Android Development

Ch-02

Android UI

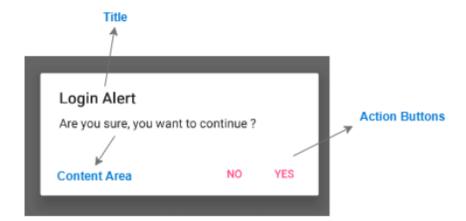
- During runtime, the XML UI in the onCreate() method handler is loaded in Activity class, using the setContentView() method of the Activity class.
- An activity contains views and ViewGroups classes.
- View: a widget that has an appearance on screen.
- Examples: buttons, labels, and text boxes.
- ViewGroup: using it; One or more views can be grouped.
- Examples: Layouts.

Android UI

- R.java file: is an android system generated class, created during build process.
- Anything where inside a "res" directory has id, saved as java variable in R class.
- **setContentView()** function: gets the content of activity.xml as a java objects to deal with it programmatically.

Android Alert Dialogue

- Alert Dialogue: is a small window that prompt messages to the user, May include actions.
- **Title**: for Alert Dialogue title.
- Content Area: is a content message of Alert Dialogue.
- Action Buttons: display action buttons to interact with users.



Example: Registration Form

- Program the following activity using Activity. Java class.
- Consider dealing with Alert Dialogue.
- By Android studio IDE.



Example: Registration Form (1)

```
public class TestActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
    EditText ed_username, ed_report;
    Spinner sp_university;
    RadioButton rb_male, rb_female;
    CheckBox ch_writing, ch_reading;
    Button btn_register;
    RadioGroup rg_gender;
    String name, university, gender, interest;
```

Example: Registration Form (2)

@Override

```
protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
    setContentView(R.layout.activity_test);
    ed_username=findViewById(R.id.ed_username);
    sp_university=findViewById(R.id.sp_university);
    rg_gender=findViewById(R.id.rg_gender);
    rb_male=findViewById(R.id.rb_mαle);
    rb_female=findViewById(R.id.rb_female);
    ch_reading=findViewById(R.id.ch_reading);
    ch_writing=findViewById(R.id.ch_writing);
    btn_register=findViewById(R.id.btn_register);
    ed_report=findViewById(R.id.ed_report);
```

Example: Registration Form (3)

```
btn_register.setOnClickListener(new OnClickListener() {
    @Override
    public void onClick(View view) {
        if (ed_username.getText().toString().isEmpty()){
            Toast.makeText( context: TestActivity.this,
                     text: "fill the empty username space", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
            return;
        }else {
            name = ed_username.getText().toString();
        university = sp_university.getSelectedItem().toString();
        if (rb_female.isChecked())
            gender="Female";
        else if (rb_male.isChecked())
            gender="Male";
        else{
            Toast.makeText( context: TestActivity.this,
                     text: "choose your gender", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
            return;
```

Example: Registration Form (4)

});

```
if (ch_reading.isChecked()){
    interest = "reading";
if (ch_writing.isChecked()){
    interest+= "\t writing";
if (interest.isEmpty()){
    Toast.makeText( context: TestActivity.this,
             text: "choose your interests", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
    return;
String report = "Name: "+name+ "\n"+
        "University: "+ university+"\n"+
        "Gender: "+ gender+"\n"+
        "Interests: "+ interest+".";
createAlertDialogue(report, ed_report);
```

Example: Registration Form (5)

```
private void createAlertDialogue(String report, EditText ed_report) {
    AlertDialog.Builder builder = new AlertDialog.Builder(context TestActivity.this);
    builder.setIcon(R.drawable.αlert_icon);
    builder.setTitle(R.string.dialog_title);
    builder.setMessage(R.string.dialog_message);
    builder.setPositiveButton( text: "Yes", new DialogInterface.OnClickListener() {
        @Override
        public void onClick(DialogInterface dialogInterface, int i) {
            ed_report.setText(report);
   });
    builder.setNegativeButton( text: "No", new DialogInterface.OnClickListener() {
        @Override
        public void onClick(DialogInterface dialogInterface, int i) {
            Toast.makeText(context: TestActivity.this, text: "Ok", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
   });
    AlertDialog alertDialog = builder.create();
    alertDialog.getWindow().getAttributes().windowAnimations = R.style.MyDialogAnimation;
    alertDialog.show();
```

Example: Registration Form (6)

In R.style path:

```
<style name="MyDialogAnimation">
     <item name="android:windowEnterAnimation">@android:anim/slide_in_left</item>
     <item name="android:windowExitAnimation">@android:anim/slide_out_right</item>
</style>
```

In R.string path:

```
<string name="dialog_title">Alert Dialog Title</string>
<string name="dialog_message">Are you sure of the information?</string>
```

Another way to deal with RadioGroups:

```
//way2
rg_gender.setOnCheckedChangeListener(new RadioGroup.OnCheckedChangeListener() {
    @Override
    public void onCheckedChanged(RadioGroup radioGroup, int i) {
        RadioButton rb= findViewById(i);
        gender= rb.getText().toString();
    }
});
```

Workable Slide

Done

Fares Saleem