## Problem 1

(10 points)

Find

$$\int_{-1}^{0} \ln(x+1) \, \mathrm{d}x.$$

## Problem 2

(10 points)

a) Show that the volume enclosed when revolving the curve y = f(x) - where  $f: [a, b] \to [0, \infty)$  - about the x-axis in three-dimensional x-y-z space is given by

$$V = \pi \int_a^b f^2(x) \, \mathbf{x} \,.$$

Hint: Think about the cross-sectional areas and the perfect symmetry when revolving the function around the x-axis. (5 points)

b) Compute the volume of the solid obtained by revolving the graph of  $y = \frac{1+x^2}{2}$  on [0, 1] about the x-axis. (5 points)

## Problem 3

(10 points)

a) Hook's law states that the force exerted by an ideal spring when extended from its equilibrium position at x = 0 to length x is given by

$$F(x) = -k x,$$

where k is a positive constant characterizing the stiffness of the spring. Compute the work required to expand the spring from its equilibrium position to length  $\ell$ . (5 points)

b) Show that

$$\int_0^\infty \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x^4}} \, \mathrm{d}x$$

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is convergent. (5 points)

*Hint:* There is no elementary way to evaluate this integral. However, to only *test* convergence, you can bound the integrand by a simpler function and use the following fact without proof: Let  $f: [a, \infty) \to \mathbb{R}$  be a bounded and increasing function. Then  $\lim_{x\to\infty} f(x)$  exists. (The whole integral corresponds to the function f here.)