# **WEEK -2 FLOW CONTROL STATEMENT**

```
Consider the following sequence:
1st term: 1
2nd term: 1 2 1
3rd term: 1 2 1 3 1 2 1
4th term: 1 2 1 3 1 2 1 4 1 2 1 3 1 2 1
And so on. Write a program that takes as parameter an integer n and prints the nth terms of this sequence.
Example Input:
Output:
Example Input:
Output:
121312141213121
For example:
Input Result
       1 2 1
       1 2 1 3 1 2 1
3
       1 2 1 3 1 2 1 4 1 2 1 3 1 2 1
```

```
import java.util.*;
public class Main {
   public static void main (String[] args){
        Scanner sc=new Scanner (System.in);
        int a=sc.nextInt();
        String b="1";
        for (int i=2;i<=a;i++){
            b+= " "+i+" "+b;
        }
        System.out.print(b);
   }</pre>
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	1	1	1	~
~	2	1 2 1	1 2 1	~
~	3	1 2 1 3 1 2 1	1 2 1 3 1 2 1	~
~	4	1 2 1 3 1 2 1 4 1 2 1 3 1 2 1	1 2 1 3 1 2 1 4 1 2 1 3 1 2 1	~

Passed all tests! <

Write a Java program to input a number from user and print it into words using for loop. How to display number in words Logic to print number in words in Java programming.

# **Example**

### Input

1234

### Output

One Two Three Four

Input:

16

Output:

one six

### For example:

Test	Input	Result	
1	45	Four Five	
2	13	One Three	
3	87	Eight Seven	

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Main {
  public static void main (String [] args){
```

```
Scanner sc=new Scanner (System.in);
  int a=sc.nextInt ();
  int c=0;
  int rem;
  int [] arr=new int [10];
  for (int i=0;i<15;i++){
    if (a!=0){
    rem=a%10;
    a=a/10;
    arr[i]=rem;
    C++;
    }
    else {
      break;
    }
  }
  int i=c-1;
while (i>=0)
  switch (arr[c-1]){
      case 1:
         System.out.print("One ");break;
       case 2: System.out.print("Two ");break;
       case 3: System.out.print("Three ");break;
```

{

```
case 4 : System.out.print ("Four ");break;
case 5: System.out.print("Five ");break;
case 6 : System.out.print("Six ");break;
case 7: System.out.print("Seven ");break;
case 8: System.out.print("Eight ");break;
case 9: System.out.print("Nine ");break;
}
i--;
c--;
```

}

}

	Test	Input	Expected	Got	
~	1	45	Four Five	Four Five	<b>~</b>
~	2	13	One Three	One Three	~
~	3	87	Eight Seven	Eight Seven	~

Passed all tests! <

```
Consider a sequence of the form 0, 1, 1, 2, 4, 7, 13, 24, 44, 81, 149...
Write a method program which takes as parameter an integer n and prints the nth term of the above sequence. The nth term will fit in an integer value.
Example Input:
5
Output:
Example Input:
Output:
24
Example Input:
Output:
149
For example:
Input Result
8
        24
11
       149
```

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Main {
  public static void main (String [] args ){
     Scanner sc=new Scanner (System.in);
     int a=sc.nextInt();
     int res=0;
     if (a==1){
         System.out.print("0");
     }
     else if (a==2 | |a==3 ){
         System.out.print("1");
     }
     else if (a>3){
        int s1=0,s2=1,s3=1,s4=0;
        for (int i=0;i<a-3;i++){</pre>
```

```
s4=s3+s2+s1;
s1=s2;
s2=s3;
s3=s4;
}
System.out.print(s4);
}
}
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	5	4	4	~
~	8	24	24	~
~	11	149	149	~

Passed all tests! 🗸