

Homework 2

Rotation Matrices

$$\Rightarrow 2D \text{ rotation: } R = \begin{bmatrix} \cos\theta & -\sin\theta \\ \sin\theta & \cos\theta \end{bmatrix}$$

Commutative: $R_1 R_2 = R_2 R_1 \Rightarrow$

$$\Rightarrow R_1 R_2 = \begin{bmatrix} \cos\alpha & -\sin\alpha \\ \sin\alpha & \cos\alpha \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \cos\beta & -\sin\beta \\ \sin\beta & \cos\beta \end{bmatrix} =$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \cos\alpha \cos\beta - \sin\alpha \sin\beta & -\cos\alpha \sin\beta - \sin\alpha \cos\beta \\ \sin\alpha \cos\beta + \cos\alpha \sin\beta & -\sin\alpha \sin\beta + \cos\alpha \cos\beta \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_2 R_1 = \begin{bmatrix} \cos\beta & -\sin\beta \\ \sin\beta & \cos\beta \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \cos\alpha & -\sin\alpha \\ \sin\alpha & \cos\alpha \end{bmatrix} =$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \cos\beta \cos\alpha - \sin\beta \sin\alpha & -\cos\beta \sin\alpha - \sin\beta \cos\alpha \\ \sin\beta \cos\alpha + \cos\beta \sin\alpha & -\sin\beta \sin\alpha + \cos\beta \cos\alpha \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow R_1 R_2 = R_2 R_1$$

$$3D \text{ rotation: } R_z = \begin{bmatrix} \cos\theta & -\sin\theta & 0 & 0 \\ \sin\theta & \cos\theta & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_{z1} R_{z2} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos\alpha & -\sin\alpha & 0 & 0 \\ \sin\alpha & \cos\alpha & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \cos\beta & -\sin\beta & 0 & 0 \\ \sin\beta & \cos\beta & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} =$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \cos\alpha \cos\beta - \sin\alpha \sin\beta & -\cos\alpha \sin\beta - \sin\alpha \cos\beta & 0 & 0 \\ \sin\alpha \cos\beta + \cos\alpha \sin\beta & -\sin\alpha \sin\beta + \cos\alpha \cos\beta & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_{22} R_{21} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos\beta & -\sin\beta & 0 & 0 \\ \sin\beta & \cos\beta & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \cos\alpha & -\sin\alpha & 0 & 0 \\ \sin\alpha & \cos\alpha & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} =$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \cos\alpha \cos\beta - \sin\alpha \sin\beta & -\cos\beta \sin\alpha - \sin\beta \cos\alpha & 0 & 0 \\ \sin\alpha \cos\beta + \cos\alpha \sin\beta & -\sin\alpha \sin\beta + \cos\alpha \cos\beta & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow R_{21} R_{22} \neq R_{22} R_{21}$$

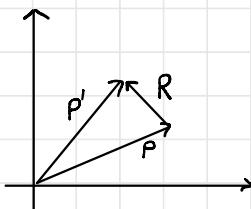
2) $P = \begin{bmatrix} P \\ \theta \end{bmatrix}$ $P_\phi = \begin{bmatrix} P \\ \theta \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ $M = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & \phi \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

$$MP_\phi = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & \phi \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} P \\ \theta \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} P \\ \theta + \phi \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

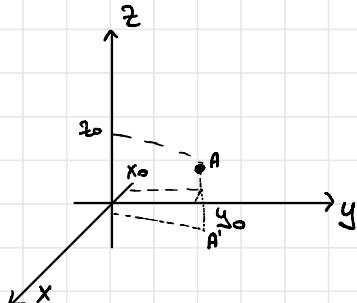
in polar coordinates: $x = P \cos(\theta + \phi)$

$$y = P \sin(\theta + \phi)$$

3)



4)



$$A = (x_0, y_0, z_0) \quad A' = (x_0, y_0, -z_0)$$

$$M = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$MA = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_0 \\ y_0 \\ z_0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x_0 \\ y_0 \\ -z_0 \end{bmatrix}$$

5) $R_y(\alpha) = \begin{bmatrix} \cos\alpha & 0 & \sin\alpha & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -\sin\alpha & 0 & \cos\alpha & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

$$R_y(-30^\circ) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & 0 & -\frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{2} & 0 & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

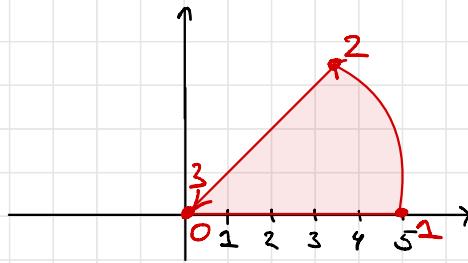
6) $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1 \\ 2 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$ $\det(A) = 3 \cdot (-3) - 2 \cdot (-1) = -9 + 2 = -7$
 $\text{tr}(A) = 3 + (-3) = 0$

A square matrix is a rotation matrix if and only if

$$R^T = R^{-1} \text{ and } \det(R) = 1.$$

However, $\det(A) \neq 1$

Robot Motion



$$P_o = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$T_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R = \begin{bmatrix} \cos 45^\circ & -\sin 45^\circ & 0 \\ \sin 45^\circ & \cos 45^\circ & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$T_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -2.5\sqrt{2} \\ 0 & 1 & -2.5\sqrt{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad P_f = T_2(R(T_1 P_o))$$

$$T_1 P_o = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R(T_1 P_o) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & 0 \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{5}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{5}{\sqrt{2}} \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$T_2(R(T_1 P_o)) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -2.5\sqrt{2} \\ 0 & 1 & -2.5\sqrt{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{5}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{5}{\sqrt{2}} \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$