

Problem 1

(10 points)

Find

$$\int_{-1}^0 \ln(x+1) \, dx .$$

Problem 2

(10 points)

- a) Show that the volume enclosed when revolving the curve $y = f(x)$ - where $f: [a, b] \rightarrow [0, \infty)$ - about the x -axis in three-dimensional x - y - z space is given by

$$V = \pi \int_a^b f^2(x) \, dx .$$

Hint: Think about the cross-sectional areas and the perfect symmetry when revolving the function around the x -axis. **(5 points)**

- b) Compute the volume of the solid obtained by revolving the graph of $y = \frac{1+x^2}{2}$ on $[0, 1]$ about the x -axis. **(5 points)**

Problem 3

(10 points)

- a) Hook's law states that the force exerted by an ideal spring when extended from its equilibrium position at $x = 0$ to length x is given by

$$F(x) = -k x ,$$

where k is a positive constant characterizing the stiffness of the spring. Compute the work required to expand the spring from its equilibrium position to length ℓ . **(5 points)**

- b) Show that

$$\int_1^\infty \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x^4}} \, dx$$

is convergent.

(5 points)

Hint: There is no elementary way to evaluate this integral. However, to only *test* convergence, you can bound the integrand by a simpler function and use the following fact without proof: Let $f: [a, \infty) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be a bounded and increasing function. Then $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x)$ exists. (The whole integral corresponds to the function f here.)