## Divisible Tree

Input file: standard input
Output file: standard output

Time limit: 2 seconds Memory limit: 256 megabytes

Today is Frikha's birthday, so we all decided to gift him an undirected tree, but not a usual tree, it's tree consisting of n nodes and n-1 edges, (a tree is a connected graph which contains no cycle and no loops), the node 1 is the root of the tree and it's represented by n-1 integers which represents the parents of the nodes 2, 3, ... and n (each node and his parent are connected by one edge, and for simplicity  $parent[i] \le i-1$  for all i from 2 to n).

A connected components of the tree , is a set S of nodes of the tree , such for every x , y in S , there exists p nodes in S  $n_1$  ,  $n_2$  ...  $n_p$  for some p such that there are edges between x and  $n_1$  ,  $n_1$  and  $n_2$  ...  $n_p$  and y .

Let's suppose the i'th node in the tree has value  $a_i$ .

We call a connected components set S is divisible by x if for each node i in the set S we have  $a_i$  is divisible by x.

To have more fun in the birthday party , Mtaylor challenged Frikha to find the maximum size of a connected components divisible by some x  $(2 \le x)$ , if there are many that have the same size you have to print minimum x possible and the size of the set .

## Input

The first line contains one integer n ( $1 \le n \le 3500$ ).

The second line contains n integers  $a_i$  ( $2 \le a_i \le 20000$ ).

The third line contains n-1 integers  $p_i$   $(1 \le p_i \le i)$ , the *i*'th integer represents the parents of the node i+1.

## Output

Print two integers in one line , the minmum x which has the maximum size of connected components divisible by x and the size of such a set .

## **Examples**

standard input	standard output
4	2 1
2 3 2 3	
1 2 3	
4	3 3
2 3 3 3	
1 2 3	