# Sys

```
This module provides access to some objects used or maintained by the
interpreter and to functions that interact strongly with the interpreter.
Dynamic objects:
argv -- command line arguments; argv[0] is the script pathname if known
path -- module search path; path[0] is the script directory, else ''
modules -- dictionary of loaded modules
displayhook -- called to show results in an interactive session
excepthook -- called to handle any uncaught exception other than SystemExit
 To customize printing in an interactive session or to install a custom
 top-level exception handler, assign other functions to replace these.
exitfunc -- if sys.exitfunc exists, this routine is called when Python exits
 Assigning to sys.exitfunc is deprecated; use the atexit module instead.
stdin -- standard input file object; used by raw_input() and input()
stdout -- standard output file object; used by the print statement
stderr -- standard error object; used for error messages
 By assigning other file objects (or objects that behave like files)
 to these, it is possible to redirect all of the interpreter's I/O.
last_type -- type of last uncaught exception
last_value -- value of last uncaught exception
last_traceback -- traceback of last uncaught exception
 These three are only available in an interactive session after a
 traceback has been printed.
```

exc\_type -- type of exception currently being handled exc value -- value of exception currently being handled

```
exc traceback -- traceback of exception currently being handled
 The function exc info() should be used instead of these three,
 because it is thread-safe.
Static objects:
float_info -- a dict with information about the float inplementation.
long info -- a struct sequence with information about the long implementation.
maxint -- the largest supported integer (the smallest is -maxint-1)
maxsize -- the largest supported length of containers.
maxunicode -- the largest supported character
builtin module names -- tuple of module names built into this interpreter
version -- the version of this interpreter as a string
version info -- version information as a named tuple
hexversion -- version information encoded as a single integer
copyright -- copyright notice pertaining to this interpreter
platform -- platform identifier
executable -- absolute path of the executable binary of the Python interpreter
prefix -- prefix used to find the Python library
exec_prefix -- prefix used to find the machine-specific Python library
float repr style -- string indicating the style of repr() output for floats
__stdin__ -- the original stdin; don't touch!
__stdout__ -- the original stdout; don't touch!
stderr -- the original stderr; don't touch!
displayhook -- the original displayhook; don't touch!
__excepthook__ -- the original excepthook; don't touch!
Functions:
displayhook() -- print an object to the screen, and save it in __builtin__._
excepthook() -- print an exception and its traceback to sys.stderr
exc info() -- return thread-safe information about the current exception
exc_clear() -- clear the exception state for the current thread
exit() -- exit the interpreter by raising SystemExit
getdlopenflags() -- returns flags to be used for dlopen() calls
getprofile() -- get the global profiling function
getrefcount() -- return the reference count for an object (plus one :-)
getrecursionlimit() -- return the max recursion depth for the interpreter
```

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getsizeof() -- return the size of an object in bytes
gettrace() -- get the global debug tracing function
setcheckinterval() -- control how often the interpreter checks for events
setdlopenflags() -- set the flags to be used for dlopen() calls
setprofile() -- set the global profiling function
setrecursionlimit() -- set the max recursion depth for the interpreter
settrace() -- set the global debug tracing function
```

### **Functions**

```
displayhook = displayhook(...)
    displayhook(object) -> None
    Print an object to sys.stdout and also save it in __builtin__._
excepthook = excepthook(...)
    excepthook(exctype, value, traceback) -> None
    Handle an exception by displaying it with a traceback on sys.stderr.
call tracing(...)
    call tracing(func, args) -> object
    Call func(*args), while tracing is enabled. The tracing state is
     saved, and restored afterwards. This is intended to be called from
     a debugger from a checkpoint, to recursively debug some other code.
callstats(...)
    callstats() -> tuple of integers
    Return a tuple of function call statistics, if CALL_PROFILE was defined
    when Python was built. Otherwise, return None.
    When enabled, this function returns detailed, implementation-specific
    details about the number of function calls executed. The return value is
```

- a 11-tuple where the entries in the tuple are counts of:
- 0. all function calls
- 1. calls to PyFunction\_Type objects
- 2. PyFunction calls that do not create an argument tuple
- 3. PyFunction calls that do not create an argument tuple and bypass PyEval\_EvalCodeEx()
- 4. PyMethod calls
- 5. PyMethod calls on bound methods
- 6. PyType calls
- 7. PyCFunction calls
- 8. generator calls
- 9. All other calls
- 10. Number of stack pops performed by call\_function()

### displayhook(...)

displayhook(object) -> None

Print an object to sys.stdout and also save it in \_\_builtin\_\_.\_

### exc\_clear(...)

exc clear() -> None

Clear global information on the current exception. Subsequent calls to exc\_info() will return (None, None, None) until another exception is raised in the current thread or the execution stack returns to a frame where another exception is being handled.

### exc info(...)

exc\_info() -> (type, value, traceback)

Return information about the most recent exception caught by an except clause in the current stack frame or in an older stack frame.

## excepthook(...)

excepthook(exctype, value, traceback) -> None

```
Handle an exception by displaying it with a traceback on sys.stderr.
exit(...)
     exit([status])
     Exit the interpreter by raising SystemExit(status).
     If the status is omitted or None, it defaults to zero (i.e., success).
     If the status is an integer, it will be used as the system exit status.
     If it is another kind of object, it will be printed and the system
     exit status will be one (i.e., failure).
getcheckinterval(...)
     getcheckinterval() -> current check interval; see setcheckinterval().
getdefaultencoding(...)
     getdefaultencoding() -> string
     Return the current default string encoding used by the Unicode
     implementation.
getdlopenflags(...)
     getdlopenflags() -> int
     Return the current value of the flags that are used for dlopen calls.
     The flag constants are defined in the ctypes and DLFCN modules.
getfilesystemencoding(...)
     getfilesystemencoding() -> string
     Return the encoding used to convert Unicode filenames in
     operating system filenames.
getprofile(...)
     getprofile()
     Return the profiling function set with sys.setprofile.
```

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```
See the profiler chapter in the library manual.
getrecursionlimit(...)
     getrecursionlimit()
     Return the current value of the recursion limit, the maximum depth
     of the Python interpreter stack. This limit prevents infinite
     recursion from causing an overflow of the C stack and crashing Python.
getrefcount(...)
     getrefcount(object) -> integer
     Return the reference count of object. The count returned is generally
     one higher than you might expect, because it includes the (temporary)
     reference as an argument to getrefcount().
qetsizeof(...)
     getsizeof(object, default) -> int
     Return the size of object in bytes.
gettrace(...)
     gettrace()
     Return the global debug tracing function set with sys.settrace.
     See the debugger chapter in the library manual.
setcheckinterval(...)
     setcheckinterval(n)
     Tell the Python interpreter to check for asynchronous events every
     n instructions. This also affects how often thread switches occur.
setdlopenflags(...)
     setdlopenflags(n) -> None
```

Set the flags used by the interpreter for dlopen calls, such as when the interpreter loads extension modules. Among other things, this will enable a lazy resolving of symbols when importing a module, if called as sys.setdlopenflags(0). To share symbols across extension modules, call as sys.setdlopenflags(ctypes.RTLD\_GLOBAL). Symbolic names for the flag modules can be either found in the ctypes module, or in the DLFCN module. If DLFCN is not available, it can be generated from /usr/include/dlfcn.h using the h2py script.

## setprofile(...)

setprofile(function)

Set the profiling function. It will be called on each function call and return. See the profiler chapter in the library manual.

## setrecursionlimit(...)

setrecursionlimit(n)

Set the maximum depth of the Python interpreter stack to n. This limit prevents infinite recursion from causing an overflow of the C stack and crashing Python. The highest possible limit is platform-dependent.

### settrace(...)

settrace(function)

Set the global debug tracing function. It will be called on each function call. See the debugger chapter in the library manual.

#### Data

\_stderr\_\_ = <open file '<stderr>', mode 'w'>

**\_stdin\_\_** = <open file '<stdin>', mode 'r'>

```
stdout = <open file '<stdout>', mode 'w'>
api version = 1013
argv = ['/usr/bin/pydoc', '-w', 'sys']
builtin_module_names = ('__builtin__', '__main__', '_ast', '_codecs', '_sre', '_symtable', '_warnings',
'_weakref', 'errno', 'exceptions', 'gc', 'imp', 'marshal', 'posix', 'pwd', 'signal', 'sys', 'thread', 'xxsubtype',
'zipimport')
byteorder = 'little'
copyright = 'Copyright (c) 2001-2015 Python Software Foundati...ematisch Centrum, Amsterdam.\nAll
Rights Reserved.'
dont write bytecode = False
exc_value = TypeError("<module 'sys' (built-in)> is a built-in module",)
exec prefix = '/System/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/2.7'
executable = '/usr/bin/python'
flags = sys.flags(debug=0, py3k warning=0, division warn...unicode=0, bytes warning=0,
hash randomization=0)
float info = sys.float info(max=1.7976931348623157e+308, max ...epsilon=2.220446049250313e-16,
radix=2, rounds=1)
float_repr_style = 'short'
hexversion = 34015984
long_info = sys.long info(bits per digit=30, sizeof digit=4)
maxint = 9223372036854775807
maxsize = 9223372036854775807
maxunicode = 65535
meta path = \Pi
modules = {'UserDict': <module 'UserDict' from
'/System/Library/Framewo...amework/Versions/2.7/lib/python2.7/UserDict.pyc'>, '__builtin__': <module
 _builtin__' (built-in)>, '__main__': <module '__main__' from '/usr/bin/pydoc2.7'>, '_abcoll': <module
'_abcoll' from '/System/Library/Framewor...ramework/Versions/2.7/lib/python2.7/ abcoll.pyc'>, ' codecs':
<module '_codecs' (built-in)>, '_collections': <module '_collections' from
```

```
'/System/Library/Fra...s/2.7/lib/python2.7/lib-dynload/_collections.so'>, '_functools': <module '_functools'
from '/System/Library/Frame...ons/2.7/lib/python2.7/lib-dynload/_functools.so'>, '_heapq': <module '_heapq'
from '/System/Library/Framework...ersions/2.7/lib/python2.7/lib-dynload/ heapq.so'>, ' locale': <module
'_locale' from '/System/Library/Framewor...rsions/2.7/lib/python2.7/lib-dynload/_locale.so'>, '_osx_support':
<module '_osx_support' from '/System/Library/Fra...ork/Versions/2.7/lib/python2.7/_osx_support.pyc'>, ...}
path = ['.', '/System/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/2.7/bin', '/Library/Python/2.7/site-
packages/pip-9.0.1-py2.7.egg',
'/System/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/2.7/lib/python27.zip',
'/System/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/2.7/lib/python2.7',
'/System/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/2.7/lib/python2.7/plat-darwin',
'/System/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/2.7/lib/python2.7/plat-mac',
'/System/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/2.7/lib/python2.7/plat-mac/lib-scriptpackages',
'/System/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/2.7/lib/python2.7/lib-tk',
'/System/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/2.7/lib/python2.7/lib-old',
'/System/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/2.7/lib/python2.7/lib-dynload',
'/Library/Python/2.7/site-packages',
'/System/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/2.7/Extras/lib/python',
'/System/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/2.7/Extras/lib/python/PyObjC']
path_hooks = [<type 'zipimport.zipimporter'>]
path_importer_cache = {'/Library/Python/2.7/site-packages': None, '/Library/Python/2.7/site-
packages/pip-9.0.1-py2.7.egg': None,
'/System/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/2.7/Extras/lib/python': None,
'/System/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/2.7/Extras/lib/python/PyObjC': None,
'/System/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/2.7/bin': None,
'/System/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/2.7/lib/python2.7': None,
'/System/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/2.7/lib/python2.7/': None,
'/System/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/2.7/lib/python2.7/encodings': None,
'/System/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/2.7/lib/python2.7/lib-dynload': None,
'/System/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/2.7/lib/python2.7/lib-old': <imp.NullImporter
object>, ...}
```

```
platform = 'darwin'
prefix = '/System/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/2.7'
py3kwarning = False
stderr = <open file '<stderr>', mode 'w'>
stdin = <open file '<stdin>', mode 'r'>
stdout = <open file '<stdout>', mode 'w'>
subversion = ('CPython', ", ")
version = '2.7.10 (default, Feb 6 2017, 23:53:20) \n[GCC 4.2.1 Compatible Apple LLVM 8.0.0 (clang-
800.0.34)]'
version_info = sys.version_info(major=2, minor=7, micro=10, releaselevel='final', serial=0)
warnoptions = []
```