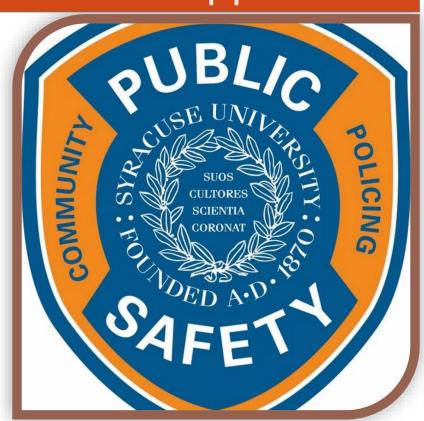
# Department of Public Safety (DPS) service Database Application



Mohammed Farees Patel
Syracuse university
School of Information Studies
IST 659 - Project Design Report

# **Executive Summary**

# Background:

The DPS is the campus police force serving the Syracuse University campus and providing various escort services for the SU students, staff, and faculty especially during the night, to ensure that members of the campus community arrive safely to their destinations. Ordering a DPS escort service, deals with calling the DPS helpline service or DPS office. There are a lot of problems associated with this current process to order an escort service. Firstly, to order a DPS escort service, he/she needs to declare their SUID number, start location and the destination location over the phone. This is highly time-consuming and there exist multiple errors due to human hearing. Secondly, an individual may have to wait for up to 90 minutes if he/she is at a safe location (such as an on-campus building or residence) because the escort may be working with another student. As a result, an individual has to wait for an indefinite time in hope for the escort service to show up.

# **Designed Solution:**

A database solution will allow the DPS to directly collect the information through an application. Users can enter their SUID number, starting location and the destination location to order a DPS escort service. Hence allowing users to plan their journey well ahead of time. In addition, the proposed database system will also enable users to provide a feedback about the driver and the escort service for quality control. Similarly, drivers can report the user for any misbehavior while commuting. The database solution works as follows:

- The user enters his/her SUID number, name, email ID, contact number, starting location and destination location, the escort service type, and the departure time to book for a DPS escort service
- The above information generates a unique Booking ID which is then analyzed by the administration staff for feasibility and authenticity. Admin staff then provides their decision to either accept or reject the booking.
- If the booking is accepted. The a DPS car and a driver will be allotted for the specific Booking ID and based on the availability the waiting time is generated for the user
- The driver and user can both provide their respective feedback

# **Entity and Attribute Table:**

	This database contains all the tables and relations that
<b>DATAOBJECT:</b>	together build the booking DPS Escort Service system for
DPS_EscortService	the SU students, staff and faculty.
	Contains login credentials for users.
UserLogin	Reason for making a separate table: Provides better security.
<u>UserID</u>	PRIMARY KEY: Each user will have a unique userID to
	identify the user
Login_username	
Login_password	
UserType	Determines the role of the user. [Possible values:
	BookingUser(B), Administration(A) or Driver(D)]
BookingUser	Child entity of UserLogin. Contains all user information of
	students, staff and the faculty who orders for a DPS escort
	service.
<u>BookingUserID</u>	PRIMARY KEY: Each BookingUser has a unique userID to
	identify the specific user
	FOREIGN KEY: Associated with Primary Key of 'UserLogin'
	table.
	This will help in identifying that the user login is a
	BookingUser i.e. a user who wants to order the DPS service
BookingUserFirstName	
BookingUserLastName	
BookingUserEmail	
BookingUserContact	
BookingUserAddress	
BookingUserKind	Determines the role of the booking user. [Possible values:
	Student(1), Faculty(2) or Staff(3)]

BookingUserID	Child entity of BookingUser. Contains Student information
	PRIMARY KEY: Each student has a unique BookingUserID to
	identify himself/herself.
	FOREIGN KEY: Associated with Primary Key of
	'BookingUser' table.
	This will help in identifying that the BookingUser is a student.
StudentDesc	For additional student description
Faculty	Child entity of BookingUser. Contains Faculty information
BookingUserID	PRIMARY KEY: Each faculty member has a unique
	BookingUserID to identify himself/herself.
	FOREIGN KEY: Associated with Primary Key of
	'BookingUser' table.
	This will help in identifying that the BookingUser is a faculty
	member.
FacultyDesc	For additional faculty member description
Staff	Child entity of BookingUser. Contains Staff information
<u>BookingUserID</u>	•
	BookingUserID to identify himself/herself.
	FOREIGN KEY: Associated with Primary Key of
	FOREIGN KEY: Associated with Primary Key of 'Booking User' table
	FOREIGN KEY: Associated with Primary Key of 'BookingUser' table.
	'BookingUser' table.
StaffDesc	'BookingUser' table.  This will help in identifying that the BookingUser is a staff
StaffDesc  Driver	'BookingUser' table.  This will help in identifying that the BookingUser is a staff member.
	PRIMARY KEY: Each staff member has a unique BookingUserID to identify himself/herself.

DriverID	PRIMARY KEY: Each driver has a unique DriverID to identify himself/herself  FOREIGN KEY: Associated with Primary Key of 'UserLogin' table.
	This will help in identifying that the user login is a Driver i.e. a user who drives the DPS car.
DriverFirstName	
DriverLastName	
DriverContact	
DriverDesc	Contains additional information i.e. available timings, specific
	commuting routes, etc.
Administration	Child entity of UserLogin. Stores information of all the
	administrators who manages the bookings process and
	decisions.
AdminID	PRIMARY KEY: Each admin member has a unique AdminID
	to identify himself/herself.
	FOREIGN KEY: Associated with Primary Key of 'UserLogin' table.
	This will help in identifying that the user login is a admin
	This will help in identifying that the user login is a admin member i.e. one who manages the DPS booking processes and
AdminFirstName	member i.e. one who manages the DPS booking processes and
AdminFirstName AdminLastName	member i.e. one who manages the DPS booking processes and
	member i.e. one who manages the DPS booking processes and
AdminLastName	member i.e. one who manages the DPS booking processes and booking decisions
AdminLastName	member i.e. one who manages the DPS booking processes and booking decisions  Stores information of all the cars that DPS drivers use for

CarName	
CarDesc	
TotalCars	Indicates the total number of cars operating for the DPS Escort
	Service
AvailCars	Indicates the number of cars available for bookings
DPS_EscortService	Stores information about all the users, drivers,
	administrators, cars and bookings for the DPS Escort
	Service.
DPSserviceID	PRIMARY KEY: DPS has a unique service number which
	identify Syracuse University's (SU's) DPS service
DriverID	FOREIGN KEY: Associated with Primary Key of 'Driver'
	table.
	Contains all the driver information in the parent Table. This
	indicates the total number of drivers working for the DPS
	Escort Service.
CarNum	FOREIGN KEY: Associated with Primary Key of 'DPScar'
	table.
	Contains all the car information in the parent Table. This
	indicates the total number of cars operating for the DPS Escort
	Service.
AdminID	FOREIGN KEY: Associated with Primary Key of
	'Administration' table.
	Contains all the admin information in the parent Table. This
	indicates the total number of administrators who manages the
	DPS Escort Service.

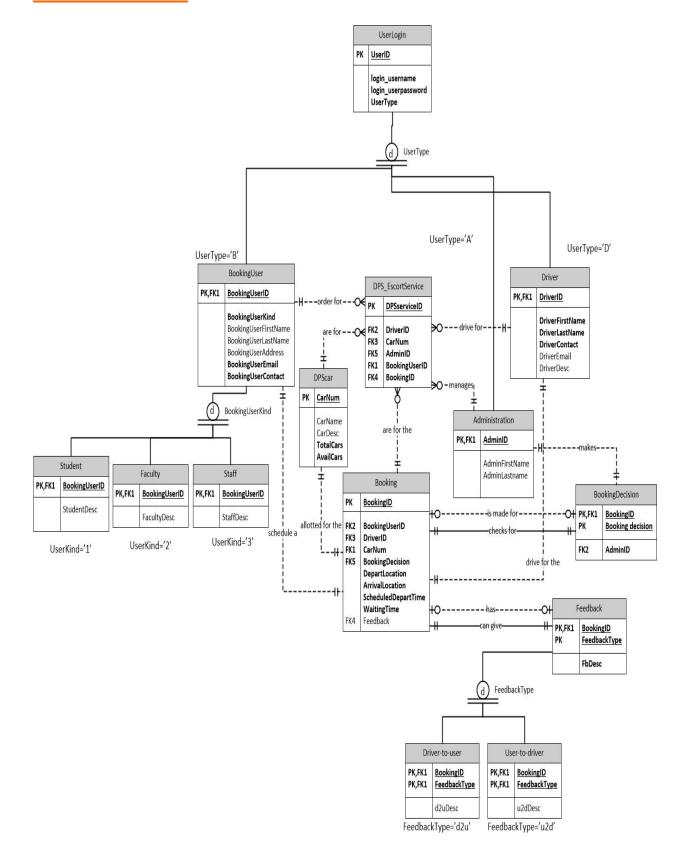
BookingUserID	FOREIGN KEY: Associated with Primary Key of
	'BookingUser' table.
	Contains all the booking user information in the parent Table.
	This indicates the total number of booking users (i.e. students,
	faculty or staff) who orders for a DPS Escort Service.
BookingID	FOREIGN KEY: Associated with Primary Key of 'Booking'
	table.
	Contains all the booking information in the parent Table. This
	indicates the total number of accepted or rejected bookings by
	an users (i.e. students, faculty or staff) who orders for a DPS
	Escort Service.
Booking	Stores information from the booking user regarding the booking
	for a DPS escort service
BookingID	PRIMARY KEY: Each booking has a unique BookingID
	number which identifies the specific booking made by a
	specific booking user.
BookingUserID	FOREIGN KEY: Associated with Primary Key of
DookingOsenD	'BookingUser' table.
	Booking Oser table.
	Contains information of a booking user who schedules a
	booking. This indicates the booking made by either the student,
	faculty or staff.
DriverID	FOREIGN KEY: Associated with Primary Key of 'Driver'
	table.
	Contains information of a driver who is assigned to drive for
	the booking if the booking is accepted by the admin.
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CarNum	FOREIGN KEY: Associated with Primary Key of 'DPScar'
	table.
	Contains information of the car which is assigned to the driver
	for the booking if the booking is accepted by the admin.
BookingDecision	FOREIGN KEY: Associated with Primary Key of
	'BookingDecision' table.
	Contains information regarding the status of the booking i.e.
	booking accepted/rejected by the admin.
DepartLocation	Contains information about the pickup location.
ArrivalLocation	Contains information about the destination location.
ScheduledDepartTime	Contains information about the pickup time.
WaitingTime	Contains information about the time required for the DPS to
	show up.
Feedback	FOREIGN KEY: Associated with Primary Key of 'Feedback'
	table.
	Contains information about the feedback given by either driver
	to the user or vice versa. This also may contains one/two
	feedback for every booking.
BookingDecision	Stores information about the bookings decisions being
	confirmed or rejected by the admin
BookingID	PRIMARY KEY: BookingID is a part of the composite primary
	key. The composite key as a whole determines the booking
	decision i.e. whether the administration has accepted or rejected
	the user booking.
	FOREIGN KEY: Associated with Primary Key of 'Booking'
	table.

	The foreign key helps in identifying the booking decision for a
	specific booking ID.
BookingDecision	PRIMARY KEY: Uniquely identifies the status of the booking
	i.e. accepted/rejected using the specific BookingID
AdminID	FOREIGN KEY: Associated with Primary Key of
	'Administration' table.
	The admin ID will help in identifying the booking decision
	made by the specific admin using his/her AdminID.
Feedback	Stores the feedback information either given by driver to
	the user or given by the user to the driver
BookingID	PRIMARY KEY: BookingID is a part of the composite primary
	key. The composite key as a whole determines the feedback for
	the respective BookingID
	FOREIGN KEY: Associated with Primary Key of 'Booking'
	table.
	The foreign key helps in identifying the feedback for a specific
	booking ID.
<u>FeedbackType</u>	PRIMARY KEY: FeedbackType uniquely identifies the
	feedback with the help of a composite key which comprises of
	BookingID and FeedbackType
	Determines the type of the feedback.
	[Possible values: driver to user(d2u) or user to driver (u2d)]
FbDesc	Contains information about the description of the feedback.
Driver-to-user	Child entity of Feedback. Contains driver-to-user
	information

BookingID	PRIMARY KEY: Uniquely identifies the driver-to-user
	booking feedback using the specific BookingID
	FOREIGN KEY: Associated with the Primary Key of
	'Feedback' Table
<u>FeedbackType</u>	PRIMARY KEY: Stores 'd2u' character to identify that the
	feedback was given from the driver to the user.
	FOREIGN KEY: Associated with the Primary Key of
	'Feedback' Table
d2uDesc	Description about the feedback (E.g. maximum
	length/characters of the feedback)
User-to-driver	Child entity of Feedback. Contains user-to-driver
	information
BookingID	information  PRIMARY KEY: Uniquely identifies the user-to-driver
BookingID	
BookingID	PRIMARY KEY: Uniquely identifies the user-to-driver
BookingID	PRIMARY KEY: Uniquely identifies the user-to-driver
BookingID	PRIMARY KEY: Uniquely identifies the user-to-driver booking feedback using the specific BookingID
BookingID  FeedbackType	PRIMARY KEY: Uniquely identifies the user-to-driver booking feedback using the specific BookingID  FOREIGN KEY: Associated with the Primary Key of
	PRIMARY KEY: Uniquely identifies the user-to-driver booking feedback using the specific BookingID  FOREIGN KEY: Associated with the Primary Key of 'Feedback' Table
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	PRIMARY KEY: Uniquely identifies the user-to-driver booking feedback using the specific BookingID  FOREIGN KEY: Associated with the Primary Key of 'Feedback' Table  PRIMARY KEY: Stores 'u2d' character to identify that the feedback was given from the user to the driver.
	PRIMARY KEY: Uniquely identifies the user-to-driver booking feedback using the specific BookingID  FOREIGN KEY: Associated with the Primary Key of 'Feedback' Table  PRIMARY KEY: Stores 'u2d' character to identify that the feedback was given from the user to the driver.  FOREIGN KEY: Associated with the Primary Key of

#### **Relational Data Model**



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#### **BUSINESS RULES:**

- Every user login must be either admin (A), booking user (B) or the driver (D)
- Booking user must be either Student (1), Faculty (2) or Staff (3)
- One booking user (Student, Faculty or Staff) can make only one booking at a time
- One booking decision can be made by only one admin
- Admin can either accept or reject the booking decision
- Only one driver and car can be allotted for one booking
- Feedback can be provided by either the driver to the user (d2u) or by the user to the driver (u2d)
- Each booking may have at most two feedback

# **MAJOR DATA QUESTIONS:**

Since the current system for booking a DPS escort service is a manual system, a database application solution will turn to a completely online system to manage and process booking efficiently.

The users of my database application can be segregated into three segments:

- SU Users (students/staff/faculty)
- DPS administrators
- Drivers

Following list shows segregation of what data questions each role needs answered by the proposed system and how we achieve it.

- 1. Why SU Users (students/staff/faculty) query the database
  - Function:
    - o SU users can query the database to order a DPS escort service
    - o Users can login using their username and password and select their 'UserType' as BookingUser (B).

- Users can then enter their SUID number, name, address, email and their contact details, and then select their 'BookingUserKind' depending upon whether they are students (1), faculty (2) or Staff (3)
- Users can book for a DPS escort service by then entering their 'DepartLocation', 'ArrivalLocation' and 'ScheduledDepartTime'.
- Users can also provide their valuable feedback about the driver and the service using the database application

#### Constraints:

o This segment of the users will have a partial access over the database system, where they can either book a service or provide their valuable feedback

# 2. Why DPS Administrators query the database

#### - Function:

- DPS administrators can query the database to manage and process bookings for the DPS escort service
- Administrators can login using their username and password and select their 'UserType' as Administrators (A)
- o Administrators can monitor the bookings by reviewing the 'BookingID' and analyze the feasibility and authenticity of the booking
- o Administrators can make decision to either accept or reject the user booking request
- Administrators can allot a driver and a car for a 'BookingID' and can read feedback from the users and drivers to improve the service of their escort service

#### Constraints:

o This segment of the users will have a full access over the database system, where they can manage the whole database

#### 3. Why the Drivers query the database

#### Function:

- o Drivers can query the database to know the 'BookingID' which has been allotted to them by the DPS escort service
- o Drivers can login using their username and password and select their 'UserType' as Drivers (D).

- o Drivers can know the 'DepartLocation', 'ArrivalLocation' and 'ScheduledDepartTime'.
- o Drivers can also provide their valuable feedback about the user through the database application

# **Constraints:**

o This segment of the users will have a partial access to the database system where they can know the current and the next passenger's transit information and have the privilege to report the user for any misbehavior.