

### ICS 2021 Problem Sheet #3

#### Problem 3.1: cartesian products

(1+1 = 2 points)

Prove or disprove the following two propositions:

a)  $(A \cap B) \times (C \cap D) = (A \times C) \cap (B \times D)$

b)  $(A \cup B) \times (C \cup D) = (A \times C) \cup (B \times D)$

#### Problem 3.2: reflexive, symmetric, transitive

(3 points)

For each of the following relations, determine whether they are reflexive, symmetric, or transitive. Provide a reasoning.

- a) The absolute difference of the integer numbers  $a$  and  $b$  is less than or equal to 3.

$$R = \{(a, b) | a, b \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge |a - b| \leq 3\}$$

- b) The last digit of the decimal representation of the integer numbers  $a$  and  $b$  is the same.

$$R = \{(a, b) | a, b \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge (a \bmod 10) = (b \bmod 10)\}$$

#### Problem 3.3: total, injective, surjective, bijective functions

(1+1 = 2 points)

Are the following functions total, injective, surjective, or bijective? Explain why or why not.

a)  $f : \mathbb{N} \mapsto \mathbb{N}$  with  $f(x) = 2x^2$

b)  $f : \mathbb{R} \mapsto \mathbb{R}$  with  $f(x) = x^2 + 6$

#### Problem 3.4: function composition

(1 point)

Given the functions  $f(x) = x + 1$ ,  $g(x) = 2x$ , and  $h(x) = x^2$ , determine an expression for the following function compositions:

a)  $f \circ g$

b)  $f \circ h$

c)  $g \circ f$

d)  $g \circ h$

e)  $h \circ f$

f)  $h \circ g$

g)  $f \circ (g \circ h)$

h)  $h \circ (g \circ f)$

**Problem 3.5:** *list comprehensions (haskell)*

(1+1 = 2 points)

Your list comprehensions should be correct, they do not have to be efficient. You are not getting points for a list comprehension simply returning a hard coded solution list. In other words, your list comprehensions should continue to function correctly if parameters are changed.

- a) Write a list comprehension that returns all positive factors of the number 210. Try to write the list comprehension in such a way that 210 can easily be replaced by a different number.
- b) Write a list comprehension that returns a list of Pythagorean triads  $(a, b, c)$ , where  $a, b, c$  are positive integers in the range 1..100 and the Pythagorean triad is defined as  $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$ . The list should not contain any "duplicates" where  $a$  and  $b$  are swapped. If the list contains  $(3, 4, 5)$  (since  $3^2 + 4^2 = 25 = 5^2$ ), then it should not also include  $(4, 3, 5)$ .