPrix\_DriverStanding\_2(racePosition: integer, gpName: varchar, year: year, qualifyingPosition:

21. Drives(model: varchar, employeeld: integer)

```
CREATE TABLE Drives (
    model varchar,
    employeeId int,
    PRIMARY KEY (model, employeeId),
    FOREIGN KEY (model) REFERENCES Car(model)
        ON DELETE CASCADE,
    FOREIGN KEY (employeeId) REFERENCES Driver(employeeID)
        ON DELETE CASCADE
);
```

**22.** InRelationshipWith(**partnerId: integer, employeeId: integer**, since: date, instagramHandle: varchar, instagramFollowers: integer)

```
CREATE TABLE InRelationshipWith (
      partnerId
                              int,
      employeeId
                              int,
      since
                              date,
      instagramHandle
                              varchar,
      instagramFollowers
                              int,
      PRIMARY KEY (partnerId, employeeId),
      FOREIGN KEY (partnerId) REFERENCES Partner_Ref(partnerId)
            ON DELETE CASCADE,
      FOREIGN KEY (employeeId) REFERENCES Driver(employeeId)
            ON DELETE CASCADE
);
```

23. ConstructorHolds(position: integer, gpName: varchar, year: year, constructorName: varchar)

**Note**: since the ConstructorHolds relationship references the weak entity ConstructorStanding, its primary keys are also foreign keys from GrandPrix\_ConstructorStanding and its parent entity GrandPrix. We have decided to attribute all the foreign key references to the weak entity GrandPrix\_ConstructorStanding as an intuitive design choice.

```
CREATE TABLE ConstructorHolds (
      position
                              int,
      gpName
                              varchar,
      year
                              year,
                              varchar,
      constructorName
      PRIMARY KEY (position, gpName, year, constructorName),
      FOREIGN KEY (gpName, year, position) REFERENCES
            GrandPrix_ConstructorStanding(gpName, year, position)
            ON DELETE CASCADE,
      FOREIGN KEY (constructorName) REFERENCES Constructor(constructorName)
            ON DELETE CASCADE
);
```

## 24. DriverHolds(<u>racePosition: integer, gpName: varchar, year: year, employeeID: integer</u>)

**Note**: since the DriverHolds relationship references the weak entity DriverStanding, its primary keys are also foreign keys from GrandPrix\_DriverStanding and its parent entity GrandPrix. We have decided to attribute all the foreign key references to the weak entity GrandPrix\_DriverStanding as an intuitive design choice.

```
CREATE TABLE DriverHolds (
      racePosition
                              int,
      gpName
                              varchar,
      year
                              year,
      employeeId
                              varchar,
      PRIMARY KEY (racePosition, gpName, year, employeeId),
      FOREIGN KEY (gpName, year, racePosition) REFERENCES
            GrandPrix_DriverStanding(gpName, year, racePosition)
            ON DELETE CASCADE,
      FOREIGN KEY (employeeId) REFERENCES
            ON DELETE CASCADE
);
```

## **INSERT Statements:**

1. Sponsor(CompanyName: varchar, Industry: varchar)

2. Constructor(ConstructorName: varchar, Nationality: varchar, #OfWins: integer)

```
('Williams', 'England', '9'),
          ('Alfa Romeo', 'Italy', '5'),
          ('Haas', 'United States', '0'),
          ('AlphaTauri', 'Italy', '0');
3. TeamMember(Employeeld: integer, FirstName: varchar, LastName: varchar, Nationality: varchar, DateOfBirth:
   date, Salary: integer, Job: varchar)
   INSERT INTO TeamMember (employeeId, firstName, lastName, nationality, dateOfBirth,
   salary, job)
   VALUES ('1', 'Toto', 'Wolff', 'Austria', '1972-01-12', '26000000', 'Team
   Principal'),
          ('2', 'Christian', 'Horner', 'England', '1973-11-16', '10000000', 'Team
   Principal'),
          ('3', 'Zak', 'Brown', 'United States', '1971-11-07', '5000000', 'CEO'),
          ('4', 'Hannah', 'Schmitz', 'England', '1985-05-01', '154000', 'Principal
   Strategy Engineer'),
          ('5', 'Peter', 'Bonnington', 'England', '1975-02-12', '450000', 'Senior Race
   Engineer')
          ('6', '0scar', 'Piastri', '2001-04-06', '2000000', 'Driver'),
          ('7', 'Logan', 'Sargeant', '2000-12-31', '1000000', 'Driver'),
          ('8', 'Yuki', 'Tsunoda', '2000-05-11', '1000000', 'Driver'),
          ('9', 'Lando', 'Norris', '1999-11-13', '20000000', 'Driver'),
          ('10', 'Zhou', 'Guanyu', '1999-05-30', '2000000', 'Driver'),
          ('11', 'Lance', 'Stroll', '1998-10-29', '2800000', 'Driver'),
          ('12', 'George', 'Russell', '1998-02-15', '8000000', 'Driver'),
          ('13', 'Charles', 'Leclerc', '1997-10-16', '24000000', 'Driver'),
          ('14', 'Esteban', 'Ocon', '1996-09-17', '6000000', 'Driver'),
          ('15', 'Alex', 'Albon', '1996-03-23', '3000000', 'Driver'),
          ('16', 'Pierre', 'Gasly', '1996-02-07', '5000000', 'Driver'),
          ('17', 'Carlos', 'Sainz', '1994-09-01', '12000000', 'Driver'),
          ('18', 'Kevin', 'Magnussen', '1992-10-05', '5000000', 'Driver'),
          ('19', 'Sergio', 'Perez', '1990-01-26', '10000000', 'Driver'),
          ('20', 'Valtteri', 'Bottas', '1989-08-28', '10000000', 'Driver'),
```

('21', 'Nico', 'Hulkenberg', '1987-08-19', '2000000', 'Driver'),
('22', 'Lewis', 'Hamilton', '1985-01-07', '37000000', 'Driver'),
('23', 'Max', 'Verstappen', '1997-09-30', '50000000', 'Driver'),

('24', 'Fernando', 'Alonso', '1981-07-29', '20000000', 'Driver');

**4.** Car(model: varchar, engine: varchar, **constructorName: varchar**)

**5.** Partner\_Ref(<u>partnerID</u>: <u>integer</u>, partnerName: varchar, instagramHandle: varchar)

**6.** Partner\_2(<u>instagramHandle: varchar</u>, instagramFollowers: integer)

7. GrandPrix\_Ref(<u>year: year, circuitName: varchar, viewership: integer</u>)

```
('2023', 'Silverstone Circuit', '2350000'),
('2023', 'Marina Bay Street Circuit', '1300000');
```

8. GrandPrix\_2(circuitName: varchar, city: varchar)

**9.** GrandPrix\_3(circuitName: varchar, country: varchar)

**10.** GrandPrix\_4(<u>year: year, circuitName: varchar</u>, attendance: int)

**11.** GrandPrix\_5(**year: year,** gpName: varchar, **circuitName: varchar**)

**12.** Circuit\_Ref(#Oflaps, length: integer)

```
INSERT INTO Circuit_Ref (#OfLaps, length)
   VALUES ('57', '308'),
          ('58', '307'),
          ('78', '260'),
          ('52', '306'),
          ('61', '308');
13. Circuit_2(<u>circuitName: varchar</u>, #OfLaps: integer, type: varchar)
   INSERT INTO Circuit_2 (circuitName, #0fLaps, type)
   VALUES ('Bahrain International Circuit', '57', 'race'),
          ('Albert Park Circuit', '58', 'street'),
          ('Monaco', '78', 'street'),
          ('Silverstone Circuit', '52', 'race'),
           ('Marina Bay Street Circuit', '61', 'street');
14. GrandPrix_ConstructorStanding_Ref(position: integer, points: integer)
   INSERT INTO GrandPrix_ConstructorStanding_Ref (position, points)
   VALUES ('1', '37'),
          ('2', '30'),
          ('3', '25'),
          ('1', '25'),
           ('2', '27');
15. GrandPrix_ConstructorStanding_2(position: integer, gpName: varchar, year: year)
   INSERT INTO GrandPrix_ConstructorStanding_2 (position, gpName, year)
   VALUES ('1', 'Singapore Grand Prix', '2023'),
          ('2', 'British Grand Prix', '2023'),
          ('3', 'British Grand Prix', '2023'),
          ('1', 'Monaco Grand Prix', '2023'),
          ('2', 'Australian Grand Prix', '2023');
16. GrandPrix_DriverStanding_Ref(<u>racePosition: integer</u>, points: integer)
   INSERT INTO GrandPrix_DriverStanding_Ref (racePosition, points)
   VALUES ('1', '25'),
          ('4', '12'),
```

('2', '18'),

```
('4', '12'),
('3', '15'),
('4', '10'),
('1', '25'),
('16', '0'),
('3', '15'),
('4', '12');
```

**17.** GrandPrix\_DriverStanding\_2(<u>racePosition: integer</u>, <u>gpName: varchar, year: integer</u>, qualifyingPosition: integer)

```
INSERT INTO GrandPrix_DriverStanding_2 (racePosition, gpName, year,
qualifyingPosition)
```

```
VALUES ('1', 'Singapore Grand Prix', '2023', '1'),

('4', 'Singapore Grand Prix', '2023', 3'),

('2', 'British Grand Prix', '2023', '2'),

('4', 'British Grand Prix', '2023', '3'),

('3', 'British Grand Prix', '2023', '6'),

('4', 'British Grand Prix', '2023', '7'),

('1', 'Monaco Grand Prix', '2023', '1'),

('16', 'Monaco Grand Prix', '2023', '20'),

('3', 'Australian Grand Prix', '2023', '4'),

('4', 'Australian Grand Prix', '2023', '6');
```

**18.** Driver(<u>employeeld: integer</u>, #OfPodiums: integer, #OfWins: integer, driverNumber: integer, #OfPolePositions: integer)

```
('17', '17', '2', '55', '5'),
('18', '1', '0', '20', '1'),
('19', '34', '6', '11', '3'),
('20', '67', '10', '77', '20'),
('21', '0', '0', '27', '1'),
('22', '196', '103', '44', '104'),
('23', '93', '49', '1', '30'),
('24', '105', '32', '14', '22');
```

19. Sponsors(companyName: varchar, constructorName: varchar, sponsorshipAmount:integer)

**20.** WorksWith(**constructorName: varchar, employeeld: integer**, since: date)

```
('Alpine', '14', '2016-08-28'),

('Williams', '15', '2019-03-17'),

('Alpine', '16', '2017-10-01'),

('Ferrari', '17', '2015-03-15'),

('Haas', '18', '2014-03-16'),

('Red Bull Racing', '19', '2011-03-27'),

('Alfa Romeo', '20', '2013-03-17'),

('Haas', '21', '2010-03-14'),

('Mercedes', '22', '2007-03-28'),

('Red Bull Racing', '23', '2015-03-15'),

('Aston Martin', '24', '2001-03-04');
```

21. Drives(model: varchar, employeeld: integer)

```
INSERT INTO Drives (model, employeeId)
VALUES ('W14', '1'),
       ('W14', '22'),
       ('RB19', '19'),
       ('RB19', '23'),
       ('SF-23', '17'),
       ('SF-23', '13'),
       ('A523', '14'),
       ('A523', '16'),
       ('MCL60', '3'),
       ('MCL60', '6'),
       ('C43', '10'),
       ('C43', '20'),
       ('AMR23', '24'),
       ('AMR23', '11'),
       ('WF-23', '18'),
       ('WF-23', '21'),
       ('AT04', '8'),
       ('FW45', '15'),
       ('FW45', '7');
```

**22.** InRelationshipWith(**partnerId: integer, employeeId: integer**, since: date, instagramHandle: varchar, instagramFollowers: integer)

```
INSERT INTO InRelationshipWith (partnerID, employeeId, since, instagramHandle,
instagramFollowers)
```

```
VALUES ('1', '23', '2020-03-05', 'kellypiquet', '1300000'),

('2', '16', '2022-09-13', 'francisca.cgomes', '537000'),

('3', '12', '2020-06-20', 'carmenmmundt', '309000'),

('4', '6', '2019-01-16', 'lilyzneimer', '880'),

('5', '20', '2020-03-29', 'tiffanycromwell', '195000'),

('6', '15', '2019-04-12', 'lilymhe', '688000');
```

## 23. ConstructorHolds(position: integer, gpName: varchar, year: integer, constructorName: varchar)

## 24. DriverHolds(<u>racePosition: integer, gpName: varchar, year: integer, employeeID: integer</u>)