Practice Problems - 04

Practice problems are supposed to help you digest the content of the lecture. It is important that you manage to <u>solve</u> them <u>on your own</u>. Before you write your solutions, you may of course ask questions, and discuss things. In order to prepare for the exam, already now, try to explicitly write down your solutions – <u>clearly and easy to read</u>. Apply <u>definitions</u> properly, and give <u>explanations</u> for what you are doing. That will help you to understand them later when you prepare for the final exam.

I. Quaternions

- 1) Construct a quaternion to rotate 60deg about the y-axis. Calculate the conjugate of the quaternion. Calculate the rotation of the point $P = (1, 1, 1)^T$.
- 2) Construct a quaternion to rotate 30deg about the y-axis. Calculate the conjugate of the quaternion. Calculate the rotation of the point $P = (1, 1, 1)^T$.
- 3) Construct a quaternion to rotate 90deg about the z-axis. Calculate the rotation of the point $P = (1, 0, 1)^T$.
- 4) Construct a quaternion to rotate 90deg about the x-axis. Calculate the rotation of the point $P = (0, 1, 1)^T$.
- 5) Calculate the angle of rotation and the normalized axis vector for the following quaternion: $\left[0.5\left(0,0,\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{3}\right)\right]$.
- 6) Multiply the two following quaternions: $q_1 = 4 + 3i + 2j k$ and $q_2 = i k$.
- 7) Multiply the two following quaternions: $q_1 = 4 + 4i + 4j + k$ and $q_2 = j k$